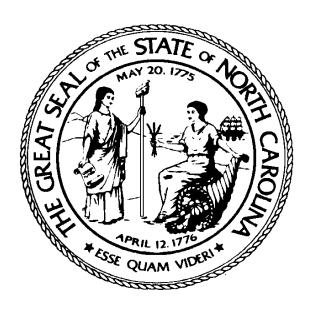
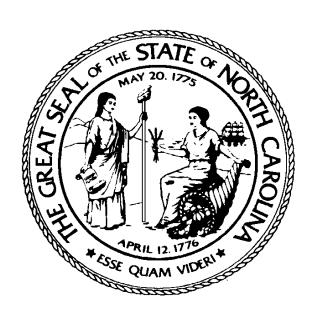
Accounts Payable Training Course



State of North Carolina

NC Accounting System

North Carolina Accounting System Accounts Payable Training Course



Robert Powell State Controller May 23, 2002 This training was prepared by the Financial Systems Division of the Office of the State Controller.

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Introduction

Overview

This course explains how an accounts payable (AP) clerk uses the North Carolina Accounting System (NCAS) as a tool to make payments and maintain accounting records.

Audience

Accounts payable clerk
Accounts payable management

Length

3 days

Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, participants will be able to:

- Add and change vendors
- Create control groups
- Process direct invoices
- Process matching invoices
- Process employee transactions
- Handle special accounts payable processes
- Maintain documents
- Review accounts payable information

Quick Reference Guides (QRGs)

Job aids that will help participants complete the tasks involved with their jobs. They are referenced throughout the walkthroughs and activities.

Procedures

Detailed process steps that describe how to complete the tasks. These can be used after the training as a reference on how to use the North Carolina Accounting System to perform job functions.

Business Process Overview

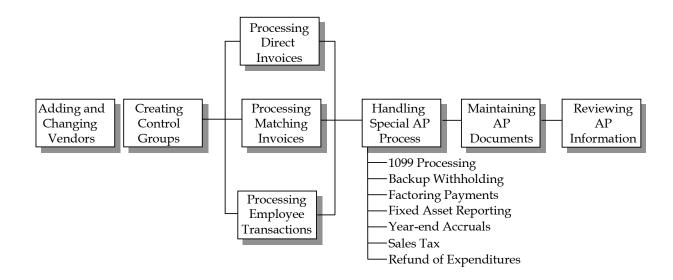
Overview

The basic activities of an agency's accounts payable department are making payments and maintaining accounting records. The responsibility for these activities rests largely on the accounts payable (AP) clerk.

As part of these responsibilities, the accounts payable clerk performs the following tasks on a regular basis:

- Adding and changing vendors
- Creating control groups
- Processing direct invoices
- Processing matching invoices
- Processing employee reimbursements
- Handling special accounts payable processes
- Maintaining documents
- Reviewing accounts payable information

The following diagram further explains the AP clerk's responsibilities in the North Carolina Accounting System (NCAS) environment.



Processing Adding and Creating Handling Maintaining Processing **Processing** Reviewing Changing Control Direct Matching Employee Special AP Processes Vendors Groups **Invoices Invoices Fransactions Documents** Information

Adding and Changing Vendors

A vendor record must exist in the NCAS before documents can be entered. Vendors are defined as either trade vendors, employees, or non-trade vendors.

- The Office of the State Controller maintains a Statewide Trade Vendor File. This allows agencies to share trade vendors and eliminates duplication of vendor records.
- In order to pay employee reimbursements and travel advances, agencies set up and maintain their own employee vendor files.
- An agency may also need to establish a non-trade vendor file in order to handle non-trade transactions, such as scholarships.

Creating Control Groups

Batching documents is the first step in the payment cycle. A set of batched documents is referred to as a **control group**. This process creates an audit trail and allows you to identify keying errors. It also ensures that the total of batched documents equals the system total.

After documents are batched, they are entered into the NCAS.

Because documents are treated differently, the NCAS is tailored according to document type:

- · Direct invoices
- Matching invoices
- Employee advances
- Employee expense reimbursements

Processing Direct Invoices

A direct invoice does not reference a purchase order. A telephone bill is an example of a **direct invoice**. Direct invoices are processed on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

Processing Matching Invoices

NOTES

A matching invoice references a purchase order that was issued to the vendor at the time the order was placed. The information on the invoice is *matched* to the information on the purchase order online. Matching invoices are processed on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* and the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screens.

Processing Employee Transaction

This section explains how to process employee transactions, such as employee travel advances and reimbursements, in the NCAS. The employee travel advance process should be used in conjunction with the employee reimbursement process to automate the accounting and tracking of amounts due to and due from individual employees.

Handling Special AP Processes

Some functions and processes involving accounts payable require special attention. They are 1099 processing, backup withholding, factoring vendor payments, fixed assets reporting, year-end accruals, sales tax, and refund of expenditures.

Maintaining Documents

The NCAS allows the AP clerk to maintain documents if information changes or was entered incorrectly.

Reviewing AP Information

The NCAS provides easy access to information. Using its informationaccess tools, you can either view data online or generate a printed report. In addition, you can specify the report's level of detail.

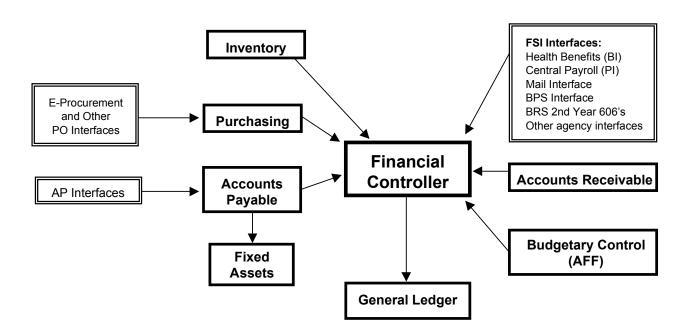
Integration Tools

The North Carolina Accounting System (NCAS) provides an integrated set of financial and materials management modules for managing business functions. The Accounts Payable (AP) module of the NCAS is related to several modules as follows:

 As documents are entered, the system automatically checks the Budgetary Control module to see if funds are available.

- Purchase order information (e.g., item, quantity, unit price, accounting distribution) from the Purchasing module is used when matching invoices, which minimizes data entry.
- Journal entries (e.g., payments, encumbrances) are automatically generated by the system and are posted to the General Ledger.
- Information is passed to the Fixed Assets module when invoices reference a fixed asset account.

NCAS Module Integration



SUMMARY

This course explains how the accounts payable clerk uses the NCAS to process payments. Requesting check runs and check reconciliation will be covered in the *AP Management* course.

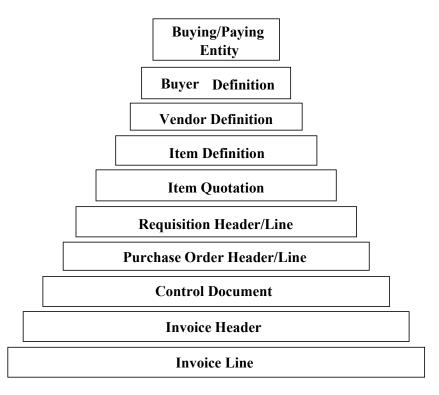
Although your agency may use another term for the employee who performs accounts payable functions, this employee will be referred to as an "accounts payable clerk" throughout this course.

Policy Overview

Policy Hierarchy

A primary benefit of the NCAS is that it allows the state to maintain consistent financial information while simultaneously meeting the needs of individual agencies. To accomplish this, the Office of the State Controller (OSC) has entered standard information in the NCAS that is either general to the state or specific to an agency. Because the system uses this information as a standard, it is considered **policy**. Before an agency can begin to enter information in the NCAS Accounts Payable module, certain policies must be established for the agency.

The NCAS policy carries forward—or **defaults**—information from one screen to the next. This default information conforms to a hierarchy in the NCAS. The **policy hierarchy**, illustrated by the following diagram, represents the levels at which accounts payable policies (including purchasing policies that impact accounts payable) are established and maintained. As you review the policy hierarchy, bear in mind that overall state and agency policies are established at the top of the hierarchy. At the highest level, the buying and paying entities act as an umbrella under which general accounts payable policies are established and maintained. As you progress down the hierarchy, each layer represents an opportunity to override previously established policies with data that is specific to the transaction on which you are working.





Buying Entity

A **buying entity** supplies a set of defaults that will govern the purchasing transactions generated within the entity. The values will default for all transactions created within that buying entity.

The buying entity is a unique code that establishes the agency's address and phone number within NCAS. Buying entities have been established for each agency. XXBG has defaults oriented to the purchase of goods; XXBS has defaults established for purchasing services.

Each agency has at least two buying entities. They have the following structure:

XXBG and XXBS

XX = Agency identification number

B = Buying

G = Purchases of goods

S = Purchases of services

For example,

- DPI uses 08BG for purchases of goods.
- OSA uses 06BS for purchases of services.

Your agency may use additional buying entities if it has unique business requirements. For example, the Department of Correction established a third buying entity, 42BI, for the purchase of inventory. Additional buying entities must be reviewed and approved by the OSC to ensure compliance with the NCAS business model.



Paying Entity

An agency establishes a **paying entity** to achieve default values for processing invoices, credit memos, employee advances and payment transactions. A paying entity defines the set of rules that will govern the purchasing and accounts payable transactions generated within the entity. The rules default from the policy established for the entity.

A paying entity is a unique code that contains the agency name and address and the type of vendor that will be processed.

Each agency has at least two paying entities. They have the following structure:

XXPT and XXPE NOTES

XX = Agency identification number

P = Paying

T = Trade vendor transactions

E = Employee vendor transactions

An agency is responsible for maintaining vendor information for its employees

For example,

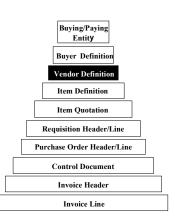
- DOI uses 12PT to pay a trade vendor.
- The OSC uses 14PE to pay employee advances.

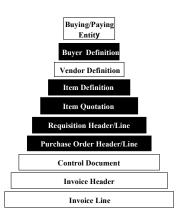
Your agency may use additional paying entities if it has unique business requirements. For example, Department of Revenue established a third paying entity, 45PN, to pay non-trade vendors. Additional paying entities must be reviewed and approved by the OSC to ensure compliance with the NCAS business model.

Vendor Definition

Although your agency establishes general vendor policy at the paying entity level, it may be overridden at the vendor definition level. After a vendor is initially added to the Statewide Trade Vendor File, the OSC sends a questionnaire to the vendor. The questionnaire asks the vendor to verify all information. For example, the vendor identifies his or her payment terms, which may be different from the default. This is where a vendor would establish payment terms if different from the entity default. The OSC then makes any changes or additions to the file, ensuring that all information is accurate and current. This process demonstrates how policy established at a higher level—in this case, the paying entity—is more general than the specific information entered at a lower level—in this case, the vendor definition level.

The policies set up in the Purchasing module also impact the accounts payable functions. For example, the controls governing an invoice (such as the allowable variance in the unit price of an item) are established in the Purchasing module. Purchasing policies are generally established at the buying entity level and overridden at the following levels by the buyer:





Buyer Definition

Policies established at the buyer definition level default to PO screens for transactions created by a specific buyer. For example, a buyer who purchases mostly tax-exempt goods might set the tax-allowed indicator to "no."

Item Definition

Policies established at the item definition level default to all transactions for a specific item. For example, a specific amount of days is allowed for early or late delivery of an item. This policy, which is also established at the buying entity level, can be overridden at the item definition level for such items as perishable goods.

Item Quotation

Policies established at the item quotation level default to any transaction that references a specific quotation. For example, if no price is entered by the buyer (i.e., he or she erases the requisition amount), the price defaults to the last price paid for the item. If a quote is referenced, however, the quote price is used.

Requisition Header and Line

The requisition header and line represent an opportunity to establish item and ship-to information before it is passed to a buyer for processing. These levels represent a requisitioner's last opportunity to override default values before the requisition is sent to the buyer for processing.

Purchase Order Header and Line

These levels represent the buyer's last opportunity to override default values before the purchase order is sent to a vendor. The information at these levels contains the greatest level of detail. For example, if no freight is to be charged for a particular transaction, the buyer can set the freight indicator to "no" for that particular PO or PO line.



Control Document

The control document level represents an opportunity for an AP clerk to establish default values for all the documents in a particular control group. Some policies are established at the paying entity level and can be overridden at the control document level for a particular set of invoices. Other policies are established at the control document level. For example, the AP clerk can enter a payment routing code to instruct the system that all the payments for a particular control group should be hand delivered.

Invoice Header

The invoice header level represents an opportunity for the AP clerk to establish or override previously established defaults for a particular invoice. The defaults established at this level will apply to all the lines on an invoice. For example, you could override the payment terms code that defaults from a higher policy level (paying entity or vendor definition levels). This terms code would then apply to the entire invoice.

Invoice Line

The invoice line level represents the last opportunity for the AP clerk to establish or override defaults. The defaults established at this level apply only to that invoice line. For example, a vendor's 1099 code defaults from the vendor definition level. If a particular invoice line requires a different 1099 code, the AP clerk can override the 1099 default at the invoice line level.



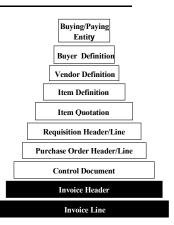
For example, your agency may have established payment terms of net 30 for a particular paying entity. These payment terms will default to all transactions associated with this paying entity unless overridden at a lower level. For example, a buyer may negotiate better payment terms with a specific vendor—for example, net 45. In this case, the buyer will override the net 30 default with net 45 on the appropriate PO screen (PO header or PO line). The net 45 will then default to all AP screens related to this PO.

The AP clerk can also override payment terms. For example, the vendor's invoice may arrive with the more favorable payment terms of net 60. The AP clerk can override the net 45 default on the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS)* screen when entering the matching invoice. Remember that, when matching, the *IWS* screen is used to record additional information or change certain information entered on the PO.

Benefits of the Policy Hierarchy

Having a policy hierarchy provides many benefits to the state andagencies. Because information defaults to all related transactions, less information needs to be entered during data entry and, therefore, fewer mistakes will be made. More importantly, the policy hierarchy helps maintain consistent business processes. Other benefits of the policy hierarchy include:

- Your agency can automatically and consistently apply general business policies to all transactions.
- Your agency has access to statewide vendor and item files, which contain statewide policies and defaults.



- The Accounts Payable department can control invoice processing options.
- Accounts Payable clerks can override policy when needed.
- Accounts Payable clerks save time because policy decisions are entered once.

Adding and Changing Vendors



Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents

Reviewing AP
Information

Overview

In the NCAS, a vendor record must exist before documents can be entered. During the payment process, it may be necessary to add and change vendors. There are three types of vendors that may be added or modified:

- Trade vendors
- Employee vendors
- Non-trade vendors

Trade Vendors

Trade vendors are people and companies outside of your agency who provide goods and services to your agency.

Before entering a document in the NCAS, a trade vendor must exist in the Statewide Trade Vendor File. This file is established and maintained by the Office of the State Controller (OSC). In order to establish a trade vendor, the vendor's federal identification number or social security number must be known.

The following are Statewide Trade Vendor File characteristics:

- Acts as a master file that is shared by all agencies
- Contains essential information about vendors (such as a vendor's remit-to address)

After the OSC has added a vendor to the Statewide Trade Vendor File, it sends a Payment Verification Form to the vendor. The form asks the vendor to verify all information. If any information is incorrect or missing, the vendor is asked to correct or supply it. The OSC then makes any changes or additions to the file. This process ensures that all information in the Statewide Trade Vendor File is accurate and up-to-date.

Three screens are used to request the addition of a trade vendor:

- The Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL) screen is an inquiry screen that is used to search the Statewide Trade Vendor File for a specific vendor.
- The *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen is a setup screen that is used to request the addition of a vendor to the Statewide Trade Vendor File.
- The Remit to Vendor Setup (VRS) screen is an inquiry screen that displays detailed information about the vendor's remit-to address. Your agency's accounts payable section will want to verify that this address is set up correctly in the system to ensure that vendor payments are being sent to the correct address.

Some things to consider when adding a trade vendor:

- Use the federal tax ID or the social security number as the vendor number.
- Do *not* use slashes ("/") in any field on the vendor screens. This can cause errors within the NCAS. Use the "%" sign to indicate "in care of".

The following walkthrough shows the process of requesting the OSC to add a vendor.

WALKTHROUGH: Requesting the Addition of a Trade Vendor

SCENARIO

Your agency wants to do business with Tectonics, Inc. Tectonics' federal ID number is XX9876543. The contact person is Randy James. Tectonics' address and phone number are as follows:

148 Elm Street Suite 1200

Charlotte, NC 27106-2618 *Toll-Free:* 800-755-9877 *Local:* 336-967-4531

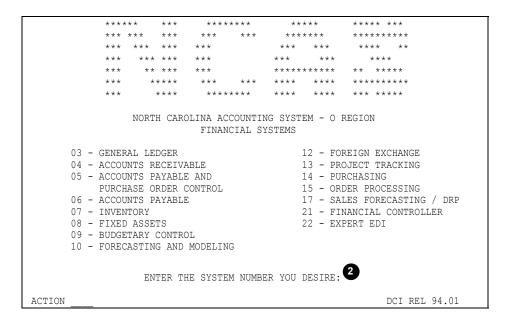
Before entering any documents, check the Statewide Trade Vendor File to see if the vendor exists.

Remember, you learned how to log on to the system during the NCAS Basics (CBT) course.

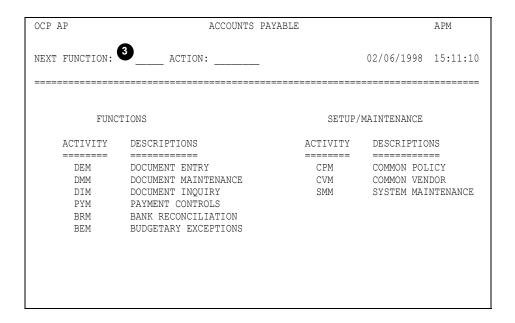
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                 NORTH CAROLINA ACCOUNTING SYSTEM - O REGION
                              ONLINE SYSTEMS
                           A - PAYROLL/PERSONNEL
                           B - FINANCIAL SYSTEMS
                           C - MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS
                           D - HEALTH CARE
                            E - INFORMATION EXPERT
                    ENTER THE SYSTEM TYPE YOU DESIRE:
ACTION
                                                             DCI REL 94.01
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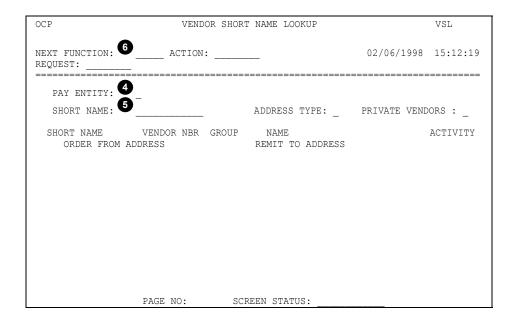
1. Access the NCAS and type **B** for Financial Systems in the ENTER THE SYSTEM TYPE YOU DESIRE field and press Enter.



2. Type **06** in the ENTER THE SYSTEM NUMBER YOU DESIRE field and press Enter to access the *Accounts Payable (APM)* screen.



3. Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.



- 4. Type your **trade paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 5. Type **Tec@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter to view the *VSL* screen. The symbol "@" allows you to type part of a vendor name to access all vendors beginning with the letters "t-e-c."

When the SCREEN STATUS field at the bottom of the screen says **MORE**, additional pages of information exist. Press Enter to scroll to the next page and access this information.

You can scroll up or down on the *VSL* screen. DOWN is the default direction. To scroll UP, type **UP** in the REQUEST field and press Interpret. You are able to scroll up to ten pages at one time. For example, type **DOWN3** or **DN3** in the REQUEST field and press Interpret to scroll down 3 pages. To return to the top of the list, type **TOP** or **T** in the REQUEST field and press Interpret.

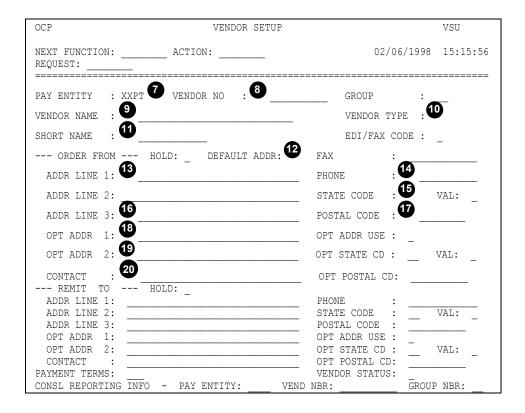
Note that Tectonics is not listed on the *VSL* screen.

A maximum of 15 characters can be used in the SHORT NAME field. Do not type spaces or punctuation. Also, do not include "a," "an," or "the" in the short name. The system requires that you use abbreviations for the following words:

Full Name	Short Name
America/American	AMER
Association/Associated	ASSOC
International	INTL
National	NATL
North Carolina	NC
Northeast/Northeastern	NE
Northwest/Northwestern	NW
Southeast/Southeastern	SE
Southwest/Southwestern	SW
United States	US
University	UNIV

Additional abbreviations are listed on QRG 1: NCAS Standard Vendor Short Name Abbreviations.

6. Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the Vendor Setup (VSU) screen and request the addition of Tectonics as a vendor.



- 7. Type **VADD** in the PAY ENTITY field. VADD is a temporary storage area. All new trade vendors are filed here until they are added to the Statewide Trade Vendor File.
- 8. Type **XX9876543** in the VENDOR NO field. Remember that the vendor number is the vendor's federal ID or social security number.
- 9. Type **tectonics inc** in the VENDOR NAME field. The name prints on the check exactly as it is typed here.
- 10. Type **M** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that Tectonics is a *matching* vendor. In other words, a purchase order will be issued for most purchases.

The default for the VENDOR TYPE field is **D** for *direct* vendor. If the vendor is a *matching* vendor, an **M** must be typed in the VENDOR TYPE field.

- 11. Type **your four-digit phone extension** plus **your first name** in the SHORT NAME field (e.g., 3314laura). This helps the OSC identify who entered the request.
 - If you know the vendor's fax number, enter it in the FAX field. This field is not required.

If your phone number's first three digits are 733, type your four-digit extension only. If your phone number's first three digits are 715, type 5 followed by your phone extension (e.g., 54562mary).

If your phone extension begins with any other combination, type additional identifying information in the OPT ADDR 1 or OPT ADDR 2 field. For example, you could type your entire phone number plus area code. Remember to include a note to indicate that this is your information and not the vendor's information.

- 12. Type **y** in the DEFAULT ADDR field. This allows the address typed in the *ORDER FROM* section to default to the *REMIT TO* section.
- 13. Type **148 Elm St Ste 1200** in the ADDR LINE 1 field of the ORDER FROM section.

If your vendor is a direct vendor, you will enter this informa-
tion in the REMIT TO section.

- Use standard postal abbreviations wherever appropriate.
- 14. Type **800-755-9877** in the PHONE field. If there is a toll-free number, it should always be entered in the PHONE field.
- 15. Type **NC** in the STATE CODE field.
- 16. Type **Charlotte** in the ADDR LINE 3 field.

Always type the city in the ADDR LINE 3 field, even if it means
that you have to leave the ADDR LINE 2 field blank. Only ADDR
LINE 1 and ADDR LINE 3 fields print on the purchase order and
check.

Do not use slashes ("/") anywhere in your vendor request. This could cause the vendor record to be corrupted and unusable. To denote "in care of", use the % sign. For telephone numbers, use dashes. If you have any questions regarding the establishment of a vendor request, please call the NCAS Support Services at 919-875-HELP (4357).

17. Type **27106-2618** in the POSTAL CODE field.

	The nine-digit zip	code is	required.
--	--------------------	---------	-----------

Complete zip code numbers can be located on the United States Postal Services' web site: http://www.usps.gov/ncsc/

18. Type **phone #: 336-967-4531** in the OPT ADDR 1 field. The OPT ADDR fields are used to enter other information about a vendor, such as a second phone number.

The code that you enter in the OPT ADDR USE field instructs the NCAS to print certain address lines. You can type one of the following two codes:

1 Prints selected address lines:

opt addr 1 opt addr 2

2 Prints all address lines:

addr line 1 addr line 2 opt addr 1 opt addr 2 addr line 3

19. Type your name, full phone number, and agency-division in the OPT ADDR 2 field.

Example: Req: Jane - 828-358-3546 @ DOJ-JA

- 20. Type **Randy James** in the CONTACT field.
- 21. Press Inter. The following message will appear on your screen: **VENDOR HAS BEEN ADDED TO THE SYSTEM. HIT ENTER!!!**
- 22. Press Enter to send your request to the OSC.

You have now requested that the OSC add a vendor to the Statewide Trade Vendor File. The OSC will act on your request as soon as possible.

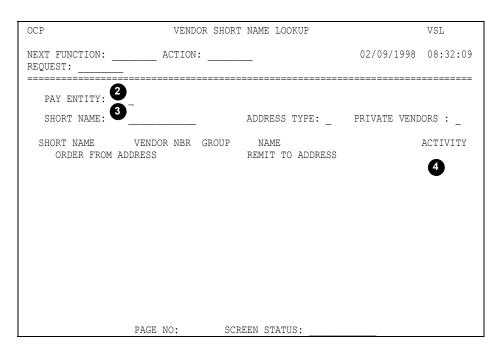
The NCAS allows you to request changes to vendors before they have been added to the Statewide Trade Vendor File.

WALKTHROUGH: Requesting the Change of a Trade Vendor *Before* It Has Been Added

SCENARIO

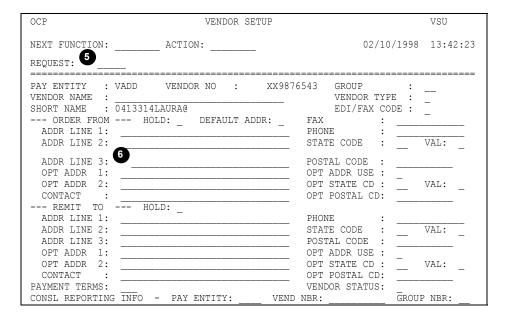
You entered all information for Tectonics correctly on the *VSU* screen, with the exception of the city. Instead of typing Greensboro, NC, you typed Charlotte, NC. Before requesting the change, you need to check the Statewide Trade Vendor File to determine whether the OSC has added this vendor.

1. Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.



- 2. Type **VADD** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type the Julian date of your request, your four-digit phone extension, your first name, and "@" in the SHORT NAME field (e.g., 2543314laura@). Press Inter to display the vendors you have requested to be added.
 - The Julian date tracks the number of days that have passed in a calendar year. For example, the date January 3 has a Julian date of 003. The date December 31 has a Julian date of 365. Be sure to use three digits when entering the Julian date.
- 4. Type **VSU** in the ACTIVITY field of Tectonics and press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup* (*VSU*) screen.

Note that the paying entity and vendor number for Tectonics will default to the *VSU* screen.



- 5. Type **C** in the REQUEST field and press to indicate you are *changing* information about Tectonics.
- 6. Type **Greensboro** over Charlotte in the ADDR LINE 3 field in the ORDER FROM section.
- 7. Press Enter to complete the change request.

You have now corrected the information for Tectonics. When the OSC adds Tectonics to the Statewide Trade Vendor File, the correct address will also be added.

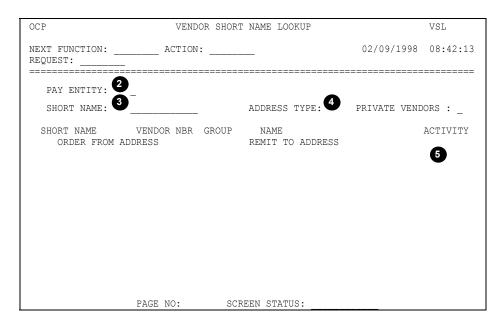
You can also make changes to vendors already existing in the Statewide Trade Vendor File.

WALKTHROUGH: Requesting the Change of a Vendor *After* It Has Been Added

SCENARIO

H. M. Smith Company, Inc. has a new contact person, Janie McDowell. You need to request the OSC to enter the change. The company's federal ID number is XX0000004.

1. Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.

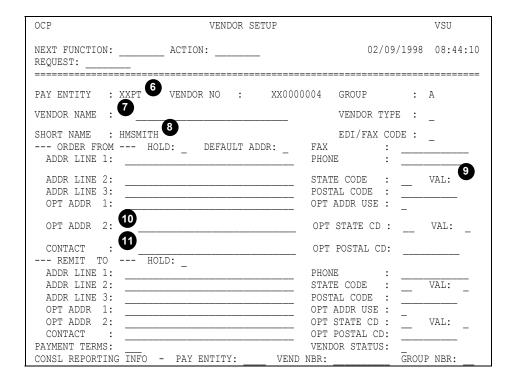


- 2. Type your trade paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **HMSMITH@** in the SHORT NAME field and press [inter]. Do not type spaces in the short name.
- 4. Type **B** in the ADDRESS TYPE field and press Enter to display *both* the order-from and remit-to addresses.

If you want to display *either* the order-from *or* the remit-to address, use the following codes in the ADDRESS TYPE field:

O Order-from address
R Remit-to address

5. Type **VSU** in the ACTIVITY column next to HM Smith Company Inc (XX0000004) and press Inter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.



- 6. Type **CHGE** over your paying entity in the PAY ENTITY field to indicate a *change* to the file.
- 7. Type **H M Smith Company Inc** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- 8. Type **your four-digit telephone extension** and **your first name** in the SHORT NAME field. Delete any remaining characters.
- 9. Type **N** in the VAL field to disable state code validation.
- 10. Type **your full name, full phone number, and agency-division** in the OPT ADDR 2 field. (ie, *Req: James 828-358-3546 @ DOJ-JA*)
- 11. Type **Janie McDowell** in the CONTACT field in the ORDER FROM section and press Enter.
- 12. The system displays the following message: **VENDOR HAS BEEN ADDED TO THE SYSTEM, HIT ENTER!!**
- 13. Press Enter to complete the change request.

You have now requested that the OSC change the contact person for H. M. Smith Company, Inc.

If you are changing the address, company name, or federal tax ID number and vendor group #, you will need to fax supporting documentation to NCAS Support Services at 919-981-5561 before the change will be processed.

Employee Vendors

NOTES

An **employee vendor** is an employee to whom your agency pays expense reimbursements or travel advances. Each agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining employee vendors. The OSC requires that the employee's social security number be used as the vendor number.

Employee vendors are established under the following paying entity:

XXPE

XX = agency identification number

PE = employee payable

Short names for employee vendors should be set up on the *Vendor Setup* (*VSU*) screen with the last name first (e.g., Smithjohn). Remember that spaces and punctuation are *not* typed in the SHORT NAME field.

After keying in the employee information on the *VSU* screen, the federal tax ID number needs to be entered on the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen. The FEDERAL TAX ID field must be completed on the *VPN* screen to avoid inadvertent backup tax withholding.

WALKTHROUGH: Adding an Employee Vendor

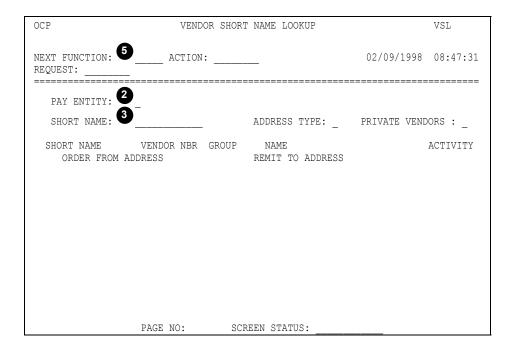
SCENARIO

Michael Miller will be traveling and receiving expense checks. He needs to be entered into the system as an employee vendor. His social security number is 543-34-2301. His address and phone number are:

180 West State Street Charlotte, NC 28128-4857 Phone: 704-983-0002

Before entering a travel advance or employee reimbursement, check the employee vendor file to see if the vendor exists.

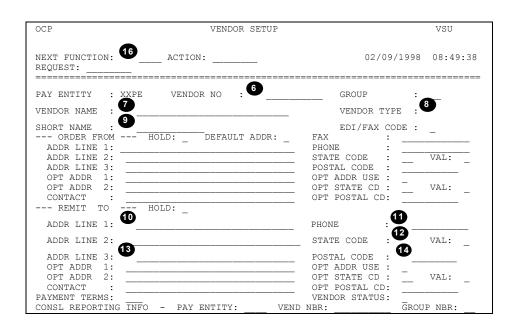
1. Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.



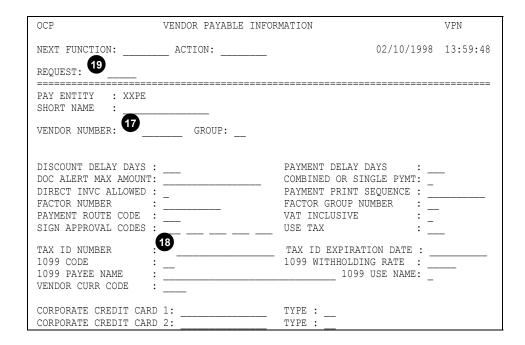
- 2. Type your employee paying entity (XXPE) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **mill@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter to view the *VSL* screen. The symbol "@" allows you to type part of an employee's name to access all employees beginning with the letters "m-i-l-l."
- 4. Scroll down the list to find the employee's name.

Note that Michael Miller's name is not listed.

5. Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen and add Michael Miller as a vendor.



- Type **543342301** in the VENDOR NO field.
- 7. Type **Michael Miller** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- 8. Type **E** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that this is an *employee* vendor.
- Type millermichael in the SHORT NAME field.
 - For trade vendor files, you type your telephone number and name in the SHORT NAME field to allow the OSC to identify the requester. Because employee vendor files are not sent to the OSC, you must type a name in the SHORT NAME field that can be used to search for and retrieve the employee vendor file.
- Type 180 W State St in the ADDR LINE 1 field of the REMIT TO section.
- 11. Type **704-983-0002** in the PHONE field.
- 12. Type **NC** in the STATE CODE field.
- 13. Type **Charlotte** in the ADDR LINE 3 field.
- 14. Type **28128-4857** in the POSTAL CODE field.
- 15. Press Enter to complete the entry.
- 16. Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.



- 17. Type **543342301** in the VENDOR NUMBER field. (Do NOT press enter here.)
- 18. Type **543342301** in the TAX ID NUMBER field and press Enter to complete adding the vendor. The message **218 PLEASE ENTER DESIRED REQUEST** is displayed on your screen.

You have now added an employee vendor to your agency's employee vendor file.

19. Type **G** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to verify that the tax ID number has been entered correctly.

The *Vendor Setup* (*VSU*) screen may display the following message when you are trying to add a vendor: **VENDOR ALREADY EXISTS**. If this happens, type **G** in the REQUEST field and press interpretation will then appear on the *VSU* screen.

To change the file for an existing employee vendor, perform the following steps:

NOTES

- 1. Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.
- 2. Type **C** in the REQUEST field.
- 3. Type **the paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 4. Type **the employee's short name** in the SHORT NAME field and press Interp. (You can also type the first four letters of the employee's last name followed by the @ symbol in the SHORT NAME field or type the employee's social security number in the VENDOR NO field.)
- 5. Type **your changes** and erase any extra characters.
- 6. Press Enter to make the change.

Non-Trade Vendors

Non-trade vendors are vendors to whom payments are made for transactions other than purchased goods and services. Your agency may need to pay vendors for non-trade transactions. Each agency decides what is classified as a non-trade transaction. For example, some agencies classify scholarships as non-trade transactions.

A non-trade transaction is handled in a non-trade paying entity. Unlike trade vendors, non-trade vendors are not shared with other agencies.

The OSC requires that the vendor's federal ID number or social security number be used as the vendor number.

Short names for non-trade vendors should be set up on the *Vendor Setup* (*VSU*) screen. You should set up vendors who are individuals with the last name first (e.g., Smithjohn). Remember that spaces and punctuation are *not* typed in the SHORT NAME field.

Adding a non-trade vendor requires entries on three screens:

- The *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen is used to set up the vendor's name, short name, address, and telephone information.
- The Vendor General Information (VGN) screen is used to indicate the remit-to county information, as well as indicate special characteristics of the vendor (e.g., woman-owned, minority, non-profit, etc.) that are reported statewide.
- The Vendor Payable Information (VPN) screen is used to set up 1099 and backup withholding information. The FEDERAL TAX ID field must be completed on this screen to avoid inadvertent backup withholding.

If an individual or company is doing business under another name, you will want to enter both names into the NCAS. On the VSU screen, enter the name that should appear on the checks in the VENDOR NAME field. On the VPN screen, enter the other vendor name in the 1099 PAYEE NAME field. This will ensure that any applicable reporting is done with the correct name.

For example, you want to add vendor XYZ, Inc. DBA (doing business as) ABC Company. On the *VSU* screen, type **ABC Company** in the VENDOR NAME field and on the *VPN* screen, type **XYZ, Inc.** in the 1099 PAYEE NAME field.

You cannot delete a non-trade vendor. You can inactivate a non-trade vendor so that this vendor can no longer be used. To inactivate a vendor, type an I in the VENDOR STATUS field on the *VSU* screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Adding a Non-Trade Vendor

SCENARIO

You need to add Jill Martin to your non-trade paying entity. Ms. Martin lives in Wake County. Her remit-to address and phone number are:

190 Basswood Road Cary, North Carolina 27513-6235 Phone: 919-380-9995

Her social security number is 876-09-8752. The payment terms for this vendor are NET.

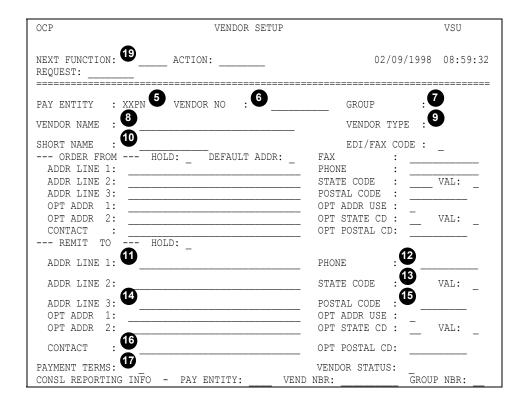
1. Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.

OCP	VENDOR SHOR	T NAME LOOKUP	VSL
NEXT FUNCTION: 4	ACTION:		02/09/1998 08:57:24
PAY ENTITY: 2 SHORT NAME: 3	 	ADDRESS TYPE: _	PRIVATE VENDORS : _
SHORT NAME ORDER FROM AL	VENDOR NBR GROUP DDRESS	NAME REMIT TO ADDRESS	ACTIVITY
	PAGE NO: SC	REEN STATUS:	

- 2. Type your non-trade paying entity (XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **martin@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Inter to view the *VSL* screen. The symbol "@" allows you to type part of a vendor name to access all vendors beginning with the letters "martin."

Note that Jill Martin is not listed on the VSL screen.

4. Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen and request the addition of Jill Martin as a vendor.



- 5. Type **the non-trade paying entity (XXPN)** in the PAY ENTITY field. Your agency and the OSC will determine your agency's non-trade paying entity. For purposes of this course, we will use XXPN as the non-trade paying entity.
- 6. Type **876098752** in the VENDOR NO field.
- 7. Type **A** in the GROUP field. The letter indicates the vendor's location.
- 8. Type **Jill Martin** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- 9. Type **D** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that Ms. Martin is a *direct* vendor.
- 10. Type **martinjill** in the SHORT NAME field.
 - Because non-trade vendors are not added by the OSC, use a name in the SHORT NAME field that can be used to search for and retrieve this non-trade vendor.
- 11. Type **190 Basswood Rd** in the ADDR LINE 1 field of the REMIT TO section.
- 12. Type **919-380-9995** in the PHONE field.
- 13. Type **NC** in the STATE CODE field.
- 14. Type **Cary** in the ADDR LINE 3 field.

15. Type **27513-6235** in the POSTAL CODE field.

NOTES

Always include the additional four digits in the zip code. Complete zip code numbers can be located on the United States Postal Services' web site: http://www.usps.gov/ncsc/

- 16. Type **Jill Martin** in the CONTACT field.
- 17. Type **net** in the PAYMENT TERMS field.
- 18. Press Inter to add this vendor to your non-trade paying entity and to clear the screen.

Agencies may be required to report expenditures with vendors by county. If you know the city, you can identify the county code using QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562).. If you know the county, you can find the corresponding code on the Description Table (DTL) screen.

On the *DTL* screen, the county code is shown as a three-digit code. If the vendor is out of state, type **999** in CATEGORY CODES 5 field on the *VGN* screen. The county code is entered as a three-digit code on the *VGN* screen but on all other screens in the NCAS, it is entered as a two-digit code.

Once you have located the appropriate code, access the *Vendor General Information (VGN)* screen to add the code.

19. Type **VGN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Vendor General Information (VGN)* screen.

	VENDOR GENERAL INFORMATION ENTER DESIRED REQUEST	VGN
NEXT FUNCTIO	N:25 ACTION:	02/09/1998 09:04:37
PAY ENTITY SHORT NAME VENDOR NUMBE	: XXPN : 20 GROUP: 21	
	CATEGORY CODES 1: 2: 3:	4: 5: 22
	TAX CERTIFICATION NBR: USER FIELD 1 : USER FIELD 2 :	VEND ADD: 28

- 20. Type **876098752** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 21. Type **A** in the GROUP field. (Do NOT press Enter here.)
- 22. Type **092** in the CATEGORY CODES **5** field to identify Wake County.
- 23. Type today's date in the vendor in the VEND ADD field to indicate the date you added the vendor to the Statewide Trade Vendor File. Be sure to type the date as an 8-digit number. (For example, April 11, 2003 would be typed 04112003.)

The codes entered in the CATEGORY CODES fields are used to generate reports about vendors used by NC state agencies. The **first three** CATEGORY CODES fields are used to input one or more **vendor characteristics** such as female-owned business, minority owned business, non-profit organization, etc. The codes that you need to enter in these first three fields can be found on the *Description Table (DTL)* screen.

The CATEGORY CODE 4 field is used to enter the vendor's **order-from county code**. The CATEGORY CODE 5 field is used to enter the vendor's **remit-to county code**. The county codes for the fourth and fifth CATEGORY CODE fields can be located from either **QRG 2**: **QRG 2**: **Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562)** or the *Description Table (DTL)* screen.

- 24. Press Inter to add the county code and to clear the screen. The message 218 PLEASE ENTER DESIRED REQUEST is displayed on the screen.
 - Note that if you change the vendor's city/county address, the *VGN* screen must be correspondingly changed.

25. Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.

NOTES

OCP	VENDOR PAYABLE INFO	RMATION	VPN
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	02/09/1998	09:06:43
PAY ENTITY : XXPN SHORT NAME : VENDOR NUMBER:	26 GROUP: 28		
DISCOUNT DELAY DAYS DOC ALERT MAX AMOUNT DIRECT INVC ALLOWED FACTOR NUMBER PAYMENT ROUTE CODE SIGN APPROVAL CODES TAX ID NUMBER 1099 CODE 1099 PAYEE NAME VENDOR CURR CODE	·	PAYMENT DELAY DAYS COMBINED OR SINGLE PYMT: PAYMENT PRINT SEQUENCE: FACTOR GROUP NUMBER: UAT INCLUSIVE: USE TAX: TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE: 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE: 1099 USE NAME:	-
CORPORATE CREDIT CARI CORPORATE CREDIT CARI		TYPE : TYPE :	

- 26. Type your non-trade paying entity (XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 27. Type **876098752** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 28. Type **A** in the GROUP field. (Do NOT press Enter here.)
- 29. Type **876098752** in the TAX ID NUMBER field.
 - If there is not a tax ID number in this field, transactions to this vendor may be put on 1099 hold. This would require the AP clerk to release payments.
- 30. Type **no** in the 1099 code field and press Enter to complete the addition of the vendor to your non-trade paying entity. The message **218 PLEASE ENTER DESIRED REQUEST** is displayed on the screen.

Creating Control Groups

Adding and Changing Vendors



Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Figure 1

Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining
AP
Documents

Reviewing AP Information

Batching Documents into Control Groups

The first step in the payment cycle is batching documents. This process includes:

- · Receiving documents
- Categorizing documents
- Batching documents into groups

Depending on your agency's policies, documents may be received and categorized differently.

Document entry is easier if documents are categorized according to type within paying entity. The types are as follows:

- A direct invoice is an invoice that does not require a purchase order (e.g., utility and phone bills).
- A matching invoice indicates that a purchase order was issued prior to the purchase (e.g., office supply invoices). The invoice is matched to the purchase order online.
- An employee advance is a form that an employee fills out in anticipation of travel expenses
- An employee expense reimbursement is a form that an employee completes after he or she has incurred an expense.

After documents are categorized, several steps are taken before they are entered into the system.

 First, documents are grouped into a set of 15 to 40 documents for data entry. This set of documents is called a **control group**. The only documents that are not entered into the NCAS by control group are employee advances. They are entered individually.

A control group is:

 Helpful to the data entry person in balancing and tracking entered documents.

- Identified by control number, control date (the date the documents are batched) and paying entity.
- Used to assist in document tracking, specification of default information, processing instructions, balancing, and external filing of documents.
- A control number is then assigned to identify each control group.
 Some agencies may assign a range of control numbers to each AP clerk. Control numbers cannot be repeated on the same day.

Depending on the size of your agency, you may want to keep a log of your control groups. A log will help you track the control groups that you have entered on the NCAS.

- Once control numbers have been assigned, all documents in the control group are totaled. The total is determined by running a calculator tape.
- A sheet is then completed for each control group. This Control Group Header sheet identifies:
 - The paying entity
 - Entry method (documents type)
 - Control date (the date that the control group is created)
 - Control number
 - Your operator ID
 - The control group total

(Please refer to QRG 5: Accounts Payable Control Group Header.)

 The Control Group Header sheet is then attached to the control group and placed in a file folder. The file folder is marked with the control number and current date.

After all the documents in a control group have been processed, the documents should be filed by control group number and date. The system makes it easy to find all documents because it stores the control group number and date with all transactions.

The control group is then ready for entry into the system by the assigned AP clerk. In the NCAS environment, invoices must be entered as soon as possible.

Entering Control Groups

NOTES

Entering control groups is the first online step in payment processing. The control group header must be completed on the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen before documents can be entered into the online control group. The *CDE* screen is used to record the following information from the Control Group Header sheet:

- Paying entity
- Control number
- Control amount (the total from the calculator tape)
- Control date (will default to the current date)
- · Entry method
 - Direct invoice (D)
 - Matched invoice (M)
 - Employee payable (E)

The following walkthrough demonstrates how to complete the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Entering a Control Group

SCENARIO

You have received a control group of direct invoices. The control group is attached to the following Control Group Header sheet. You need to enter the control group header into the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header				
PAYING ENTITY	X	XXPT		
			Other	
ENTRY METHOD	X	DIRECT INVOICES		
		MATCHING INVOICES		
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES		
CONTROL GROUP DAT	E:	TODAY'S DATE		
CONTROL GROUP NUM	IBER:	121		
OPERATOR ID:	 DBS #	Your In	ITIALS itials	

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		20	2,296.29
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		20	2,296.29

1. Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen.

NOTES

OCP AP 200 - ENTER CONTROL GRO NEXT FUNCTION: REOUEST:	CONTROL DOCUMENT ENT DUP INFORMATION ACTION:	CDE 02/09/1998 12:55:42
=======================================		
PAY ENTITY:	CONTROL NUMBER:	_ CNTL AMT : 4
CNTL DATE :	APPL AREA : 5	AMT ENTERED: _ DIFFERENCE :
HANDLING CD: OPT. DOCUMENT MODEL NBR :	ENTRY METHOD : 6 IONAL AMOUNTS AND DEF	NBR DOC'S : AULTS =======
FREIGHT AMOUNT : DISCOUNT AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT AMT :		FREIGHT INDICATOR : DISCOUNT INDICATOR : SALES TAX/VAT IND :
SALES TAX 2 AMT : SALES TAX 3 AMT :		SALES TAX 2 IND : SALES TAX 3 IND :
OPTIONAL AMOUNT : - ADDITIONAL COST AMT :		VARIANCE INDICATOR : ADDITIONAL COST IND :
EXPENSE INDICATOR : INTERCOMPANY PAY IND:		PAYABLES INDICATOR : INTERCOMPANY REC IND:
BANK ACCT PYMT IND : SIGNATURE APPROVAL :		PAYMENT ROUTING CODE: PROVISIONAL ACCT IND:
REASON CODE/DESC :		VAT INCLUSIVE : _

- 2. Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **121** in the CONTROL NUMBER field. This number corresponds with the Control Group Header sheet.
- 4. Type **2296.29** in the CNTL AMT field. This field reflects the total of all documents contained in the control group.

The current date defaults into the CNTL DATE field.

- 5. Type **your first and last initials** in the APPL AREA field. For tracking purposes, this field identifies the individual who entered the control group.
 - The initials "PS" cannot be used in the APPL AREA field. They conflict with the Purchasing (PS) module.
- 6. Type **D** in the ENTRY METHOD field to indicate *direct* entry.

The following codes can be entered in the ENTRY METHOD field:

- **D** accesses the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen to enter *direct* invoices.
- M accesses the Invoice Matching (IMP) screen to enter matching invoices.
- **E** accesses the *Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T)* screen to enter *employee* reimbursements.
- 7. Press Inter to process the control header information and to access the screen that is associated with the entry method. In this case, you access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen, which is used to enter direct invoices.

You can also enter matching invoices in a direct control group and vice versa. The following codes can be typed in the REQUEST field to navigate between invoice entry screens:

- Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) screen
- Invoice Matching (IMP) screen
- Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T) screen

You have now completed a control group header for direct invoices. Once control groups have been entered, the documents within each control group must be entered in the system. The NCAS can process four different documents:

- Direct invoices
- Matching invoices
- Employee documents
 - Employee travel advances
 - Employee reimbursements

The next three sections explain the processing of each type of document in the NCAS.

Processing Direct Invoices

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices

Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents

Reviewing AP Information

Overview

A **direct invoice** does not reference a purchase order. A telephone bill is an example of a direct invoice.

This section explains the processing of direct invoices in the NCAS. The *Direct Invoices* section is divided into the following two subsections.

Entering Direct Invoices

The NCAS uses different screens to process different AP documents. Direct invoices are processed on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen. You may also access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen to add more information to the invoice. The NCAS allows you to apply debit or credit memos against direct invoices.

Using Document Models

Frequently used direct invoices can be set up as document models in the NCAS. Document models are templates or skeletons of the direct invoice. Models save time and reduce typing errors for frequently processed invoices with repetitive information.

Entering Direct Invoices

Direct invoices are entered on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen. The *IWS-1T* screen is similar to an actual invoice. The top portion of the screen resembles the top portion of an invoice. It includes:

- Vendor information
- Payment terms
- Invoice number
- Invoice date

The bottom portion of the *IWS-1T* screen resembles the bottom portion of an invoice. It includes the detail lines, such as:

Unit of measure

- Quantity
- Item description

The IWS-1T screen also has many features. It allows you to:

- Enter multiple detail lines per invoice (up to 9,999)
- Separate sales tax, freight, additional costs, and discounts from the net amount of the invoice
- Select the detail lines to which tax, freight, additional costs, and discounts are applied
- Reference 1099 information on selected detail lines
- Add a message to the vendor that will appear on the remittance part of the check
- Schedule multiple, recurring, and variable payments

The *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen is for invoice information that is entered less frequently. You may access this screen to determine the check handling options for the invoice.

To move from the *IWS-1T* screen to the *IWS-2T* screen, type **R** (right) in the REQUEST field and press Enter. To return to the *IWS-1T* screen from the *IWS-2T* screen, type **L** (left) in the REQUEST field and press Enter.

Payment Due Date

The payment due date is determined by the information contained in the TERMS CODE or the PYMT DUE DATE fields. On the *IWS-1T* screen, the value in the TERMS CODE field defaults from the vendor definition level of the policy hierarchy. You can override the TERMS CODE field if you want to change the payment due date. To understand what each terms code represents, you need to be familiar with the indicators listed on the *Payment Terms List (PTL)* screen. Each three-character indicator represents different payment terms. The terms code can only be changed during invoice entry. You cannot edit this field after completing the invoice.

If you are unsure of the terms code indicators for invoice entry, type **PTL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Payment Terms Code List (PTL)* screen. To return to the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen, type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter.

OCP		PAY	MENT T	ERMS C	ODE LIST			PTL
NEXT FUNCTION REQUEST:	N:	A	CTION:				02/10	0/1998 16:09:17
PAY ENTITY: X	XXPT							
PYMT TERMS		DISC		TERMS		DISC	RETURN ON	
CODE	PCT	DAYS	DAYS	INDIC	PCT 2	DAYS 2	INVEST	DESCRIPTION
Н10	.50	10	30	STND	.00	0	.00	1/2%/10, NET 30
H20	.50	20	30	STND	.00	0	.00	1/2%/20, NET 30
NET	.00	0	0	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IMMEDIATELY
N05	.00	0	5	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 5 DAYS
N07	.00	0	7	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 7 DAYS
N10	.00	0	10	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 10 DAYS
N14	.00	0	14	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 14 DAYS
N15	.00	0	15	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 15 DAYS
N20	.00	0	20	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 20 DAYS
N25	.00	0	25	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 25 DAYS
N30	.00	0	30	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 30 DAYS
N31	.00	0	31	STND	.00	0	.00	PAY IN 31 DAYS
			PAGE	NO:	1 STATU	S: MORE		

You can also enter a specific date in the PYMT DUE DATE field and this date will override the terms code. If a completed, unpaid invoice has an incorrect terms code, then you must use the PYMT DUE DATE field to override this value and ensure the document pays on time.

Sales Tax

Taxes are prorated to each line of the invoice and charged to the corresponding expenditure accounts. The tax rate applied to each invoice line is determined by the mini-chart indicator associated with that line. A default indicator has been set up for each paying entity, usually 650 (6.5%) or 000 (0%), but this can be overridden by the AP clerk entering the invoice line. Tax codes and the corresponding rates can be viewed online on the *Use Tax Authorities List (TAL)* screen and are maintained by the OSC.

An agency can enter multiple tax rates on the same invoice. For example, food items taxed at 2% can appear on the same invoice as non-food items taxed at 6.5%.

The AP clerk has a number of opportunities to change the default tax rate.

- On the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen, you can enter a tax indicator in the SALES TAX/VAT IND field. This tax rate will default to all invoice lines within that control group.
- On the Invoice Worksheet I (IWS-1T) screen, you can enter a tax indicator in the SALES TAX/VAT field at the bottom of the screen. This tax rate will default to all invoice lines on that invoice.
- On the IWS-1T screen, you can enter a tax indicator in the VAT field on an individual invoice line. This field is found directly below the line number. This tax rate will apply only to that invoice line.

Information Technology Project Accounting

If your agency flags invoices for Information Technology Project reporting, a valid project company and project code can be added in the PROJ-CO and NUMBER fields. After nexting the invoice, editing options for project information are limited to the following:

- Changing an existing project company/project code
- Deleting a project company/project code on individual lines. (At least one line must contain a project company/project code.)

If an invoice is nexted without a project company/project code on at least one line, no project information may be added to the invoice.

For additional information and explanation, refer to **QRG 14: Information Technology Project Accounting**.

WALKTHROUGH: Entering a Direct Invoice

SCENARIO

You have received five documents attached to the following Control Group Header sheet. You need to enter the invoices and balance the control group. Each document has special processing needs.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header					
PAYING ENTITY	X	XXPT			
			Other _		
ENTRY METHOD	X	DIRECT INVOICES			
		MATCHING INVOICES			
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES			
CONTROL GROUP DATE	::	TODAY'S DATE			
CONTROL GROUP NUM	BER: _	122			
OPERATOR ID:	DD0 #	Your Ini			
	DBS#	INI	tials		

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		5	6,322.28
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		5	6,322.28

1. Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.

OCP AP 200 - ENTER CONTROL GRO	CONTROL DOCUMENT E	NTRY	CDE
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		02/09/1998	13:02:39
PAY ENTITY:	CONTROL NUMBER:	CNTL AMT :	
CNTL DATE :	CURRENCY CODE :	AMT ENTERED: DIFFERENCE :	
· · · · · —	ENTRY METHOD : ONAL AMOUNTS AND D	NBR DOC'S : DEFAULTS ====================================	
FREIGHT AMOUNT : _ DISCOUNT AMOUNT : _ SALES TAX/VAT AMT :		FREIGHT INDICATOR : DISCOUNT INDICATOR : SALES TAX/VAT IND :	-
SALES TAX 2 AMT : _ SALES TAX 3 AMT : _ OPTIONAL AMOUNT :		SALES TAX 2 IND : SALES TAX 3 IND : VARIANCE INDICATOR :	- - -
ADDITIONAL COST AMT : _ EXPENSE INDICATOR : _		ADDITIONAL COST IND :	- -
INTERCOMPANY PAY IND: BANK ACCT PYMT IND : SIGNATURE APPROVAL :	_	INTERCOMPANY REC IND: PAYMENT ROUTING CODE: PROVISIONAL ACCT IND:	- -
REASON CODE/DESC :		VAT INCLUSIVE :	-

- 2. Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **122** in the CONTROL NUMBER field.
- 4. Type **6322.28** in the CNTL AMT field.
- 5. Type **your first and last initials** in the APPL AREA field since you will be entering this control group.
- 6. Type **D** in the ENTRY METHOD field.
- 7. Press Enter to process the control header information and access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

You are now ready to enter the first invoice.

Invoice: Office Specialist PO Box 65977 Charlotte, NC 20	Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 01 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Post-It Notes	10	1.15	11.50
Rubber Bands	4	1.25	5.00
		Freight: Tax: Total:	.99 17.49

- The accounting distribution for line 1 is XX01 533110 10001005.
- The accounting distribution for line 2 is XX01 533110 10003100.

	VOICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:		13:04:30
REOUEST: 29		
		=======
INVOICE NUMBER : 8	DATE: 9 MODEL:	
VENDOR SHORT NM: 10	_ CUF CM/	·
PO REFERENCE :	COUNTY CODE: 13 MUL	TI PYMT: _
TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DATE: REMIT MSG:	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO AG	SIGNATURE APPR CD: CCOUNT CENTER PROJ-CO NU	IMDED
VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER		
0001 15 16 17	3	
	19 28	
0002		
	24 23 	
0003		
0004		
25		
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT :	
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT: 26	

On the *IWS-1T* screen, the first detail line (0001) corresponds to the AMOUNT/PERCENT, EXPENSE, COMPANY, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. The second line corresponds to the QUANTITY, UNIT, ITEM NUMBER, DESCRIPTION, PRORATE (TFAD) and 1099 fields.

- 8. Type **7042864121** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 9. Type **011102** in the DATE field to display the invoice date. This date is used to determine the payment due date based on the payment terms code.
- 10. Type **office@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.

If the short name is unique to one vendor, the vendor information (name, number, and address) will default to the *IWS-1T* screen.

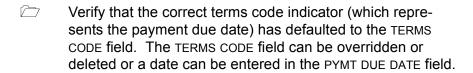
If the short name is not unique to one vendor, the system displays the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen with all the vendors that match the specified short name. Press to scroll through the list until you find the required vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press to *return* the vendor number and address to the *IWS-1T* screen.

- 11. Determine the correct vendor (Office Specialists). Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press Inter to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen. Note that the vendor information defaults to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- 12. Press Enter. The system will check to ensure there are no duplicate invoices.
- 13. Type **60** in the COUNTY CODE field to identify the county code for the sales tax report. Charlotte is located in Mecklenburg county, which is county code 60. Refer to **QRG 2: QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562)**.

County codes are used to produce a quarterly sales tax report by county. This report is used to complete sales tax forms. If the vendor is out of state, refer to the county to which the goods are shipped.

Note that this is a **two-digit code**. Unlike the expenditure-by-county report, you do not add a leading zero.

The county code is required on all invoices with sales tax. If you attempt to balance an invoice with sales tax before entering a county code, you will receive the following message: **VO1-COUNTY CODE IS REQUIRED IF TAX IS PRESENT.**



- 14. Type **N30** over whatever is in the TERMS CODE field.
- 15. At the 0001 line, type **11.50** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.

16. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.

NOTES

- 17. Type **533110** (account number) in the ACCOUNT field.
- 18. Type **10001005** (center number) in the CENTER field.
- 19. Type **Post-It Notes** in the DESCRIPTION field.

The following fields are optional but will help in identifying the goods and services that have been invoiced.

- QUANTITY (must be a whole number): If the Quantity is not a whole number, the unit must be converted. Units of measure conversions will be explained in the Converting Units of Measure subsection within the Processing Matching Invoices section.
- UNIT (must be listed on the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screen):
 Units of measure will be discussed in detail in the *Matching Invoices* section).
- DESCRIPTION: Provide a short description of the items being purchased.
- 20. At the 0002 line, type **5.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount for the second line of the invoice.
- 21. Type "in the co field. (The symbol "will duplicate the company number from line 0001.)
- 22. Type "in the ACCOUNT field. (The symbol "will duplicate the account number from line 0001.)
 - The symbol " can be used to duplicate the field from the preceding line of the invoice. This can be used in any field except the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 23. Type **10003100** in the CENTER field.
- 24. Type **Rubber bands** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 25. Type **.99** (in the second blank space) in the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- 26. Type **17.49** in the GROSS AMOUNT field to identify the total amount of the invoice. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 27. Press Enter to display all the defaults on the *IWS-1T* screen.

Note the defaults for the \top (tax), f (freight), a ($additional\ cost$) and D (discount) fields. These defaults vary by paying entity. The possible default values are:

- Yes. This default indicates that any sales tax/VAT, freight, additional costs and discount applied to this invoice will be prorated to this detail line.
- No. This default indicates that any sales tax/VAT, freight, additional costs and discount applied to this invoice will not be prorated to this detail line.

The defaults in these fields *must always* be checked if you have invoice lines with items such as sales tax, additional cost, freight and discount. If necessary, a Y default should be overridden to N and vice versa. If these defaults need to be overridden, it *must* be done before the invoice is balanced. The values in these fields *cannot* be changed after the invoice has been balanced.

In this scenario, the default value is "Y". Sales tax must be prorated to both invoice lines.

28. Prorate sales tax to each invoice line by typing **Y** in the τ field if the default value is N. If the default is Y, you do not need to override it.

If you do not want to complete an invoice, type **reject** in the REQUEST field. The data you have entered on the *IWS-1T* screen will then be deleted.

29. Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document. Press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen to enter the second invoice.

After a direct invoice has been entered into the NCAS, it should be marked to prevent duplicate processing.

The *IWS-1T* screen will go blank, which indicates that your invoice balanced successfully.

For all document entry screens (*IWS-1T*, *EWS-1T*, *EAR*), the following message indicates that funds are not available for expenses being charged to the accounting distribution: **A10-INVOICE ADDED WITH BC EXCEP, ENTER REQUIRED KEY FOR NEXT INVOICE**. The document will not be released for payment until the budget officer processes the budget exception.

You have completed keying in the first direct invoice with sales tax. You are now ready to enter the second invoice.

ACTIVITY: Entering a Direct Invoice

NOTES

SCENARIO

You need to enter the second invoice in control group 122.

Because you are enclosing a letter to the vendor, you want the following message to appear on the check: ENCLOSURE.

Sales tax will *not* apply to the first invoice line. Weldon is located in Halifax county, which has a county code of 42.

The accounting distribution is XX01 533900 10001000 for the first invoice line. The accounting distribution is XX01 532390 10001000 for the second invoice line.

Invoice: AmeriGas-Weldo P.O. Box 192 Weldon, NC 278		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 01 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Repairs to Propane Tank			100.00
Propane	220 GL		141.31
		Freight: Tax: Total:	8.48 249.79

- 1. Type **5063471284** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 2. Type **010802** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type **amerigas@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter to obtain the vendor number. The *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen appears.
- 4. Press Inter to scroll down the list of vendor names until you locate AmeriGas of Weldon, NC.
- 5. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field for AmeriGas, Weldon, and press to return the vendor number to the *IWS-1T* screen.)
- 6. The following message will appear: 476 VENDOR IS NORMALLY A MATCHING VENDOR. This message is informational only. Press [nter] to override the message and continue entering the invoice as a direct invoice.

- 7. Type 42 in the COUNTY CODE field to identify the county code for the sales tax report. (By referring to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562), you will see that Weldon is located in Halifax County, which has a county code of 42.)
- 8. Press Inter to save the information that you have entered on the *IWS-1T* screen.
- 9. Verify that the correct payment terms defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 10. Type **RML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the Remit Message List (RML) screen. The RML screen lists standard remit messages and their corresponding three-character codes.
- 11. Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 12. Press Enter to view a list of the remit messages.
- 13. Press Inter to scroll through the list till you find the code and message for "ENCLOSURE". Note the three digit code for this message.
- 14. Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [Inter] to *return* to *IWS-1T* screen.
- 15. Type the **three character code (ENC)** that corresponds to the message in the first blank of the REMIT MSG field.

If you would like to add a message that is not on the *RML* screen, you can type it in the second REMIT MSG field. You can also add a remittance code and message on the *Remit Message Code (RMC)* screen.

- 16. At the 0001 line, type **100.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 17. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 18. Type **532390** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 19. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 20. Type **Propane Tank Repairs** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 21. At the 0002 line, type **141.31** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 22. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 23. Type **533900** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 24. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 25. Type **Propane** in the DESCRIPTION field.

26. Press Enter to process the entered information and to display defaults.

NOTES

- Note the defaults in the T, F, A and D fields for both lines.
- 27. Type **N** in the T field (only if the default is **Y**) for line 0001 to indicate that a portion of the total tax is *not* to be prorated to the line. Because repairs are a service, tax should not be attached to this line.
- 28. Type **Y** in the T field (only if the default is **N**) for line 0002 to indicate that a portion of the tax should be prorated to this invoice line.
 - The entire sales tax will be applied to this line because this invoice has only two lines, and sales tax does *not* apply to the first line.

The system will sometimes give a rounding error when goods and services are entered on the same invoice. When prorating taxes, the NCAS rounds any remaining amount to the last line on the invoice. If this line is not taxable, the system will give the user a U10 error. To avoid this error, make sure the last line entered is a taxable line. This may involve entering the lines in a different order than they appear on the invoice.

If your invoice has more than four detail lines, type **D** or **DOWN** in the REQUEST field to access additional lines on the *IWS-1T* screen. Remember that the *IWS-1T* screen allows you to enter up to 9,999 lines.

- 29. Type **8.48** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 30. Type **249.79** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 31. Type **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

You have finished entering the second invoice in control group 122.

Applying a Debit or Credit Memo to a Direct Invoice

If an error occurs in a direct invoice, the error must be corrected to ensure that the vendor is paid an accurate amount. The payment total to the vendor is adjusted by issuing a debit or credit memo against the invoice.

A **debit memo** is an internal document issued by your agency to record an adjustment to an existing invoice. A **credit memo** is issued by the vendor to record an adjustment against an invoice.

In the NCAS, a debit or credit memo against a direct invoice is also processed on the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen. However, you *must* type a **C** (for *credit* memo) or **D** (for *debit* memo) in the CM/DM field (after obtaining the vendor number and before pressing Enter to verify that there are no duplicate invoices).

A debit or credit memo is a negative total because it offsets a payment to the vendor. Once you have designated the document as a debit or credit memo by typing **C** or **D** in the CM/DM field, the NCAS automatically handles the amount as a negative. You, therefore, do *not* have to enter the debit/credit memo total as a negative amount.

Debit and credit memos must also be entered in control groups. Remember to *subtract* debit or credit memo totals from the control total on the control group header sheet and the CONTROL AMOUNT on the *CDE* screen.

Payment terms are very important for debit and credit memos. If the debit or credit memo is not included in the same payment cycle as the invoice, the vendor will be overpaid. In addition, the debit or credit memo will not be applied if you have no more invoices from this vendor.

To ensure that the invoice is in the same payment cycle as the debit or credit memo, verify the date the invoice is due. You can verify the payment due date by:

- Checking the payment date on the invoice.
- Calculating the payment due date using the invoice due date and the terms code.

You may also choose to use the payment term of NET with a debit or credit memo to ensure it is paid in the earliest possible payment cycle.

The following walkthrough will demonstrate how to apply a credit memo against a direct invoice.

WALKTHROUGH: Applying a Credit Memo Against a Direct Invoice

SCENARIO

AmeriGas overcharged you for repairing the propane tank. The vendor has sent you a credit memo for \$10.00. The accounting distribution for this line is XX01 532390 10001000.

Process this credit memo in the NCAS. This credit memo was batched with the other invoices in control group 122 and the negative effect has been accounted for in your control total.

Invoice: AmeriGas-Weldo P.O. Box 192 Weldon, NC 278		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 01/ Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Repairs to Propane Tank		Freight: Tax: TOTAL:	(10.00) (10.00)

OCP	INVOICE WO	RKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED F NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	KEY FIELDSACTION:	02/0	09/1998 13:22:51
INVOICE NUMBER : 1	DATE:	2 MODEL:	
VENDOR SHORT NM:			CURR :
VENDOR NUMBER : PO REFERENCE : TERMS CODE: PYMT REMIT MSG:	DUE DATE:	COUNTY CODE:DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	CM/DM: MULTI PYMT:
		SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
	EXP CO ACCOUNT TEM NUMBER DES	CENTER PROJ CRIPTION PRORATE (T F A	D) USE 99 I'RC
0002			
0003			
0004			
SALES TAX/VAT :		FREIGHT :	

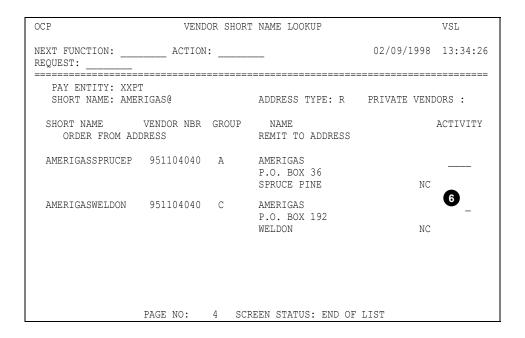
1. Type **5063471284CM** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.

For a credit memo, use the number given to the document by the vendor. For a debit memo, use your agency's numbering standard for debit memos.

- 2. Type **011002** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type **amerigas@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field to obtain the vendor number.

4. Type **C** in the CM/DM field and press Inter. (This overrides the message and informs the NCAS that you are processing a *credit* memo.) The *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen appears.

Type **D** in the CM/DM field if you are processing a *debit* memo.



- 5. Press Inter to scroll down the list of vendor names until you locate AmeriGas of Weldon, NC.
- 6. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field for AmeriGas, Weldon and press Enter to return the vendor number to the *IWS-1T* screen.

OCP INVOICE WORKSHEET 1 IWS-1T 476 - VENDOR IS NORMALLY A MATCHING VENDOR
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: 02/09/1998 13:35:23
REQUEST: 16
INVOICE NUMBER :5063471284CM DATE: 01/10/2002 MODEL:
TERMS CODE: 8 PYMT DUE DATE: DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:
SIGNATURE APPR CD:
VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE 99 I'RC
0001 9 10 _ 11 12
0002
0003
0004
SALES TAX/VAT : FREIGHT :
ADDITIONAL COST: GROSS AMOUNT: 15

7. The following message will appear: **476 - VENDOR IS NORMALLY A MATCHING VENDOR**. This message is informational only.

Press [nter] to clear the message and allow further processing.

You do not need to enter a county code for this credit memo because there is no sales tax involved. If sales tax is involved, you must enter the county code.

- 8. Type **net** in the TERMS CODE field since we want this credit memo to apply to the next invoice from this vendor.
- 9. At the 0001 line, type **10.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.

Remember that you do not have to enter the debit or credit memo amount as a negative amount. Because you have already identified the document as a credit memo (by typing **C** in the CM/DM field), the NCAS automatically handles the \$10.00 as a negative amount.

- 10. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 11. Type **532390** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 12. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 13. Type **Propane Tank Repairs** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 14. Press Enter to process the entered information and to display defaults.



Note the defaults in the T, F, A and D fields for both lines. Because this credit memo does not involve tax, freight, additional cost or discount, you do not have to change the defaults in these fields.

- 15. Type **10.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- Type **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

You have finished processing the credit memo.

Payment Options

When entering an invoice in the NCAS, the AP clerk can dictate particular payment options for that invoice. For example, the clerk can set the invoice for multiple payments. The clerk can also establish a handling code to determine how the payment and associated general ledger entries will be processed.

MULTIPLE PAYMENTS

There are some situations where the AP clerk may wish to modify the payment options for an invoice so that the entire invoice does not pay all at once. For example, the AP clerk may wish to enter one invoice for monthly rental payments. A clerk can set up recurring, variable, or multiple payments during invoice entry.

- Recurring Payments: Recurring payments are regularly scheduled payments for a fixed amount, such as rent. Up to 999 recurring payments can be entered. These payments can be weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually.
- Variable Payments: Variable payments are payments with different amounts, different due dates for each, and no regular interval between these payments. Up to four variable payments can be entered.
- Multiple Payments: Multiple payments are a combination of recurring and variable payments. Variable payments must be scheduled to follow recurring payments.

All three types of payments are set up on the *Multiple Payments (MPY)* screen. To access this screen, type **Y** in the MULTI PYMT field on the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen and press Enter. The multiple payment screen cannot be accessed directly.

All multiple payments must be scheduled on the *MPY* screen at the same time and the money is encumbered immediately. Therefore, if payments cross fiscal years, it is recommended that you enter them on separate invoices. Otherwise, the funds for all of the payments will be encumbered in the current fiscal year. The multiple payment indicator cannot be changed after the invoice has been balanced.

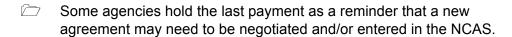
NOTES

If the invoice has a budgetary exception, multiple payments cannot
be scheduled until the exception has been resolved.

In some cases, you will have a contract instead of an invoice. Your individual agency will have to establish a numbering scheme for these documents.

The AP clerk can schedule the due dates for each of the multiple payments. It is recommended that the first payment due date be equal to the General Ledger Effective Date for the invoice. This aids in the balancing process. The due dates *must* be entered in chronological order. The system will not allow you to type anything into the TERMS CODE field or the PYMT DUE DATE field when there is a **Y** in the MULTI PYMT field.

The AP clerk can also indicate whether the last payment will be held or not. If the last payment is designated to be held, the AP clerk will have to release it on the *Held Document (HDR)* screen before it can be paid. Type **R** in the ACT field on *HDR* screen and press [Inter] to release the last payment.



The following procedures demonstrate how to set up the different types of multiple payments:

- Procedure 10: Entering Recurring Payments
- Procedure 11: Entering Variable Payments
- Procedure 12: Entering Multiple Payments

Handling Code

If the HANDLING CODE field is left blank, the system will pay the invoice when it is due and extract the information for the General Ledger. The AP clerk can use this field to suspend, hold, force, and prepare separate payments.

• **Suspend:** This option will hold the payment until the agency chooses to release it. The accounting data will not be extracted to the General Ledger. To suspend a payment, type **S** in the HANDLING CODE field.

- **Hold:** This option will hold the payment until the agency chooses to release it, but the accounting data is extracted to the General Ledger. To hold a payment, type **H** in the HANDLING CODE field.
- Force: This will cause the invoice to be paid in the next check cycle, regardless of the Payment Due Date or Payment Terms. To force a payment, type F in the HANDLING CODE field.
- **Prepare separate payments:** Normally, the NCAS generates one total payment for all invoices from the same vendor that are due in the current cycle. To have the system generate a separate check for the invoice, type **1** in the HANDLING CODE field.
 - This option can be used in conjunction with suspend, hold, or force. For example, if you type **H1** in the HANDLING CODE field the system will hold the invoice until you release it and then generate a separate check for this invoice.

The handling code can be used for all types of documents. For direct invoices, the desired handling code is entered in the HANDLING CODE field on the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen. For matching invoices, the desired handling code is entered in the HANDLING field on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. For employee advances, the desired handling code is entered in the HANDLING CODE field on the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen. For employee reimbursements, the desired handling code is entered in the HND field on the *Employee Worksheet 2 (EWS-2T)* screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Setting Up an Invoice for Multiple Payments

SCENARIO

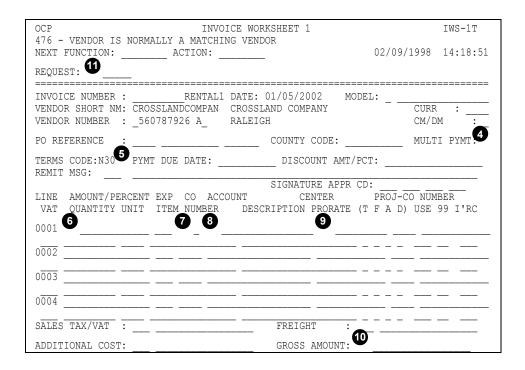
Your agency has an annual rental agreement with Crossland Company. You are to make equal payments on the fifth of each month during the calendar year of 2002. You want to make sure that this payment prints out separately from any other payment for this vendor. The accounting distribution for this line is XX01-532512-10001000.

Your agency's internal policy is to set up a multiple payment invoice for rent payments. You need to set up an invoice in the NCAS to pay the first six months of this invoice since the fiscal year ends in June. You also want to put the last payment on hold to remind yourself to set up a multiple payment invoice for the second six months in fiscal year 2003.

Invoice: Crossland Company P.O. Box 18271 Raleigh, NC 27619		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 01/05/2002 Terms: Fifth of each month	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Rental Agreement for 2002		1,000.00 Freight: Tax: TOTAL:	12,000.00

OCP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 1		IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIR NEXT FUNCTION: ACTI		02/09/1998	14:07:17
REQUEST:		02/03/1330	11.07.17
INVOICE NUMBER :	DATE: 2	MODEL:	
VENDOR SHORT NM: 4		CURF CM/I	
PO REFERENCE : TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DA	COUNTY CODE TE: DISCOUNT	: MULT	YI PYMT: _
REMIT MSG:	SIGNATURE A	PPR CD:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP COVAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NU 0001		PROJ-CO NUM	
0002			
0003			
0004			
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT	:	
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOU	NT:	

- 1. Type **Rental1** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 2. Type **010502** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type Crossland@ in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter to obtain the vendor number. The message 476: VENDOR IS NOR-MALLY A MATCHING VENDOR will be displayed. Press Enter to override message and continue processing the document. Since there is only one Crossland in the vendor file, the information automatically defaults into the *IWS-1T* screen.



- 4. Type **Y** in the MULTI PYMT field to indicate that the recurring payments will be set up for this invoice.
- Delete the terms code from the TERMS CODE field.
 - There is no sales tax associated with this rental agreement, so the county code is not required.
- 6. At the 0001 line, type **6000.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
 - You will enter the total of all payments on the invoice line. You only want to encumber funds for the payments in this fiscal year so you will only enter the payments for January through June.
- 7. Type **XX01** in the co field.
- 8. Type **532512** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 9. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 10. Type **6000.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 11. Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 2	IWS-2T
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: 02/09/1998	14:13:58
PAYMENT ROUTE CD : IND - PAYABLES :	REASON CODE :	CODE:
	IND OPTIONAL AMNT 1099 USE I'REC AR PROJ-C ADDITIONAL COST DESCRIPTION PRORATE(T	
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX 2 :	SALES TAX 3 : GROSS AMOUNT :	.00

- 12. Type **1** in the HANDLING CODE field to indicate that you want this payment to print on a separate check from any other payment to this vendor.
 - By entering a 1 in the HANDLING CODE field, you ensure a separate check will be generated for this invoice. Usually the NCAS groups all invoices due for payment to the same vendor during the check cycle for your paying entity onto one check.
- 13. Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to balance the document and access the *Multiple Payments (MPY)* screen.

OCP AP	MULTIPLE	PAYMENTS		MPY
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION:		02/09/1998	14:11:26
INVOICE NUMBER :	RENTAL1	INVOICE GROSS AMOUNT	:	6,000.00
NBR OF RECURRING PYMTS: 1ST PAYMENT DUE DATE :	A	RECURRING PYMT AMOUNT FREQUENCY	· : 15 : 17	
VARIABLE DUE DATE 1 :		VARIABLE AMOUNT 1	:	
VARIABLE DUE DATE 2 :		VARIABLE AMOUNT 2	:	
VARIABLE DUE DATE 3 :		VARIABLE AMOUNT 3	:	
VARIABLE DUE DATE 4 :		VARIABLE AMOUNT 4	:	
LAST PAYMENT HOLD : 18)			

- 14. On the MPY screen, type 6 in the NBR OF RECURRING PYMTS field.
- 15. Type **1000.00** in the RECURRING PYMT AMOUNT field.
- 16. Type **010502** in the 1ST PAYMENT DUE DATE field.
 - This date should correspond to the General Ledger effective date for this invoice.
- 17. Type **M** in the FREQUENCY field to indicate that the payments will be made monthly.
- 18. Type **H** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field to indicate that the last payment will be held.
 - Putting the last payment on hold requires the AP clerk to release the payment. This means the check will not automatically print in June. You may do this to remind yourself that a contract has ended and a new one may need to be agreed upon and entered into the NCAS. Or in the case of this scenario, you want to remind yourself to set up a new invoice for multiple payments to complete this contract in the next year fiscal year (i.e., 2003).
- 19. Press Enter to complete the document.

Using Document Models

NOTES

When entering direct invoices, you can save keystrokes by using a document model. A **document model** is a template — or skeleton of a document — that can be stored and retrieved. Models save time and reduce typing errors for regularly processed invoices with repetitive information.

Document models can be created for an invoice or an employee expense. The *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen is:

- Used to enter and maintain document models
- Used to create models for invoices or employee expenses paid on a regular basis
- Almost identical to the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen except that the *MWS-1T* screen is used for future invoices
- Divided into six screens (like the IWS-1T screen) consisting of three windows with top and bottom views. Type R (right), L (left), U (up), D (down) in the REQUEST field and press [Inter] to navigate through the screens.

OCP AP 235 - ENTER REQUIRED NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		MWS-1T 02/09/1998 14:35:19
PAY ENTITY : VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER : CURRENCY CODE : TERMS CODE : REMIT MESSAGE:	MODEL INV NUMBER DISCOUNT PERCENT:	:CM/DM: _ MULTIPLE PAYMENTS: _
AMOUNT/PERCENT 0001	EXP CO ACCOUNT IND PROJ-CO NUMBER	CENTER 1099 DESCRIPTION

There are four types of models:

- A vendor model is used only for a specific vendor or employee (e.g., utility bills). Required fields are VENDOR SHORT NAME or VENDOR NUM-BER, PAY ENTITY, and MODEL INV NUMBER.
- A paying entity model is used for an invoice or employee expense through a given paying entity. Required fields are PAY ENTITY and MODEL INV NUMBER.

- A global model is used to create an invoice or employee reimbursement for all paying entities. (Note that this type of model will probably not be used in the NCAS.)
- A copy document model is used to create an invoice or employee expense by copying an existing one. This feature can be used when an AP clerk wants to avoid reentering a document that needs to be canceled and processed again. The paying entity, vendor number, and invoice date *must* be the same on the new document, but the invoice number *must* be different.

In order to inquire on models, type **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press interest to access the *Document List (DCL)* screen. To indicate that a document is a model, the word "MODEL" is displayed in the STATUS field on the *DCL* screen. (Note that global models are not listed on the *DCL* screen.)

The following procedures demonstrate how to use each of the four model types correctly:

- Procedure 13: Establishing a Vendor Model
- Procedure 14: Establishing a Paying Entity Model
- Procedure 15: Retrieving a Model
- Procedure 16: Copying a Document
- Procedure 17: Changing a Model
- Procedure 18: Deleting a Model

WALKTHROUGH: Establishing a Vendor Model

SCENARIO

Your agency has repeated dealings with North Boulevard Cleaners. The terms code for this vendor is net 30. The descriptions and accounting distributions for the three most repeated invoice lines are:

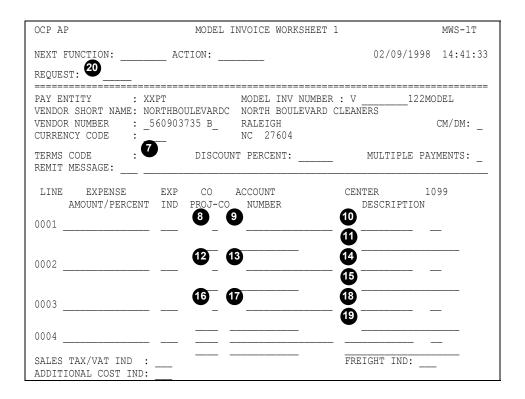
- 1 XX01 533510 10002000 Shirts
- 2 XX01 533510 10001000 Pants
- 3 XX01 533510 10001005 Overalls

Establish a vendor model for North Boulevard Cleaners.

1. Type **MWS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen.

OCP AP MODEL INVOICE WORKSHEET 1 235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: REQUEST:	MWS-1T 02/09/1998 14:35:19
VENDOR SHORT NAME: 6	4
VENDOR NUMBER :	CM/DM: _ MULTIPLE PAYMENTS: _
LINE EXPENSE EXP CO ACCOUNT C. AMOUNT/PERCENT IND PROJ-CO NUMBER 0001	ENTER 1099 DESCRIPTION
0002	
0004	
SALES TAX/VAT IND : F ADDITIONAL COST IND:	REIGHT IND:

- 2. Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **V** for *vendor model* in the first blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- 4. Type the model number **(122model)** in the second blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
 - Note that model numbers are determined by your agency.
- 5. Type **NORTHBOUL@** in the VENDOR SHORT NAME field.
 - If you know the vendor number, you can type the **vendor's number** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 6. Press Enter to verify the information.



Depending on the purpose of the model, you may wish to enter more or less information. In this scenario, you will enter the terms code, the item descriptions and the accounting distributions.

- 7. Type **N30** in the TERMS CODE field.
 - If you do not know the code for the applicable payment terms, you can look it up on the *Payment Terms Code List* (*PTL*) screen. Look up the code before you create the model.
- 8. At the 0001 line, type **XX01** in the co field.
- 9. Type **533510** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 10. Type **10002000** in the CENTER field.
- 11. Type **Shirts** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 12. At the 0002 line, type **XX01** in the co field.
 - The symbol "can be used to duplicate the field from the preceding line of the model. This can be used in any field except the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 13. Type **533510** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 14. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.

15. Type **Pants** in the DESCRIPTION field.

NOTES

- 16. At the 0003 line, type **XX01** in the co field.
- 17. Type **533510** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 18. Type **10001005** in the CENTER field.
- 19. Type **Overalls** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 20. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to establish this model in the NCAS for your paying entity. A blank *MWS-1T* screen appears.

The following walkthrough demonstrates how to retrieve and use a vendor model.

WALKTHROUGH: Retrieving a Vendor Model

SCENARIO

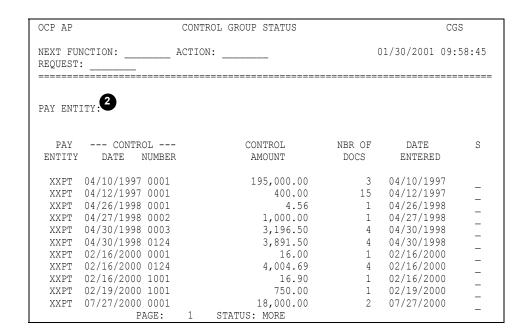
You have received the following invoice from North Boulevard Cleaners. Use the vendor model you established in the previous scenario to process this invoice.

The vendor model number is 122model.

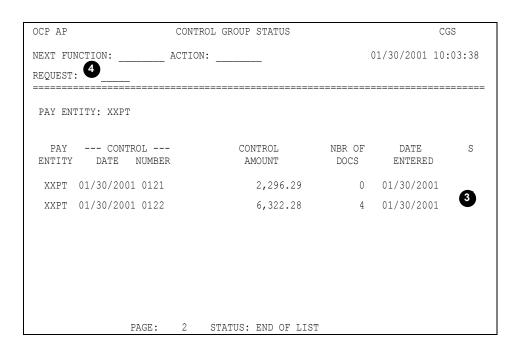
Invoice:	North Boulevard 5141 New Hope Raleigh, NC 276	Road	Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 01 Terms: Net 30	
Description	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Shirts Pants Overalls		10 10 5	1.00 3.00 5.00	10.00 30.00 25.00
			Freight: Tax: TOTAL:	65.00

You are currently on the *MWS* screen. To process a direct invoice, you must access the *IWS-1T* screen. The *IWS-1T* screen can only be accessed through a control group.

1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen. The CGS screen lists outstanding control groups (i.e., control groups that have not been balanced) created for a particular paying entity.



2. Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Enter to access a list of control groups for this paying entity.



- 3. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to *select* control group 122.
- 4. Type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen in control group 122.

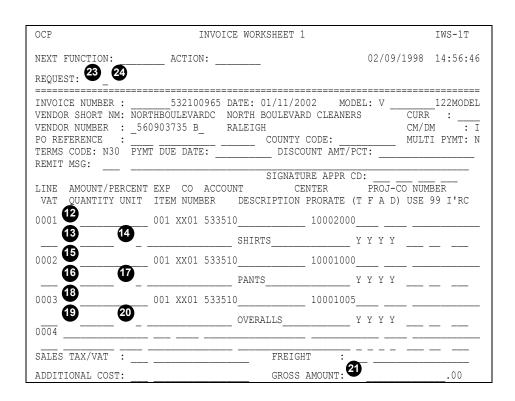
After selecting a specific control group on the *CGS* screen, you can access the following screens within that control group by typing:

- 1 The *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen to view the control group header information for the specific control group
- 3 The *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen to process direct invoices
- **4** The *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen to process matching invoices
- 5 The *Employee Worksheet (EWS-1T)* screen to process employee transactions
- The *Document Level Comments (DLC)* screen to add comments to a document
- 8 The Control Entry Status (CES) screen to view a list of the documents already entered in the control group

OCP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED FOR NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	KEY FIELDSACTION:	02/09/1998 14:53:57
INVOICE NUMBER : 5	DATE: 6 1	MODEL: 7 8
VENDOR SHORT NM: 9 VENDOR NUMBER: PO REFERENCE: TERMS CODE: REMIT MSG:	COUNTY CODE: DISCOUNT AM	CURR : CM/DM : _ MULTI PYMT: _ T/PCT:
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT FOR VAT QUANTITY UNIT 1	SIGNATURE APPERENT CENTER EXP CO ACCOUNT CENTER ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION PRORATE	PROJ-CO NUMBER
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT :ADDITIONAL COST:	FREIGHT GROSS AMOUNT	:

To retrieve your vendor model for North Boulevard Cleaners, do the following:

- 5. Type **532100965** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 6. Type **011102** in the DATE field.
- 7. Type **V** for *vendor entity* in the first blank of the MODEL field.
- 8. Type **122model** in the second blank of the MODEL field.
- 9. Type **NORTHBOUL@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field.
 - If you know the vendor's number, you can type it in the VEN-DOR NUMBER field instead of using the VENDOR SHORT NM field.
- 10. Press Enter to retrieve the model information.
 - The vendor number defaults to the VENDOR NUMBER field.



- You do not have to enter a county code because this transaction does not involve sales tax.
- The terms code indicator (which represents the payment due date) has defaulted to the TERMS CODE field. The TERMS CODE field can be overridden or deleted and a date can be entered in the PYMT DUE DATE field.
- The accounting distributions and descriptions have defaulted to the invoice.
- 11. Verify that the correct payment terms have defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 12. At the 0001 line, type **10.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- 13. Type **10** in the QUANTITY field.
- 14. Type **EA** (eaches) in the UNIT field.
 - The code used for the UNIT field can be found on the *Unit of Measure List (UML)* screen. Eaches is a unit of measure unique to North Carolina and is used to measure items that are purchased individually.
- 15. At the 0002 line, type **30.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the second line of the invoice.

- 16. Type **10** in the QUANTITY field.
- 17. Type **EA** (eaches) in the UNIT field.
- 18. At the 0003 line, type **25.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the third line of the invoice.
- 19. Type **5** in the QUANTITY field.
- 20. Type **EA** (eaches) in the UNIT field.
- 21. Type **65.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field to identify the total amount of the invoice. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 22. Press Enter to display all the defaults on the *IWS-1T* screen.
 - Note the defaults in the T, F, A and D fields for both lines.

 Because this invoice does not involve tax, freight, additional cost or discount, you do not have to change the defaults in these fields.
- 23. Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document. A blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen appears.

You have completed keying in the fifth document in control group 122. Once you have entered all the documents in a control group, you must balance the control group.

- 24. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to balance the current control group. The *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen appears with the following message: **200-ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMATION**. The message indicates that control group 122 has balanced. If desired, you can now enter another control group.
 - Sometimes control groups do not balance or you may forget to balance a control group. You will learn how to balance such outstanding control groups later in this course in the *Maintaining AP Documents* section.

Processing Matching Invoices

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents Reviewing AP Information

Overview

A **matching invoice** references a purchase order that was issued to the vendor at the time the order was placed. The information on the invoice is *matched* to the information on the purchase order online. This section explains how matching invoices are processed in the NCAS.

This section will first explain how to enter a matching invoice in the NCAS. Then the section will demonstrate how to handle more complex issues associated with matching invoices. These issues involve applying some matching concepts, processing exceptions, obtaining signature verification for invoices, converting units of measure, adjusting payments, and manually closing PO lines.

Entering Matching Invoices

Matching invoices are processed on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* and the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The NCAS also allows you to apply debit or credit memos against matching invoices. To verify invoice information, the AP clerk must use purchasing inquiry screens to look up the purchase order.

Applying Key Matching Concepts

To facilitate the processing of matching invoices, an AP clerk needs to understand the following two key matching concepts.

Payment Basis

The conditions under which a matching invoice may be paid is referred to as the **payment basis**. North Carolina uses four different payment bases for invoices:

- Purchase order
- Signature
- Receipt
- Inspection

Base Permit-to-Pay

The **base permit-to-pay** (PTP) is an extended value calculated by the NCAS for each PO line. The PTP is the maximum amount that may be paid for the matching invoice or invoice line.

Processing Exceptions

If the difference between the information on the invoice and the PO is not within a predetermined acceptable range, a matching exception occurs. Since NCAS audits the information on both the invoice header and the invoice line, two types of exceptions can occur:

- Invoice header exceptions occur when the difference between the information on the PO header and invoice header is not within the acceptable range.
- Invoice line exceptions occur when the difference between the information on the PO line and the invoice line is not within the acceptable range.

The NCAS will not allow further processing of the invoice until the exception has been resolved. Processing an exception requires the AP clerk to do two things:

- Respond to the exception message
- Apply the buyer's instructions to clear the exception

Obtaining Signature Verification

Generally, invoices for services cannot be paid without the requester's signature, which verifies that the invoiced services have actually been received. The NCAS holds an invoice that requires signature approval until the necessary signature is obtained. Once the signature is obtained, the AP clerk can release the invoice for payment.

Converting Units of Measure

Occasionally, a vendor's invoice may show a different quantity and unit of measure than those specified on the PO line. In this case, the AP clerk must determine and indicate the relationship that will allow one unit of measure to be converted to another.

Adjusting Payments

When an agency returns goods to a vendor, the AP clerk needs to appropriately adjust the vendor's invoice and payment. Generally, payment is adjusted by issuing a debit memo against the invoice or by applying a credit memo to that invoice.

Manually Closing PO Lines

NOTES

Once a PO line has been fully invoiced, the system automatically closes the PO line to invoicing. Closing the PO line prevents additional invoices from being matched against that line. Under certain circumstances, the PO line does not automatically close after the invoice has been matched. In these cases, the AP clerk needs to manually close the PO line to invoicing.

Entering Matching Invoices

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents Reviewing AP Information

Overview

Matching invoices are entered on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. The top portion of the screen resembles the top portion of an invoice. It includes:

- Invoice number
- Vendor information
- Purchase order number
- Amount totals

After the top portion is completed, you can access the *Invoice Line Audit* (*ILA*) screen. The *ILA* screen displays the purchase order information that was issued in the purchasing system at the time the order was placed. The PO information online must be matched to the information on the invoice.

The following information about the invoice must be verified and corrected if there are any discrepancies:

AP ATTN Field

It is vital that you check the AP ATTN field to determine if the buyer has sent any comments. If the buyer has left notes you should read prior to matching to a PO line, the AP ATTN field for the line will display "yes". To access these notes, type **C** (comments) in the select field for the PO line. The PO Comment Inquiry (PCI) screen is displayed. Press to list the comments for this PO line, and type **Back** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to return back to the ILA screen. The list begins with the first comment for the PO line. In addition to AP attention notes, comments may also include instructions to be printed on the PO. Therefore, you might want to make it a practice in your organization to begin all AP attention notes with a standard comment sequence number (such as 001 or 100). That way, the AP notes may be easily located and reviewed.

Vendor's Remit-to Address

It is important to validate that the vendor's remit-to address is correct. The *Remit to Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen displays detailed information about the vendor, including the vendor's remit-to address.

Quantity

The *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen displays the purchase order quantity. This quantity must match the invoice quantity and any discrepancies must be corrected. Discrepancies can cause funds to be unencumbered or PO lines to be closed to invoicing.

Amount

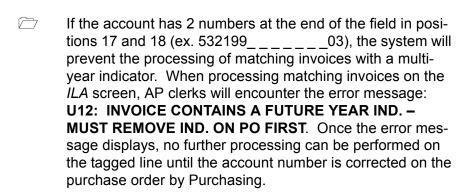
The *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen also displays the purchase order amount. This amount must match the invoice amount. Discrepancies must be corrected in order to ensure accurate payment to the vendor.

Unit of Measure

The *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen displays the purchase order unit of measure. This unit must match the invoice unit. It is important to convert the PO unit to the invoice unit because these discrepancies will impact requisitioning and the Available Funds File.

Accounting Distribution

It is also important to verify that the accounting distribution is valid for the invoice. The *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen displays the accounting distribution from the purchase order in the CO, ACCOUNT, and CENTER fields.



WALKTHROUGH: Entering a Matching Invoice

NOTES

SCENARIO

You have just received 11 matching invoices attached to the following Control Group Header sheet.

First enter the control group. Then process the first invoice in the control group.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header			
PAYING ENTITY	X	<u>XXPT</u>	
			Other
ENTRY METHOD		DIRECT INVOICES	
	X	MATCHING INVOICES	
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES	
CONTROL GROUP DAT		TODAY'S DATE 123	
OPERATOR ID:	IBEK	Your In	UITIAL C
OPERATOR ID.	 DBS #		nitials

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		11	9,319.11
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		11	9,319.11

- Type the control group header information on the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen. (Refer to Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group.) Because the invoices in this control group are matching invoices, type M in the ENTRY METHOD field.
- 2. Press Enter to process the control group header information and to access the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING		IMP
235 - ENTER REQUIRED NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	KEY FIELDSACTION:	02/10/1998	15:14:33
INVOICE NUMBER :	DAIE:	EXCEPTION	CMNTS:
VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER : _			CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY : _	P O NUMBER: RELE	LASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : _ SALES TAX/VAT : _ SALES TAX 2 : _ REMIT MSG :	FREIGHT ADDITIONAL COST SALES TAX 3	<u>:</u>	
COUNTY CODE :	 ================================		
TERMS CODE : _ PAYMENT DUE DATE : _ GL EFFECTIVE DATE : _ PROVISIONAL DATE : _ PAYMENT ROUTE CD : _ EXPENSE : _ ACCOUNTING RULE :	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE APPR C BAP CODE: CURRENCY CODE PAYABLES: DISCOUNT HANDLING: INTERCO PAYABLES	: : : :	

You are now ready to key in the first invoice.

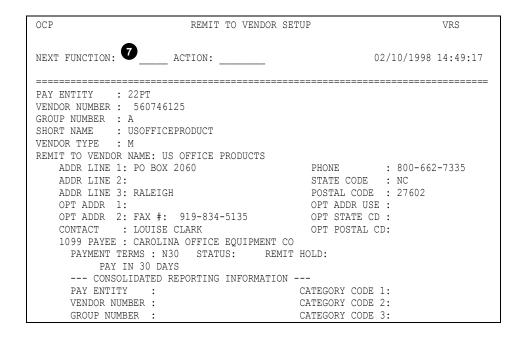
Invoice: US Office Products PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 27602		Invoice Number: 3527819735 Invoice Date: 02/02/2002 Terms: 10M		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Diskettes	30 boxes		150.00	
PO# XX40000204		Freight: Tax: Total:	9.00 159.00	

- 3. Type **3527819735** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 4. Type **020202** in the DATE field.
- 5. Type **usofficeprod@** in the VENDOR SHORT NAME field and press Enter to return the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen.

If the short name is not unique to one vendor, the system displays the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen with all vendors that match the specified short name. Press Inter to scroll through the list until you find the required vendor.

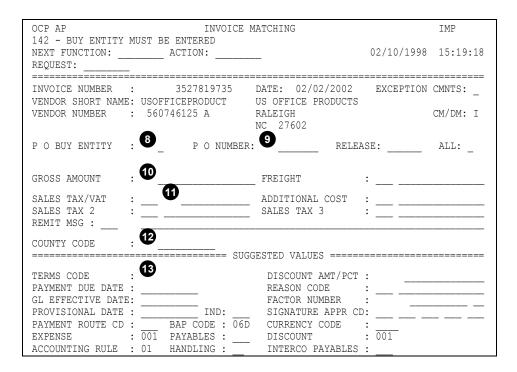
OCP AP INVOIC 142 - BUY ENTITY MUST BE ENTERED	E MATCHING IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: 6 ACTION:	02/10/1998 15:17:32
INVOICE NUMBER : 3527819735 VENDOR SHORT NAME: USOFFICEPRODUCT VENDOR NUMBER : 560746125 A	DATE: 02/02/2002 EXCEPTION CMNTS: _ US OFFICE PRODUCTS RALEIGH CM/DM: I NC 27602
P O BUY ENTITY : P O NUMB	ER: RELEASE: ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	FREIGHT :
COUNTY CODE :	UGGESTED VALUES ==============
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE : IND:	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT: REASON CODE: FACTOR NUMBER: SIGNATURE APPR CD: DISCOUNT: O11 INTERCO PAYABLES:

6. To verify that the correct vendor name and address have been returned to the *IMP* screen, type **VRS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press interpretation to access the *Remit to Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen. The *VRS* screen displays detailed information about the vendor.



Note that the vendor's remit to address is correct.

7. Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to return to the Invoice Matching (IMP) screen.

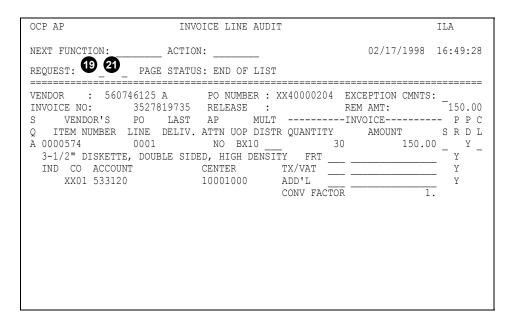


- 8. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 9. Type **XX40000204** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.

10. Type **159.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.

NOTES

- 11. Type **9.00** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 12. Type **92** in the COUNTY CODE field because Raleigh is located in Wake County. The code for Wake county is 92.
- 13. Type **10M** over the payment terms have defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 14. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with an invoice.



15. Verify that the unit of measure **(BX10)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.

The procedure for changing the unit of measure on the *ILA* screen will be explained in the chapter entitled *Converting Units of Measure*.

- 16. Verify that the quantity **(30)** shown in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice quantity. Change the quantity if there are any discrepancies.
- 17. Verify that the amount **(150.00)** in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice amount. Change the amount if there are any discrepancies.

If there is a **YES** in the AP ATTN field, type **C** in the S (SELECT) field and press Inter to access the *PO Comment Inquiry (PCI)* screen. The *PCI* screen displays comments that the Purchasing department has entered for the attention of the Accounts Payable department. After viewing the comment, type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Interto return to the *ILA* screen.

- 18. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if incorrect.
- 19. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify ("tag") line 0001.

Each sequence letter (A, B, C) corresponds to a specific line on the purchase order. For example, A corresponds to line 0001; while B corresponds to line 0002. To indicate each line that is to be paid, you must "tag" the line. To tag a line, type the sequence letter in the REQUEST field and press [Inter]. If all lines are to be paid, type **S** in the REQUEST field.

- 20. Press Enter to tag the PO line.
- 21. Type **N** in the REQUEST field and press to complete this invoice entry.

Type **CONT** in the REQUEST field and press interest to retrieve the original *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen to:

- Change any fields on the *IMP* screen except vendor information
- Enter another PO number that is referenced by the invoice

You have completed entering the first matching invoice of control group 123.

ACTIVITY: Entering a Matching Invoice

SCENARIO

The second invoice in control group 123 is an invoice from Mac's Vacuum World. This invoice does not have a PO number on it. Locate the PO number using the *PO Finder (POF)* screen.

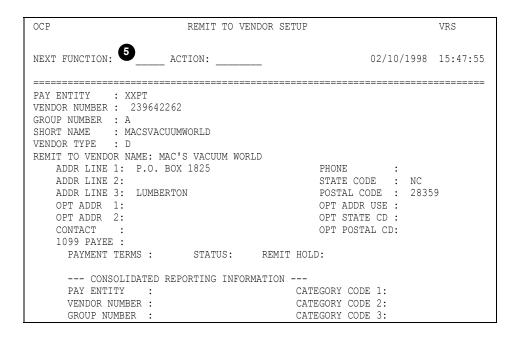
You are on the IMP screen. Enter this invoice in the NCAS.

You are now ready to key in the second invoice in the control group 123.

Invoice: Mac's Vacuum World PO Box 1825 Lumberton, NC 28359		Invoice Number: 5671689876 Invoice Date: 02/25/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Red Devil Vacuum	5	150.00	750.00	
Vacuum Bags	100	1.00	100.00	
Replacement Belts	10	3.50	35.00	
Replacement Bulbs	5	2.00	10.00	
		Subtotal: Freight:	895.00	
		Tax:	53.70	
		Total:	948.70	

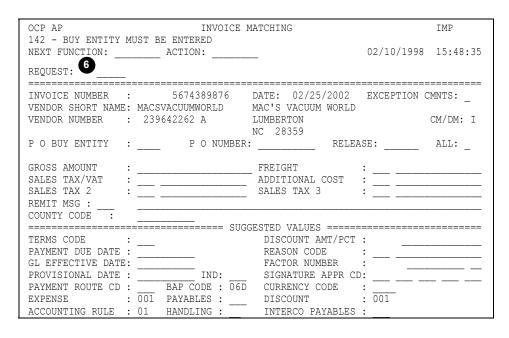
OCP AP 235 - ENTER REQUIR	INVOICE MATCHING ED KEY FIELDS		IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: 4 REQUEST:	ACTION:	02/10/1998	15:45:38
INVOICE NUMBER :	1 DATE: 2	EXCEPTION	CMNTS: _
VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER :	3		CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	P O NUMBER: RELE	ASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	FREIGHT ADDITIONAL COST SALES TAX 3	:	
COUNTY CODE :	 		=======
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE : PAYMENT ROUTE CD : EXPENSE : ACCOUNTING RULE :	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE APPR C BAP CODE: CURRENCY CODE PAYABLES: DISCOUNT HANDLING: INTERCO PAYABLES	: : :D: :	

- 1. Type **5674389876** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 2. Type **022502** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type **macsvacuum@** in the VENDOR SHORT NAME field and press to return the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen.
- 4. To verify that the correct vendor name and address have been returned to the *IMP* screen, type **VRS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *Remit to Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen. The *VRS* screen displays detailed information about the vendor.



Note that the vendor's remit to address is correct.

5. Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to *return* to the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.



Because this invoice does not reference a purchase order, you must access the *PO Finder (POF)* screen to locate the *PO number*. The *POF* screen lists open purchase orders by vendor within a buying entity.

6. Type **F** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *PO Finder* (*POF*) screen.

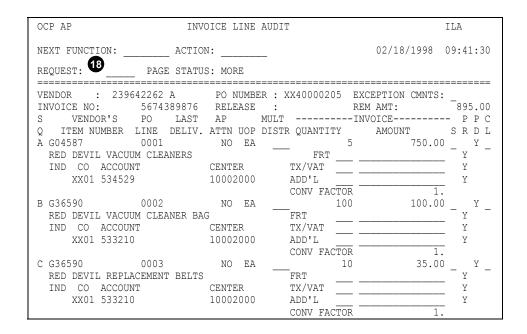
OCP AP	DO	FINDER		POF
OCF AF	FO	LINDER		POF
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		02/18/1998	09:35:03
REQUEST:				
	========	=========		=======
PAY ENTITY : XXPT VE	NDOR NUMBER:	239642262 A S	SHORT NAME: MACSVAC	UUMWORLD
BUY ENTITY : XXBG PO	NUMBER :	ALL	: _	
PURCHASE ORDER			PERMIT TO P	ΔY
	PO DATE	LINES TPE ST		SEL
XXBG XX00002312	04/12/2002	1 P 1	750	.00
XXBG XX40000205	02/17/2002	4 P 1	895	.00
	PAGE:	1 STATUS: EN	ND OF ITCH	
	PAGE:	I STATUS; EI	AL DISI	

- 7. View the listed purchase orders and choose the one for \$895.00 (the net invoice amount, less taxes).
- 8. Type **S** in the SEL field next to the chosen purchase order and press to access the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. The purchase order information will default from the *POF* screen.

OCP AP INVOICE	MATCHING IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NOT ENTERED	PIATORING IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:	02/18/1998 09:40:31
REQUEST:	
INVOICE NUMBER : 5674389876	DATE: 02/25/2002 EXCEPTION CMNTS:
VENDOR SHORT NAME: MACSVACUUMWORLD	MAC'S VACUUM WORLD
VENDOR NUMBER : 239642262 A	LUMBERTON CM/DM: I
	NC 28359
P O BUY ENTITY : XXBG P O NUMBER	R: XX40000205 RELEASE: ALL: _
gross amount : 10	FREIGHT :
(1) TO THE TOTAL (1) TO	
SALES TAX/VAT :	ADDITIONAL COST :
SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	SALES TAX 3 :
COUNTY CODE : 12	
======================================	GGESTED VALUES ===========
TERMS CODE : N30	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT :
PAYMENT DUE DATE :	REASON CODE :
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:	FACTOR NUMBER :
PROVISIONAL DATE : IND:	SIGNATURE APPR CD:
PAYMENT ROUTE CD : BAP CODE : 061	
EXPENSE : 001 PAYABLES :	DISCOUNT : 001
ACCOUNTING RULE : 01 HANDLING :	INTERCO PAYABLES :

- 9. Verify that the correct payment terms have been defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 10. Type **948.70** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.

- 11. Type **53.70** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 12. Type **78** in the COUNTY CODE field because Lumberton is located in Robeson County. The code for Robeson county is **78**.
- 13. Press to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with an invoice.
 - The *ILA* screen will only show three purchase order lines at one time.



- 14. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field on the first three lines is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.
- 15. Verify that the quantity shown in the QUANTITY field on the first three lines on the *ILA* screen is the same as the quantity shown on the corresponding lines on the invoice. Change the quantity if there are any discrepancies.
- 16. Verify that the amount in the AMOUNT field on the first three lines of the *ILA* screen is the same as the amount shown on the corresponding lines on the invoice. Change the amount if there are any discrepancies.
- 17. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields for the first three lines. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.
- 18. Type **S** in the REQUEST field to identify all three lines shown.
- 19. Press Enter to tag the PO lines.

OCP AP	INVOICE I	LINE AUDIT		ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST: 23 25	ACTION: PAGE STATUS: ENI	O OF LIST	02/18/1998	09:41:30
INVOICE NO: S VENDOR'S Q ITEM NUMBER A G36590	5674389876 RELE PO LAST AP LINE DELIV. ATTN 0004 NO ACEMENT VACUUM BULE NT CENTE	MULTYUOP DISTR QUANTITY EA BS FRT	REM AMT:INVOICE / AMOUNT 5 10.0	10.00 PPC SRDL

- 20. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there is a discrepancy.
- 21. Verify that the quantity shown in the QUANTITY field is the same as the invoice quantity. Change the amount if there is a discrepancy.
- 22. Verify that the amount in the AMOUNT field is the same as the invoice amount. Change the amount if there is a discrepancy.
- 23. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001.
- 24. Press enter to tag to PO line. NCAS will then return you to the top line since all lines are tagged.
- 25. Type **N** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to complete this invoice entry.

You have completed entering the second matching invoice in control group 123. In this activity, you learned to use the *PO Finder (POF)* screen to locate the PO number associated with an invoice.

Applying a Debit or Credit Memo to a Matching Invoice

Remember that an error in a direct invoice is corrected by issuing a debit or credit memo against that invoice. Similarly, if an error occurs in a matching invoice, the error must be corrected by issuing a debit or credit memo against the matching invoice.

In the NCAS, a debit or credit memo against a matching invoice is processed on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. However, you *must* type a **C** (for *credit* memo) or **D** (for *debit* memo) in the CM/DM field before you process the vendor information (i.e., after you type the vendor short name and before you press to return the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen).

The *ILA* screen for a debit or a credit memo is processed in the same way as it is for an invoice. Change the QUANTITY and AMOUNT fields as follows:

- If a credit memo reflects only a **dollar adjustment**, then type **0** in the QUANTITY field to indicate that quantity is not applicable. Then type the value of the dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.
- If a credit memo reflects a quantity and dollar adjustment (e.g., when goods are returned), then type the quantity of returned goods in the QUANTITY field and the value of the dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.

Remember that the NCAS automatically handles the amount as a negative if you have designated the document as a debit or credit memo by typing **C** or **D** in the CM/DM field. You, therefore, do *not* have to enter the debit/credit memo total as a negative amount.

In addition, remember to *subtract* debit or credit memo totals from the control total on the control group header sheet and the CONTROL AMOUNT on the *CDE* screen.

Verify the due date of the invoice and make sure that the payment terms/ payment due date entered on the debit or credit memo fall within the same payment cycle if possible. Otherwise, the vendor may be overpaid, and the debit or credit memo will not be applied.

You will practice entering debit and credit memos against matching invoices in the chapter entitled *Processing Exceptions*.

Inquiries NOTES

During matching, the AP clerk should use purchasing inquiry screens to obtain detailed information about a particular PO or PO line.

The PO Line Inquiry Selection (PLI) screen is the primary screen used by the AP clerk to access purchasing information. The PLI screen provides detailed PO line information. This screen is accessed during invoice processing by typing **P** in the s (SELECT) field on the Invoice Line Audit (ILA) screen. After reviewing the detailed PO line information, type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to return to the ILA screen.

The *PLI* screen can also be accessed directly by typing **PLI** in the next FUNCTION field of any screen.

The *PLI* screen displays a list of purchase order lines based upon the following search criteria:

- Buying entity
- Paying entity
- Vendor number or short name
- PO number (if known)
- PO line number (if known)

It also allows you to access several other inquiry screens:

- PO Line General Information (PLG)
- PO Line Ordered Item Information (PLO)
- PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC)
- PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR)
- PO Line Financial Information (PLF)
- PO Comment Inquiry (PCI)
- PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)

You select the inquiry screen you would like to view by typing an **X** in the INQUIRY SELECTION field next to the purchase order line to be reviewed. Each inquiry screen selected is displayed in succession when Inter is pressed.

In Accounts Payable, the *Purchase Order to Invoice List (PIL)* screen lists all the documents that are matched to a purchase order. This allows the AP clerk to view information about previously matched invoices, debit memos, and credit memos. This screen is accessed directly by typing **PIL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field.

On the *PIL* screen, type the **buying entity** and **purchase order number** in the BUY ENTITY and PO NUMBER fields, respectively, and press interest to obtain the list. If there are no documents matched to the specified purchase order, you will see the following message: **482 - NO INVOICE LINES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PURCHASE ORDER**.

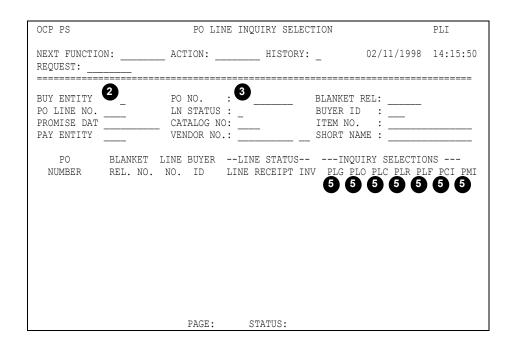
WALKTHROUGH: Purchasing Inquiries

SCENARIO

This walkthrough demonstrates how to make purchasing inquiries. Use PO number XX40000200 in this scenario.

1. Type **PLI** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *Purchase Order Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen. (Note that you are accessing the *PLI* screen from the Purchasing module because you are not processing invoices during this example.)

The PLI screen displays a list of purchase order lines based upon the search criteria entered.



- Type XXBG in the BUY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **XX40000200** in the PO NO. field.

4. Press Enter to retrieve the information.

NOTES

- 5. Type **X**'s in the INQUIRY SELECTION fields (PLG, PLO, PLC, PLR, PLF, PCI and PMI) next to the purchase order line to be reviewed.
- 6. Press Inter to view the PO Line General Information (PLG) screen. The PLG screen displays general information for a purchase order line, including line and receipt status, related requisition and line number, and shipping instructions and important dates.

OCP PS	PO LINE GE	NERAL INFORMATION	PLG
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/18/1998 10:01:06
		REQ. REF. NO.	
		REQ. REF. LINE NO.	
PO LINE NO. :	0001	REQ. REF. SPLIT NO.	: 01
BLANKET REL. NO. : BLANKET REL. DATE :		SHIP-TO CODE SHIP-VIA CODE	
LINE STATUS : RECEIPT STATUS :		FOB CODE	: 001 - PREPAID
		DTS ROUTING CODE	:
DTS ACTIVITY :	NO	DTS LEAD TIME	:
DATE ENTERED .	02/17/2002	VENDOR QUOTE NO.	
DATE LAST PRINTED :	02/1//2002	QUOTE ITEM SEQ. NO	:
DATE LAST ACTIVITY:		SUB. SOURCE CODE	
		DOC. REF. NO.	•
		PTS ITEM NO.	
		PTS PROJECT NO.	
PRINT ITEM SPECS :	YES	PTS SUB-PROJECT	: CAT.:

7. Press Inter to access the PO Line Ordered Item Information (PLO) screen. The PLO screen provides detailed information about the item ordered on this purchase order line, including item number, description, UOP (unit of purchase), SKU (stock-keeping units), quantity, price, and promise date.

```
PO LINE ORDERED ITEM INFORMATION
NEXT FUNCTION: ____ ACTION: ___
                                      ____ HISTORY: _
                                                         02/18/1998 10:02:13
BROWSE: _
______
   BUY ENTITY : XXBG
PO NO. : XX40000200
PO LINE NO. : 1
                      : 1
    BLANKET REL. NO. : _
    CATALOG NO.
                                   ENG. CHG. NUMBER :
    ITEM NO. : G44579 ENG. CHG. ITEM DESC. : RED TOOL BOX, METAL WITH HANDLES
    VENDOR ITEM NO. : G44579
    VENDOR ITEM DESC.: RED TOOL BOX, METAL WITH HANDLES
    PRINT ITEM SPECS.: YES
    UNIT OF PURCHASE: EA - EACH VENDOR PROMISE DATE: 04/01/2002
QUANTITY UOP: 2 FOLLOW-UP DATE:
UNIT PRICE: 30.00000 NEED BY DATE: 04/01/2002
PRICE TYPE: REQUIRED DATE: 04/01/2002
    STOCKKEEPING UNIT: EA - EACH
SKU CONV. FACTOR: 1.0
    QUANTITY SKU:
                                   2.00
    STD LOT SIZE QTY :
```

8. Press Enter to access the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC) screen. The PLC screen shows the invoice controls established for this purchase order line.

OCP PS PO	LINE RECEIPT/INVC	OICE CONTROLS		PLC
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/18/1998	10:05:19
BUY ENTITY PO NO. PO LINE NO. BLANKET REL. NO.	: XX40000200 : 1			
RE	EIPT		INVOICE	
% TOLERANCE UNDER DELIVERY POINT CHI EARLY DELIVERY EARLY DAYS ALLOWEI	CCK : WARNING : NO : 0 : WARNING	PAYMENT BASIS UNIT PRICE TO UNIT PRICE TO TAX/VAT AUTHOR	: RECEIPT L AMT : 1. L PCT : 1.00 RIZED : YES ORIZED: NO	00

9. Press Inter to access the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR) screen. The PLR screen offers a comparison of quantity ordered and quantity invoiced, along with the amount invoiced. This screen is very useful in viewing a summary of all transactions recorded on the system.

OCP PS PO	LINE RECEIPT/INV	OICE INFORMATION		PLR
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/18/1998	10:05:55
BUY ENTITY	: XXBG	0)RDERED	
PO NO.				
PO LINE NO.	: 1	UNIT PRICE	:	30.00000
BLANKET REL. NO.	•	QUANTITY ORDERED	UOP:	2
RECEIVED		SKU	: EA	
STATUS	: CLOSED	SKU CONV. FACTOR	: 1.0	
QUANTITY DELIVERED UOP				2.00
QUANTITY RETURNED UOP	: .00	STD LOT SIZE QTY	:	0
QUANTITY DELIVERED SKU				
QUANTITY RETURNED SKU	: .00	STATUS	: OPEN	
LAST RECEIPT DATE	: 02/17/2002	CURRENCY CODE	:	
INSPECTE)	QUANTITY INVOICED	UOP:	0
DOCK-TO-STOCK PENDING			:	.00
QTY ACCEPTED/NOT INSP	: 0	TAX AMOUNT INVOIC	ED :	.00
QTY ACCEPTED/INSP	: 0	ADDL COST INVOICE	D:	.00
TOTAL QTY ACCEPTED SKU		LAST INVOICE DATE	•	
QUANTITY REJECTED	: 0	LAST INVOICE PRIC	E :	.00000
QTY DUE INVENTORY SKU	: .00			

10. Press Enter to access the PO Line Financial Information (PLF) screen. The PLF screen shows basic financial data about the purchase order line, including taxes, additional costs, quantity, price, and extended amount.

NEXT FUNCTION:	OCP PS	PO LINE FINANC	CIAL INFORMATION		PLF
PO NO. : XX00001071 PO LINE NO. : 1 BLANKET REL. NO. : TAX/VAT CODE : TAX/VAT COST : .00 BC STATUS : ADDITIONAL COST CODE: OPER APPR/REJ : ADDITIONAL COST : .00 DATE APPR/REJ : GL EFF. DATE : 04/12/2002 QUANTITY ORDERED UOP: 2 CURRENCY CODE : UNIT PRICE : 30.00000 DISTRIBUTION IND: EXTENDED AMOUNT : 60.00 TOTAL LINE VALUE : 60.00 GL COMPANY : XX01 QUANTITY ORDERED SKU: 2.00 GL ACCOUNT : 534529 TARGET PRICE : .00000 GL CENTER : 10001000 EXTENDED AMOUNT : .00 PROJECT COMPANY :		ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/11/1998	14:22:48
TAX/VAT COST : .00 BC STATUS : ADDITIONAL COST CODE: OPER APPR/REJ : GL EFF. DATE : 04/12/2002 OPER APPR/REJ : OPER	PO NO. : PO LINE NO. :	XX00001071 1		=======	=====
QUANTITY ORDERED UOP: 2 CURRENCY CODE : UNIT PRICE : 30.00000 DISTRIBUTION IND: EXTENDED AMOUNT : 60.00 TOTAL LINE VALUE : 60.00 GL COMPANY : XX01 QUANTITY ORDERED SKU: 2.00 GL ACCOUNT : 534529 TARGET PRICE : .00000 GL CENTER : 10001000 EXTENDED AMOUNT : .00 PROJECT COMPANY :	TAX/VAT COST : ADDITIONAL COST CODE:		OPER APPR/REJ DATE APPR/REJ	:	
TOTAL LINE VALUE : 60.00 GL COMPANY : XX01 QUANTITY ORDERED SKU: 2.00 GL ACCOUNT : 534529 TARGET PRICE : .00000 GL CENTER : 10001000 EXTENDED AMOUNT : .00 PROJECT COMPANY :	UNIT PRICE :	30.00000	DISTRIBUTION IN	: D:	
STANDARD UNIT COST : .00000 PROJECT CODE : EXTENDED AMOUNT : .00 ACCOUNTING RULE : 02	TOTAL LINE VALUE : QUANTITY ORDERED SKU: TARGET PRICE : EXTENDED AMOUNT : STANDARD UNIT COST :	60.00 2.00 .00000 .00	GL COMPANY GL ACCOUNT GL CENTER PROJECT COMPANY PROJECT CODE	: 534529 : 10001000 :	

11. Press Inter to access the PO Comment Inquiry (PCI) screen. The PCI screen displays the comments written for the purchase order header, blanket release and PO lines, and indicates which of the comments will print on the purchase order.

OCP PS	PO (COMMENT INQUIRY	E	PCI
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/18/1998 1	0:08:59
BUY ENTITY: XXBG P PO LINE NO: 0001	O NO: XX4000020	BLANKET REL. NO:		
BLANKET PO SEQ REL. NO. LINE NO.		COMMENTS/SPECIFIC	CATIONS	PRINT LINE
0001 910 0001 920		THESE TOOL BOXES	SHOULD BE EVENLY SPLI 10001000, 10002000,	N T N N N
	PAGE:	1 STATUS: END C)F LIST	

12. Press Inter to access the PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI) screen. The PMI screen displays the permit-to-pay amounts calculated for AP versus the amount actually invoiced to date for both the selected purchase order line and the total purchase order.

OCP PS	PO INVOICE MATCH	HING INFORMATION	PMI
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE:	ACTION:	_ HISTORY: _ 02/	18/1998 10:09:50
PO NO. PO LINE NO. BLANKET REL. NO. CURRENCY CODE	: XX40000200 : 0001	VENDOR: KAISER TOOL C	OMPANY, INC.
	BASE PERMIT TO PAY	INVOICED TO DATE	PERMIT TO PAY
PO HEADER PO HEADER TAX/VAT PO HEADER ADDL COST BLANKET BLANKET TAX/VAT		.00 .00 .00	60.00 .00 .00
BLANKET ADDL COST PO LINE PO LINE TAX/VAT PO LINE ADDL COST	: 60.00 : 3.60 : .00	.00 .00 .00	60.00 3.60 .00

13. Press Enter to return to the *Purchase Order List (PLI)* screen.

You have just completed viewing the complete cycle of purchasing inquiry screens accessed from the *PLI* screen.

Applying Key Matching Concepts

Entering Matching Invoices



Processing Invoice Exceptions Obtaining Signature Verification Converting
Units of
Measure

Adjusting Payments

Manually Closing PO Lines

Overview

The previous subsection showed you the basic steps required to enter a matching invoice in the NCAS. However, the invoice matching process in the NCAS involves more that the entry of invoices. This subsection will explain two matching concepts that are essential to understanding the invoice matching process: the payment basis and the permit-to-pay. The **payment basis** policy for an invoice determines the calculation of the eligible amount that may be paid for an invoice. The **permit-to-pay (PTP)**, calculated by the NCAS, is the eligible amount that the AP clerk is allowed to pay for a particular invoice.

Payment Basis

The payment basis default policy is established at the buying entity level. The payment basis describes the conditions under which an invoice is matched to a PO.

There are four payment bases in the NCAS: purchase order, signature, receipt, and inspection.

Purchase Order Basis

The PO payment basis merely requires that an invoice be received before payment is made. As soon as an invoice is received from the vendor, payment may be made up to the full amount of the purchase order. Payment is allowed based on the quantity ordered.

This payment basis is not used by agencies using EFF, because it offers no control against paying for goods and services that have not been received.

Signature Basis

Similar to purchase order basis, payment under the signature basis is also based on the quantity ordered. However, signature approval of the requester is required before the invoice can be paid.

North Carolina state agencies should use the signature basis as the payment basis for most purchases of services.

Receipt Basis

The receipt basis requires an item to be received before the payment can be made. The system will interrupt the invoicing process with an exception. The invoice cannot be paid until the invoiced items have been received and recorded in the NCAS.

EFF agencies use the receipt payment basis for goods transactions.

Inspection Basis

Under inspection basis, goods have to be inspected, accepted and finalized before the invoice can be paid. The system will not permit processing of the invoice until the inspection process has been completed in the NCAS. When the inspection process is completed in the NCAS, the goods are considered to be **finalized**.

Inspection basis will be used by those state agencies that need to verify the quality of goods being received.

Permit-to-Pay Calculations

For each invoice line, the system calculates an extended value that is the amount that may be paid for that invoice or invoice line. This amount is referred to as **base permit-to-pay** (base PTP).

Base PTP is calculated by multiplying the quantity by the PO unit price. This calculation is represented in the following equation:

Base PTP = (Quantity)
$$\times$$
 (PO Unit Price)

The quantity used in the base PTP equation is determined by the payment basis applied to the invoice as follows:

• If payment is based on the **purchase order basis** or the **signature basis**, the base PTP is calculated using the quantity ordered.

Base PTP = (Quantity Ordered)
$$\times$$
 (PO Unit Price)

• If the **receipt payment basis** is used, the base PTP is calculated using the quantity received minus the quantity returned.

Base PTP = (Quantity Rec'd - Returns)
$$\times$$
 (PO Unit Price)

• If the **inspection payment basis** is used, the base PTP is calculated using the quantity of goods finalized.

Base PTP = (Quantity Finalized) \times (PO Unit Price)

Regardless of the quantity used, the system subtracts the invoiced-to-date amount from the base permit-to-pay amount for the PO line. The difference between the base PTP and invoiced-to-date amount is the *actual* **permit-to-pay (PTP)**.

NOTES

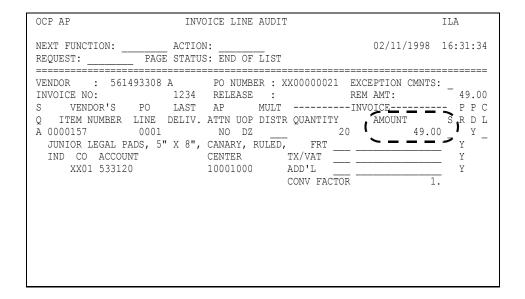
(Base PTP) - (Invoiced-to-Date Amount) = PTP

This PTP calculation prevents overpayment of the PO line and helps determine whether the price of an invoice, matched to the PO, is accurate and should be paid.

The base PTP, invoiced-to-date amount and the PTP for a particular PO line can be seen on the *PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)* screen.

OCP PS	PO INVOICE MATC	HING INFORMATION	PMI
NEXT FUNCTION:BROWSE:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/11/1998 16:23:54
BUY ENTITY PO NO. PO LINE NO. BLANKET REL. NO. CURRENCY CODE PAYMENT BASIS	: XXBG : XX00000021 : 0001 : : PO	VENDOR: MABRY OF	FICE EQUIPMENT, INC.
	BASE PERMIT TO PAY	INVOICED TO DATE	PERMIT TO PAY
PO HEADER PO HEADER TAX/VAT PO HEADER ADDL COST BLANKET	: 74.00 : .00 : .00	.00 .00 .00	74.00 .00 .00
BLANKET TAX/VAT BLANKET ADDL COST PO LINE PO LINE TAX/VAT PO LINE ADDL COST	: 49.00 : .00 : .00	.00 .00	49.00) .00

The actual PTP for the PO line defaults to the AMOUNT field on your *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. This is the amount that AP is allowed to pay for a particular invoice line, based on that invoice's payment basis and the amount invoiced-to-date.



The following walkthrough demonstrates how the NCAS performs PTP calculations using the PO payment basis.

WALKTHROUGH: Permit-to-Pay Calculations for PO Payment Basis

SCENARIO

As a part of control group 123, you have received two invoices from the NC Department of Correction. Both invoices are to be applied against the same PO line for 10 chairs. The first invoice in this scenario is a partial payment of the PO line (6 chairs) and the second invoice is for the remaining amount on the PO line (4 chairs). The PO payment basis applies to the invoices.

You have verified that the correct vendor number is 566017634 B. The county code for Wake county is 92.

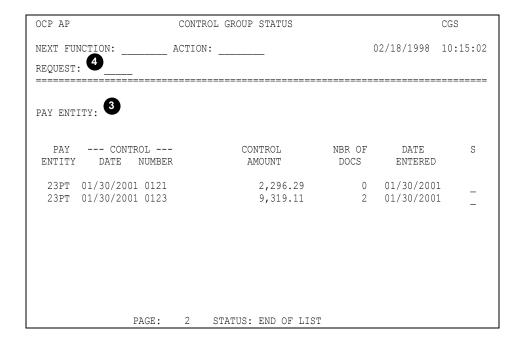
Invoice:	NC Department of Correction Correction Enterprises 620 North West St Raleigh, NC 27603		Invoice Number: 9382713001 Invoice Date: 02/16/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
High Bac Black	k Office Chairs -	6	200.00	1200.00	
PO# XX40	0000206		Freight: Tax: Total:	72.00 1272.00	

1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.

NOTES

OCP AP			CONTRO	DL GROUP STATUS		CG	SS
NEXT FU REQUEST			ACTION:		(01/30/2001 13:	06:04
======		======	======		=======		=====
PAY ENT	ITY: 2						
PAY	CONT	ROL		CONTROL	NBR OF	DATE	S
ENTITY	DATE	NUMBER		AMOUNT	DOCS	ENTERED	
XXPT	04/10/199	7 0001		195,000.00	3	04/10/1997	
XXPT	04/12/199	7 0001		400.00	15	04/12/1997	_
XXPT	04/26/199	8 0001		4.56	1	04/26/1998	_
XXPT	04/27/199	8 0002		1,000.00	1	04/27/1998	_
XXPT	04/30/199			3,196.50	4	04/30/1998	_
XXPT	04/30/199			3,891.50	4	04/30/1998	_
XXPT	02/16/200			16.00	1	02/16/2000	_
XXPT	02/16/200			4,004.69	4	02/16/2000	_
XXPT	02/16/200	0 1001		16.90	1	02/16/2000	_
XXPT	02/19/200			750.00	1	02/19/2000	_
XXPT	07/27/200	0 0001		18,000.00	2	07/27/2000	_
		PAGE:	1	STATUS: MORE			_

2. Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Enter to access a list of open control groups for your paying entity.



- 3. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to *select* control group 123.
- 4. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press interest to access a blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen in control group 123.

After selecting a specific control group on the *CGS* screen, you can access the following screens within that control group by typing:

- 1 The Control Document Entry (CDE) screen to view the control group header information for the specific control group
- 3 The *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen to process direct invoices
- The *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen to process matching invoices
- 5 The *Employee Worksheet (EWS-1T)* screen to process employee transactions
- **6** The *Document Level Comments (DLC)* screen to add comments to a document
- 8 The Control Entry Status (CES) screen to view a list of the documents already entered in the control group

OCP AP	INVOICE MAT	CHING		IMP
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KE NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:			02/11/1998	14:50:35
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NAME:	D2	ATE: 6	EXCEPTION	CMNTS: _
VENDOR NUMBER : 7	8			CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY : 9	P O NUMBER:	94 R	ELEASE:	_ ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	A	REIGHT DDITIONAL COST DALES TAX 3	<u>:</u>	
COUNTY CODE :				
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE:		TED VALUES ===== DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER		
PROVISIONAL DATE: PAYMENT ROUTE CD: EXPENSE ACCOUNTING RULE:	IND:BAP CODE :	FACTOR NUMBER SIGNATURE APPR (CURRENCY CODE DISCOUNT INTERCO PAYABLES	:	

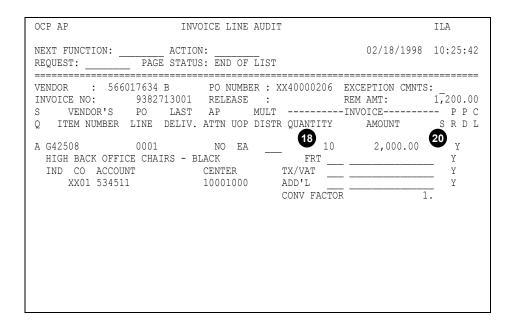
- 5. Type **9382713001** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 6. Type **021602** in the DATE field.
- 7. Type **566017634** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 8. Type **B** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field and press Enter to return the vendor name and address to the *IMP* screen.

If you use the vendor's short name to retrieve the vendor number and address, then access the *Remit To Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen to verify the vendor information. In this scenario, you had verified the vendor address and obtained the accurate vendor number prior to keying the matching invoice into the system.

- 9. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 10. Type **XX40000206** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.

OCP AP	INVOICE N	MATCHING	IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		_	02/11/1998 14:54:51
INVOICE NUMBER :	9382713001	DATE: 02/16/2002	EXCEPTION CMNTS:
	566017634 B	NC DEPARTMENT OF CORRALEIGH, NC NC 27603	RRECTION CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER	: XX40000206 RELEAS	SE: ALL: _
	A		
GROSS AMOUNT :	12	_ FREIGHT	:
SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	®	ADDITIONAL COST : SALES TAX 3	:
COUNTY CODE :	14		
=======================================	======== SUG(GESTED VALUES =====	
TERMS CODE :	N30	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT	:
PAYMENT DUE DATE :		REASON CODE	:
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:		FACTOR NUMBER	·
		SIGNATURE APPR CD	:
	BAP CODE : IGT		
EXPENSE :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		: 001
ACCOUNTING RULE :	01 HANDLING:	INTERCO PAYABLES	:

- 11. Verify that the correct payment terms have been defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 12. Type **1272.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 13. Type **72.00** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 14. Type **92** in the COUNTY CODE field because Raleigh is located in Wake County. The county code for Wake is 92.
- 15. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with an invoice.



- 16. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.
- 17. Verify that the quantity shown in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice quantity. Note that the quantity on the *ILA* screen is **10** but the quantity on the invoice is **6**.
- 18. Type **6** in the QUANTITY field to correct the discrepancy.
- 19. Verify that the amount in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice amount.

Note that **2000.00** has defaulted to the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen. Remember that this value should be the same as the permit-to-pay (PTP) for this invoice line.

To verify that the value in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the PTP for this invoice line, access the *PO Invoice Matching (PMI)* screen through the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen.

20. Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field to select the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen.

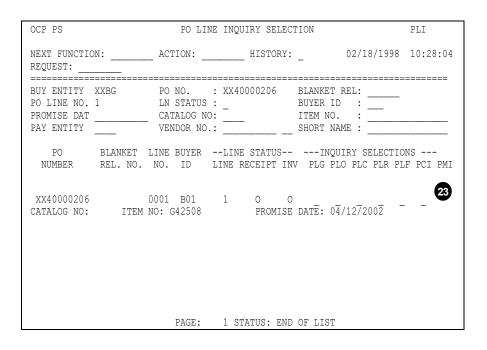
Type **P** in the s (SELECT) field to access the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen from which you can select other inquiry screens for this PO line.

Type **C** in the S (SELECT) field to access the *PO Comment Inquiry (PCI)* screen to review comments for a PO line. This is especially important when the value in the AP ATTN field is **YES**. **YES** indicates that the buyer has directed specific comments to you about the PO line.

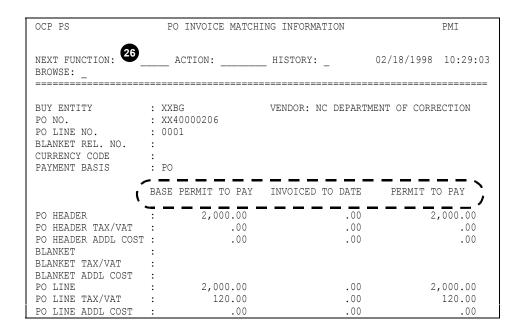
21. Press Enter to process the information and to access the *PLI* screen.

NOTES

22. Press Enter to process the information that has defaulted to the *PLI* screen and to access a list of the PO lines for this PO.



- 23. Type **S** in the PMI field to *select* the *PO Invoice Matching Information* (*PMI*) screen for PO line 0001.
- 24. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *PMI* screen for this PO line.



25. Look at the values in the BASE PERMIT TO PAY, INVOICED TO DATE and PERMIT TO PAY fields for the PO line. Also look at the PAYMENT BASIS field.

Note that the value in the PERMIT TO PAY field is the same value that you observed in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen in Step 19.

There is no value in the INVOICED TO DATE field because no invoice has been applied against this PO line yet.

Note also that **PO** has defaulted to the PAYMENT BASIS field indicating that this invoice will be paid on a purchase order payment basis.

× (200)

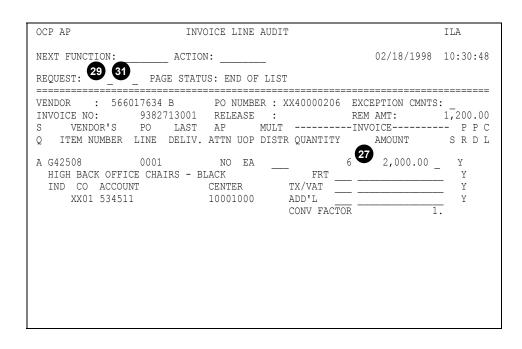
Remember that since this invoice is being paid under PO payment basis, the base permit-to-pay is calculated as follows:

Base PTP = (Quantity Ordered) × (PO Unit Price)

In other words, as long as AP receives an invoice, AP can pay this PO line up to the amount of the base PTP. Therefore, AP can pay this PO line up to \$2,000.

26. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to return to the *ILA* screen.

2000



- 27. Type **1200.00** in the AMOUNT field to correct the discrepancy between the invoice and the *ILA* screen.
- 28. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.
- Type A in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001.
- 30. Press Enter to tag the PO line.
- 31. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to process the invoice and to access a new *IMP* screen.

You have received another invoice to match against the same PO line for the remaining quantity and amount.

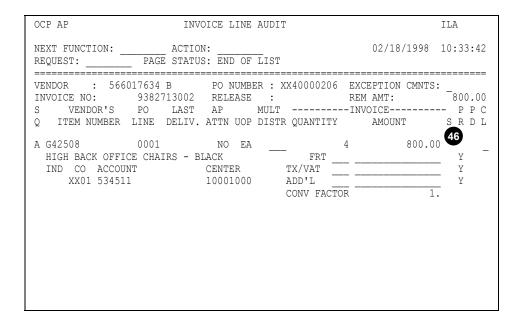
Invoice: NC Department of Correction Correction Enterprises 620 North West St Raleigh, NC 27603		Invoice Number: 9382713002 Invoice Date: 02/20/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:		Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
High Back Offi Black	ce Chairs -	4	200.00	800.00
PO# XX400002	06		Freight: Tax: Total:	48.00 848.00

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING		IMP
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY NEXT FUNCTION: A REQUEST:		02/11/1998	15:19:13
======================================		=======================================	=======
INVOICE NUMBER : 32	DATE: 3	EXCEPTION	N CMNTS: _
VENDOR NUMBER : 34	35		CM/DM: I
POBUY ENTITY : 36_	P O NUMBER: 37	RELEASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 :	FREIGHT ADDITIO	NAL COST :	
REMIT MSG:	SALES I	AA 3 : =	
	 ========= SUGGESTED VA	LUES ========	:=======
TERMS CODE :		NT AMT/PCT :	
PAYMENT DUE DATE :	REASON	CODE :	
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:	FACTOR	NUMBER :	
PROVISIONAL DATE :		URE APPR CD:	
		CY CODE :	
·	PAYABLES : DISCOU	·	
ACCOUNTING RULE : H	HANDLING : INTERC	O PAYABLES :	

- 32. Type **9382713002** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 33. Type **022002** in the DATE field.
- 34. Type **566017634** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 35. Type **B** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field and press Enter to return the vendor name and address to the *IMP* screen.
- 36. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 37. Type **XX40000206** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		98 15:22:56
	9382713002 DATE: 02/20/2002 EXCEPTION DOC 425A NC DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION 566017634 B RALEIGH, NC NC 27603	ON CMNTS: _ CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000206 RELEASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	39	
COUNTY CODE :	49	
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE : PAYMENT ROUTE CD : EXPENSE :	FACTOR NUMBER : IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD:	

- 38. Verify that the correct payment terms have been defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 39. Type **848.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 40. Type **48.00** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 41. Type **92** in the COUNTY CODE field since Raleigh is in Wake County. The county code for Wake is 92.
- 42. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with an invoice.



- 43. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.
- 44. Verify that the quantity **(4)** shown in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice quantity.
- 45. Verify that the amount **(800.00)** in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice amount.

```
Remember that since this invoice is being paid under PO payment basis, the base permit-to-pay is calculated as follows:

Base PTP = (Quantity Ordered) × (PO Unit Price) 2000 = (10) × (200)

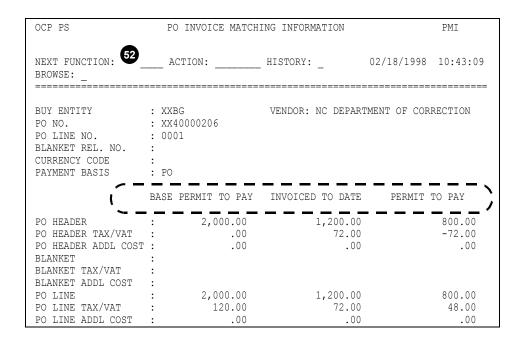
In other words, as long as AP receives an invoice, AP can pay this PO line up to the amount of the base PTP. Therefore, AP can pay this PO line up to $2,000.
```

To verify that the value in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the PTP for this invoice line, access the *PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)* screen through the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen.

- 46. Type **P** in the s (SELECT) field to select the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen.
- 47. Press Enter to process the information and to access the *PLI* screen.
- 48. Press Inter to process the information that has defaulted to the *PLI* screen and to access a list of PO lines for this PO.

OCP PS		PO LI	NE INQUIRY SELECT	TION	PLI
NEXT FUNCTION REQUEST:	ON:	ACTION: _	HISTORY:	_ 02/18/1998	10:38:23
PO LINE NO.	1				
				INQUIRY SELECTIO V PLG PLO PLC PLR PL	
			1 O P PROMISE	DATE: 04/1272002 -	49
		PAGE:	1 STATUS: END	OF LIST	

- 49. Type **S** in the PMI field to select the *PO Invoice Matching Information* (*PMI*) screen for PO line 0001.
- 50. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *PMI* screen for this PO line.



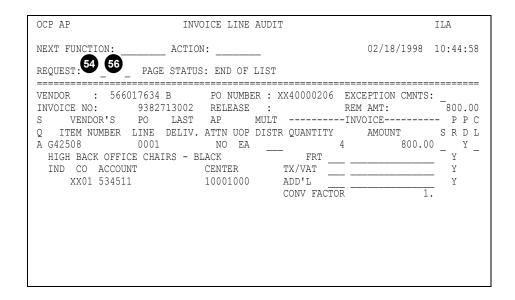
51. Look at the values in the BASE PERMIT TO PAY, INVOICED-TO-DATE and PERMIT TO PAY fields for the PO line.

Note that the BASE PERMIT TO PAY field still shows **2,000.00** (the same base permit to pay value that you observed in Step 25).

The value in the INVOICED TO DATE field is **1,200.00** which is the same as the invoice (invoice number 9382713001) that you have applied.

The PERMIT TO PAY field is now the difference of the BASE PERMIT TO PAY and INVOICED TO DATE amounts. The value of the PERMIT TO PAY field is the same as the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen in Step 45.

52. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to return to the *ILA* screen.



- 53. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it appears incorrectly.
- 54. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001.
- 55. Press Enter to tag the PO line.
- 56. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to process the invoice and access a new *IMP* screen.

You have finished processing the third and fourth invoices in control group 123.

This walkthrough demonstrated the following:

- How the NCAS performs permit-to-pay calculations using the PO payment basis
- The relationship between base permit-to-pay, invoiced-to-date and permit-to-pay amounts
- The use of the *PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)* screen to inquire upon the available permit-to-pay for a particular PO line

This walkthrough also demonstrated one of the advantages of the NCAS: the reduction in the AP clerk's work because he or she does not have to manually compare the invoice and the PO under the PO payment basis.

NOTES

- Because the NCAS performs permit-to-pay calculations, the AP clerk does not have to keep referring back to the PO to calculate available PTP.
- The AP clerk also does not have to search for previous invoices against a particular PO because the NCAS tracks the invoiced-to-date amounts and reduces the PTP accordingly.
- The PMI screen allows the AP clerk to look up all the information related to the available PTP for a PO line without having to physically look up the PO or previous invoices.

The following scenario demonstrates how the NCAS performs PTP calculations using the receipt payment basis.

ACTIVITY: Permit-to-Pay Calculation Using the Receipt Payment Basis

SCENARIO

You have received another invoice from Mabry Office Equipment, Inc. for the quantity of goods ordered (20 desks). However, the goods have only been partially received (5 desks have been received). The receipt payment basis applies to the invoice.

You have already verified the vendor address. The applicable vendor number is 561493308 A. Shelby is located in Cleveland county and its county code is 23.

You are on the IMP screen. Process this invoice.

Invoice:	voice: Mabry Office Equipment PO Box 2427 Shelby, NC 28150		Invoice Number: 9874563003 Invoice Date: 02/11/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description:		Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Wood Desks		20	100.00	2000.00
PO# XX40	0000207		Freight: Tax: Total:	<u>120.00</u> 2120.00

OCP AP	INVOICE	MATCHING		IMP
235 - ENTER REQUIRED NEXT FUNCTION:REQUEST:	KEY FIELDS ACTION:		02/11/1998	15:36:24
	 1	2	=======	======
INVOICE NUMBER :		DATE:	EXCEPTION	CMNTS: _
VENDOR SHORT NAME:	•			
VENDOR NUMBER :	34			CM/DM: I
-	a			
P O BUY ENTITY :	P O NUMBER	R: 6 RELE	ASE:	ALL: _
CDOCC THOUSE				
GROSS AMOUNT : _ SALES TAX/VAT :		_ FREIGHT ADDITIONAL COST	<u>:</u>	
SALES TAX 2 :		SALES TAX 3	:	
REMIT MSG:		- SALES TAN S	·	
COUNTY CODE :				
=======================================	====== SUC	GESTED VALUES =====		=======
TERMS CODE : _		DISCOUNT AMT/PCT	:	
PAYMENT DUE DATE :		REASON CODE	:	
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:		FACTOR NUMBER	:	
PROVISIONAL DATE : _	IND:	SIGNATURE APPR C	D:	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD : _	BAP CODE :	_ CURRENCY CODE	:	
EXPENSE : _	PAYABLES :	DISCOUNT	:	
ACCOUNTING RULE :	HANDLING :	INTERCO PAYABLES	:	

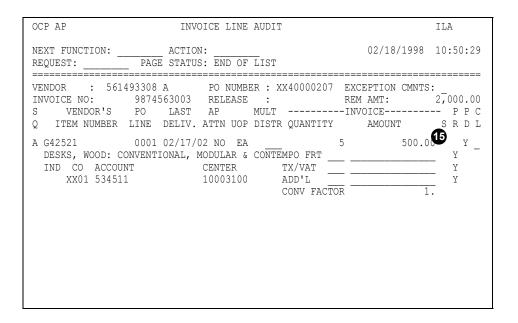
- 1. Type **9874563003** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 2. Type **021102** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type **561493308** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 4. Type **A** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field and press [Inter] to return the vendor name and address to the *IMP* screen.
- 5. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 6. Type **XX40000207** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.

OCP AP 205 - GROSS AMOUNT	INVOICE M	MATCHING	IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		_	02/18/1998 10:49:01
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NAME:	9874563003 MABRYOFFICEEQUI	DATE: 02/11/2002 MABRY OFFICE EQUIPM	_
VENDOR NUMBER :		SHELBY NC 28150	CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER:	XX40000207 RELEA	SE: ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT :	8	FREIGHT	:
SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	9	ADDITIONAL COST SALES TAX 3	: :
COUNTY CODE :	•		
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE : PAYMENT ROUTE CD : EXPENSE : ACCOUNTING RULE :	N30 IND: BAP CODE : 06D 001 PAYABLES :	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER SIGNATURE APPR CD CURRENCY CODE DISCOUNT INTERCO PAYABLES	:

- 7. Verify that the correct payment terms have been defaulted into the TERMS CODE field.
- 8. Type **2120.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 9. Type **120.00** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 10. Type **23** in the COUNTY CODE field since Shelby is located in Cleveland county. The code for Cleveland county is 23.
- 11. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with an invoice.

Under the receipt payment basis, goods have to be partially or fully received and the receipt must be recorded in the NCAS before the system will let you proceed to the *ILA* screen. If no goods are received and recorded, the system will interrupt the processing of the invoice. In this case, the system will display the following error message on the *IMP* screen: 480 - PO SELECTED IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR INVOICING.

In this scenario, the goods have been partially received. Therefore, the system lets you proceed with invoice line processing.



- 12. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the invoice. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.
- 13. Verify that the quantity shown in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice quantity.

Note that the quantity on the *ILA* screen is **5** but the quantity on the invoice is **20**. The discrepancy in quantity has occurred because the goods have only been partially received. Because this invoice is a receipt payment basis invoice, the NCAS will only allow you to pay for five desks.

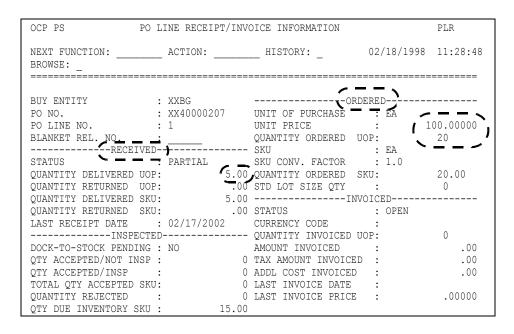
14. Note that **500.00** has defaulted to the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen. Remember that this value is the same as the permit-to-pay (PTP) for this invoice line.

To verify that the value in the AMOUNT field is the same as the PTP for this invoice line, access the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR) screen and the PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI) screen through the PO Line Inquiry (PLI) screen.

- 15. Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field and press Inter to select the *PO Line Inquiry (PLI)* screen.
- 16. Press Inter to process the information that has defaulted to the *PLI* screen and to access a list of the PO lines for this PO.

OCP PS	PO LINE INQUIRY SELECTION	PLI
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: HISTORY: _ 02/18/1998	10:51:07
PO LINE NO. 1 PROMISE DAT	PO NO. : XX40000207 BLANKET REL: LN STATUS : BUYER ID : CATALOG NO: ITEM NO. : VENDOR NO.: SHORT NAME :	
	LINE BUYERLINE STATUSINQUIRY SELECTIONO. ID LINE RECEIPT INV PLG PLO PLC PLR PL	
XX40000207 CATALOG NO: ITEM	0001 B01 1 P 0 NO: G42521 PROMISE DATE: 03/0172002 -	_ 18
	PAGE: 1 STATUS: END OF LIST	

- 17. Type **S** in the PLR field to *select* the *PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR)* screen for PO line 0001.
- 18. Type **S** in the PMI field to *select* the *PO Invoice Matching Information* (*PMI*) screen for PO line 0001.
- 19. Press Enter to process the information and to access the PLR screen.

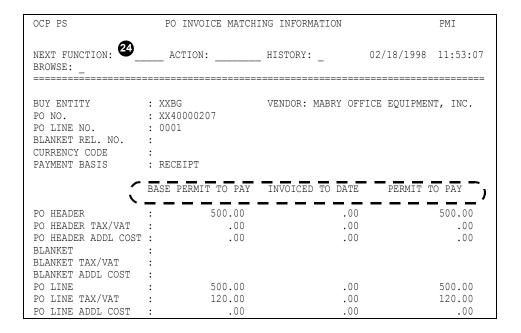


20. Look under the ORDERED section on the right-hand side of the screen. Note that 20 desks were ordered at a unit price of \$100 each. Therefore, the invoice does match the quantity ordered.

21. Look under the RECEIVED section on the left-hand side of the screen. Note that only five desks have actually been received and recorded in the system.

Remember that since this transaction is based on the receipt payment basis, the quantity used in the base PTP calculation is the quantity received minus returns. In this case, the quantity received is five (no returns), so five will be used in the base PTP calculation.

22. Press Inter to access the PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI) screen.



23. Look at the values in the BASE PERMIT TO PAY, INVOICED TO DATE and PERMIT TO PAY fields for the PO line. Also look at the PAYMENT BASIS field.

Note that the value in the PERMIT TO PAY field is **500.00**, the same value that you observed in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen in Step 14.

There is no value in the INVOICED TO DATE field because no invoice has been applied against this PO line yet.

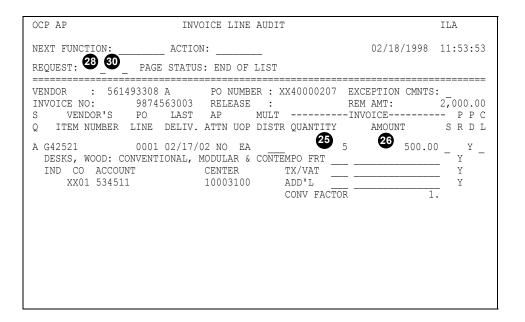
Note also that **RECEIPT** has defaulted to the PAYMENT BASIS field indicating that this invoice will be paid on a receipt payment basis.

Remember that since this invoice is being paid under PO payment basis, the base permit-to-pay is calculated as follows:

Base PTP = (Quantity Rec'd - Returns) \times (PO Unit Price) 500 = (5) \times (100)

In other words, as long as AP receives an invoice, AP can pay this PO line up to the amount of the base PTP. Therefore, AP can pay this PO line up to \$2,000.

24. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press enter to return to the *ILA* screen.



- 25. Type **20** in the QUANTITY field to correct the discrepancy between the *ILA* screen and the invoice.
- 26. Type **2000.00** in the AMOUNT field to correct the discrepancy between the *ILA* screen and the invoice.
- 27. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.
- 28. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001.
- 29. Press Enter to tag the PO line.

The system displays the following error message: 391 PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

Although the invoice matches the quantity ordered of 20 desks, the system only allows you to pay the PTP amount (in this case \$500.00). Because this transaction is based on the receipt payment basis, the system will only allow you to pay for the desks actually received and recorded in the system.

Type **DELAY** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to store the invoice information in the system until processing can be completed.

This invoice cannot be paid until the invoice has been passed to the buyer and the error has been resolved.

You will finish processing this invoice when you learn how to process exceptions. [Activity: Responding to an Extended Value Tolerance Exception (Quantity-Related)].

This walkthrough demonstrated the following:

- How the NCAS performs permit-to-pay calculations using the receipt payment basis
- The relationship between base permit-to-pay, invoiced-to-date and permit-to-pay amounts
- The use of the *PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)* screen to inquire upon the available permit-to-pay for a particular PO line
- The use of the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR) screen to inquire upon receiving information for a particular PO line

This walkthrough also demonstrated one of the advantages of the NCAS: the reduction in the AP clerk's work because he or she does not have to manually compare the PO, the invoice and the receipt under the receipt payment basis.

- Because the NCAS performs permit-to-pay calculations, the AP clerk does not have to keep referring back to the PO to calculate available PTP.
- The AP clerk also does not have to search for previous invoices against a particular PO because the NCAS tracks the invoiced-todate amounts and reduces the PTP accordingly.
- The PMI screen allows the AP clerk to look up all the information related to the available PTP for a PO line without having to physically look up the PO or previous invoices.
- The PLR screen allows the AP clerk to look up receiving information without having to physically look up previous receipts.

Processing Invoice Exceptions

Entering Matching Invoices Applying Key Matching Concepts Processing Invoice Exceptions Obtaining Signature Verification Converting Units of Measure

Adjusting Payments

Manually Closing PO Lines

Line Audit

North Carolina uses the line audit method to match invoices against purchase orders. The **line audit** method requires AP to match each invoice line to the relevant PO line. Auditing invoices by line ensures that the state does not overpay invoices.

The line audit policy is established as the default at the paying entity level of the default hierarchy.

Invoice Audit Controls

Invoice audit controls are established to audit the invoice for differences between the information on the invoice and the purchase order. When an invoice is entered in the system, the NCAS applies the established invoice audit controls automatically, eliminating the need for the AP clerk to manually audit the invoice and the PO.

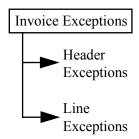
There are two types of invoice audit controls:

- Invoice header controls apply to the entire invoice.
- Invoice detail controls apply to individual invoice lines.

Purchasing personnel, in consultation with AP personnel, establish audit controls. Purchasing specifies invoice controls for a buying entity and can override specific values at various levels of the default hierarchy.

Tolerances

Invoice audit controls define an acceptable range — known as the **tolerance** — for the difference between the information on the invoice and the PO. If the difference is within established tolerance levels, the invoice can be further processed. If the difference is not within tolerance, the system will not allow payment until the difference has been resolved by the buyer.



Exceptions

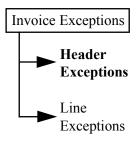
A difference between the information on the invoice and PO that needs to be resolved is referred to as an **exception**. Since two types of audit controls are applied to invoices, exceptions are of two types:

- **Invoice header exceptions** occur when differences occur between the invoice header information and the PO header information.
- Invoice line exceptions occur when the difference between the invoice line information and the PO line information exceeds tolerance levels.

To process exceptions, an AP clerk needs to do two things:

- · Respond to an exception message during invoice entry
- Apply the buyer's instructions to clear the invoice after the buyer has resolved the exception

Processing Invoice Header Exceptions



Invoice Header Controls

Invoice header controls apply to the invoice header and each invoice line, unless the purchasing staff has specified different controls for a particular invoice line. The system uses these controls to verify that the invoice header information entered by the AP clerk is the same as that entered by the buyer on the purchase order header.

The system applies invoice header controls during the processing of the invoice header information entered by the AP clerk. If the AP clerk has entered information that is different from the buyer's specifications for that PO, an exception will occur. The following invoice header controls will cause exceptions if specific information on the invoice does not match that on the PO.

All invoice header control defaults are established by the purchasing staff at the buying entity level of the default hierarchy. These default controls can be overridden by purchasing staff at lower levels of the hierarchy. Note that the first control can be overridden at the PO header level. The last three controls can be overridden at the PO line level.

All invoice header control defaults are established by the purchasing staff at the buying entity level of the default hierarchy. These default controls can be overridden by purchasing staff at lower levels of the hierarchy. Note that the first control can be overridden at the PO header level. The last three controls can be overridden at the PO line level.

Vendor Match Required

NOTES

Purchasing staff can indicate whether the vendor number on the invoice must match that of the purchase order. If purchasing indicates that the vendor number should match, and the AP clerk enters a vendor number that does not match the purchase order, then the system issues an exception message.

• Freight Charge Authorized

Purchasing staff can indicate whether a freight charge on the invoice is acceptable or not. If purchasing indicates that a freight charge may not be added to the purchase order, and if the AP clerk enters such a charge during matching, the system will issue an exception message.

Sales Tax/VAT Authorized

Purchasing staff can also establish whether sales tax or value-added tax (VAT) is permitted on a transaction. If purchasing indicates that sales tax or VAT is not permitted, and if the AP clerk enters a tax when matching the invoice, the system will issue an exception message.

Additional Cost Authorized

Purchasing staff can also indicate if any additional costs may be added to the purchase. If purchasing indicates that such costs are not acceptable, and if the AP clerk enters such additional costs that were added to the invoice, the system will issue an exception message.

Responding to an Invoice Header Exception Message

A header exception occurs when the AP clerk enters information on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.

When a header exception occurs, the system will allow the AP clerk to continue from the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen to the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen in order to enter invoice line information. However, the system will display an exception message when the AP clerk balances ("nexts") the invoice. The invoice cannot be paid until the error has been resolved. The AP clerk must pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the error. The invoice is held in the AP clerk's *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* with a **B** (pending buyer review) status until the AP clerk receives instructions from the buyer regarding resolution of the exception. Before passing the invoice, the AP clerk may add comments to the invoice to provide additional information to the buyer.

The *IRQ* screen lists invoices passed to the Purchasing department for review or awaiting signature verification. When you receive processing instructions, select the document from the list and either pay the document as is or process it and reaudit.

Applying the Buyer's Instructions to an Invoice Header Exception

When the buyer has resolved the exception, the buyer changes the invoice status from **B** (*pending buyer review*) to **A** (*available for accounts payable processing*) status on the *IRQ* screen. The invoice is now available to the AP clerk for processing.

The buyer may instruct the AP clerk to pay the invoice without additional processing or to make changes before it is paid.

- If the buyer instructs the AP clerk to pay the invoice without any additional processing, the AP clerk releases the invoice for payment from the *IRQ* screen using the **P** (pay-as-is) selection.
- If the permit-to-pay amount has been exceeded for the invoice and the buyer instructs the AP clerk to pay the invoice without any additional processing, then the AP clerk releases the invoice for payment from the *IRQ* screen using the **F** (force pay) selection.
- If the buyer instructs the AP clerk to make changes to the invoice before releasing it for payment, the AP clerk must release the invoice from the *IRQ* using the **S** (additional processing) selection. The *ILA* screen appears with the invoice information. The AP clerk applies the buyer's instructions to the invoice. Once the changes have been made, the audit controls are reapplied to the invoice.

If an exception occurs again, the AP clerk must review the changes he or she made to ensure that the information is accurate. If he or she cannot resolve the exception, the AP clerk passes the document back to the buyer for further review. The AP clerk may add comments to the invoice before passing it back for review. If no exception occurs, the invoice is accepted by the system and made eligible for payment.



The **AP Action Report** prints everyday in Systemware and details the exceptions resolved on the previous day. The AP clerk may also use this report to view the buyer's instructions. The **AP Action Report** is located in Systemware group **MM122-6**. This report is **AP-A0005**.

View Exception Comments (VEC) screen

The *View Exception Comments(VEC)* screen is an inquiry-only screen that displays invoice exceptions comments entered by the AP clerk on the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen and the buyer on the *Exception Invoice Worksheet – Document (EIW)* screen. The AP clerk no longer has to wait until the **AP Action Report** comes out in the next production run. The buyer's comments are visible real-time to the AP clerk via the *VEC* screen.

The exception comments can be viewed on line. AP clerks can access the *VEC* screen directly via the NEXT FUNCTION field or by typing **C** in the EXCEPTION COMMENTS field on the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen and pressing [Enter].

NOTES

OCP AP	VIEW EXCEPTION	ON COMMENTS		VEC
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		09/10/1998	14:30:42
PAY ENTITY VENDOR NUMBER		DOCUMENT NUMBER DOCUMENT DATE		3006
MORE AP COMMENTS: ERROR MESSAGE SAY	==ACCOUNTS PAYABLE S FREIGHT IS NOT A		TS	
		GHT AMOUNT FROM T		

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to respond to a freight exception.

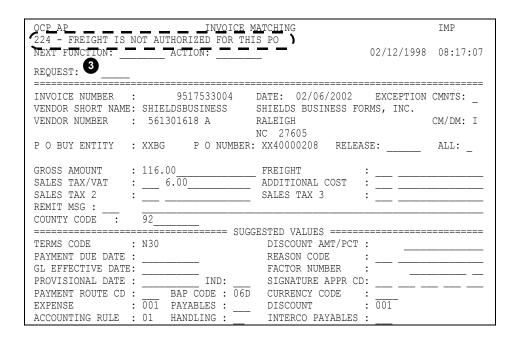
WALKTHROUGH: Responding to a Freight Exception Message

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from Shields Business Forms, Inc. The vendor number is 561301618 A. The vendor is located in Wake County (Raleigh) and the county code is 92. Purchasing has indicated that freight charges are not authorized for this PO and, therefore, you will get an exception message when you enter the freight charge.

Invoice: Shields Business Forms, Inc. PO Box 10565 Raleigh, NC 27605		Invoice Number: 9517533004 Invoice Date: 02/06/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
3-hole paper hole punchers	100	1.00	100.00
PO# XX40000208		Freight: Tax: TOTAL:	10.00 6.00 116.00

- 1. Type the invoice header information on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices.)
 - Remember to type 6.00 in the second blank of the SALES TAX/VAT field and type 92 in the COUNTY CODE field since Raleigh is in Wake county.
 - Remember to type 10.00 in the second blank of the FREIGHT field
- 2. Press Enter to process the invoice header information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.



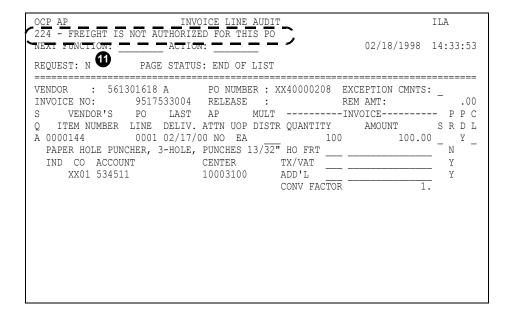
The system displays the following exception message: **224 - FREIGHT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO**.

- Type CONT in the REQUEST field to continue processing the invoice.
- 4. Press Enter to access the Invoice Line Audit (ILA) screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE LINE AUDIT	ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST: 9 10	ACTION: 02/18/19 _ PAGE STATUS: END OF LIST	98 14:33:53
INVOICE NO: S VENDOR'S Q ITEM NUMBER A 0000144 PAPER HOLE PUN	301618 A PO NUMBER : XX40000208 EXCEPTION CM 9517533004 RELEASE : REM AMT: PO LAST AP MULTINVOICE LINE DELIV. ATTN UOP DISTR QUANTITY AMOUNT 0001 02/17/02 NO EA 100 10 CHER, 3-HOLE, PUNCHES 13/32" HO FRT NT CENTER TX/VAT 1 10003100 ADD'L CONV FACTOR	100.00 P P C S R D L

To identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount on the invoice, do the following:

- 5. Verify that the unit of measure (EA) shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used in the invoice. Change the unit of measure on the *ILA* screen if there are any discrepancies.
- 6. Verify that the quantity (**100**) shown in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the quantity reflected on the invoice. Change the quantity on the *ILA* screen if there are any discrepancies.
- 7. Verify that the amount (**100.00**) in the AMOUNT field on the *ILA* screen is the same as the invoice amount. Change the amount on the *ILA* screen if there are any discrepancies.
- Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.
- 9. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify PO line 0001 and press interest to tag the PO line.
- 10. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to balance the invoice.



The system displays the following error message again: **224 - FREIGHT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO**.

11. Type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to *pass* the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception.

The buyer can view the invoice you passed on the buyer's *Invoice Work Queue (IWQ)* screen. The *IWQ* screen lists all the invoices that have been passed to a particular buyer for review. From this screen, a buyer can review invoice details, resolve any errors and release the invoice for the AP clerk to finish processing it.

The AP clerk can view a list of passed invoices on the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.

12. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *IRQ* screen.

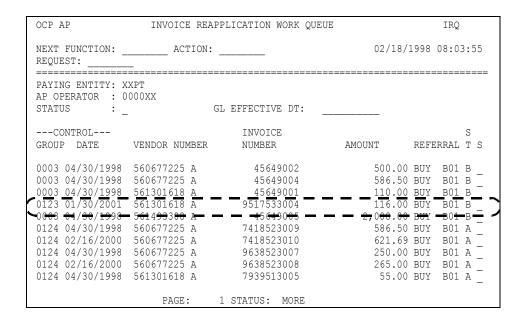
OCP AP INVOICE REAPPLICATION WORK QUEUE 582 - NO INVOICES FOUND FOR THIS OPERATOR NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: REQUEST:	02/12/1998	IRQ 8 08:25:46
PAYING ENTITY: XXPT		
AP OPERATOR : 13 GL EFFECTIVE DT:		
CONTROL INVOICE GROUP DATE VENDOR NUMBER NUMBER	AMOUNT REF	S ERRAL T S
PAGE: 1 STATUS: END OF LIST		

13. Type **your operator ID (XX)** in the AP OPERATOR field and press Enter to view all the invoices you have passed to the buyer for review.

You can narrow the list of invoices that you view by entering one of the following characters in the STATUS field:

- A Only lists invoices with an A status (available for accounts payable processing)
- **B** Only lists invoices with a **B** status (pending buyer review)
- S Only lists invoices with a S status (pending signature verification)

If you do not enter a character in the STATUS field, you will access a list of *all* invoices (i.e., invoices with an **A**, **B** and a **S** status) passed to a buyer.



Note that invoice number 9517533004 has a **B** status indicating that the invoice is *pending buyer review*.

14. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to apply the buyer's instructions to a freight exception.

WALKTHROUGH: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to a Freight Exception

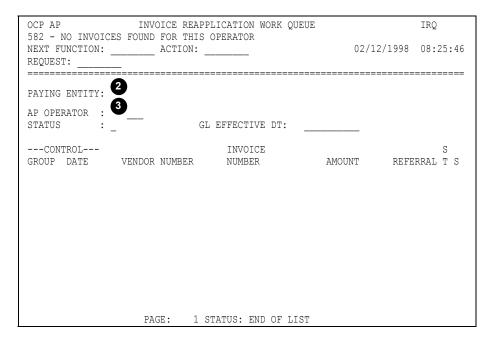
SCENARIO

Two days ago, you received a freight exception on an invoice for 50 paper punchers from Shields Business Forms, Inc. Purchasing specified that freight was not authorized on this PO. You have passed this invoice to the buyer for resolution of the error. The vendor number is 561301618 A. Raleigh is located in Wake county therefore the county code is 92.

When you checked the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen, the invoice has a status of **A**, indicating that the invoice is available for accounts payable processing. The buyer has instructed you to pay the invoice without the freight charge.

PO Box 10565			7939513006 //02/2002
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
3-hole paper hole punchers	50	1.00	50.00
PO # XX40000209		Freight: Tax: Total:	5.00 3.00 58.00

1. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen. (If you are already on the *IRQ* screen, skip to Step 4.)



2. Type **XXPT** in the PAYING ENTITY field.

3. Type **your operator ID (XX)** in the AP OPERATOR ID field and press Enter to view a list of all the invoices that you have passed to a buyer for review.

You can narrow the list of invoices that you view by entering one of the following characters in the STATUS field:

- A Only lists invoices with an A status (available for accounts) payable processing)
- **B** Only lists invoices with a **B** status (*pending buyer review*)
- S Only lists invoices with a S status (pending signature) verification)

If you do not enter a character in the STATUS field, you will access a list of *all* invoices (i.e., invoices with **A**, **B** and **S** status) passed to a buyer.

NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: 02/18/1998	09:41:42
REQUEST:	
PAYING ENTITY: XXPT AP OPERATOR : 0000XX STATUS : _ GL EFFECTIVE DT:	
CONTROL INVOICE	S
GROUP DATE VENDOR NUMBER NUMBER AMOUNT REFE	CRRAL T S
0124 02/16/2000 561301618 A 7939513006 58.00 BUY 0124 04/29/1998 561493308 A 2587533010 1,000.00 BUY 0124 02/16/2000 561493308 A 2587533011 1,060.00 BUY	B01 A _
PAGE: 2 STATUS: END OF LIST	

- 4. Locate invoice number **7939513006** on the *IRQ* screen.
- 5. Note that the invoice has an **A** status which means that the invoice is available for accounts payable processing.
- 6. Type **V** in the S (SELECT) field for invoice number 7939513006 and press Enter.

OCP AP	VIEW EXCEPTION COMME	NTS	VEC
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	02/20/1998	13:39:04
REQUEST: 7			
PAY ENTITY VENDOR NUMBER	: XXPT DOCUMENT: 561301618 A DOCUMENT		13006
MORE AP COMMENTS: _	===ACCOUNTS PAYABLE EXCEPT: YS FREIGHT IS NOT AUTHORIZ!		
MORE BUYER COMMENTS	======BUYER EXCEPTION COL	MENTS======	
	ORDER. DELETE FREIGHT AMOUNT. DO NOT ISSUE A DEB		

7. Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to return to the *IRQ* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE REA	PPLICATION WORK QUEUE	[IRQ
NEXT FUNCTION: _ REQUEST:	ACTION:		02/18/	1998 09:41:42
PAYING ENTITY: X AP OPERATOR : 0 STATUS : _	000XX	GL EFFECTIVE DT:		
CONTROL GROUP DATE	VENDOR NUMBER	INVOICE NUMBER	AMOUNT	S REFERRAL T S
0124 02/16/2000 0124 04/29/1998 0124 02/16/2000	561493308 A	2587533010	1,000.00	BUY B01 A BUY B01 A _ BUY B01 A _
	PAGE: 2	2 STATUS: END OF LIST		

Note that this invoice requires additional processing despite the fact that the buyer's instructions on the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen say "as is". We know that the invoice requires additional processing from the buyer's comments on the report. In other words, it is always important to read the buyer's comments on the *VEC* screen.

8. Type **S** in the s (SELECT) field for invoice number 7939513006 and press Inter to make changes to the invoice information you had entered two days ago. The *ILA* screen for invoice 7939513006 appears.

The code you enter in the S (SELECT) field tells the system how to further process the invoice. You can enter:

- P to pay as is, if no further processing is required
- **F** to *force pay*, if no further processing is required and the permit-to-pay has been exceeded for the invoice
- **S** for *additional processing*, if the buyer has issued instructions for further processing
- **V** to access the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen and read the buyer's instructions
- C to access the *Invoice Exceptions Comments (IEC)* screen and add comments to the invoice

OCP AP	INVOICE LINE AUDIT	ILA
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: 02/18/1998 PAGE STATUS: END OF LIST	14:39:00
INVOICE NO: S VENDOR'S Q ITEM NUMBER A 0000144 PAPER HOLE PUN	301618 A PO NUMBER: XX40000209 EXCEPTION CMNTS: 7939513006 RELEASE: REM AMT: PO LAST AP MULTINVOICE LINE DELIV. ATTN UOP DISTR QUANTITY AMOUNT 0001 02/17/02 NO EA 50 50.00 ICHER, 3-HOLE, PUNCHES 13/32" HO FRT INT CENTER TX/VAT 1 10003100 ADD'L CONV FACTOR 1.	00 PPC SRDL

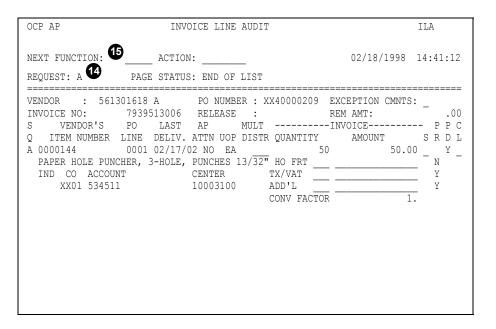
9. Type **CONT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the *IMP* screen for this invoice.

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION: 02/18/1998	14:40:39
INVOICE NUMBER VENDOR SHORT NAME VENDOR NUMBER	: 7939513006 DATE: 02/06/2002 EXCEPTION : SHIELDSBUSINESS SHIELDS BUSINESS FORMS, INC. : 561301618 A RALEIGH	CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY	: XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000209 RELEASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT SALES TAX/VAT SALES TAX 2 REMIT MSG: COUNTY CODE:	58.00 FREIGHT: 001 : 001 3.00 ADDITIONAL COST :	5.00
	: N30	

- 10. Type **53.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 11. Delete the values in the first and second blanks (**001** and **5.00**) in the FREIGHT field.

The **Mini-Chart of Accounts** consists of frequently referenced general ledger accounts. Each general ledger account is identified using a three-character identifier. On the *IMP* screen, **001** is the mini-chart indicator for the suspense account. All tax, freight, additional cost, and discount amounts that are *not* prorated to an invoice line are posted to the suspense account identified by 001.

12. Press Inter to process the change and to access the *ILA* screen. Note that an invoice header exception message does not occur.



- 13. Tag the appropriate PO line for the invoice, if it is not already tagged. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**.)
- 14. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.

Note that an exception message does not occur. The error has been resolved and the system has accepted the invoice for payment. A blank *IMP* screen appears.

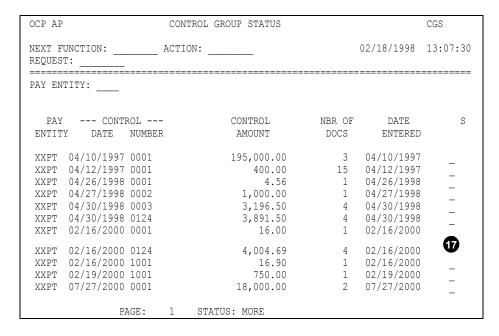
15. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *IRQ* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE REAPE	PLICATION WORK QUEUE	 E	IRQ
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: _		02/18/1998	14:41:53
REQUEST:	-			
PAYING ENTITY: X	 ХРТ			
AP OPERATOR : 0	000XX			
STATUS : _	. GI	L EFFECTIVE DT:		
CONTROL		INVOICE		S
GROUP DATE	VENDOR NUMBER	NUMBER	AMOUNT REF	ERRAL T S
0003 04/30/1998	560677225 A	45649002	500.00 BUY	В01 В
0003 04/30/1998	560677225 A	45649004	586.50 BUY	в01 в
0003 04/30/1998	561301618 A	45649001	110.00 BUY	в01 в
0123 01/30/2001	561301618 A	9517533004	116.00 BUY	в01 в
0003 04/30/1998	561493308 A	45649005	2,000.00 BUY	в01 в _
0124 04/30/1998	560677225 A	7418523009	586.50 BUY	B01 A _
0124 02/16/2000	560677225 A	7418523010	621.69 BUY	B01 A _
0124 04/30/1998	560677225 A	9638523007	250.00 BUY	B01 A _
0124 02/16/2000	560677225 A	9638523008	265.00 BUY	B01 A
0124 04/30/1998	561301618 A	7939513005	55.00 BUY	B01 A _
	PAGE: 1 S	STATUS: END OF LIST		

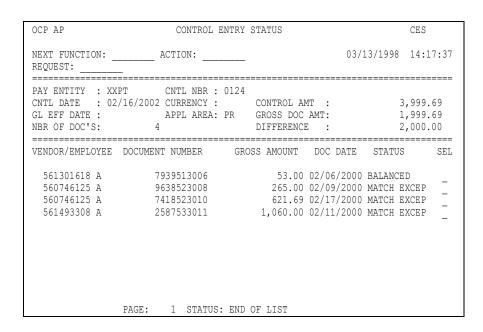
Note that invoice 7939513006 is no longer listed on your *IRQ* screen.

In this walkthrough, you reduced the gross amount of the invoice by \$5.00 when you deleted the freight. In order to balance a control group, its control amount must be correspondingly changed when the invoice gross amount changes.

- 16. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.
 - In the **practice** region, you cannot access control group 124 from the *CGS* screen. Type **CGR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [Inter] to access the *Control Group Review (CGR)* screen. Continue with step 17.



- 17. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field for control group 124.
- 18. Press Inter to process the information and to access the Control Entry Status (CES) screen.



19. Reduce the value in the CONTROL AMOUNT field by \$5.00 from 4,004.69 to 3,999.69 and press Enter to process the change.

The preceding two walkthroughs demonstrated how an AP clerk processes an invoice with an invoice header exception, specifically a freight exception. Other header exceptions (such as sales tax/VAT authorized and additional cost authorized) may be similarly processed.

NOTES

A freight exception occurs because the buyer has not authorized the freight charge that appears on the invoice. When a freight exception occurs, the AP clerk must continue to process the invoice line information. After entering the invoice line information in the system, the AP clerk must pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception.

In the preceding walkthrough, the buyer reviewed the exception and instructed the AP clerk to pay the invoice as per the PO. In other words, the AP clerk paid the invoice net of the freight charge.

Processing Invoice Line Exceptions

Invoice Detail Controls

Invoice detail controls are applied to each invoice line. The system uses these controls to verify that the invoice line information entered by the AP clerk matches, within tolerances, the PO line information entered by purchasing staff.

When an invoice line is matched to the PO line, the system audits the invoice using the invoice detail controls. If discrepancies exceeding the established tolerances are detected, then a matching exception occurs. Payment does not take place until the discrepancy is resolved. The following invoice detail controls will cause exceptions if specific information on the invoice line does not match that on the PO line.

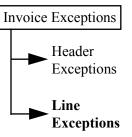
Invoice detail default controls are established at the buying entity level of the default hierarchy and can be overridden by purchasing staff at the PO line level.

Unit Price Tolerance

The unit price tolerance is the amount and/or percent that, when added to or subtracted from the PO line unit price, determines the upper and lower limits of the price tolerance range. The invoice unit price must fall within this range to be acceptable for payment. If the unit price on the invoice falls outside of the range, an exception occurs and resolution is required before payment can be made.



The unit price tolerance can be set either as an amount and/ or as a percentage of the PO line unit price. North Carolina uses both the unit price tolerance amount and unit price tolerance percent controls. The NCAS applies the more restrictive of the two ranges.



Extended Value Tolerance

The extended value tolerance indicates what amount of the base permitto-pay (PTP) is allowed as a tolerance when the invoice line amount exceeds the PO line amount. This tolerance is checked only if the invoice line falls within the unit price tolerances. If the invoice amount exceeds the extended value tolerance range, an exception occurs and must be resolved before the invoice can be paid.

For example, the PTP for a PO line is \$2,000. If the extended value tolerance is set at \$100, an exception will occur if the invoice line amount is lower than \$1,900 or higher than \$2,100.

Remember that the extended value for a PO line or an invoice line equals the quantity ordered/received/finalized multiplied by the PO unit price. An extended value tolerance exception can, therefore, occur for two reasons:

- Price: The invoice line unit price differs from the PO line unit price and/or
- Quantity-related: The invoice line quantity differs from the quantity ordered/received/finalized.

Tax/VAT Authorized

This control is similar to the tax/VAT authorized control for the invoice header except that it applies to a particular invoice line. In this case, the buyer indicates whether the AP clerk is permitted to pay sales tax or VAT for a particular PO line.

Additional Cost Authorized

This control is similar to the additional cost authorized control for the invoice header except that it applies to a particular invoice line. In this case, the buyer indicates whether the AP clerk is permitted to pay additional costs for a particular PO line.

Responding to an Invoice Line Exception Message

Line exceptions occur during the processing of line information entered on the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. When a line exception occurs, the system will not allow payment of the invoice until the error is resolved by the buyer. An exception message will be displayed on the *ILA* screen and the invoice will become ineligible for payment until the error has been resolved. As in the case of the invoice header exception, the invoice must be passed to the buyer for resolution of the exception. The AP clerk may add comments to an invoice before passing it to the buyer. The invoice is held in the AP clerk's *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* with a **B** (*pending buyer review*) until the AP clerk receives instructions from the buyer.

When the buyer has resolved the exception, the invoice status changes from **B** status (*pending buyer review*) to **A** status (*available for accounts payable processing*) on the *IRQ* screen. The invoice is now available to the AP clerk for processing.

NOTES

The buyer may instruct the AP clerk to pay the invoice without additional processing or to make changes before it is paid.

- If the buyer instructs the AP clerk to pay the invoice without any additional processing, he or she releases the invoice for payment from the IRQ using the **P** (pay-as-is) selection.
- If the permit-to-pay amount has been exceeded for the invoice and the buyer instructs the AP clerk to pay the invoice without any additional processing, then the AP clerk releases the invoice for payment from the IRQ screen using the F (force pay) selection.
- If the buyer instructs the AP clerk to make changes to the invoice before releasing it for payment, the AP clerk must release the invoice from the *IRQ* using the **S** (additional processing) selection. The *ILA* screen will then appear with the invoice information. The AP clerk applies the buyer's instructions to the invoice. Once the changes have been made, the audit controls are reapplied to the invoice.

If an exception occurs again, the AP clerk must review the changes he or she made to ensure that the information is accurate. If he or she cannot resolve the exception, the AP clerk passes the document back to the buyer for further review. The AP clerk may add comments to the invoice before passing it back for review. If no exception occurs, the invoice is accepted by the system and made eligible for payment.



The **AP Action Report** prints everyday in Systemware and details the exceptions resolved on the previous day. The AP clerk may also use this report to view the buyer's instructions. The **AP Action Report** is located in Systemware group **MM122-6**. This report is **AP-A0005**.

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to respond to a unit price tolerance exception.

WALKTHROUGH: Responding to a Unit Price Tolerance Exception

SCENARIO

You have received a multiple line invoice from US Office Products. The vendor number is 560746125 A and the county code for Wake county is 92. The unit price on the invoice for office equipment stands is \$25.00 that exceeds the unit price of \$23.96 entered by the buyer on the PO line. A unit price tolerance exception occurs when you try to enter the invoice line information.

You are going to add comments to the invoice before passing it to the buyer.

- 1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
- 2. Type **S** in the SELECT field for control group 123.
- 3. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *IMP* screen in control group 123.

Invoice: US Office Produ PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 276	Invoice Number: 7893213006 Invoice Date: 02/09/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Stands for Office Equipment & Machines	20	25.00	500.00
Wall Shelf Garment Rack	2	85.00	170.00
Copy Stands	20	10.70	214.00
Diskette Trays	20	4.90	98.00
PO# XX40000210		Freight: Tax: Total:	58.92 1040.92

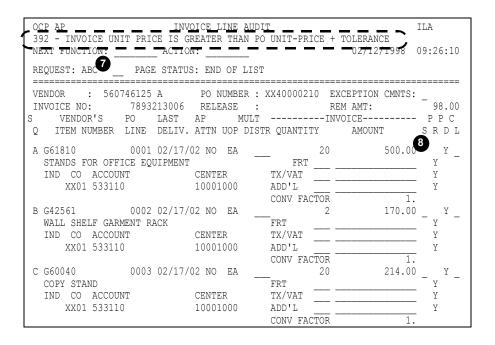
4. Enter the **invoice header information** on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information**.)

Your IMP screen should look as follows:

NOTES

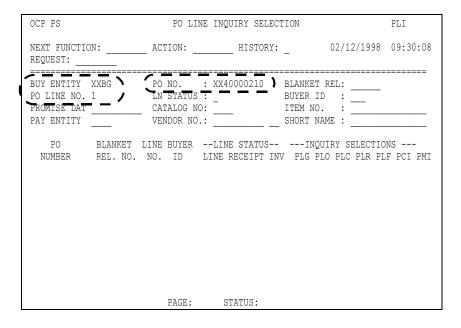
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NOT ENTERED NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: 02/18/1998 14:5 REQUEST:	==== : _
VENDOR SHORT NAME: USOFFICEPRODUCT US OFFICE PRODUCTS VENDOR NUMBER: 560746125 A RALEIGH CM/DM NC 27602 P O BUY ENTITY: XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000210 RELEASE: ALL: GROSS AMOUNT: 1040.92 FREIGHT: SALES TAX/VAT: 58.92 ADDITIONAL COST: SALES TAX 2: SALES TAX 3: REMIT MSG:	_
P O BUY ENTITY : XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000210 RELEASE: ALL: GROSS AMOUNT : 1040.92 FREIGHT : SALES TAX/VAT : 58.92 ADDITIONAL COST : SALES TAX 2 : SALES TAX 3 : REMIT MSG : SALES TAX 3	: 1
SALES TAX/VAT : 58.92 ADDITIONAL COST : SALES TAX 2 : SALES TAX 3 : REMIT MSG :	_
COUNTY CODE : 92	
TERMS CODE : N30 DISCOUNT AMT/PCT : PAYMENT DUE DATE : REASON CODE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: FACTOR NUMBER : PROVISIONAL DATE : IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD: PAYMENT ROUTE CD : BAP CODE : 06D CURRENCY CODE : EXPENSE : 001 PAYABLES : DISCOUNT : 001 ACCOUNTING RULE : 01 HANDLING : INTERCO PAYABLES :	====

- 5. Press Enter to process the invoice header information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.
- 6. Identify and tag the appropriate PO lines for the amounts shown on the invoice. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**.)
 - Remember to type **500.00** in the AMOUNT field on the first line.



The system displays the following error message: **392 - INVOICE UNIT PRICE IS GREATER THAN PO UNIT-PRICE + TOLERANCE**.

- 7. Delete **ABC** (or **S**) from the REQUEST field to untag the PO line.
- 8. Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field of the first line and press Enter to access the *PO Line Information (PLI)* screen.



Note that your buying entity, PO number and PO line number default to the *PLI* screen.

9. Press Enter to view detailed information about this PO line.

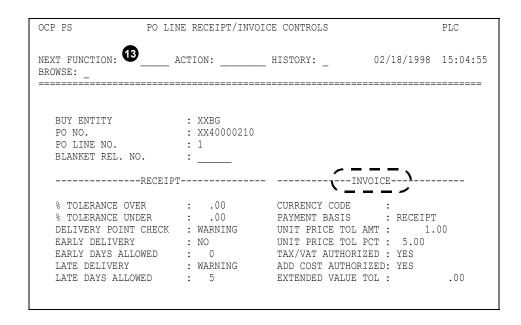
OCP PS		PO LIN	E INQUI	RY SELECT	TION	PLI
NEXT FUNCTION:	:	ACTION:		HISTORY:	_ 02/18/1998	15:01:24
BUY ENTITY XX PO LINE NO. 1 PROMISE DAT PAY ENTITY		PO NO. LN STATUS CATALOG NO VENDOR NO.	: _):		BLANKET REL: BUYER ID : ITEM NO. : SHORT NAME :	
					INQUIRY SELECTIO PLG PLO PLC PLR PL	
	ITEM N	001 B01 00: G61810		PROMISE	10 10 DATE: 03/01/2002 -	
XX40000210 CATALOG NO: XX40000210	ITEM N	002 B01 0: G42561 003 B01	1	C O PROMISE C O	DATE: 03/01/2002 -	
CATALOG NO: XX40000210	0	O: G60040	1	C 0	DATE: 03/01/2002	·
CATALOG NO:	ITEM N	0001472		PROMISE	DATE: 03/01/2002	
		PAGE:	1 STA	TUS: END	OF LIST	

10. Type **S** in the PLO and PLC fields and press Inter to select the PO Line Ordered Line Information (PLO) PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC) screen for PO line 0001.

```
PO LINE ORDERED ITEM INFORMATION
OCP PS
                                                                   PLO
NEXT FUNCTION: _____ ACTION: ____ HISTORY: _
                                                     02/18/1998 10:34:09
_____
   BUY ENTITY : XXBG
   PO NO. : XX40000210 PO LINE NO. : 1
   BLANKET REL. NO. : _
   CATALOG NO.
   ITEM NO. : G61810 ENG.
ITEM DESC. : STANDS FOR OFFICE EQUIPMENT
                                           ENG. CHG. NUMBER :
   VENDOR ITEM NO. : G61810
   VENDOR ITEM DESC.: STANDS FOR OFFICE EQUIPMENT
   PRINT ITEM SPECS.: YES
                             EACH VENDOR PROMISE DALL.

20 FOLLOW-UP DATE : 03/01/2002
REQUIRED DATE : 03/01/2002
   UNIT OF PURCHASE : EA
                          - EACH
  QUANTITY UOP:
UNIT PRICE :
PRICE TYPE :
                         - EACH
   STOCKKEEPING UNIT: EA
   SKU CONV. FACTOR : 1.0
                SKU:
   OUANTITY
                              20.00
   STD LOT SIZE QTY :
```

11. Look at the UNIT PRICE field. Note that the PO displays a unit price of \$23.96. The invoice shows a unit price of \$25.00. Press [Inter] to access the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC) screen.



12. Look at the INVOICE section of the screen. Note the values in the UNIT PRICE TOL AMT and the UNIT PRICE TOL PCT fields.

For this PO line, the unit price tolerance percent has been set at 5 percent and the unit price tolerance amount has been set at \$1.00. The PO line unit price is \$23.96. In this case, the unit price tolerance percent range is \$22.76 to \$25.16. The unit price tolerance amount range is \$22.96 to \$24.96. Remember that when both unit price tolerances have been set, the more restrictive tolerance applies. Because the unit price tolerance amount range is more restrictive, it will be applied to this PO line.

When the tolerance is applied, an exception occurs because the invoice price of \$25.00 exceeds the unit price tolerance amount range.

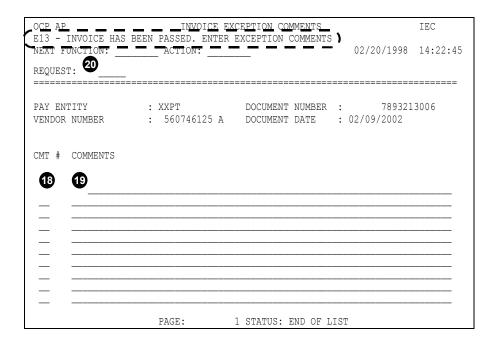
13. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to return to the *ILA* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE LINE AUD	IT		ILA
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		02/18/1998	15:06:07
REQUEST: 191516 PAGE	STATUS: MORE			
VENDOR : 560746125 INVOICE NO: 78932	A PO NUMBER : 213006 RELEASE :		CEPTION CMNTS	982.00
S VENDOR'S PO Q ITEM NUMBER LINE A G61810 0001	DELIV. ATTN UOP DIS		OICE AMOUNT 500.0	SRDL
STANDS FOR OFFICE EQUIND CO ACCOUNT	JIPMENT CENTER	FRT		- Y - Y - Y
XX01 533110 B G42561 0002	10001000 02/17/00 NO EA	ADD'L CONV FACTOR 2	170.00	•
WALL SHELF GARMENT RAIND CO ACCOUNT XX01 533110	ACK CENTER 10001000	FRT TX/VAT ADD'L		- Y - Y - Y
C G60040 0003	02/17/00 NO EA _	CONV FACTOR 20	214.00	
IND CO ACCOUNT XX01 533110	CENTER 10001000	TX/VAT		- Y - Y - Y

14. Tag the appropriate PO line on the *ILA* screen and press Inter. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices.**)

The system redisplays the following error message: **392 - INVOICE UNIT PRICE IS GREATER THAN PO-UNIT PRICE + TOLER-ANCE.**

- 15. Type **CONT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to continue processing the invoice.
- 16. Tag the appropriate PO lines on the *ILA* screen and press Enter.
- 17. Type **C** in the EXCEPTION CMNTS field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen.



The system displays the following message: **E13 - INVOICE HAS BEEN PASSED. ENTER EXCEPTION COMMENTS.** This indicates that the invoice has been passed to the buyer.

- 18. Type **01** in the CMT # field.
- 19. Type **Invoice unit price on line 1 = \$25.00** in the COMMENTS field.
- 20. Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to go to a blank *IMP* screen.

The buyer can view passed invoices on the *Invoice Work Queue* (*IWQ*) screen. The AP clerk can view a list of passed invoices on the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue* (*IRQ*) screen.

21. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to apply the buyer's instructions to a unit price tolerance exception.

NOTES

WALKTHROUGH: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to a Unit Price Tolerance Exception

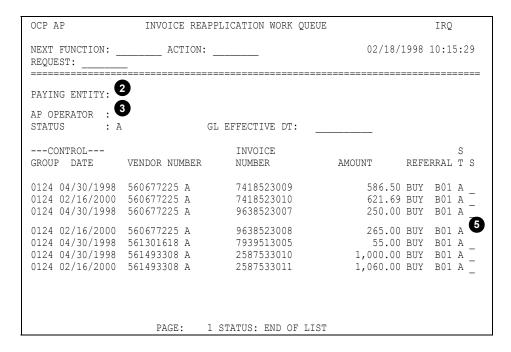
SCENARIO

You had an exception on a previous invoice from US Office Products for 10 equipment stands because the invoice unit price exceeded the PO unit price. You had passed this invoice to the buyer for resolution of the error. The vendor number is 560746125 A.

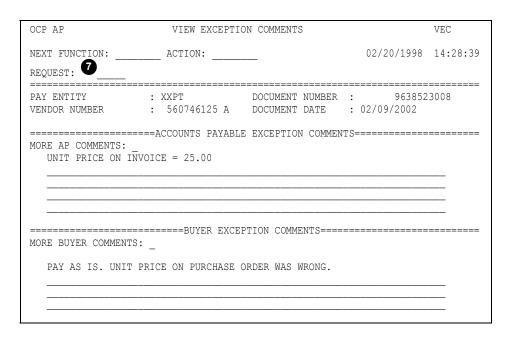
The buyer has instructed you to pay the invoice as is.

Invoice: US Office Products PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 27602		Invoice Number: 9638523008 Invoice Date: 02/09/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Stands for Office Equipment & Machines	10	25.00	250.00
PO# XX40000211		Freight: Tax: Total:	15.00 265.00

- 1. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press **Enter** to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.
- Type your operator ID (XX) in the AP OPERATOR field.
- 3. Type **A** in the STATUS field and press to view a list of the invoices that are available for accounts payable processing.



- 4. Locate invoice number **9638523008**.
- 5. Type **V** in the s (SELECT) field for invoice number 9638523008.
- 6. Press Enter to access the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen and view the buyer's instructions.



The buyer's instructions for this invoice indicate that no further processing is required. The invoice should be paid as is.

7. Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the *IRQ* screen.

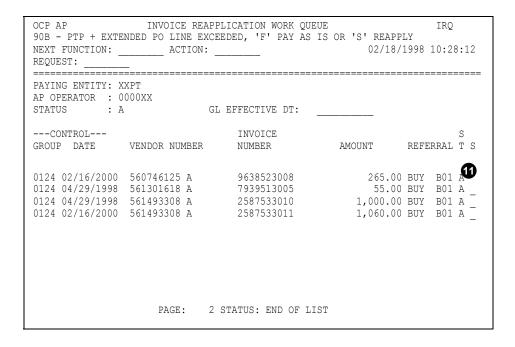
OCP AP	INVOICE REAPP	LICATION WORK QUE	UE	IRQ
NEXT FUNCTION: _ REQUEST:	ACTION: _		02/18,	/1998 10:28:12
PAYING ENTITY: X AP OPERATOR : 0 STATUS : A	000XX	EFFECTIVE DT:		
CONTROL GROUP DATE	VENDOR NUMBER	INVOICE NUMBER	AMOUNT	S REFERRAL T S
0124 02/16/2000 0124 04/29/1998 0124 04/29/1998 0124 02/16/2000	561301618 A 561493308 A	9638523008 7939513005 2587533010 2587533011	265.00 55.00 1,000.00 1,060.00	BUY B01 A _
	PAGE: 2	STATUS: END OF LI	ST	

8. Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field to *pay the invoice as is*, without any further changes.

The code you enter in the s (SELECT) field tells the system how to further process the invoice. You can enter:

- **P** to pay as is, if no further processing is required.
- **F** to *force pay*, if no further processing is required and the permit-to-pay has been exceeded for the invoice.
- **S** for *additional processing*, if the buyer has issued instructions for further processing.
- **V** to access the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen and read the buyer's instructions.
- **C** to access the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen and add comments to the invoice.
- 9. Press Enter to process the invoice.

The system displays the following error message: **90b - PTP + EXTENDED PO LINE EXCEEDED, 'F' PAY AS IS OR 'S' REAP-PLY.** When the permit-to-pay has been exceeded on an invoice, you cannot use the **P** option to pay as is. You will need to force pay the invoice.



- 10. Press Inter to clear the exception message and continue processing the invoice.
- 11. Type **F** in the S (SELECT) field to *force pay* the invoice without further changes.
- 12. Press Enter to process the invoice.

The invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen. The error has been resolved and the system has accepted the invoice for payment.

The preceding two walkthroughs demonstrated how an AP clerk might process an invoice with a unit price tolerance exception.

A unit price tolerance exception occurs when the invoice line's unit price exceeds the unit price tolerance range. When a unit price tolerance exception occurs, the AP clerk must pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception.

The unit price tolerance control serves a dual purpose:

- It keeps the state from over/under paying for purchases.
- At the same time, the tolerance allows for small variations in prices.
 In general, it is not practical to process exceptions for one cent differences.

In the preceding walkthrough, the buyer reviewed the exception and instructed the AP clerk to pay the invoice as is.

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to respond to an extended value tolerance exception.

NOTES

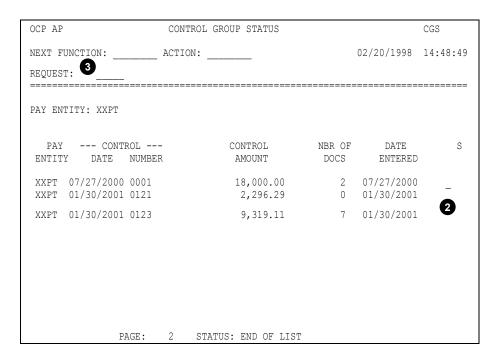
WALKTHROUGH: Responding to an Extended Value Tolerance Exception (Price-Related)

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from US Office Products for 10 file cabinets. The vendor number is 560746125 A and is located in Wake county which has a county code of 92. The unit price on the invoice exceeds the PO line unit price of \$57.40, but the unit price difference is within the unit price tolerance range. However, the extended value for the invoice line also exceeds the extended value for the PO line and this difference exceeds the extended value tolerance range.

You will receive an exception message when you try to process this invoice.

1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.



- 2. Type **S** in the SELECT field for control group 123.
- 3. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *IMP* screen in control group 123.

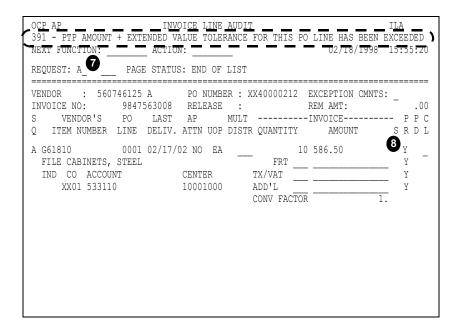
Invoice: US Office Products PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 27602		Invoice Number: 98475630085 Invoice Date: 02/17/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Steel Vertical File Cabinets	10	58.65	586.50	
PO# XX40000212		Freight: Tax: Total:	35.19 621.69	

4. Type the **invoice header information** on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information**.)

Your screen should look as follows:

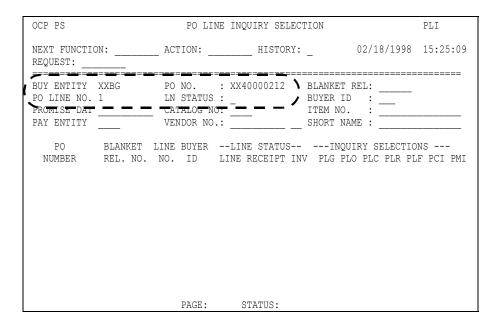
OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		02/18/1998 15:50:19
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER :	USOFFICEPRODUCT US OFFICE PRODUCTS	EXCEPTION CMNTS: _ CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000212 RELEA	ASE: ALL: _
SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	SALES TAX 3	: : :
	92 ================================	
TERMS CODE PAYMENT DUE DATE: GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE: PAYMENT ROUTE CD: EXPENSE ACCOUNTING RULE	REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER SIGNATURE APPR CI BAP CODE: 06D CURRENCY CODE O01 PAYABLES: DISCOUNT	:

- 5. Press Enter to process the invoice header information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.
- 6. Identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount of the invoice. Press Inter to tag the PO line. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information**.)
 - Remember to type **586.50** in the AMOUNT field.



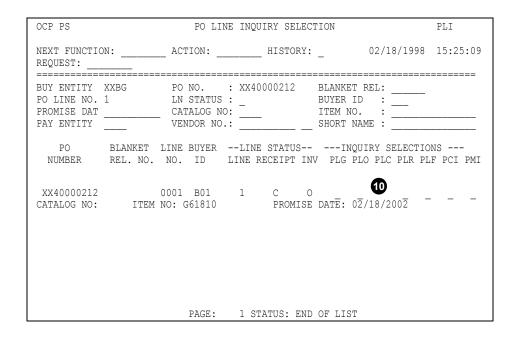
The system displays the following error message: 391 - PTP
AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO
LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

- Note that the value in the QUANTITY field matches the invoice quantity. Therefore, the extended value tolerance exception is not caused by a difference in quantity. This exception is price-related.
- 7. Delete **A** from the REQUEST field to untag the PO line.
- 8. Type **P** in the s field and press to access the *PO Line Information (PLI)* screen.



Note that your buy entity, PO number, and PO line number has defaulted to the *PLI* screen.

9. Press Enter to view information about this PO line.



10. Type **S** in the PLC field and press <u>Enter</u> to *select* the *PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC)* screen for PO line 0001.

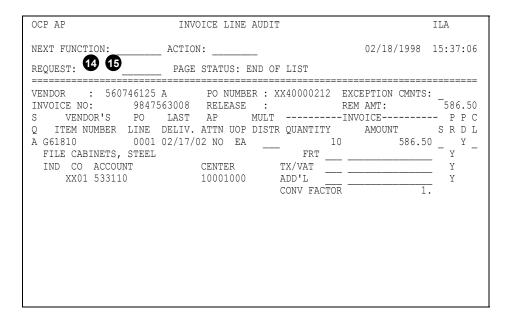
OCP PS PO LII	NE RECEIPT/INVOI	CE CONTROLS		PLC
NEXT FUNCTION: 13 P	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/18/1998	16:07:42
	: XXBG : XX40000212 : 1 :		 OICE	
% TOLERANCE OVER % TOLERANCE UNDER DELIVERY POINT CHECK EARLY DELIVERY EARLY DAYS ALLOWED	: .00 : .00 : WARNING : NO : 0	CURRENCY CODE PAYMENT BASIS UNIT PRICE TOL F UNIT PRICE TOL F TAX/VAT AUTHORIZ ADD COST AUTHORI EXTENDED VALUE T	: RECEIPT AMT: 1. PCT: 5.00 EED: YES ZED: YES	.50

11. Look at the INVOICE section of the screen. Note that the value in the UNIT PRICE TOL AMT field is \$1.50 and the UNIT PRICE TOL PCT field is 5 percent.

The PO line unit price is \$57.40. The unit price tolerance *amount* range is \$55.90 to \$58.90. The unit price tolerance *percent* range is \$54.53 to \$60.27. The unit price tolerance *amount* range applies since it is more restrictive.

Note that the invoice unit price of \$58.65 falls within the unit price tolerance range.

- 12. Note that the value in the EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE field is \$10.00. The PO line's extended value is \$574.00. The extended value tolerance range is \$564.00 to \$584.00. Therefore, the invoice extended value of \$586.50 exceeds the extended value tolerance range.
- 13. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press inter to return to your *ILA* screen.



14. Tag the appropriate PO line on the *ILA* screen and press Enter.

The system redisplays the following message: 391 - PTP
AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO
LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

15. Type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception. A blank *IMP* screen appears.

The buyer can view this invoice from the buyer's *Invoice Work* Queue (*IWQ*) screen. The AP clerk can see the same invoice on the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue* (*IRQ*) screen.

16. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

This walkthrough will demonstrate how to apply the buyer's instructions to an extended value tolerance exception.

NOTES

WALKTHROUGH: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to an Extended Value Tolerance Exception (Price-Related)

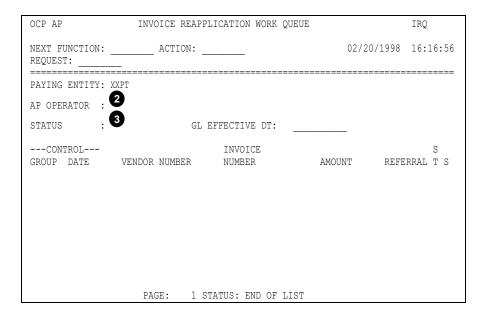
SCENARIO

Three days ago, you had an exception on a previous invoice from US Office Products because the invoice line's extended value exceeded the PO line extended value. You passed this invoice to the buyer for resolution of the error. You have also received a credit memo from the vendor.

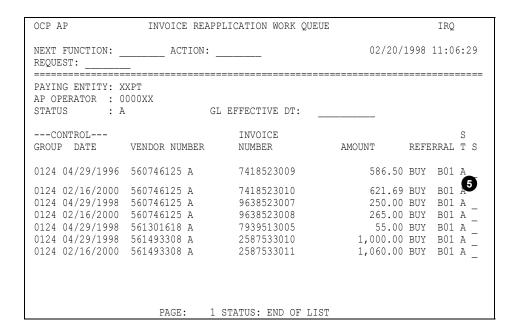
The buyer has instructed you to pay the invoice as per the PO and to apply the vendor's credit memo. The vendor number is 560746125 A and is located in Wake county which has a county code of 92.

Invoice: US Office Products PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 27602		Invoice Number: 7418523010 Invoice Date: 02/17/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Steel Vertical File Cabinets	10	58.65	586.50	
PO# XX40000213		Freight: Tax: Total:	35.19 621.69	

1. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.



- 2. Type **your operator ID (XX)** in the AP OPERATOR field.
- 3. Type **A** in the STATUS field and press <u>Enter</u> to view a list of the invoices that are *available for accounts payable processing*.



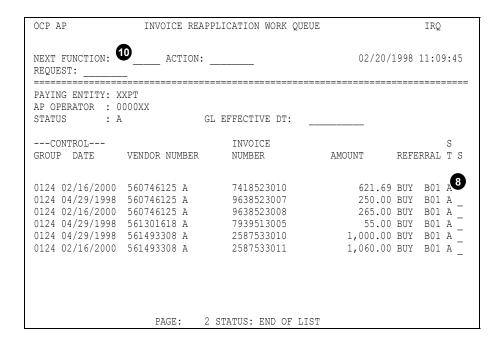
- 4. Locate invoice number **7418523010**.
- 5. Type **V** in the S (SELECT) field for invoice number **7418523010**.
- 6. Press Enter to access the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen and view the buyer's instructions.

OCP AP	VIEW EXCEPTION	ON COMMENTS		VEC
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		07/01/1998	11:13:52
REQUEST: 7				
PAY ENTITY VENDOR NUMBER	: XXPT : 560746125 A	DOCUMENT NUMBER DOCUMENT DATE		23010
MORE AP COMMENTS:	ERROR. UNIT PRICE F		NTS====================================	
MORE BUYER COMMEN	=====BUYER EXCE	PTION COMMENTS====		
PAY PER PURCHAS	SE ORDER. PAY INVOIC	CE ONLY AFTER VENI	OOR'S CREDIT MEN	40

The buyer's instructions indicate that the invoice should be paid as per the PO. In other words, you need to make a payment to the vendor of \$608.44. To make this payment, you must first pay the invoice as is (that is, pay \$621.69) and then apply the vendor's credit memo for \$13.25 which is the difference between the invoice and the PO (\$621.69 - \$608.44 = \$13.25).

The system reads a credit memo as a negative amount which offsets the invoice for the same PO. Therefore, by entering an invoice for \$621.69 and applying the credit memo for \$13.25, the system will pay the vendor \$608.44 which is the difference between the invoice and the credit memo (\$621.69 - \$13.25 = \$608.44).

7. Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the *IRQ* screen.



8. Type **F** in the S (SELECT) field to *force pay* the invoice.

You need to use the **F** option to pay the invoice instead of **P**, since the permit-to-pay has been exceeded for the invoice. If you type **P** in the S (SELECT) field, you will receive the following error message: **90B - PTP + EXTENDED PO LINE EXCEEDED**, **'F' PAY AS IS OR 'S' REAPPLY**.

9. Press Enter to process the invoice.

Notice that the invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen.

Invoice number 7418523010 is now eligible for a payment of \$621.69. To ensure a payment of \$608.44, it is important to apply the vendor's credit memo as soon as possible, preferably within the same payment cycle as the invoice.

To ensure that the invoice memo and the credit memo are in the same payment cycle, verify the date the invoice is due. The AP clerk can verify the payment due date by doing one of the following:

- Check the payment date on the invoice or
- In the absence of a payment date, calculate the payment due date using the invoice date and the terms code

You have received the following credit memo from the vendor:

NOTES

Invoice: US Office Products PO Box 2060 Raleigh, NC 27602		Invoice Number: 7418523010CM Invoice Date: 02/19/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Steel Vertical File Cabinets			12.50	
PO# XX40000213		Freight: Tax: Total:	.75 13.25	

- 10. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.
 - To access control group 124 in the practice region, you must type **CGR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Review (CGR)* screen. Continue with step 11.

OCP AP			CONTRO	L GROUP STATUS			CGS
NEXT FU	UNCTION:	<i>I</i>	ACTION:			02/24/1998 1	3:04:15
REQUES'	T: @	======	======				======
PAY EN	TITY: XXPT						
PAY				CONTROL	NBR OF	DATE	S
ENTIT	Y DATE	NUMBER		AMOUNT	DOCS	ENTERED	
XXPE	02/20/2000			750.00	1	02/20/2000	_
XXPT	04/10/1997			195,000.00	3	04/10/1997	_
XXPT	04/12/1997			400.00	15		_
XXPT XXPT	04/26/1998 04/27/1998			4.56 1,000.00	1 1	04/26/1998 04/27/1998	_
XXPT	04/27/1996			3,196.50	4	04/2//1998	_
XXPT	04/30/1998			3,891.50	4	04/30/1998	_
XXPT	02/16/2000			16.00	1	02/16/2000	_
XXPT	02/16/2000	0124		3,999.69	4	02/16/2000	Œ
XXPT	02/16/2000	1001		16.90	1	02/16/2000	
XXPT	02/19/2000	1001		750.00	1	02/19/2000	_
		PAGE:	1	STATUS: MORE			_

11. Type **S** in the SELECT field for control group 124.

Like other AP documents such as invoices and employee reimbursements, debit and credit memos must be batched and entered in control groups. However, a credit memo does not have to be part of the same control group as the corresponding invoice.

12. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *IMP* screen in control group 124.

Credit memos are entered on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. You must type in the header information for a credit memo just as you would for the corresponding invoice except for the CM/DM field. This field has three possible values:

C for a credit memo
D for a debit memo
I for an invoice

The default for the CM/DM field is set at I.

When applying a credit memo, remember to type **C** in the CM/DM field on the *IMP* screen *before* processing the vendor information.

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
235 - ENTER REQUIRE NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	D KEY FIELDS ACTION:	02/24/1998 13:50:05
VENDOR SHORT NAME:	13 DATE: 14	EXCEPTION CMNTS:
VENDOR NUMBER :	15	CM/DM:
P O BUY ENTITY :	19_ PONUMBER: 20	RELEASE: ALL: 21
GROSS AMOUNT :	22 FREIGHT	:
SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	ADDITIONAL CO. SALES TAX 3	ST :
COUNTY CODE :	4 	
TERMS CODE : PAYMENT DUE DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE : PAYMENT ROUTE CD : EXPENSE :	DISCOUNT AMT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE APT BAP CODE: CURRENCY CODE PAYABLES: DISCOUNT	/PCT :
PAYMENT DUE DATE: GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE: PAYMENT ROUTE CD:	REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE AP CURRENCY CODE	: R : PR CD: E :

- 13. Type the **credit memo number (7418523010CM)** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 14. Type **021902** in the DATE field.
- 15. Type **560746125** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 16. Type **A** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 17. Type **C** in the CM/DM field to indicate that you are entering a *credit* memo.

18. Press Enter to process the information and to return the vendor name and address to the *IMP* screen.

NOTES

- 19. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 20. Type **XX40000213** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.
- 21. Type **X** in the ALL field to display closed PO lines.
- 22. Type **13.25** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
 - Type the value of the credit memo as a positive number (and not as a negative number) because the system automatically subtracts debit/credit memo values from an invoice. Note that if you type in a negative value, the system will reverse the sign on the credit memo value and add it to the invoice instead of subtracting it.
- 23. Type .75 in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- 24. Type **92** in the COUNTY CODE field since Raleigh is in Wake county. The county code for Wake is 92.
- 25. Verify that **NET** is displayed in the TERMS CODE field so the credit will be applied against the next invoice from that vendor.

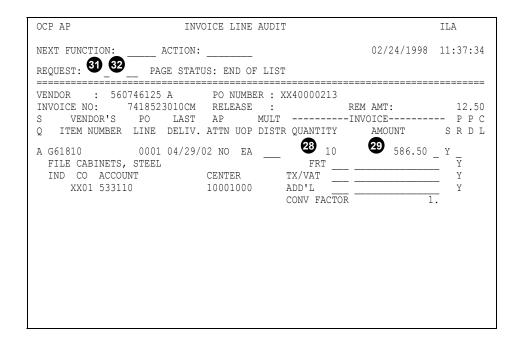
Type the value of the credit memo as a positive number (and *not* as a negative number) because the system automatically subtracts debit/credit memo values from an invoice. Note that if you type in a negative value, the system will reverse the sign on the credit memo value and *add* it to the invoice instead of subtracting it.

26. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with a credit memo.

The *ILA* screen for a credit memo is processed in the same way as it is for an invoice. Remember to change the QUANTITY and AMOUNT fields where appropriate.

If a credit memo reflects only a **dollar adjustment** (as in this scenario), then type **0** in the QUANTITY field to indicate that quantity is not applicable. Then type the value of the dollar adjustment (in this case, \$12.50) in the AMOUNT field.

If a credit memo reflects a **quantity and dollar adjustment** (e.g., when goods are returned), then type the quantity of returned goods in the QUANTITY field and the value of the dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.



27. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the credit memo. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.

Because this credit memo reflects a **dollar adjustment**, type **0** in the QUANTITY field to indicate that quantity is not applicable. Then type the value of the dollar adjustment (in this case, \$12.50) in the AMOUNT field.

- 28. Type **0** in the QUANTITY field to indicate that quantity is not applicable.
- 29. Type **12.50** in the AMOUNT field.
 - Again, you do not need to type a negative value in the AMOUNT field. The system automatically reads debit/credit values as negative.
- 30. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.
- 31. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001 and press Inter to tag the PO line.
- 32. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to complete this credit memo entry and to access a blank *IMP* screen.

You have now paid the invoice as per the PO and applied the corresponding credit memo.

NOTES

When you apply a credit memo, you must remember to change the control group's control amount in order to balance the control group.

When you created control group 124, you did not take into account the effects of this credit memo. Because a credit memo is a negative value, the gross document amount of control group 124 is reduced by \$13.25. However, the control amount is still \$3,999.69. Therefore, you will not be able to balance control group 124 until you change the control amount.

- 33. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
 - To access control group 124 in the practice region, type **CGR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Review (CGR) screen. Continue with step 34.

OCP AP		CC	NTROL (GROUP STATUS		CG	3
NEXT FUN REQUEST:		ACT	'ION:		02	2/18/1998 14	:46:48 =====
PAY ENTI	TY:						
PAY ENTITY	CONTRO DATE N	L UMBER		CONTROL AMOUNT	NBR OF DOCS	DATE ENTERED	S
XXPT XXPT XXPT XXPT XXPT XXPT XXPT	04/10/1997 04/12/1997 04/26/1998 04/27/1998 04/30/1998 04/30/1998 02/16/2000	0001 0001 0002 0003 0124		195,000.00 400.00 4.56 1,000.00 3,196.50 3,891.50 16.00		04/12/1997 04/26/1998	
XXPT XXPT XXPT XXPT	02/16/2000 02/16/2000 02/19/2000 07/27/2000	1001 1001	1	3,999.69 16.90 750.00 18,000.00 STATUS: MORE	5 1 1 2	02/16/2000 02/16/2000 02/19/2000 07/27/2000	34 - - -

- 34. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field for control group 124.
- 35. Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.
- 36. Reduce the value in the CONTROL AMOUNT field by \$13.25 from \$3,999.69 to \$3,986.44 and press [Enter] to process the change.

The preceding two walkthroughs demonstrated how an AP clerk might process an invoice with an extended value tolerance exception.

An extended value exception occurs when the invoice line's extended value exceeds the extended value tolerance range. When an extended value tolerance exception occurs, the AP clerk must pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception.

The extended value control serves the following purpose:

- It prevents the state from overpaying or underpaying for PO lines.
- At the same time, a tolerance allows for small variations in the PO line's PTP amount.
- The extended value tolerance also provides a check in addition to the unit price tolerance. For example, it may not be practical to process exceptions for one cent variations in price. However, if an agency is purchasing several thousand items, a one cent differential can add up to a variation of several dollars on a PO line.

In the preceding walkthrough, the buyer reviewed the exception and required the AP clerk to do the following:

- Pay the invoice as per the PO
- Apply the vendor's credit memo to the PO line

This activity will demonstrate how to respond to a quantity-related exception.

WALKTHROUGH: Responding to an Extended Value Tolerance Exception (Quantity-Related)

SCENARIO

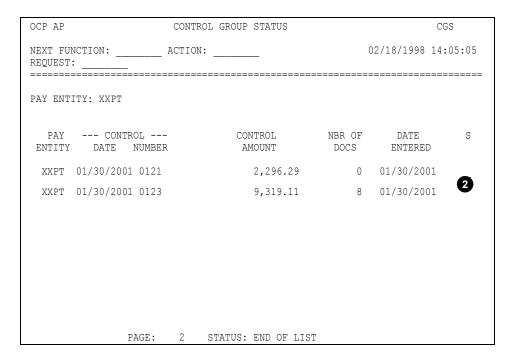
You left invoice number 9874563003 (Activity: Permit-to-Pay Calculation Using the Receipt Payment Basis) from Mabry Office Equipment, Inc. incomplete. This invoice is an example of the invoiced quantity exceeding the received quantity.

Remember that the system would not let you balance the invoice because the invoiced quantity exceeded the quantity received. The system displayed the following message: 391 - PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

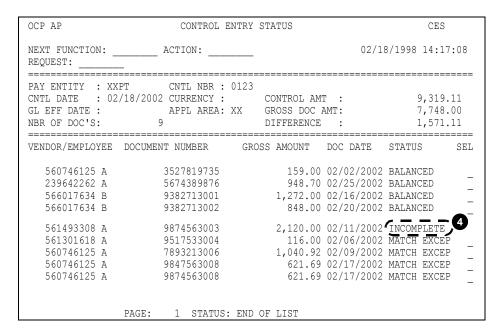
Retrieve this incomplete invoice and pass it to the buyer for review. You will add a comment to let the buyer know why the exception occurred. The vendor number is 561493308 A.

Invoice: Mabry Office Equipment PO Box 2427 Shelby, NC 28150		Invoice Number: 987456003 Invoice Date: 02/11/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Wood Desks	20	100.00	2000.00	
PO# XX40000207		Freight: Tax: Total:	120.00 2120.00	

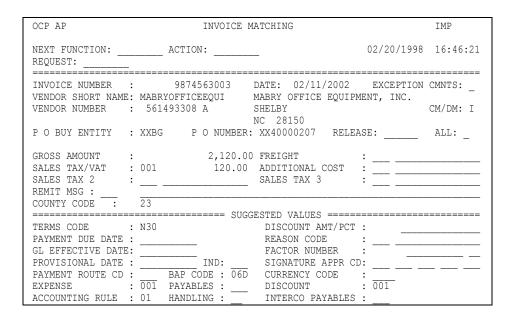
1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.



2. Type **S** in the SELECT field for control group 123 and press Enter to access the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.



- Locate invoice number 9874563003. Note that it has an INCOM-PLETE status because we did not complete processing it when we received an exception earlier.
- 4. Type **S** in the SELECT field and press Inter to access the *IMP* screen for invoice number 9874563003.
- 5. Review the information on the *IMP* screen.



- 6. Press Enter to process the information and to access the *ILA* screen for invoice 9874563003.
- 7. Review the information on the *ILA* screen. The QUANTITY field should have a value of 20 and the AMOUNT field should have a value of **2000**.

OCP AP	INVOICE LINE	AUDIT		ILA
	ACTION: PAGE STATUS: END OF		2/20/1998	16:47:47
INVOICE NO: S VENDOR'S Q ITEM NUMBER 1 A G42521 DESKS, WOOD: COL IND CO ACCOUNT	9874563003 RELEASE PO LAST AP	MULTINVOI DISTR QUANTITY A 20 CONTEMPO FRT TX/VAT	MT: CE	00 P P C S R D L Y Y Y

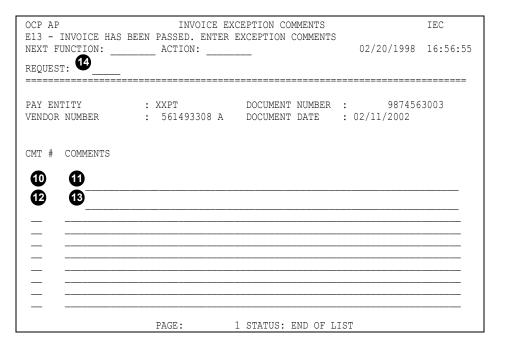
8. Tag the PO line, if it is not already tagged and press Inter. (Refer to Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices.)

The system displays the following error message: 391 - PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED.

OCP AP IN 391 - PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED NEXT FUNCTION: ACTI	ON:	LINE HAS BEEN : 02/20/1998	
	B RELEASE : C AP MULT MULT MULT MULT MULT MULT QUANTITY MULT NO EA 20 MULT & CONTEMPO FRT CENTER TX/VAT	REM AMT: INVOICE AMOUNT 2000.	.00 P P C S R D L - Y - Y - Y - Y -

9. Type **C** in the EXCEPTION CMNTS field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen.

The message **E13 - INVOICE HAS BEEN PASSED. ENTER EXCEPTION COMMENTS** will appear at the top of the *IEC* screen. This indicates that the invoice has been passed to the buyer.



- 10. Type **01** in the CMT # field.
- 11. Type **Invoice quantity =** 20 in the COMMENTS field.
- 12. Type **02** in the CMT # field below line 01.
- 13. Type **Only 5 received per system** in the COMMENTS field.
- 14. Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to go to a blank *IMP* screen.

The buyer can view the invoice you passed from the buyer's *Invoice Work Queue (IWQ)* screen. You can view the invoice from your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.

15. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

This activity will demonstrate how to apply the buyer's instructions to a quantity-related exception.

NOTES

ACTIVITY: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to an Extended Value Tolerance Exception (Quantity-Related)

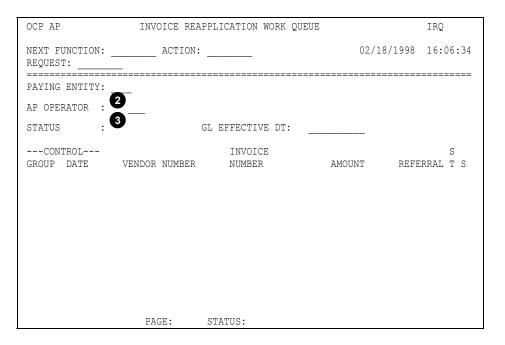
SCENARIO

You had an exception on a previous invoice from Mabry Office Equipment, Inc. because the invoice line's quantity exceeded the received quantity. The invoice quantity is ten wood desks, but only four desks have been received and recorded in the system. You passed this invoice to the buyer for resolution of the error.

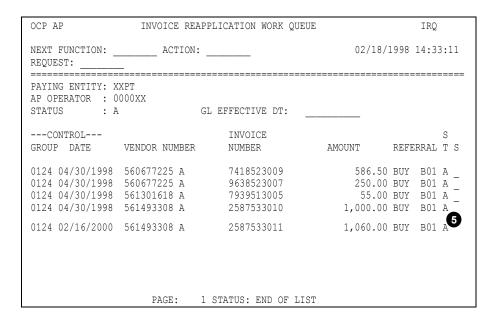
The buyer has instructed you to issue a debit memo and to pay for goods received only. The vendor number is 561493308 A who is located in Cleveland county which has a county code of 23.

Invoice:	Mabry Office Eq PO Box 2427 Shelby, NC 281	• •	Invoice Number: 2587533011 Invoice Date: 02/11/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Wood De	sks	10	100.00	1000.00
PO# XX40	0000214		Freight: Tax: Total:	60.00 1060.00

1. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press **Enter** to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.



- 2. Type your operator ID (XX) in the AP OPERATOR field.
- 3. Type **A** in the STATUS field and press Enter to view a list of the invoices that are available for accounts payable processing.

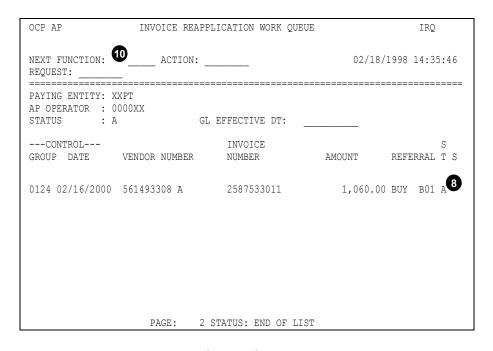


- 4. Locate invoice number **2587533011**.
- 5. Type **V** in the s (SELECT) field for invoice number 2587533011.
- 6. Press Inter to access the *View Exception Comments (VEC)* screen and view the buyer's instructions.

OCP AP	VIEW EXCEPTION	ON COMMENTS		VEC
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		02/23/1998	14:40:20
REQUEST: 7				
PAY ENTITY VENDOR NUMBER	: XXPT : 561493308 A	DOCUMENT NUMBER :		3011
MORE AP COMMENTS: INVOICE IS FOR	====ACCOUNTS PAYABLE ALL 10 DESKS THAT HA HAVE BEEN RECEIVED	AVE BEEN ORDERED.	3======	
========== MORE BUYER COMMENT	=====BUYER EXCEF S: _	PTION COMMENTS=====		
PAY \$400 ONLY. MEMO FOR \$600.	BALANCE OF SHIPMENT	WAS NOT RECEIVED.	ISSUE A DEBI	T

The buyer's instructions indicate that you should only pay for the goods that have actually been received and to issue a debit memo for the goods that were not received. In other words, you need to make a payment to the vendor for \$424.00. To make this payment, you must first delete the invoice as is (that is, pay \$1,060.00) and then pay issue a debit memo for \$636.00 which is the difference between the invoice and the goods received (\$1,060.00 - \$424.00).

7. Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the *IRQ* screen.



8. Type **F** in the s (SELECT) field to *force pay* the invoice.

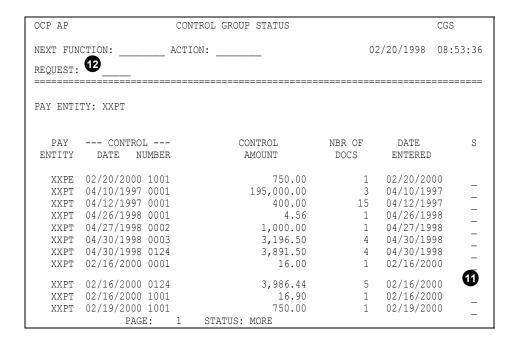
9. Press Enter to process the invoice.

Note that the invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen.

Invoice 2587533011 is now eligible for a payment of \$1,060.00. To ensure a payment of \$424.00, it is important to issue a debit memo within the same payment cycle as the invoice.

To ensure that the invoice and the debit memo are in the same payment cycle, issue the debit memo at the same time that you finish processing the invoice.

- 10. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.
 - You cannot access control group 124 from the **practice** region. To access control group 124 in the practice region, type **CGR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Control Group Review (CGR)* screen. Continue with step 11.



- 11. Type **S** in the SELECT field for control group 124.
- 12. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *IMP* screen in control group 124.

	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP	
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FI NEXT FUNCTION: ACT REQUEST:		02/28/1998 13:50:	05
INVOICE NUMBER : 13	DATE: 4	EXCEPTION CMNTS:	== - -
VENDOR NUMBER : 15	16	CM/DM:	7
P O BUY ENTITY : 19_	P O NUMBER: 20 REI	LEASE: ALL: _	
GROSS AMOUNT : 21	FREIGHT	:	_
SALES TAX/VAT : 22 SALES TAX 2 : 22 REMIT MSG :	ADDITIONAL COST SALES TAX 3	:	_
COUNTY CODE : 23	CUCCECMED VALUES		
TERMS CODE : 24	==== SUGGESTED VALUES === DISCOUNT AMT/PO		
PAYMENT DUE DATE: GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE:	REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE APPR	:	_
PAYMENT ROUTE CD : BAE EXPENSE : PAY	P CODE : CURRENCY CODE YABLES : DISCOUNT	:	_
ACCOUNTING RULE : HAN	NDLING: INTERCO PAYABLI	LD :	

Remember that a debit memo is entered on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. You must type in the header information for a debit memo just as you would for the corresponding invoice except for typing **D** in the CM/DM field.

- 13. Type the **debit memo number (2587533011DM)** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
 - Use your agency's standard for numbering debit memos.
- 14. Type **021102** in the DATE field.
- 15. Type **561493308** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 16. Type **A** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 17. Type **D** in the CM/DM field to indicate that you are entering a *debit* memo.
- 18. Press Inter to process the information and to return the vendor name and address to the *IMP* screen.
- 19. Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- 20. Type **XX40000214** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.

- 21. Type **636.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
 - Type the value of the debit memo as a positive number (and not as a negative number) because the system automatically subtracts debit/credit memo values from an invoice. Note that if you type in a negative value, the system will reverse the sign on the debit memo value and add it to the invoice instead of subtracting it.
- 22. Type **36.00** in the second blank space in the SALES TAX/VAT field to identity the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- 23. Type **23** in the COUNTY CODE field for Cleveland county. Shelby is located in Cleveland county.
- 24. Verify that **NET** is displayed in the TERMS CODE field.

Your *IMP* screen should look like the following screen:

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		02/23/1998 12:39:06
	2587533011DM DATE: 02/11/2002 MABRYOFFICEEQUI MABRY OFFICE EQUIPM 561493308 A SHELBY NC 28150	_
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000214 RELEASE	: ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT : SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	636.00 FREIGHT 36.00 ADDITIONAL COST : SALES TAX 3 :	:
COUNTY CODE :	23	
	NET SUGGESTED VALUES ====== NET DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD : EXPENSE :	BAP CODE: 06D CURRENCY CODE: 001 PAYABLES: DISCOUNT: INTERCO PAYABLES: INTERCO PAYABLES:	001

- 25. Press Inter to process the invoice header information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. The *ILA* screen displays purchase order lines that are eligible to be matched with a debit memo.
- 26. Verify that the unit of measure **(EA)** shown in the UOP field is the same as the unit of measure used on the debit memo. Change the unit of measure if there are any discrepancies.

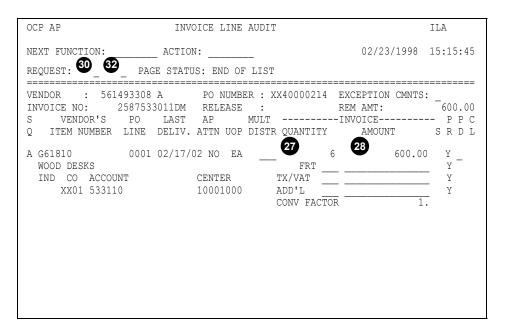
Remember that if the debit memo reflects a **quantity and dollar adjustment** (as is the case in this scenario), you must type the quantity of returned goods in the QUANTITY field and the value of the dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.

27. Type **6** in the QUANTITY field to indicate the quantity of goods not received.

NOTES

- 28. Type **600.00** in the AMOUNT field.
 - Again, you do not need to type a negative value in the AMOUNT field. The system automatically reads debit/credit values as negative.
- 29. Verify the accounting distribution that appears in the CO, ACCOUNT and CENTER fields. Change the accounting distribution if it is incorrect.

Before you balance the invoice, your *ILA* screen should look as follows:



- 30. Type **A** in the REQUEST field to identify line 0001.
- 31. Press Enter to tag the PO line.
- 32. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to complete this debit memo entry and to access a blank *IMP* screen.

You have now paid for only the four desks that have been received and you have issued a debit memo for the six desks that have not been received.

The preceding two activities demonstrated how an AP clerk might process an invoice with a quantity-related invoice line exception.

A quantity related exception occurs when the quantity on the invoice line does not match the information on the PO line. When a quantity exception occurs, the AP clerk must pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception.

A quantity-related exception occurs as a result of the receipt payment basis control. This control allows the AP clerk to only pay for those goods that have been received and, therefore, prevents the state from overpaying or underpaying for PO lines.

In the preceding activity, the buyer reviewed the exception and required the AP clerk to do the following:

- Pay for goods received only
- Issue a debit memo against the invoice

Obtaining Signature Verification

Entering Matching Invoices Applying Key Matching Concepts Processing Invoice Exceptions Obtaining Signature Verification

Converting Units of Measure

Adjusting Payments

Manually Closing PO Lines

Overview

Most North Carolina state agencies will use the signature payment basis for invoices involving services. The signature payment basis for an invoice requires signature approval of the requester before an invoice can be paid. Once signature approval has been obtained, certifying that services have been received, payment can be made for up to the full quantity of services ordered.

This section describes how to process a signature basis invoice.

Processing a Signature Basis Invoice

After the AP clerk has matched the invoice header and invoice line information, the NCAS will indicate whether the invoice needs signature approval from the requester.

If no exceptions occur during invoice processing, the NCAS will display the following message on the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen when the AP clerk balances ("nexts") the invoice: **INVOICE HAS NOT BEEN PROCESSED BECAUSE OF SIGNATURE PAYMENT BASIS.**

If an exception occurs during invoice processing, it must be resolved as described in the *Processing Invoice Exceptions* section of this course. After the exception has been resolved, the system will indicate that the AP clerk needs to obtain signature verification for the invoice.

- If the AP clerk enters **P** (pay-as-is) or **F** (force pay) in the S (SELECT) field to release an invoice from the Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ), the ST (STATUS) field on the IRQ screen changes from **A** (available for accounts payable processing) to **S** (pending signature verification).
- If the AP clerk enters S (additional processing) in the S (SELECT) field to reapply an invoice from the IRQ, the ILA screen appears. The AP clerk must make the changes the buyer has requested.

When he or she balances ("nexts") the invoice again, the system displays the following message: **INVOICE HAS NOT BEEN PROCESSED BECAUSE OF SIGNATURE PAYMENT BASIS**.

Responding to the Signature Payment Basis Message

If the *ILA* screen displays the message that signature verification is necessary to pay an invoice, the AP clerk must type **PASS** in the REQUEST field to pass the invoice to the *Invoice Reapplication Queue (IRQ)*. The invoice will retain an **S** (*pending signature verification*) status until the requester's signature verification is obtained.

On the *IRQ* screen, if the status of an invoice changes from **A** to **S**, the AP clerk must hold the invoice in the *IRQ* until signature verification is obtained.

Obtaining Signature Verification

Your agency may use either one of the following two methods for obtaining signature verification from a requester:

Signed Invoice

Your agency may require that a copy of an invoice be sent to a requester for his or her signature authorization before the invoice is paid. Once the AP clerk receives the signed invoice copy from the requester, then he or she can release the invoice from the *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)*.

Matching Invoice Verification Report

Your agency may choose to use the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* that is created in the system for every matched invoice that has been passed for signature approval.

The *Matching Invoice Verification Report* is located in Systemware in report group MM122-9. The report ID is AP-A0006. This report is directed to the requester if the purchase order was created from a requisition in the system. If the purchase order did not originate from a requisition, this report will be addressed to the buyer.

The *Matching Invoice Verification Report* is sent to the requester for his or her comments and signature. Once the report has been signed, it is sent to the AP clerk. The AP clerk then uses the instructions on the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* to finish processing the invoice.

Releasing a Signature Basis Invoice

NOTES

After the AP clerk has received signature verification for an invoice, he or she must use one of two options in the ST (STATUS) field to release the invoice from the *IRQ*:

- P for pay-as-is, if the requester had no further changes for the invoice
- S for additional processing, if the requester had additional changes for the invoice. After making the changes, the AP clerk balances (or "nexts") the invoice.

Once the invoice has been released, it no longer appears on the *IRQ* screen. The system has accepted the signature basis invoice for payment.

Retain copies of the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* or the signed invoice. These documents will provide proof that payment was authorized. You will need these documents when you are audited.

WALKTHROUGH: Processing a Signature Basis Invoice

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from IBM Corporation for the repair of computers. This invoice is for services and, therefore, the signature payment basis applies to this invoice.

The vendor number is 130871985 F.

Process the invoice header and line information and then pass the invoice to your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)*. After you receive the requester's signature, finish processing the invoice.

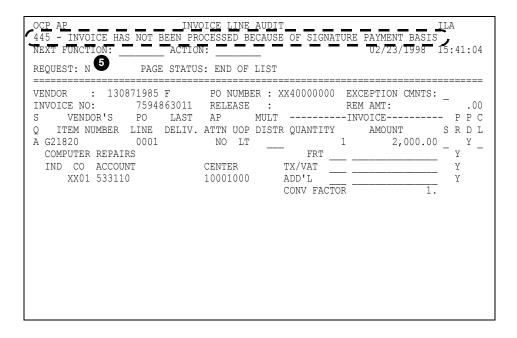
Invoice:	IBM Corporation DRM, Departmen Research Triang		Invoice Number: 7594863011 Invoice Date: 02/16/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Compute	r Repairs	1	2000.00	2000.00	
PO# XX40	0000000		Freight: Tax: Total:	2000.00	

- 1. Enter the **invoice header information** on the *IMP* screen in control group 124. (Refer to **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information**.)
 - Note that the buying entity for the purchase of services is **XXBS**.

Your IMP screen should look as follows:

OCP AP		INVOICE	MATCHING		IMP
205 - GROSS AMOUNT NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		:		02/23/1998	15:35:11
INVOICE NUMBER :	 759486	======= 53011	DATE: 02/16/2002	EXCEPTION	CMNTS:
VENDOR SHORT NAME:					
VENDOR NUMBER :	130871985 E	?	RESEARCH TRIANGLE	PARK	CM/DM: I
			NC 27709		
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBS P (NUMBER:	: XX4000000 REL	EASE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT :	2000 00		FREIGHT		
SALES TAX/VAT :	2000.00		ADDITIONAL COST	:	
SALES TAX 2 :			SALES TAX 3	:	
REMIT MSG :			0111110	· — —	
COUNTY CODE :					
		==== SUG0	GESTED VALUES ====		
TERMS CODE :	N30		DISCOUNT AMT/PC	T:	
PAYMENT DUE DATE :			REASON CODE	:	
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:			FACTOR NUMBER	:	
PROVISIONAL DATE :				CD:	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD :				:	
EXPENSE :		ES :	DISCOUNT	: 001	
ACCOUNTING RULE :	01 HANDLIN	IG :	INTERCO PAYABLE	S :	

- 2. Press Enter to access the ILA screen.
- 3. Identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount of the invoice. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information**.)
- 4. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.



The system displays the following message: 445 - INVOICE HAS NOT BEEN PROCESSED BECAUSE OF SIGNATURE PAYMENT BASIS.

- 5. Type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press to pass the invoice to your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)*.
- 6. Wait until you receive the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* or a signed invoice indicating that you have the required signature approval to pay the invoice for this transaction.

If your agency requires a signed invoice as proof of authorization, send a copy of the invoice to the requester for his or her signature.

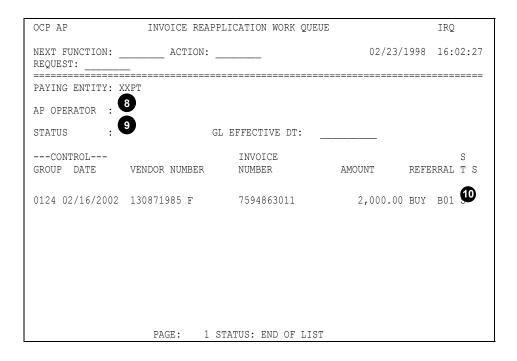
If your agency uses the *Matching Invoice Verification Report*, your agency will have a policy for distributing the report to the requesters.

TO : SUBJECT :	AP-0006 TRAINING REQUISITIONER MATCHING INVOICE VERIFIC 02/19/2002	ATION	PAY ENTITY : OPERATOR :	XXBS 0000XX	CONTROL GROUP: CONTROL DATE: INVOICE NUMBER :	PAGE 124 02/19/2002 7594863011	: 1
	PLEASE CONFIRM THE CHAR	GE IN THE SPACE PRO	VIDED AND RETURN	O YOUR REQUISITION COST CENTO THE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DE	PARTMENT.		
				L INFORMATION			
DUE DATE: BILLING VENDOR:	02/16/2002 03/16/2002 IBM CORPORATION TRAINING BUYER	RTP, NC	PO REFERENCE :	XX90002234 0001	GROSS INV AMOUNT : TAX/VAT: FREIGHT : ADDITIONAL COST :		2000.00 .00 .00 .00
		INVO	ICE DETAIL INFORMA	TION			
LINE		ACCOUNT		VENDOR ITEM DESCRIPTION	INVOICE QUANTITY		AMOUNT
1		534511		COMPUTER REPAIRS /AL DISPOSITION		E.A	
PAN	LD PENDING ACTION:X Y AS INVOICED: : X DUCT (AMOUNT):	DATE SERVICE/GO	OODS RECEIVED :	02/01 - 02/10/200			WN ABOVE
					SIGNED R. C. Smith	1	
					Training Rec	uisitioner	
					DATE02/19/	02	

You have received signature approval from the requester, authorizing payment for this invoice. The requester does not require you to make any changes to the invoice. In other words, you should pay the invoice as is.

NOTES

- 7. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.
- 8. Type your operator ID (XX) in the AP OPERATOR field.
- 9. Type **S** in the STATUS field and press Inter to access a list of invoices pending signature verification.



10. Type **P** in the s field to *pay the invoice as is* and press Enter.

The invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen. The message **501 – NO INVOICES FOUND FOR THE COMBINATION SELECTED** is displayed indicating that the system has accepted the invoice for payment.

Remember that, on the *IRQ* screen, you can process an invoice with an **S** (*pending signature verification*) status in the same way that you process an invoice with an **A** (*available for accounts payable processing*) status.

In other words, a requester will not always provide signature approval with a **P** (*pay as is*) instruction. The requester may require you to make changes to an invoice before paying it. You may be asked to make a partial payment (issue a debit memo or wait for the vendor's credit memo) or you may be asked to make changes such as deleting taxes from an invoice. From the *IRQ* screen, process these instructions just as you would process the scenarios in the *Processing Exceptions* section of this course. After you have made these changes, process the invoice for signature basis as described in the *Obtaining Signature Verification* section.

In this walkthrough, you processed an invoice with a signature payment basis. You used the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* to verify the required signature.

Converting Units of Measure

Entering Matching Invoices

Applying Key Matching Concepts Processing Invoice Exceptions

Obtaining Signature Verification Converting Units of Measure

Adjusting Payments

Manually Closing PO Lines

Units of Measure

Quantities of purchased goods and services are measured in standard **units of measure (UOM)**. Examples of units of measure are as follows:

- Each An individual item, such as one desk
- Dozen An item measured in groups of 12, such as a dozen pencils

The AP clerk will encounter two types of units of measure when paying invoices: the unit of purchase and the unit of invoice.

Units of Purchase

The **unit of purchase (UOP)** is the unit of measure used by a buyer to order an item. Examples of units of purchase are as follows:

A buyer at one agency orders 48 desk calendars.

The UOP for this transaction is each.

 Another agency's buyer may have placed the same order in terms of four dozen calendars.

Although this agency has also ordered 48 desk calendars, the UOP for this transaction is dozen.

Units of Invoice

The **unit of invoice** (UOI) is the unit of measure used by the vendor to invoice an item.

For example, the UOI for the following invoice is dozen.

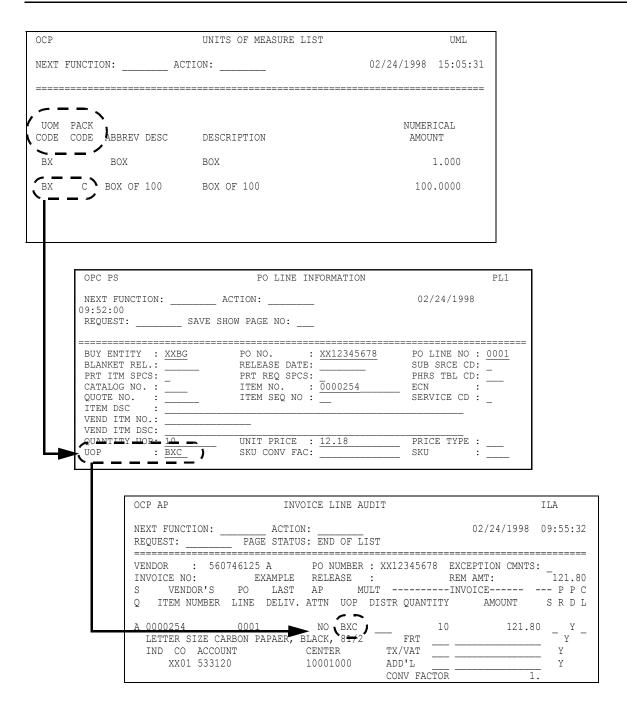
Invoice: Wal-Mart Stores Inc #1751 6600 Glenwood Ave Raleigh, NC 27608		Invoice Number: 3000 Invoice Date: 02/28/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Desk Calendars	(4 dozen)	12.00	48.00	
		Freight: Tax: Total:	2.88 50.88	

Units of Measure List Inquiry Screen

The *Unit of Measure List Inquiry (UML)* screen lists descriptions, codes and numerical amounts assigned to different units of measure defined in the system.

OCP			UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT	FUNCTI	ON: ACT	ION:	02/24/1998 15:05:26
=====	=====			
UOM	PACK			NUMERICAL
	CODE	ABBREV DESC	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
ВХ		BOX	BOX	1.0000
BX	С	BOX OF 100	BOX OF 100	100.0000
BX	03	BOX OF 3	BOX OF 3	3.0000
		PAGE NO:	6 SCREEN STATUS: MORE	

The buyer uses the *UML* screen to locate the UOM CODE and the PACK CODE for a particular unit of measure. The buyer enters this combination on the purchase order (*PO Line Information* or *PL1* screen). This value defaults to the UOP field on the *ILA* screen. The UOM CODE and the PACK CODE from the *UML* screen together form the value for the UOP field on the *ILA* screen.



For example, if the unit of purchase for a transaction was a box of 100, then the value in the UOP field on the *ILA* screen would be **BXC**. However, if the unit of purchase for a transaction was a box, then the value in the UOP field on the *ILA* screen would be **BX**.

Converting the UOP to the UOI

Ideally, the unit of measure used by the buyer (UOP) and the vendor (UOI) should be the same. However, in some instances, the UOP and the UOI may differ. For example, the buyer may have ordered 48 desk calendars (UOP: each), but the vendor may invoice for four dozen calendars (UOI: dozen).

When the UOP and the UOI are not the same, the AP clerk must convert the UOP to the UOI. In the NCAS, a conversion factor is used to convert the UOP to the UOI. The **conversion factor** is defined as the number of UOPs in one UOI. In the desk calendar example, the conversion factor is 12 because there are 12 eaches in one dozen.

The conversion factor can be calculated *either* electronically *or* manually.

Electronically Converting the UOP to the UOI

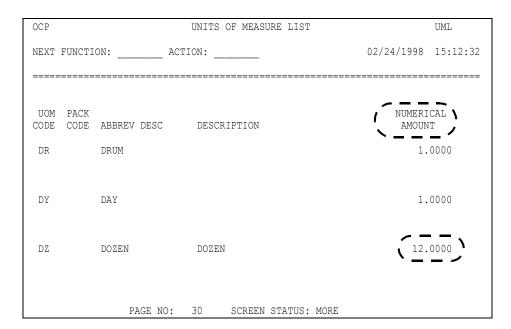
System-Calculated Conversion Factor

The system uses the NUMERICAL AMOUNT field from the *UML* screen to calculate the conversion factor. The conversion factor equals the numerical amount of the UOI divided by the numerical amount of the UOP. The system-calculated conversion factor is represented in the following formula:

Conversion Factor (System)

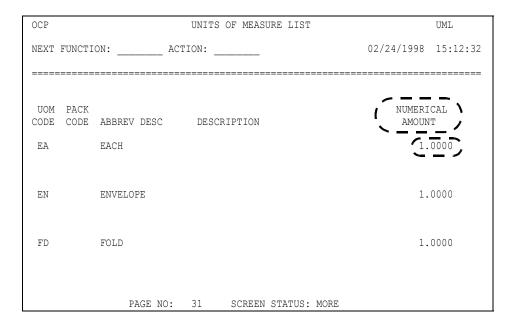
= <u>NUMERICAL AMOUNT OF UOI</u> NUMERICAL AMOUNT OF UOP

For example, the NUMERICAL AMOUNT for dozen is 12 on the *UML* screen.



The NUMERICAL AMOUNT for each is 1 on the *UML* screen.

NOTES



When the UOI is a dozen and the UOP is an each, the system calculates the conversion factor as follows.

Conditions for Electronic Conversion

The system calculates the correct conversion factor if *both* of the following conditions are satisfied:

The UOI exists on the Unit of Measure List (UML) screen.

If the AP clerk changes the UOP field to a value that does not exist on the *UML* screen, then the system will display the following error message on the *ILA* screen: **356 - UNIT OF MEASURE DOES NOT EXIST ON THE POLICY FILE**.

The system-calculated conversion factor represents the true numerical relationship between the UOP and the UOI. For example, 12:1 accurately reflects the numerical relationship between dozen and each because there are 12 eaches in one dozen.

In some instances, the system-calculated conversion factor is not accurate. For example, assume that the unit of purchase for paint additive is pounds and the unit of invoice is gallons. The buyer tells the AP clerk that there are 10 pounds in one gallon of paint additive. The true numerical relationship between pounds and gallon is 10.

If you are not familiar with the relationship between certain units of measure, call the buyer or vendor to ascertain the relationship between the UOP and the UOI.

OCP		UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT FUNCTION: A		TION:	02/24/1998 15:12:32
======			=======================================
UOM PAG		DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
FT	FEET	A LENGTH OF 12 INCHES	1.0000
r I	F 15 1	A LENGIN OF 12 INCHES	1.0000
FY	FIFTY		50.0000
<u>, </u>			
GL	GALLON		1.0000
	PAGE NO:	33 SCREEN STATUS: MORE	

OCP		UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	I UML
NEXT FU	UNCTION:	ACTION:	02/24/1998 15:12:32
======		=======================================	
	PACK CODE ABBREV DESC	DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
KW	KILOWATT		1.0000
(LB	POUND		1.0000
_			
LE	LINE		1.0000
	PAGE N	O: 41 SCREEN STATUS	• MORE

However, as seen on the preceding *UML* screens, the NUMERICAL AMOUNT for both pounds and gallons is 1. Therefore, the system-calculated conversion factor is:

NOTES

Conversion Factor (System)

NUMERICAL AMOUNT OF UOI
NUMERICAL AMOUNT OF UOP

= <u>1</u> 1

= 1

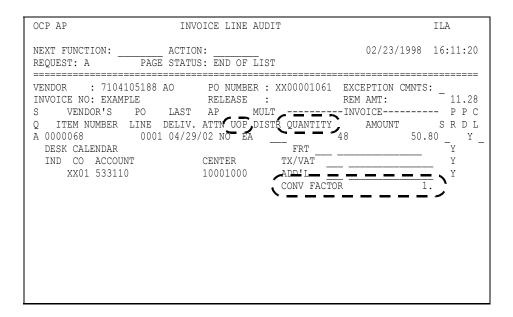
In this case, the system-calculated conversion factor is incorrect because the ratio of the NUMERICAL AMOUNT fields of pounds to gallons does not represent their true numerical relationship. Therefore, the AP clerk must manually calculate the conversion factor and enter it in the CONV FACTOR field on the *ILA* screen. The manual conversion of the UOP to the UOI will be discussed later in this section.

Implementing the Electronic Conversion

For the system to convert the UOP to the UOI, the AP clerk must change the UOP field on the *ILA* screen to match the unit of invoice. To do this, the AP clerk must do the following:

- Look up the unit of invoice's UOM CODE and PACK CODE on the UML screen.
- Type the unit of invoice in the UOP field on the *ILA* screen.
- Change the value in the QUANTITY field to reflect the invoice quantity.

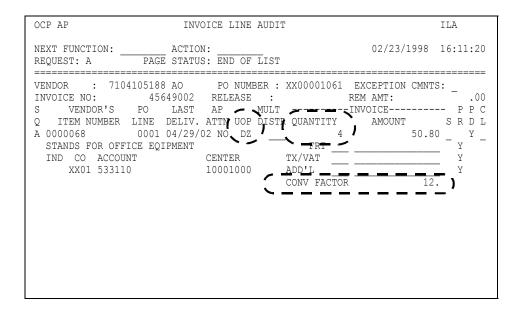
For instance, in the desk calendar example, the UOP field on the *ILA* screen has the value **EA** (*each*) and the QUANTITY field has the value **48**. However, the invoice is measured in dozens.



In this case, the AP clerk should do the following:

- Look up the code for dozen on the UML screen. This code is DZ.
- Type **DZ** (dozen) in the UOP field.
- Change the value in the QUANTITY field from 48 to 4.

When the AP clerk changes the value in the UOP field on the *ILA* screen, the system automatically calculates the conversion factor. When the UOP is each and the UOI is dozen, the conversion factor is 12 because there are 12 eaches in one dozen. When the AP clerk changes the UOP field on the *ILA* screen, the CONV FACTOR field on the *ILA* screen will correspondingly change from 1 to **12**.



WALKTHROUGH: Electronically Converting the UOP to the UOI

NOTES

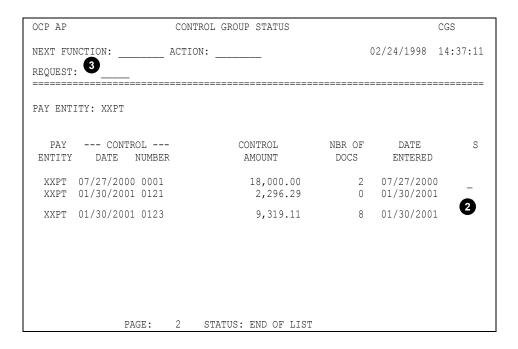
SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from Corporate Express for 1 gross of ball point pens. The vendor number is 510305204 A.

Process this invoice.

Invoice:	Invoice: Corporate Express PO Box 371004 Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7004		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 02 Terms: Net 30	
Descriptio	n:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Bic Black Ball Point Pens, Fine Point, With- out Eraser		1 Gross	17.28	17.28
PO# XX40	000215		Freight: Tax: Total:	17.28

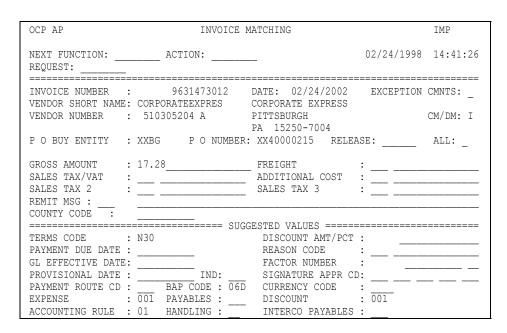
1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.



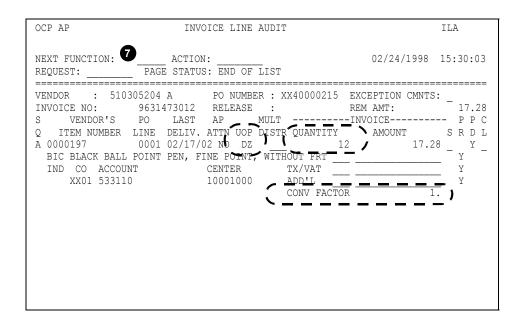
2. Type **S** in the s (SELECT) field for control group 123.

- 3. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.
- 4. Type the **invoice header information** on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information**.)

Before you press interest to process the information, your screen should look like the following screen:



5. Press Enter to process the invoice and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.



6. Compare the unit of invoice (UOI) to the value in the UOP field.

Because the UOP is a dozen and the UOI is a gross, the UOP must be converted to the UOI.

NOTES

There are 12 dozens in a gross. The conversion factor, therefore, is 12.

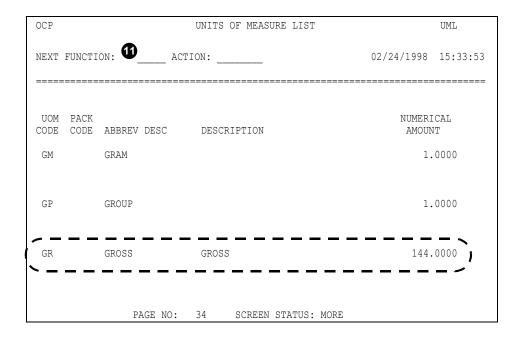
- 7. Type **UML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screen.
- 8. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a dozen.

The numerical amount attached to a dozen is 12.

OCP			UNITS OF MEASURE LI	ST UML
NEXT E	FUNCTI	ON:	_ ACTION:	02/24/1998 15:33:53
=====			=======================================	=======================================
UOM CODE	PACK CODE	ABBREV DES	C DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
DR		DRUM		1.0000
DY		DAY		1.0000
(DZ		DOZEN	DOZEN	12.0000
		PAGE	NO: 30 SCREEN STATU	S: MORE

9. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a gross.

The numerical amount attached to a gross is 144.



The system-calculated conversion factor for dozen to gross is:

Conversion Factor (System)

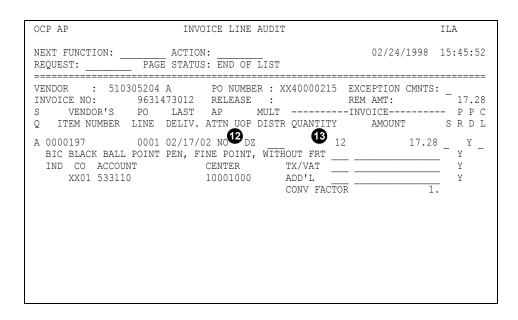
NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOI
 NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOP

= <u>144</u> 12

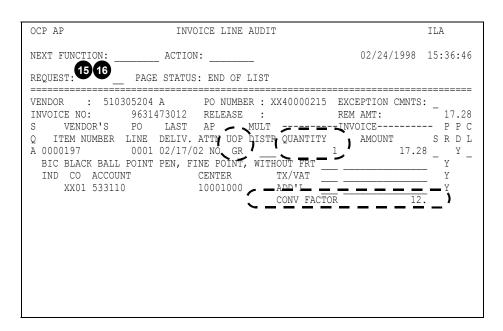
= 12

Both conditions for electronic conversion are satisfied:

- Gross is defined in the system.
- The system-calculated conversion factor for dozen and gross equals 12, which is the true numerical relationship between them.
- 10. Note that the UOM CODE and PACK CODE for a gross is **GR**.
- 11. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press enter to return to the *ILA* screen.



- 12. Type **GR** over the data presently displayed in the UOP field.
- 13. Type **1** over the data presently displayed in the QUANTITY field to reflect the invoice quantity.
- 14. Press Enter to process the changes.



Note that the value in the CONV FACTOR field has changed from 1 to 12.

To simplify training, ignore remitting out-of-state taxes to the Department of Revenue. Normally you must:

- Type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *IWS-1T* screen. You will do this *after* tagging the lines but *before* nexting (tagging) the document.
- Calculate the tax amount and add a line for the negative tax amount.
- Type the **positive tax amount** in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 16. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to balance the invoice and to access a blank *IMP* screen.

In this walkthrough, you converted the unit of purchase on the *ILA* screen to the unit of invoice. In this example, the unit of invoice was defined in the NCAS. Additionally, the system-calculated conversion factor was equal to the true numerical relationship between the units of measure. You were, therefore, able to electronically convert the UOP to the UOI. In other words, you changed the value in the UOP field on the *ILA* screen to perform the conversion.

Manually Converting the UOP to the UOI

Manually Calculated Conversion Factor

In some instances, such as when the numerical relationship between the UOP and the UOI is not accurately reflected on the *UML* screen, the AP clerk must manually calculate the conversion factor.

Remember that the conversion factor is defined as the number of UOPs in one UOI. The AP clerk should use this definition to manually calculate the conversion factor.

For example, a buyer orders 10 boxes of toner. Each box has 10 bottles of toner. The UOP is a box of 10 bottles. The vendor's invoice records this transaction as 5 boxes of toner, with each box containing 20 bottles. The UOI, therefore, is a box of 20 bottles.

Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Box of 10 bottles	Box of 20 bottles

To calculate the conversion factor for this example, the AP clerk must determine the number of UOPs in one UOI.

NOTES

There are two boxes of 10 bottles in one box of 20 bottles. In other words, there are two UOPs in one UOI.

The conversion factor, therefore, is 2.

Conditions for Manual Conversion

The AP clerk must manually calculate the conversion factor to convert the UOP to the UOI under *either* of the following two conditions:

- The UOI does not already exist on the Unit of Measure List (UML) screen.
- The UOI exists on the UML screen, but the system-calculated conversion factor does not represent the true numerical relationship between these two units of measure.

Implementing the Manual Conversion

Once the AP clerk has manually calculated the conversion factor, he or she must do the following:

- Type the conversion factor in the CONV FACTOR field on the ILA screen.
- Change the value in the QUANTITY field on the ILA screen to reflect the invoice quantity.

The system will then use the conversion factor entered by the AP clerk to calculate the UOI. The UOI, however, is not displayed on the *ILA* screen.

On a manual conversion, do not change the unit of measure shown in the UOP field. If you change both the unit of measure and the conversion factor, the system will ignore the conversion factor you entered and calculate a conversion factor based on the new unit of measure in the UOP field.

WALKTHROUGH: Manually Converting the UOP to the UOI

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from Baychem, Inc for 1000 gallons of bulk paint additives. The buyer ordered the additives in pounds. You talked to the buyer who told you that there are 10 pounds in one gallon of bulk paint additives.

Process this invoice. The vendor number is 621318188 A.

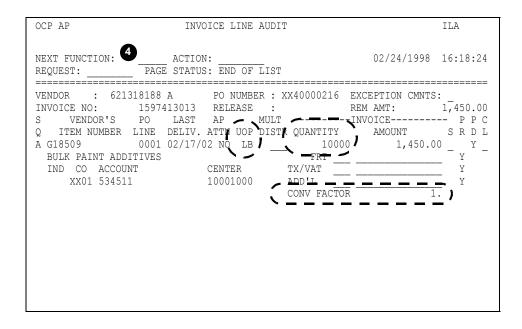
Invoice:	voice: Baychem Inc 3200 Moon Station Rd Kennesaw, GA 30144		Invoice Number: 1597413013 Invoice Date: 02/24/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Descripti	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Bulk Pair	nt Additives	1000 gallons	1.45	1450.00
PO# XX40	0000216		Freight: Tax: Total:	1450.00

1. Type the **invoice header information** on the blank *IMP* screen in control group 123. (Refer to **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for a Matching Invoice**.)

Before pressing Enter to process the invoice, your screen should look like the following screen:

OCP AP		INVOICE	MATCHING		IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		ACTION:	_	02/24/1998	16:07:34
INVOICE NUMBER VENDOR SHORT NAME			DATE: 02/24/2002 BAYCHEM INC.	EXCEPTION	CMNTS:
			KENNESAW GA 30144		CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY	:	XXBG P O NUMBER	: XX40000216 RELEA	SE:	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT	:	1450.00	FREIGHT	:	
SALES TAX/VAT	:		ADDITIONAL COST	:	
SALES TAX 2 REMIT MSG :	:		SALES TAX 3	:	
COUNTY CODE :					
	==	====== SUG	GESTED VALUES ======		=======
TERMS CODE	:	N30	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT	:	
PAYMENT DUE DATE	:		REASON CODE	:	
GL EFFECTIVE DATE	:		FACTOR NUMBER	:	
PROVISIONAL DATE	:	IND:	SIGNATURE APPR CD	:	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD	:	BAP CODE : 06D	CURRENCY CODE	:	
EXPENSE	:	001 PAYABLES:	DISCOUNT	: 001	
ACCOUNTING RULE	:	01 HANDLING :	INTERCO PAYABLES	:	

2. Press Inter to process the invoice and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.



3. Compare the unit of invoice (UOI) to the value in the UOP field.

Because the UOP is a pound and the UOI is a gallon, you need to convert the UOP to the UOI.

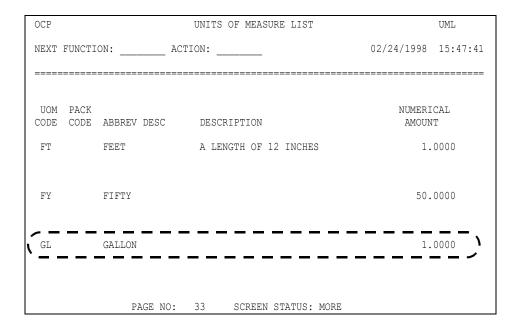
Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Pound	Gallon

There are 10 pounds in one gallon of bulk paint additives. In other words, there are 10 UOPs in one UOI.

The conversion factor, therefore, is 10.

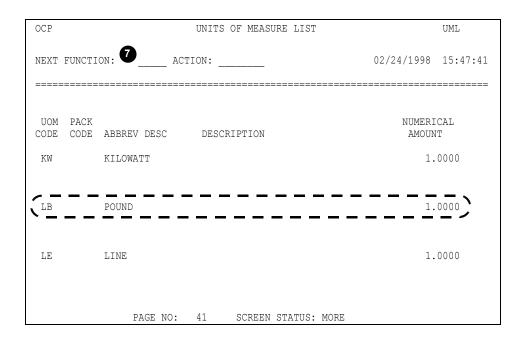
- 4. Type **UML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screen.
- 5. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a gallon.

The NUMERICAL AMOUNT attached to a gallon is 1.



6. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a pound.

The NUMERICAL AMOUNT attached to a pound is 1.



Both conditions for an electronic conversion are *not* satisfied:

A gallon is defined in the NCAS but

NOTES

The system-calculated conversion factor is:

Conversion = NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOI NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOP = 1

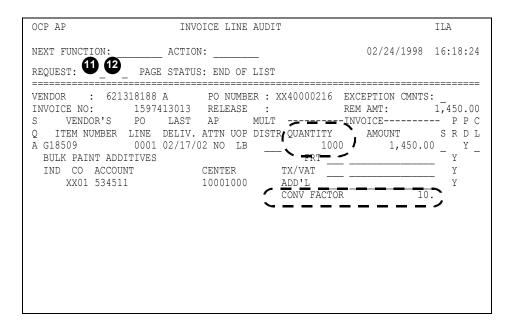
The system-calculated conversion factor equals 1 which is *not* the true numerical relationship (10).

Since the second condition is not satisfied, you must manually convert the UOP to the UOI.

7. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to return to the *ILA* screen.

OCP AP INVOICE LINE AUDIT	ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: 02/24 REQUEST: PAGE STATUS: END OF LIST	/1998 16:18:24
VENDOR : 621318188 A PO NUMBER : XX40000216 EXCEPTION INVOICE NO: 1597413013 RELEASE : REM AMT: S VENDOR'S PO LAST AP MULTINVOICEQ ITEM NUMBER LINE DELIV. ATTN UOP DISTR QUANTITY AMOUN	1,450.00 P P C
A G18509 0001 02/17/02 NO LB	,450.00 - Y - Y - Y Y Y

- 8. Type **10** over the data presently displayed in the CONV FACTOR field to change the conversion factor from **1** to **10**.
- 9. Type **1000** over the data presently displayed in the QUANTITY field to reflect the invoice quantity.
- 10. Press Enter to process the change.



- 12. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [inter] to balance the invoice and to access a blank *IMP* screen.

Remember that if the UOI is not defined on the *UML* screen, the system displays the error message: **356 - UNIT OF MEASURE DOES NOT EXIST ON THE POLICY FILE**. In this case, you must also convert the UOP to the UOI by changing the conversion factor.

In this walkthrough, you converted the unit of purchase on the *ILA* screen to the unit of invoice. In this example, the UOI was defined in the NCAS. However, the system-calculated conversion factor did not equal the true numerical relationship (i.e., the manually calculated conversion factor). Therefore, you manually converted the UOP to the UOI. In other words, you changed the value in the CONV FACTOR field to convert the UOP to the UOI.

Processing Fractions

The NCAS will not let the AP clerk enter fractions or decimals in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen. In this situation, even if the UOP and the UOI are the same, the AP clerk may have to convert the UOI to a different unit so that the value in the QUANTITY field is a whole number.

For example, suppose the Department of Agriculture ordered 2 tons of fertilizer and only 1.5 tons of fertilizer is delivered. If the AP clerk receives an invoice for 1.5 tons of fertilizer, he or she cannot type 1.5 in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen. If he or she does so, the system will display the following error message: **359 - INVOICE QUANTITY IS INVALID**.

In order to enter this invoice, the AP clerk must convert the unit of invoice (UOI) to a unit that allows the quantity to be a whole number. In this example, the AP clerk could convert tons to pounds (lb). There are 2,000 pounds in a ton, so 1.5 tons would equal 3,000 lb. Since 3000 is a whole number, the system will accept this value in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen.

NOTES

To make the conversion from tons to pounds, the AP clerk must:

- Electronically convert tons to pounds because:
 - Both tons and pounds are defined on the UML screen and
 - The system-calculated conversion factor is equal to the true conversion factor of one divided by 2000 which, in turn, equals 0.0005.
- Type LB in the UOP field to electronically convert tons to pounds.
- Type 3000 in the QUANTITY field on the ILA screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Processing Fractions

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from Material Sales Co. for 1.95 tons of sand. The vendor number is 560312109 B. Salisbury is in Rowan county that has a county code of 80.

Process this invoice.

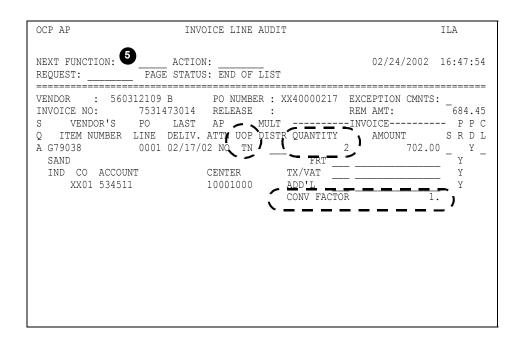
Invoice: Material Sales Co PO Box 1040 Salisbury, NC 28145-1040		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 02 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Sand	1.95 tons	360.00	684.45
PO# XX40000217		Freight: Tax: Total:	41.07 725.52

 Type the invoice header information on the blank IMP screen in control group 123. (Refer to Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information.)

Before you press [Enter], your screen should look like the following screen:

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION:	02/24/1998 09:33:48
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER :	7531473014 DATE: 02/24/2002 MATERIALSALESCO MATERIAL SALES CO. 560312109 B SALISBURY NC 28145-1040	EXCEPTION CMNTS: _ CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBG P O NUMBER: XX40000217 RELEA	ASE: ALL: _
SALES TAX/VAT : SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	725.52 FREIGHT ADDITIONAL COST SALES TAX 3	
COUNTY CODE :	80 ======	
PAYMENT DUE DATE: GL EFFECTIVE DATE: PROVISIONAL DATE: PAYMENT ROUTE CD:	N30 DISCOUNT AMT/PCT REASON CODE FACTOR NUMBER SIGNATURE APPR CI BAP CODE: 06D CURRENCY CODE DISCOUNT	:

2. Press to process the invoice and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.



3. Compare the unit of invoice (UOI) to the value in the UOP field.

The UOP and the UOI are the same: tons. However, the invoice is for 1.95 tons of sand. Since the system will not process a fraction in the QUANTITY field, you must convert the quantity to a whole number.

4. Convert the UOI from tons to pounds in order to make the value in the QUANTITY field a whole number.

NOTES

There are 2000 pounds in one ton. By multiplying 1.95 by 2000, you find that 1.95 tons contains 3900 pounds, which is a whole number.

Let the UOP be a ton and the UOI be a pound.

Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Ton	Pound

The true numerical relationship or the manual conversion factor is calculated by determining the number of UOPs in one UOI.

There are 2000 pounds in one ton of sand. Therefore, there are 1/2000 or 0.0005 tons in one pound of sand. (Note that 1 divided by 2000 equals 0.0005). In other words, there are 0.0005 UOPs in one UOI.

The conversion factor or the true numerical relationship, therefore, is 0.0005.

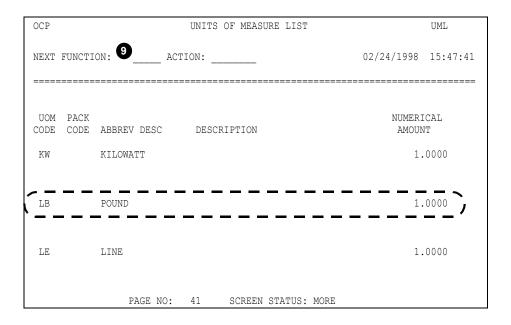
- 5. Type **UML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screen.
- 6. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a ton.

The NUMERICAL AMOUNT attached to a ton is 2000.

OCP	UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT FUNCT	ION: ACTION:	02/24/1998 16:02:22
=======		
UOM PACK CODE CODE		NUMERICAL AMOUNT
TF	THOUSAND-FEET	1.0000
TI	TIN	1.0000
TN	TON	2,000.0000
	PAGE NO: 68 SCREEN STATUS: MORE	

7. Press Enter to scroll down the *UML* screen to find a pound.

The NUMERICAL AMOUNT attached to a pound is 1.



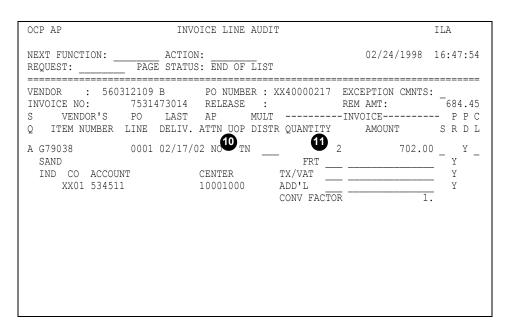
Both conditions for an electronic conversion are satisfied:

- A pound is defined in the NCAS and
- The system-calculated conversion factor is:

Conversion = NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOI NUMERICAL AMOUNT of the UOP = 1/2000 = 0.0005

The system-calculated conversion factor equals the true numerical relationship (.0005) between a ton and a pound.

- 8. Note that the UOM CODE and PACK CODE for a pound is **LB**.
- 9. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to return to the *ILA* screen.



- 10. Type **LB** over the data presently displayed in the UOP field.
- 11. Type **3900** over the data presently displayed in the QUANTITY field.
- 12. Press Enter to process the change.

OCP AP	INVOI	CE LINE AUDI	ΙΤ		ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST: 13 14	ACTION: PAGE STATUS:		1	02/24/1998	16:47:54
VENDOR: 560: INVOICE NO: S VENDOR'S Q ITEM NUMBER A G79038 SAND IND CO ACCOUNT XX01 53451:	7531473014 PO LAST LINE DELIV. A 0001 02/17/02	RELEASE : AP MULT	?	REM AMT: -INVOICE AMOUNT 00 702	-684.45 PPC SRDL .00 Y _ Y _ Y Y

Note that the value in the CONV FACTOR field changes from **1** to **.0005**.

- - Remember to type **684.45** in the AMOUNT field.

14. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice and to access a blank *IMP* screen.

In this walkthrough, you processed an invoice with a fractional quantity. You converted the unit of invoice (tons) to a unit of measure (pounds) which permitted the quantity to be a whole number. The units of measure involved in this conversion (tons and pounds) were defined in the NCAS and the system-calculated conversion factor equals the true numerical relationship. You were, therefore, able to use the electronic conversion for changing the unit of measure. In other words, you changed the value of the UOP field to convert tons to pounds.

Consequences of Inaccurate Conversions

Inaccurate conversions of the UOP to the UOI confuse the audit trail in the NCAS, negatively impact funds encumbrances and skew the purchasing statistics prepared for the General Assembly. These impacts are discussed in this section.

Fund Encumbrances

Funds encumbrances may remain open even when all the items have been paid for or they may close out before all the items have been paid for if units of measure are not accurately converted.

For example, suppose that 48 calendars are ordered and 4 dozen calendars are invoiced. If the AP clerk only changes the quantity to four but does not change the unit of measure, the system will think that only four calendars have been paid for. As a result, a funds encumbrance for 44 calendars will remain open in the system even though all the ordered calendars have been paid for.

Audit Trail

If the AP clerk does not correctly change the unit of measure on the *ILA* screen, then the *ILA* screen will not reflect the invoice information. Such differences confuse the audit trail maintained in the NCAS by making it more difficult to match records.

General Assembly Statistics

The NCAS maintains records and generates statistics such as average unit price for items. Such statistics are presented to the legislature periodically. If the units of measure are not converted, the purchasing statistics generated will be skewed.

For example, in the preceding calendar example, if the AP clerk does not change eaches to dozens, the system will read the value in the AMOUNT field as applicable to 4 *eaches* instead of 4 *dozen*. As a result, the system will record a much higher average unit price for a calendar than what was actually paid.

NOTES

Units of Measure Exercises

The following pages present three exercises involving UOP to UOI conversions. These exercises do not require you to use the computer. All of the information that you need to answer the questions is presented within the exercise. The answers to the exercises are located at the end of this section.

EXERCISE 1: Converting the UOP to the UOI

SCENARIO

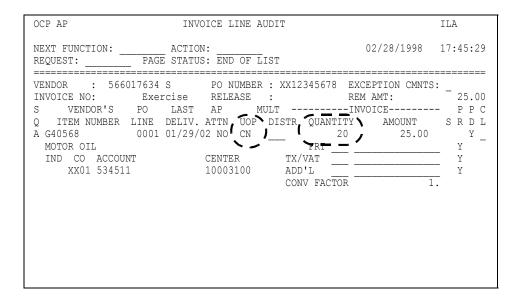
A buyer has ordered 20 cans of motor oil and you have received an invoice for 1 case of 20 cans of motor oil.

You are provided with a copy of the vendor's invoice and the screen captures of the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* and the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screens. Determine if an electronic conversion is possible and outline the steps to implement an electronic conversion.

The vendor's invoice follows:

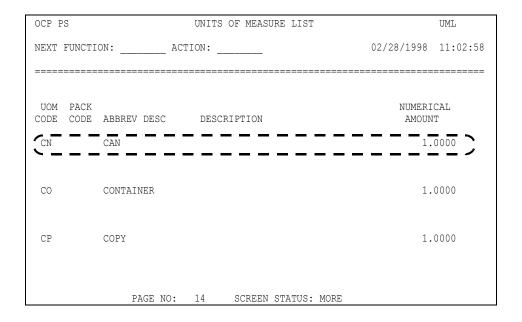
Invoice:	Invoice: NC Department of Correction Package and Distribution Center Raleigh, NC 27603		Invoice Number: Exercise Invoice Date: 02/28/2002 Terms: Net	
Description	on:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Motor Oil		1 case of 20 cans	25.00	25.00
PO# XX12	2345678		Freight: Tax: Total:	 25.00

The ILA screen is as follows:



The *UML* screen shows the following:

NOTES



OCP P	S		UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT	FUNCTI	ON:	ACTION:	02/28/1998 11:02:58
=====				=======================================
UOM CODE	PACK CODE	ABBREV DESC	DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
(cs	20	CASE OF 20	CASE OF 20	20.0000
`				
CS	24	CASE OF 24	CASE OF 24	24.0000
CS	30	CASE OF 30	CASE OF 30 EACH	30.0000
		PAGE NO	D: 18 SCREEN STATUS: MC	RE

Questions

- 1. What is the system-calculated conversion factor?
- 2. What is the true numerical relationship between a can and a case of 20?
- 3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.

EXERCISE 2: Converting the UOP to the UOI

SCENARIO

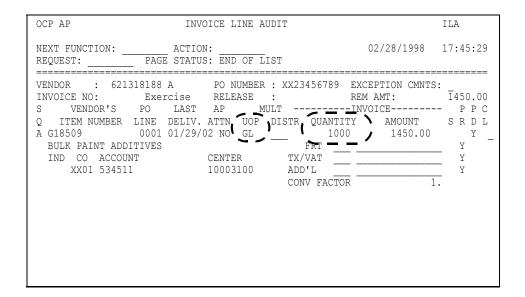
The buyer has ordered 1000 gallons of bulk paint additives and you have received an invoice for 10,000 pounds.

You are provided with a copy of the vendor's invoice and the screen captures of the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* and the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screens. You called the buyer who told you that there are 10 pounds in one gallon of paint additives. Determine whether you would use an electronic or manual conversion and outline the steps to implement the conversion.

The vendor's invoice is as follows:

Invoice: Baychem Inc PO Box 3200 Athens, GA 30144		Invoice Number: Exercise Invoice Date: 02/28/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Bulk Paint Additives	10,000 pounds	0.145 Freight:	1450.00
		Tax: Total:	1450.00

The ILA screen is as follows:



The *UML* screen shows the following:

NOTES

OCP PS	OCP PS UNITS OF MEASURE LIST		
NEXT FUNCTION: _	ACTION:	02/	28/1998 15:33:02
=========	:===========		==========
UOM PACK			NUMERICAL
CODE CODE ABBR	REV DESC DESCRIPTION		AMOUNT
FT FEET	A LENGTH OF	12 INCHES	1.0000
FY FIFT	Ϋ́Y		50.0000
GL GALL			1.0000
GALL			
	PAGE NO: 33 SCREEN	STATUS: MORE	

OCP AP	UNITS OF MEASURE LIS	UML
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	02/28/1998 09:37:08
==========		
UOM PACK CODE CODE ABBI	REV DESC DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
KM KILO	OWATT	1.0000
LB POU	ND	1.0000
LE LINI	E	1.0000
	PAGE NO: 41 SCREEN STATUS	: MORE

Questions

- 1. What is the system-calculated conversion factor?
- 2. What is the true numerical relationship (or manually calculated conversion factor) between a gallon and a pound?
- 3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.

EXERCISE 3: Converting the UOP to the UOI

SCENARIO

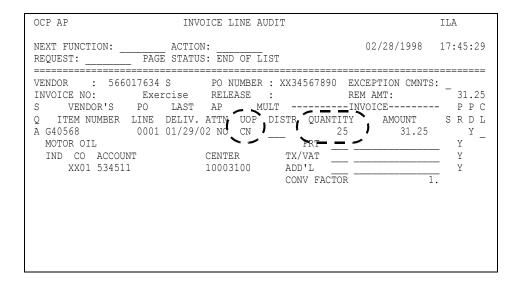
The buyer has ordered 25 cans of motor oil and you have received an invoice for 1 case of 25 cans.

You are provided with a copy of the vendor's invoice and the screen captures of the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* and the *Units of Measure List (UML)* screens. Determine whether you would use an electronic or manual conversion and outline the steps to implement the conversion.

The vendor's invoice is as follows:

Invoice:	ce: NC Department of Correction Package and Distribution Center Raleigh, NC 27603		Invoice Number: Exercise Invoice Date: 02/28/2002 Terms: Net	
Description	tion: Quantity:		Unit Price:	Total Price:
Motor Oil		1 case of 25 cans	31.25	31.25
PO# XX34	1567890		Freight: Tax: Total:	31.25

The ILA screen is as follows:



The *UML* screen shows the following:

NOTES

OCP PS			UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT FUNCTION:		ON:	ACTION:	02/28/1998 11:02:58
=====		========	=======================================	=======================================
UOM CODE	PACK CODE	ABBREV DESC	DESCRIPTION	NUMERICAL AMOUNT
CN		CAN		1.0000
СО		CONTAINER		1.0000
CP		COPY		1.0000
		PAGE NO	: 14 SCREEN STATUS:	MORE

OCP P	S		UNITS OF MEASURE LIST	UML
NEXT FUNCTION:		ON: AC	CTION:	02/28/1998 11:02:58
=====	=====	=========		
UOM	PACK	ADDDELL DEGG	DECODIDUTON	NUMERICAL
CODE	CODE	ABBREV DESC	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
CS	20	CASE OF 20	CASE OF 20	20.0000
CS	24	CASE OF 24	CASE OF 24	24.0000
CS	30	CASE OF 30	CASE OF 30 EACH	30.0000
		PAGE NO:	18 SCREEN STATUS: MOR	Æ

Questions

- 1. What is the system-calculated conversion factor?
- 2. What is the true numerical relationship (or manually calculated conversion factor) between a can and a case of 25?
- 3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.

Answers to Exercise 1

1. What would the system-calculated conversion factor be?

Conversion Factor (System) = NUMERICAL AMOUNT of UOI NUMERICAL AMOUNT of UOP

= 20
1
= 20

2. What is the true numerical relationship between a can and a case of 20?

The UOP is a can. The UOI is a case of 20.

Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Can	Case of 20

There are 20 cans in a case of 20. In other words, there are 20 UOPs in one UOI.

The true conversion factor is, therefore, 20.

3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?

An electronic conversion is possible because:

- A case of 20 is defined in the system and
- The system-calculated conversion factor equals the true numerical relationship (20) between a can and a case of 20.
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.
 - Type CS20 in the UOP field of the ILA screen.
 - Type 1 in the QUANTITY field of the ILA screen to reflect the invoice quantity.
 - Press Enter to process the changes.

The ILA screen should look as follows:

NOTES

OCP AP I	NVOICE LINE AUDIT	ILA
	ION: TUS: END OF LIST	02/28/1998 17:45:29
INVOICE NO: Exercise S VENDOR'S PO LAS Q ITEM NUMBER LINE DELI	RELEASE :	1 25.00 Y Y Y Y

Note that when you change the UOP field in the electronic conversion, the CONV FACTOR field is automatically calculated by the system.

Answers to Exercise 2

1. What would the system-calculated conversion factor be?

2. What is the true numerical relationship (or manually calculated conversion factor) between a gallon and a pound?

The UOP is a gallon. The UOI is a pound.

Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Gallon	Pound

There are 10 pounds in one gallon of paint additives. Therefore, there are 1/10 or 0.1 gallons in one pound of paint additives. In other words, there are 0.1 UOPs in one UOI.

The conversion factor, therefore, is **0.1**.

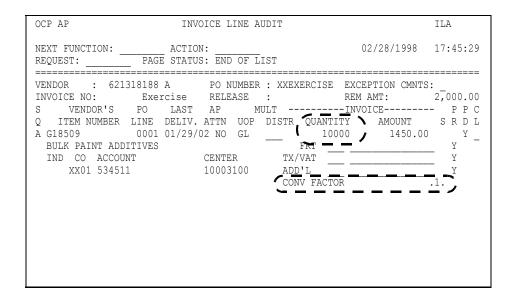
3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?

You would **manually** convert the UOP to the UOI because the system-calculated conversion factor (1) does not equal the true numerical relationship between a gallon and a pound (0.10).

Remember that the conditions for manual conversion are:

- The UOI does not already exist on the UML screen or
- The UOI exists on the UML screen, but the ratio of the values in the NUMERICAL AMOUNT fields of the UOP and the UOI does not represent the true numerical relationship between these two units of measure.
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.
 - Type **0.10** in the CONV FACTOR field on the *ILA* screen to change the conversion factor from **1** to **0.10**.
 - Type **10000** in the QUANTITY field to reflect the invoice quantity.
 - Press Enter to process the changes.

The ILA screen should look as follows:



Answers to Exercise 3

1. What would the system-calculated conversion factor be?

The system does not calculate a conversion factor because a case of 25 is not defined in the system.

2. What is the true numerical relationship (or manually calculated conversion factor) between a can and a case of 25?

NOTES

The UOP is a can. The UOI is a case of 25.

Unit of Purchase	Unit of Invoice
Can	Case of 25

There are 25 cans in one case of 25. In other words, there are 25 UOPs in one UOI.

The conversion factor, therefore, is 25.

3. What type of conversion would you use: electronic or manual?

You would **manually** convert the UOP to the UOI because the UOI does not exist on the *UML* screen. In other words, a case of 25 is not defined in the NCAS.

Remember that the conditions for manual conversion are:

- The UOI does not already exist on the UML screen or
- The UOI exists on the UML screen, but the ratio of the values in the NUMERICAL AMOUNT fields of the UOP and the UOI does not represent the true numerical relationship between these two units of measure.
- 4. Outline the steps to implement the conversion.
 - Type 25 in the CONV FACTOR field on the *ILA* screen to change the conversion factor from 1 to 25.
 - Type 1 in the QUANTITY field to reflect the invoice quantity.
 - Press Enter to process the changes.

The ILA screen should look as follows:

OCP AP	INVOICE LINE AU	UDIT	ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: PA	ACTION: GE STATUS: END OF L		8/1998 17:45:29
INVOICE NO: EX S VENDOR'S PO Q ITEM NUMBER LINE	ercise RELEASE LAST AP MO	: XXEXERCISE EXCEPTI : REM AMT ULTINVOICE DISTR QUANTITY A FRT TX/VAT ADD'L CONV FACTOR	2,000.00

SUMMARY

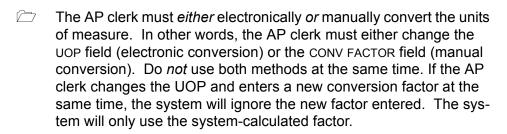
The AP clerk must convert the unit of measure on the *ILA* screen under either of the following two conditions:

- The unit of purchase and the unit of invoice are different.
- The invoice quantity is a fraction or decimal.

The AP clerk can convert the units of measure either electronically or manually. An electronic conversion is possible if *both* of the following conditions exist:

- The UOI is defined in the NCAS, that is, the UOI appears on the UML screen.
- The system-calculated conversion factor equals the true numerical relationship between the two units of measure.

If either of the above two conditions is not satisfied, the AP clerk must manually convert the UOP to the UOI.



Whenever the AP clerk converts the UOP to the UOI, he or she must remember to change the value in the QUANTITY field on the *ILA* screen to match the invoice quantity.

The UOP must be converted to the UOI to accurately maintain the audit trails, the funds encumbrances and the historical statistics in the system.

Adjusting Payments

Entering Matching Invoices Applying Key Matching Concepts Processing Invoice Exceptions Obtaining Signature Verification Converting Units of Measure Adjusting Payments

Manually Closing PO Lines

Overview

When an agency returns goods to a vendor, the AP clerk must adjust the vendor's invoice and the payment appropriately. In general, payment is adjusted by issuing a debit memo against, or by applying a credit memo to, the invoice.

The timing of the goods return (whether the goods are returned before or after the invoice is entered in the system) affects the permit to pay (PTP) and, consequently, the processing of an invoice in the NCAS.

PTP and Invoicing Implications of Goods Returns

PO and Signature Payment Bases

Under the PO and signature payment bases, the permit-to-pay for a transaction is based on the quantity ordered. The timing of the return of goods under either of these bases, therefore, does not affect the permit to pay for that PO line. The system will permit payment of the invoice for the full quantity ordered, regardless of whether some goods have been returned.



For example, if 20 desks were ordered at \$100 each under the PO payment basis, then the PTP for this transaction would be \$2000. Even if five of these desks were returned, the PTP for this transaction would still be \$2000. Therefore, if the vendor invoiced the agency for \$2000 (even though the agency only bought \$1500 worth), the system will permit full payment of this invoice.

Receipt Payment Basis

Under the receipt payment basis, the permit-to-pay for a transaction is calculated using actual or net goods received (quantity received minus quantity returned). The return of goods, therefore, affects the PTP allowed for an invoice.

If the goods are returned and recorded as returns in the system before an invoice is entered in the system, the PTP for that invoice will be reduced. In other words, the system will not permit payment of the full invoice amount. The AP clerk will receive the following exception message: 391 - PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED. The AP clerk must pass this invoice to the buyer for review and apply the buyer's instructions to the invoice.

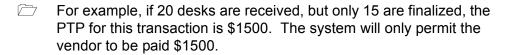
For example, if 20 desks were ordered at \$100 each under the receipt payment basis, and all 20 desks were received, the PTP for this transaction would be \$2000. If five desks were later returned (before the invoice was entered in the system), then the PTP would be reduced to \$1500. The system will now only permit payment of \$1500 for this transaction. If the vendor invoices the agency for \$2000, the AP clerk will get the preceding exception message when he or she tries to process the invoice.

If the goods are returned and recorded as returns in the system after an invoice is entered in the system, the system will allow the invoice to be paid for the full amount. When the returns are recorded in the system, the PTP is reduced and becomes a negative amount. However, the invoice will still be paid in full. The payment must subsequently be adjusted by issuing a debit memo or applying a credit memo against that invoice.

If the 20 desks were received and the invoice was processed in the system before any desks were returned, the system would permit payment of \$2000 for the invoice. If 5 desks were returned subsequent to the processing of the invoice, the PTP would become (\$1500 - \$2000) or -\$500. Eventually, the AP clerk will have to adjust the payment to remove the negative PTP.

Inspection Basis

Under this basis, the PTP for a transaction is calculated using the quantity of goods finalized in the system. Goods have to be returned or rejected before the goods are considered finalized in the system. Therefore, the PTP already incorporates the quantity of goods returned. The system will not permit processing of the invoice until the goods are finalized. Under this basis, therefore, goods can only be returned before the invoice is processed.



Applying a Debit or Credit Memo

NOTES

If an invoice is processed in the system to be paid in full to a vendor and returns have been made, the vendor's invoice and the payment must be appropriately adjusted by the AP clerk. Generally, the vendor's invoice and the payment are adjusted by issuing a debit memo against the invoice or by applying a credit memo to the invoice. (Refer to **Procedure 9A** or **9B: Applying a Debit or Credit Memo** if you need information on how to process a debit or credit memo.)

A **debit memo** is an internal document while a **credit memo** is issued by the vendor. Both debit and credit memos are negative values in the system and reduce the value of the payment to the vendor. The debit or credit memo should preferably be processed in the same payment cycle as the invoice. If the debit or credit memo is processed in a different payment cycle than the actual invoice, it offsets any subsequent outstanding invoices to that vendor.

If a purchase order is closed before the debit or credit memo is applied, the order is reopened and is eligible for processing. If the agency does not plan to replace the goods returned, the PO line should be manually closed.

Manually Closing PO Lines to Invoicing

Entering Matching Invoices

Applying Key Matching Concepts Processing Invoice Exceptions Obtaining Signature Verification Converting Units of Measure

Adjusting Payments Manually Closing PO Lines

Closing PO Lines

When a PO line has been fully invoiced (i.e., the invoiced amount equals the PTP amount for that line), the system automatically closes the PO line to invoicing. If the AP clerk applies an invoice against a closed PO line, the system will display the following message: **480 - PO SELECTED NOT ELIGIBLE FOR INVOICING**. If a credit or debit memo is applied against a closed PO line, that line is reopened for further processing.

The system will not automatically close a PO line to invoicing under the following conditions:

- The PO line has not been fully invoiced (i.e., the PTP amount exceeds the invoiced amount).
- The PO line was reopened through the application of a credit or debit memo, but the agency is not planning to replace returns.
- The PO line was fully invoiced, but either the unit price or the extended value exceeded tolerances.

If any of the preceding conditions exist and the AP clerk knows that no more invoices will be applied against a particular PO line, he or she should manually close the PO line.

The PO line is manually closed through *the Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen. To manually close a PO line to invoicing, the AP clerk should type **Y** in the CL (CLOSE) field.

OCP AP	INV	OICE LINE AU	DIT		ILA
NEXT FUNCTION: _ REQUEST:	ACTIO			02/28/1998	17:15:32
	PO LAST LINE DELIV.		:		: _
IND CO ACCOU	NT	CENTER	FRT TX/VAT ADD'L CONV FACTO	R	_ (<i>j</i>

To leave a PO line open to invoicing, the AP clerk must type $\bf N$ (No) in the CL field or leave the field blank.

Once the AP clerk has balanced the invoice and left the *ILA* screen, the PO line can be closed in the Purchasing module by the buyer only.

WALKTHROUGH: Balancing Control Groups

SCENARIO

You have worked with two control groups today: control groups 123 and 124. Balance these control groups. (Refer to **Procedure 35: Balancing an Outstanding Control Group**.)

- 1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
- 2. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to *select* control group 123.
- 3. Press Inter to process the information. The *Control Entry Status* (*CES*) screen for control group 123 appears.

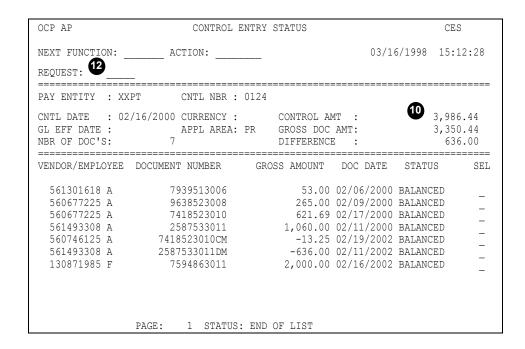
OCP AP	CONTROL ENTRY	STATUS	CES
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	0	3/16/1998 15:07:49
PAY ENTITY : XX CNTL DATE : 03 GL EFF DATE : NBR OF DOC'S:	PT CNTL NBR: 0123 /16/2000 CURRENCY: APPL AREA: AS	CONTROL AMT : GROSS DOC AMT: DIFFERENCE :	9,319.11 9,319.11 .00
VENDOR/EMPLOYEE 560746125 A	DOCUMENT NUMBER GRO	OSS AMOUNT DOC DAT 159.00 02/02/20	CE STATUS) SEL
239642262 A 566017634 B 566017634 B	5674689876 9382713001 9382713002	948.70 02/25/20 1,272.00 02/16/20 848.00 02/20/20	02 BALANCED _
561493308 A 561301618 A 560746125 A	9874563003 9517533004 7893213006	2,120.00 02/11/20 116.00 02/06/20 1,040.92 02/09/20	02 MATCH EXCEP
560746125 A 510305204 A 621318188 A	9847563008 9631473012 1597413013	621.69 02/17/20 17.28 02/24/20 1,450.00 02/24/20	002 MATCH EXCEP 002 BALANCED
560312109 B	7531473014 PAGE: 1 STATUS: END	725.52 02/24/20	_
	PAGE: I STATUS: END	OF LIST	

4. Note the status of the documents in control group 123. A control group can only be balanced if *all* the documents in that control group have a **balanced** status.

Control group 123 contains invoices that have been passed to the buyer for resolution of exceptions. These invoices do *not* have a **balanced** status. Therefore, control group 123 cannot be balanced until all the invoices have been resolved and balanced.

To balance control group 124, do the following:

- 5. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
- 6. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to *select* control group 124.
- 7. Press enter to process the information. The *Control Entry Status* (*CES*) screen for control group 124 appears.



8. Verify that the value in the GROSS DOCUMENT AMOUNT and the CONTROL AMOUNT fields is the same.

The value in the GROSS DOC AMOUNT field is 3,350.44. The value in the CONTROL AMOUNT field is 3,986.44. The discrepancy between the GROSS DOC AMOUNT and CONTROL AMOUNT field (\$636.00) appears in the DIFFERENCE field.

9. Check the invoice amounts on the calculator tape against the invoice amounts displayed on the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.

The calculator tape totals 3,350.44. A debit memo for \$636.00 was not included in the CONTROL AMOUNT total.

- 10. Type **3,350.44** in the CONTROL AMOUNT field. Erase any characters remaining in the field.
- 11. Write **3,350.44** on the Control Group Header Sheet to revise the old total. (In this exercise, do not carry out this step.)
- 12. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to *balance* control group 124.

A blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen appears with the following message: **0200 - ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMA-TION**. You can now enter a new control group.

SUMMARY NOTES

In this section, you have learned to match invoices to purchase orders using the NCAS. Specifically, you have learned how to:

- Process matching invoices in the NCAS
- Apply key matching concepts such as the payment basis and the base permit-to-pay
- Process invoice header and line exceptions
- Obtain signature verification for invoices
- Convert one unit of measure to another
- Adjust payments after goods have been returned
- Manually close a PO line to invoicing

The NCAS facilitates the matching process because automated matching of purchase orders, invoices and receipts is available. The AP clerk no longer has to manually match documents. The AP clerk also does not have to physically research documents because all the information related to the transaction is available through inquiry screens in the system. The NCAS also reduces time spent in resolving problem invoices because documents can be passed electronically between the buyer and the AP clerk.

Processing Employee Transactions

Adding and Changing Vendors

Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents

Reviewing AP Information

Overview

This section explains how to process employee transactions, such as employee travel advances and reimbursements, in the NCAS. The employee travel advance process should be used in conjunction with the employee reimbursement process to automate the accounting and tracking of amounts due to and due from individual employees. Employee transactions are entered in a separate employee paying entity (XXPE).

The *Processing Employee Transactions* section is divided into the following two subsections.

Processing Employee Travel Advances

An **employee travel advance** is requested by an employee in anticipation of travel expenses. This subsection explains how to process travel advances to employees in the NCAS.

Processing Employee Reimbursements

Employees need to be reimbursed for business expenses which may or may not be related to previously issued travel advances. This subsection explains how to process a reimbursement with or without an advance.

Processing Employee Travel Advances



Overview

An **employee travel advance** is requested by an employee in anticipation of travel expenses. Advances are approved according to agency policy. Travel advances are keyed into the system individually. They do not require a Control Group Header sheet.

If an employee does not spend the entire advance amount, he or she owes the state the difference between the amount spent and the advance amount.

If an employee spends more than the advance, the system will reimburse the employee the difference after he or she has entered his or her expenses. (Regardless of whether or not the entire advance is utilized, an expense reimbursement must be turned in by the employee to record his or her expenses.)

Travel advances are entered on the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.

The EAR screen allows you to:

- Create and maintain information about an employee advance
- Indicate when the advance is paid to the employee

In the NCAS, a travel advance has either a temporary or a permanent status.

Temporary Advances

A **temporary advance** is issued to an employee who will not receive any reimbursement (except salary) other than travel. An advance *must* have a temporary status for an expense to be offset against it.

The NCAS does not provide a mechanism to match a specific advance to a specific reimbursement. All temporary advances are available for application until the amount of the open temporary advances are exceeded. The system will only generate a check for an employee vendor once the balance for all temporary advances is zero.

If there is an open temporary advance for an employee, then *any* reimbursement (including reimbursements that are not travel-related) requested by that employee will be applied to that open advance.

For example, assume that Employee A received a \$200 travel advance and that advance has a temporary status in the NCAS. Employee A further incurred another \$50 expense because she bought some coffee for the office coffee pot. This non-travel expense will be offset against the \$200 advance because of the advance's temporary status.

Permanent Advances

The system will not apply reimbursements to an advance with a **permanent** status. At year-end, all permanent advances must be paid back. The status of the advance must be changed from permanent to temporary to clear the advance.

If your agency permits the issuance of multiple travel advances for a single employee, *all* the advances should be entered into the NCAS with a permanent status. A particular advance's status must be changed from permanent to temporary only when the employee submits a reimbursement request against that advance. Using permanent and temporary statuses in this manner will help to prevent expenses from being offset against the wrong advance.

Note that once an advance has been entered, the only change allowed on the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen is changing the **P** (permanent) to a **T** (temporary) in the ADVANCE TYPE field.

Naming or Numbering Advances

Advances are sorted and offset alphanumerically. Therefore, it is important that each agency devise a consistent scheme for naming or numbering advance documents. Because advances are associated with an employee number, advance names or numbers can be used for more than one employee.

If documents are not consistently named or numbered, expenses may be offset against the wrong temporary advance. If there is more than one open temporary advance for an employee, the advances are offset in the order of the advance name or number.

It is recommended that the abbreviation "ADV" precede an advance's name or number (e.g., ADV091103).



If the name of an advance begins with a space, the NCAS will offset this advance first. It will then offset advances that begin with alpha characters, followed by advances that begin with numeric characters. The following is an example of the order in which the NCAS offsets advances. Because the prefix "ADV" is used for all three advances, the system reads the character following the prefix in order to sort the advances.

NOTES

- ADV MSAS7
- ADVSTAV11
- ADV011203

Information Technology Project Accounting

If your agency flags employee advances for Information Technology Project reporting, a valid project company and project code can be added in the TRIP-CO and NUMBER fields. After nexting the invoice, editing options for project information are limited to the following:

- Changing an existing project company/project code
- Deleting a project company/project code on individual lines. (At least one line must contain a project company/project code.)

If an invoice is nexted without a project company/project code on at least one line, no project information may be added to the invoice.

For additional information and explanation, refer to QRG 14: Information Technology Project Accounting.

WALKTHROUGH: Entering an Employee Travel Advance

SCENARIO

Ronald McCoy has just submitted the following Employee Advance Request sheet in anticipation of travel expenses. You need to enter the advance on the system.

Note that employee advances are the only AP documents that are *not* entered in control groups in the NCAS.

The advance is marked as a temporary advance on the Employee Advance Form. However, for this exercise, you will assume that your agency's policy allows multiple travel advances per employee. Therefore, you will enter this advance as a permanent advance.

	EMF	PLOYEE	ADVANCE	REQUEST	
	REQUESTER: Submit ori only. Must be prepared in		ed in Accounting		
SECTION A			-	·	
PAYEE'S NAME (First,	Middle Initial, Last)		Title/Division/Section Your ag	encv	Soc. Sec. # 542-01-6543
Ronald McCoy			Headquarters (City)	citoy	042-01-0040
Payee's Address			Clayt	on	
•	lana		Date Advance Needed		Date Travel Begins
2350 Stephanic Clayton, NC 2			2-6-0	12	2-16-03
Purpose	Training, travel, mo	eals	2-0-0	,,	2-10-03
Destination	Charlotte				
Amount	550.00				
Check Type of Advance	•				
P (Perman			g reimbursement request month		
T (Tempor		•	at be settled by submitting reimbut to the Accounting Office promptl	•	ys after travel period ends.
<u> </u>	sted hereon are to be used for the				uid
	from Departmental authorities a				
terminate my employme	ent for any reason.				
R onal d	M cC oy	1-06-0)3	Judy Smith	1-08-03
(Requ	ester)	(Date)		(Authorized Signature)	(Date)
	NOTE: ORIGINA	I SIGNATURES AN	D DATES ARE REQUIRED F	OD ADVANCE TO DE 100	CHED
		2 0.0	D DATE AND THE DESCRIPTION	OR ADVANCE TO BE 153	SOED
SECTION B			D DATE OF THE REGULED T	OR ADVANCE TO BE 153	
SECTION B	(Accounting Office Use		D DATE OF THE REGULED T	OR ADVANCE TO BE 153	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
SECTION B PAY ENTIT X X P	(Accounting Office Use		D D THE THE REGISTREST	OR ADVANCE TO BE ISS	SOED
X X P	(Accounting Office Use	Only)		OR ADVANCE TO BE ISS	SOED
	(Accounting Office Use			OR ADVANCE TO BE ISS	NOED .
X X P	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV /	Only) 2 / 16		OR ADVANCE TO BE ISS	SOED
X X P	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV /	Only) 2 / 16	6 / 03	OR ADVANCE TO BE ISS	NOED .
X X P	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV /	Only) 2 / 16 MO / DA 1 / 13 MO / DA	6 / 03		
X X P	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH	Only) 2 / 16 MO / DA 1 / 13 MO / DA	6 / 03 YR 8 / 03 YR		
PAY ENTITE X X P ADVANCE REQUES VOUCHER DATE: REMIT MESSAGE *	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH	Only) 2 / 16 MO / DA 1 / 13 MO / DA	6 / 03 YR 8 / 03 YR		
PAY ENTITE X X P ADVANCE REQUES VOUCHER DATE: REMIT MESSAGE * ATTACHED	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH	Only) 2 / 16 MO / DA 1 / 13 MO / DA	6 / 03 YR 8 / 03 YR	MESSAGE LINE BELOW	.)
PAY ENTITE X X P ADVANCE REQUES VOUCHER DATE: REMIT MESSAGE * ATTACHED ADVANCE TYPE: COMPANY	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH DOCUMENT P X X X X X ACCOUNT	2	S / 03 YR B / 03 YR INSTRUCTIONS ON REMIT	MESSAGE LINE BELOW CE ISSUE DATE CENTER	/ <u>2</u> / <u>06</u> / <u>03</u> / AMOUNT
PAY ENTITE X X P ADVANCE REQUES VOUCHER DATE: REMIT MESSAGE * ATTACHED ADVANCE TYPE:	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH DOCUMENT P X X X X X	Only) 2 / 16 MO / DA 1 / 13 MO / DA	S / 03 YR B / 03 YR INSTRUCTIONS ON REMIT	MESSAGE LINE BELOW	/ <u>2</u> / <u>06</u> / <u>03</u> / R
PAY ENTITE X X P ADVANCE REQUES VOUCHER DATE: REMIT MESSAGE * ATTACHED ADVANCE TYPE: COMPANY	(Accounting Office Use Y E ST NBR: ADV / *(ENTER CH DOCUMENT P X X X X X ACCOUNT 9 9 9	2	6 / 03 YR 8 / 03 YR INSTRUCTIONS ON REMIT ADVAN	MESSAGE LINE BELOW CE ISSUE DATE CENTER	.) / 2 / 06 / 03 MO / DA / YR AMOUNT \$550 00

1. Type **EAR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.

OCP AP	EMPLOYEE ADV	ANCE REQUEST		EAR
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	. 02	2/27/1998	10:27:40
				======
PAY ENTITY :	_	EMPLOYEE NUMBER	:	
EMPLOYEE SHORT NAME:	•			
ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR:	.			
VOUCHER DATE : TRAVEL REQUEST NBR : REMIT MESSAGE:				
ADVANCE TYPE TRIP CO GL EFFECTIVE DATE BANK ACCT PYMT COL CURRENCY CODE	: 7 ::	ADVANCE ISSUE DAT TRIP NUMBER EMPLOYEE ADV IND ADVANCE AMOUNT	E: 3	
SIGNATURE APPROVAL HANDLING CODE REASON CODE/DESC ADVANCE CO/ACCT/CI	:	 	_	

- 2. Type your **employee paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field. Remember that the pay entity for employees is XXPE.
- 3. Type **McCoy@** in the EMPLOYEE SHORT NAME field. As an alternative to entering the short name, you can type the **employee number** (if known) in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.
- 4. Type **ADV021603** in the ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR field to identify this entry as an advance beginning on this date. The format for this field is suggested but not required by your agency.
- 5. Type **011303** in the VOUCHER DATE field to correspond with the date the employee submitted his or her advance request.
- 6. Press Enter to verify the employee name and number.
- 7. Type **P** in the ADVANCE TYPE field to specify that this is a *permanent* advance.
- 8. Type **020603** in the ADVANCE ISSUE DATE field to specify the date on which the advance should be issued to the employee. If the employee does not need the advance immediately, enter a date that precedes the date on which the business expense will occur. This date should be consistent with your agency's policies. (For this example, 10 days is used.)
- 9. Type **550.00** in the ADVANCE AMOUNT field to indicate the total amount of the advance to be issued to the employee. For a temporary advance, this is the amount used to offset expenses from the employee.

- 10. Type **XX01 532799 10001000** in the ADVANCE CO/ACCT/CTR field to specify the accounting distribution.
- 11. Press Inter to validate the entries and access a blank *Employee* Advance Request (EAR) screen.

You have just entered an employee advance for Ronald McCoy.

Activity: Entering an Employee Travel Advance

SCENARIO

Anne C. Lynch has just submitted the following Employee Advance Request sheet in order to obtain money to cover her frequent travel expenses. You need to enter the advance on the system. Note that Ms. Lynch has included a remit message.

	EMI	PLOYEE	ADVANCI	E REQUES	ST .	
	REQUESTER: Submit or only. Must be prepared in		d in Accounting			
SECTION A						
PAYEE'S NAME (First,	Middle Initial, Last)		Title/Division/Section	agency	Soc. Sec. # 125-6	9-5432
Anne C. Lynch			Headquarters (City)	<u> </u>		
Payee's Address			Ral	eigh		
3218 Glenwood			Date Advance Needed	i	Date Travel Begins	
Raleigh, NC 27			•	16-03	01-2	26-03
Purpose	Training various a	<u> </u>				
Destination	Charlotte, Greensl	ooro, Chapel F	lill, Winston-S	alem		
Amount	1000.00					
Check Type of Advance P (Perman	ent) Annual advance to			onthly, with final settlemen		
T (Tempor		•		eimbursement request withi omptly upon return from trip	n 30 days after travel period e	nds.
•	sted hereon are to be used for the		• •		·	
immediately on request terminate my employme	from Departmental authorities a ent for any reason.	and that any funds adv	anced will be repaid pri	or to my last day of emp	oyment should I	
ΔmeC	. Lyndh	01-05-0	3	TanVa	n	01-06-03
(Requ		(Date)	<u> </u>	(Authorized Signatur	<u> </u>	(Date)
		AL SIGNATURES AND	DATES ARE REQUIR	ED FOR ADVANCE TO	BE ISSUED	, ,
SECTION B	(Accounting Office Use	Only)				
X X P	E					
ADVANCE REQUES	ST NBR: ADV /	01 / 26 DA	/			
VOUCHER DATE:	1		/			
	*(ENTER CI	HECK DISPOSITION I	NSTRUCTIONS ON RE	EMIT MESSAGE LINE B	ELOW.)	
REMIT MESSAGE *	DOCUMENT		This Advance	must be paid b	ack by 03-01-03.	
ADVANCE TYPE:	Р		ADVA	NCE ISSUE DATE	/ <u>01</u> / <u>1</u>	6 / 03 YR
COMPANY	X X 0 1					
5 3 2 7	ACCOUNT 9 9	1	0 0 0	CENTER 1 0 0 5		\$1000 00
your	name	Today's d	ate Approved	Jan d V	Man	01-12-03
	уег	Control Date		A/P Accou		Date
	-					

OCP AP	EMPLOYEE ADVAN	CE REQUEST		EAR
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION:	=======================================	02/27/1998	10:27:40
PAY ENTITY : XXI EMPLOYEE SHORT NAME:		EMPLOYEE NUMBE	R : 0	
ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR: 2				
VOUCHER DATE : 3 TRAVEL REQUEST NBR :				
REMIT MESSAGE: 4				
ADVANCE TYPE TRIP CO GL EFFECTIVE DATE BANK ACCT PYMT CODE	: 6 ::	ADVANCE ISSUE I TRIP NUMBER EMPLOYEE ADV II	:	
CURRENCY CODE	:	ADVANCE AMOUNT	: 8	
SIGNATURE APPROVAL HANDLING CODE REASON CODE/DESC		_		
ADVANCE CO/ACCT/CTF	?: ♥			

- 1. Type **125695432** in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.
- 2. Type **ADV012603** in the ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR field.
- 3. Type **010903** in the VOUCHER DATE field.
- Type This advance must be paid back by 03-01-03. in the second REMIT MSG field.

Do not use slashes in the REMIT MSG field. This will cause a problem with the check printing software.

- 5. Press Enter to verify the employee name and number.
- 6. Type **P** in the ADVANCE TYPE field to specify that this is a *permanent* advance.
- 7. Type **011603** in the ADVANCE ISSUE DATE field. Remember that if the employee does not need the advance immediately, you enter a date that precedes the date on which the business expense will occur. (For this example, 10 days is used.)
- 8. Type **1000.00** in the ADVANCE AMOUNT field.
- 9. Type **XX01 532799 10001005** in the ADVANCE CO/ACCT/CTR field.
- 10. Press <u>Enter</u> to validate the entries and access a blank *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.

You have entered an employee advance for Anne C. Lynch.

Processing Employee Reimbursements

Processing
Employee
Travel Advances



Overview

An **employee reimbursement** is requested by an employee after he or she has incurred a travel or business expense. Reimbursements are approved according to agency policy.

Employee reimbursements:

- Affect the availability of funds
- Are entered within control groups using the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen

After the control group header information is entered on the *CDE* screen, employee reimbursements are entered on the *Employee Expense Worksheet 1(EWS-1T)* screen. This screen is identical to the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen, except that it refers to employees rather than to invoices.

If the expense does not have to be matched against an advance to an employee, ensure that there are no *temporary* advances open for that employee. If this employee has any advances, the advance(s) should have a *permanent* status.

Information Technology Project Accounting

If your agency flags employee expense reimbursements for Information Technology Project reporting, a valid project company and project code can be added in the TRIP-CO and NUMBER fields. After nexting the invoice, editing options for project information are limited to the following:

- Changing an existing project company/project code
- Deleting a project company/project code on individual lines. (At least one line must contain a project company/project code.)

If an invoice is nexted without a project company/project code on at least one line, no project information may be added to the invoice.

For additional information and explanation, refer to QRG 14: Information Technology Project Accounting.

WALKTHROUGH: Entering an Employee Reimbursement

SCENARIO

You need to key in two employee reimbursements that are attached to the following Control Group Header sheet.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header											
PAYING ENTITY	X	XXPE									
			Other								
ENTRY METHOD		DIRECT INVOICES									
		MATCHING INVOICES									
	X	EMPLOYEE INVOICES									
CONTROL GROUP DATE	E:	TODAY'S DATE									
CONTROL GROUP NUM	BER: _	125									
OPERATOR ID:		Your Ini									
	DBS#	Ini	ials								

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		2	538.30
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		2	538.30

1. Remember to first enter the control group header information on the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen. (Refer to Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group.)

- To indicate that this control group covers *employee* reimbursements, type **E** in the ENTRY METHOD field.
- The employee paying entity is XXPE.
- 2. Press Enter to process the control group header information and to access the *Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T)* screen.

REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL AND OTHER EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE DISCHARGE OF OFFICIAL DUTY

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLAIMANT: Submit one original to Accounting. Attach all necessary receipts and other supporting documents to this form. Retain one (1) copy for your records. Please complete AMOUNT, COMPANY, ACCOUNT, and CENTER fields. Must be filed at lease monthly and not later than 30 days after month ends. Must be prepared ink or typed.

Payee's Na	yee's Name (First, Middle Initial, Last) Scott Hanes yee's Address (Street)												Division/Section									5											
Payee's Add	dress (Str	reet)		7400	Tall (aks	s Ct.	ı							Ti	tle				Assi								Head	quarte		^{ty)} Rale i	gh	
(City, State,	.,			Raleig														d by this			,				3 - 0								
Under penal incurred in t			fy this is a true a	and accur	ate state	ment o	of the o	city of	lodging,	expens	es and	d allow	ances		1 h	ave exa	min	ed this re	eimburs	sement	reque	st and	certify	/ tha	t it is jus	t and	d reas	onable					
			Hanes						3/12	2/03								Sa	ndy	y M	il	er							3	/15/	03		
(Claimant) (Date)													upervi	,	_								(Date)									
NOTE: ORIGINAL SIGNATURE AND Accounti												JIRED F	-OR F	ROCI	-SSIN	G																	
											_						illy															_	
Pay Entity	/: L	X X	PE	(Contro	#:		0	1	2	5		Expe	nse V	ouche	r No.:		E	X	Р	0	3	0		1 ()	3	-	0) [3 0	2	0 3
Payment	Due Dat	te:]	•	<	OR	>>		Ter	ms C	ode:			1	3	0								
REMIT ME	SSAGE	: (Write c	heck disposi	tion inst	tructio	ns on	this l	line.)			_																						
Line No.			AMOUNT			сом	PAN	1					Α	ccol	JNT										С	EN'	TER						ACCRUAL CODE
0001			38	30	X	X	0	1	5	3	2	7	2	5						1	0	0	0		1 ()	0	0					
0002																																	
0003																																	
0004																																	
Total Expen	se		38	30		Ар	proved	as to	proper	ravel cl	nargea	ble to	above	accour	nting co	de verifi	ed a	s conforr	ming to	autho	rized												
Less Advan	ce			İ	1	rei	mbursa	able e	xpenses													Rok	oin	S	n								
Tot. Due (O	we)		38	30	1										-							A/P	Accou	ıntar	nt							-	
	Trave	l (show ea	ch city visited		<u> </u>				Tra	nsport	ation				-	1					Suhs	istenc	-Δ								Misc.	Evnen	202
Day	Havo	from	to		1	T	lr	۱-	T		ut-of-			Out-	of	2	T	ln-	State			t-of-S			Out	of C	Count	ry		Expla	anation	LAPON	Amount
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Depart					A	-										L	-						5.00	-									
Arrive Daily Priva	te Car N	Aileane @) /mi		0 P	+										D H	+						10.30	٠								-	
Daily Priva					P											tot																	
3/2		nsboro	Raleigh		G											В	Ť						4.00	0									
Depart			•		Α											L							5.00										
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P - Private Car

G - Ground, rail, bus, taxi, parking fees

B - Breakfast

D - Dinner H - Housing (Room) in-state or out-of-state travel.

3. Note that this expense does not have to be applied to an advance. Before you process the expense, access the *Outstanding Employee Advances* report to verify that there are no open temporary advances for Scott Hanes.

NOTES

The *Outstanding Employee Advance* report (report number AP-I0005) lists outstanding advances by employee. This report is located in Systemware in report group MM122-6. For additional detail, refer to the *Employee Expense Reconciliation Summary* report (report number AP-R0003) which is located in Systemware in report group MM122-6. (Refer to **Procedure 39: Viewing and Printing Systemware Reports.**) Refer to the *Information Access CBT* if you would like to practice accessing a report in Systemware.

The *Outstanding Employee Advances* report is shown on the following page.

REPORT ID :

TIME

AP-I0005 22:52:03 OUTSTANDING EMPLOYEE ADVANCES

PAGE AS OF

. .

97 04/04/03

FROM 07/01/02 TO

06/30/03

XXPE YOUR AGENCY

EMPLOYEE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

EMPLOYEE			PAY	PRTL	VOUCHER	ADVANCE		TYPE OF		ADVANCE	
NUMBER	SHORT NAME	ADVANCE NUMBER	NBR	PYMT	DATE	STATUS		ADVANCE	AMOUNT	ISSUE DT.	
330595336	HANESSCOTT	ADV021503	1		02/10/03	PAID		PERMANENT	100.00	02/13/03	-
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VENI	OOR			330595336	*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED FO	R VENDO	R		330595336	*	*	100.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***						1	100.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR				330595336	*	*	100.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***						1	100.00
564236602	TODDJENNIFERP	ADV011503	1		01/08/03	PAID		TEMPORARY	150.00	01/12/03	
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VENI	OOR			564236602	*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED FO	R VENDO	R		564236602	*	*	150.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **						1	150.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR				564236602	*	*	150.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **						1	150.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***							.00
262089455	WILDERSUSAN	ADV031303	1		03/04/03	PAID		PERMANENT	500.00	03/10/03	
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VENI	OOR			262089455	*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED FO	R VENDO	R		262089455	*	*	500.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***						10	00.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR				262089455	*	*	500.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	NENT ***						10	00.00

Note that Scott Hanes has received one advance. The advance has a permanent status, which means that an expense will not be applied against it. In other words, there are no open temporary advances for Scott Hanes.

NOTES

You can now continue processing the employee expense.

OCP AP EMPLOYEE E. 235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS	XPENSE WORKSHEET 1 EWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:	02/28/1998 18:20:06
REQUEST: 13	
EMP VOUCHER NBR: 4 DAT:	E: 6 MODEL:
EMPLOYEE NUMBER: 6 PO REFERENCE : TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DATE: REMIT MSG:	CM/DM : _ TRAV REQST : MULTI PYMT: _ DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACCOUN VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER 0001	SIGNATURE APPR CD: T CENTER TRIP-CO NUMBER DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE 99 I'RC
0002	
0003	
0004	
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT :
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT: 12

- 4. Type EXP030103-030203 in the EMP VOUCHER NBR field to indicate the dates of the expense. This field may be any range of numbers or dates that the agency chooses. However, entering the dates of the expense is suggested.
- 5. Type **today's date** in the DATE field to indicate the date the expense was entered into the system.
- 6. Type **330595336** in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field or access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen to locate the employee.
- 7. Press Inter to verify that the employee number is correct. Now the employee name that matches the employee number will be displayed.
- 8. At the 0001 line, type **38.30** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the document.
- 9. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 10. Type **532725** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 11. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.

- 12. Type **38.30** in the GROSS AMOUNT field to identify the total amount of the reimbursement
- 13. Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document. Press Inter to access a blank *Employee Expense Worksheet 1* (EWS-1T) screen.

A new *EWS-1T* screen appears, which indicates that the employee reimbursement balanced successfully. You can now enter another document for this control group.

You can only change the status from Temporary to Permanent on the day the Advance is entered. If it is on a day other than the day you entered it and it hasn't been paid, you can cancel the advance and re-enter it with a Permanent status before entering this reimbursement. If the Advance has already been paid, you cannot cancel the advance without first canceling the check. The check can only be cancelled if the advance has not been matched to a reimbursement.

Entering an Expense Against an Advance

The NCAS applies reimbursement requests to any outstanding temporary advances for a particular employee. All temporary advances are eligible for application of expenses until the amount of the open temporary advances are exceeded. The system contains no mechanism to match a specific expense to a specific advance.

To ensure that expenses are not matched to the wrong advance, all advances must be entered in the system with a permanent status. When a specific expense has to be applied to a specific advance, change the advance status to temporary. *Immediately* after changing the status, enter the expense in the system to minimize the risk of any other expenses being applied to that advance.

The status of an advance must be changed *before* the expenditure is processed. If you forget to change the advance status, you must cancel the *EWS-1T* screen. Reenter the information on the *EWS-1T* screen after the advance is changed.

To delete an employee transaction, you must cancel the check and the expenditure document in the system (*EWS-1T* screen). A fully paid or partially paid document cannot be canceled or deleted if any part of the expenditure has been applied to the advance.

If you need to cancel a fully paid or partially paid document, contact the Help Desk as soon as possible. *Do not key any more documents on that employee vendor.*

WALKTHROUGH: Entering an Expense Against an Advance

NOTES

SCENARIO

Susan Wilder received a travel advance for \$500.00 on March 13, 2003. You received a \$450.00 expense reimbursement from Susan and a check for \$50.00 that she owes the state to clear out the advance.

REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL AND OTHER EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE DISCHARGE OF OFFICIAL DUTY

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLAIMANT: Submit one original to Accounting. Attach all necessary receipts and other supporting documents to this form. Retain one (1) copy for your records. Please complete AMOUNT, COMPANY, ACCOUNT, and CENTER fields. Must be filed at lease monthly and not later than 30 days after month ends. Must be prepared ink or typed.

Payee's Nam	e (First, Mi	iddle Initial, Last)		Su	san V	Vildei									D	ivision/S	ection		Υ	our A	aena	·v					Soc.	Sec.#		262-0	08-¢	1455		
Payee's Addr	ess (Street	t)		- Ou	Juli V	Tilaci									Т	itle				oui /	gene	<i>'</i> y					Head	lquarter			30-3	700		
•	,	7		4523 E	ast Fi	rst S	treet													Assi	stant						11000	iquui toi	0 (0.		ırha	m		
(City, State, Z	ľip)														P	eriod Co	vered by	y this Re	quest (f	rom/to)														
				Durha																					- 03/2									
	es of perjui	ry, I certify this is a true	and accu	urate staten	nent of th	e city of	lodging	, expen	ses and	allowan	ces incu	urred in t	he serv	ice of	11	have exa	ımined t	his reimb	ourseme	ent reque	st and c	ertify th	at it is ju	ust and	d reason	able.								
the State. Susan Will der 03/26/03													Pa	at Joh	18011						03/28/03													
		(Claimant)							(Da	ate)									(8	Supervis	or)								(Da	ite)		_		
									NOT	E: OR	GINAL	SIGNA	TURE.	AND D	ATES A	ARE RE	QUIRE	D FOR I	PROCE	SSING														
													Acco	unting	Office	Use On	ıly																	
Pay Entity:		X X P	Е	Co	ntrol #:		0	1	2	5	5	Ex	pense '	Vouch	er No:			Е	Х	Р	0	3	2	0	0	3	-)	3	2	4	. 0	3
Payment Du	ıe Date:			1 1		1	1	1	1	1	1	7		<	OR	>>		Tor	ns Cod	ł۵۰			<u>. </u>	2	^									
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Total Expens	e		450	00	1	Apr	proved a	as to pro	per trave	el charg	eable to	above a	account	ing code	verifie	d as con	forming	to autho	rized		l			<u> </u>										
Less Advance			500	00				le expe		ŭ				Ü			Ü					Kare	n Qu	tman	,									
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Day		from	to		1		ln-		(Out-of-S	State		Out-	of-Cou	ntry	2		ln-	State		Ou	t-of-Sta	ate		Out-of	Count	у		Ex	planatio	อท		Am	ount
3/1	Durha	m Greenburg, P	Ά		G											В	;																	
Depart					Α						450.0	0				L																_		
Arrive					0											D																		
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3/2	Greens	sboro Durha	m		G							_				В																		
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(1) Mode of Travel: P - Private Car

A - Air O - Other

G - Ground, rail, bus, taxi, parking fees

(2) Type of Su B - Breakfast

D - Dinner L - Lunch H - Housing (Room) NOTE: Daily total of subsistence not to exceed authorized amount for in-state or out-of-state travel.

1. Before you process the expenditure, access the *Outstanding Employee Advances* report to verify if the required advance has a temporary status.

NOTES

The report is presented on the following page. Note that the required advance for Susan Wilder, ADV031398, has a permanent status. Change this status before you process the expenditure.

REPORT ID : AP-10005 OUTSTANDING EMPLOYEE ADVANCES PAGE : 97

TIME : 22:52:03 AS OF : 04/04/03

06/30/03

FROM 07/01/02 TO

XXPE YOUR AGENCY

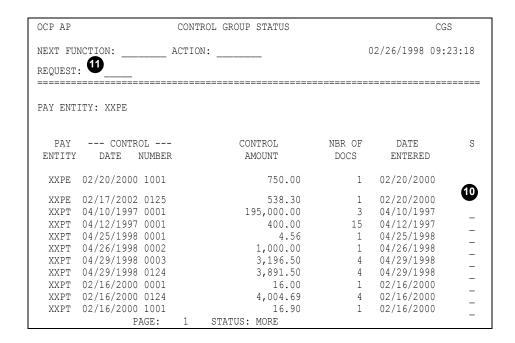
EMPLOYEE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

EMPLOYEE			PAY	PRTL	VOUCHER	ADVANCE		TYPE OF		ADVANCE
NUMBER	SHORT NAME	ADVANCE NUMBER	NBR	PYMT	DATE	STATUS		ADVANCE	AMOUNT	ISSUE DT.
330595336	HANESSCOTT	ADV021503	1		02/10/03	PAID		PERMANENT	100.00	02/13/03
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR		3	330595336	*	*	.00	*
			TEMPO	RARY **						.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***						.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED	FOR VEN	DOR	3	330595336	*	*	100.00	*
			TEMPO	RARY **						.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***						100.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR			3	330595336	*	*	100.00	*
			TEMPO	RARY **						.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***						100.00
564236602	TODDJENNIFERP	ADV011503	1		01/08/03	PAID		TEMPORARY	150.00	01/12/03
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR		5	564236602	*	*	.00	*
			TEMPO	RARY **						.00
				IENT ***						.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED			5	564236602	*	*	150.00	
		,		RARY **						150.00
				IENT ***						.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR	1 2244411		5	564236602	*	*	150.00	
			TEMPO	RARY **						150.00
				IENT ***						.00
262089455	WILDERSUSAN	ADV031303	1		03/04/03	PAID		PERMANENT	500.00	03/10/03
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR			262089455	*	*	.00	, ,
			TEMBO	RARY **						.00
				IENT ***						.00
					,	262089455	*	*	500.00	
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED			4	202009433			300.00	.00
				RARY **						
			PERMAN	IENT ***	,	0620004EE	*	*	F00.00	500.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR	mm. er =	D. D. C. 22	2	262089455	*	*	500.00	
				RARY **						.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***						500.00

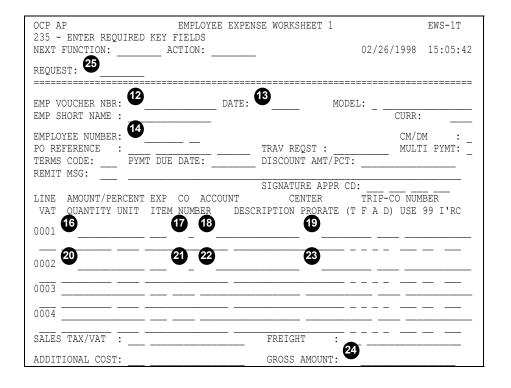
2. Type **EAR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.

OCP AP	EMPLOYEE ADVANC	E REQUEST	EAR
NEXT FUNCTION: 8 REQUEST: 3	ACTION:	02/26/19	98 14:09:58
PAY ENTITY : 4 EMPLOYEE SHORT NAME: ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR: 5 VOUCHER DATE : TRAVEL REQUEST NBR : REMIT MESSAGE:		EMPLOYEE NUMBER : 6	
ADVANCE TYPE TRIP CO GL EFFECTIVE DATE BANK ACCT PYMT COD CURRENCY CODE	: 7 : E:	ADVANCE ISSUE DATE: TRIP NUMBER : EMPLOYEE ADV IND : ADVANCE AMOUNT :	
SIGNATURE APPROVAL HANDLING CODE REASON CODE/DESC ADVANCE CO/ACCT/CT			

- 3. Type **C** in the REQUEST field to indicate that you want to *change* this record.
- 4. Type your **employee paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 5. Type **262089455** over any data that defaulted in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.
- 6. Type **ADV031398** in the ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR field and press Enter to retrieve the advance information.
- 7. Type **T** in the ADVANCE TYPE field to change the status of this advance to *temporary* and press [Inter] to process the change.
 - Note that the advance status must be correct *before* you process the expense. If you change the status of an advance after you enter the expense, the system will *not* change the way the expense was processed.
- 8. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.
- 9. Type **your employee paying entity (XXPE**) in the PAY ENTITY field and press [inter] to access a list of control groups.



- 10. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field for control group 125.
- 11. Type **5** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access a blank *Employee Worksheet (EWS-1T)* screen.



- 12. Type **EXP032003-032403** in the EMP VOUCHER NBR field.
- 13. Type **today's date** in the DATE field.

14. Type **262089455** in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.

- 15. Press Inter to verify that the employee number is correct. After pressing enter, the employee name that matches the employee number will default to the screen.
- 16. At the 0001 line, type **450.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 17. Type your **company number (XX01)** in the co field.
- 18. Type **532715** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 19. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 20. At the 0002 line, type **50.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to enter the check that Susan has written to the state.
- 21. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 22. Type **532799** in the ACCOUNT field to clear out the advance in the Accounts Payable module.
- 23. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 24. Type **500.00** in the gross amount field.
- 25. Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field.
- 26. Press Inter to access a blank Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T) screen.
 - Remember, you have \$50.00 in cash that must be deposited. The check should be forwarded to the person responsible for entering receipts of cash into the Budgetary Control module. This person will offset the advance account (532799) and increase (debit) cash to complete the transaction. As a result, the cash will be recorded and Susan's advance will be cleared.

Handling Special AP Processes

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents

Reviewing AP Information

Overview

This section explains the following special AP processes:

Processing 1099 Transactions

A **1099 vendor** is a vendor for whom you must report payment for services to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). This subsection explains how to:

- Establish a 1099 vendor and
- Process an invoice from a 1099 vendor

Backup Withholding

There are situations where the state and/or federal government require that you withhold a percentage of payment for taxes. This subsection explains how to:

- Set up a vendor for withholding
- Process an invoice requiring backup withholding

Factoring Vendor Payments

A **factor** is a vendor who receives payment in lieu of the original vendor. This subsection explains how to:

- Establish a vendor as a factor and
- Process an invoice that has to be factored

Processing Other AP Transactions

This subsection explains how to:

- Process fixed asset documents
- · Process year-end accruals
- Process sales tax
- Process taxes payable to the Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV)
- Refund of expenditures

Processing 1099 Transactions



Backup Withholding Factoring Vendor Payments Processing Other AP Transactions

Overview

In order to comply with Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tax requirements, all state agencies must report non-employee compensation to the IRS on a calendar-year basis. A **1099 vendor** is a vendor for whom you must report payment for *services* to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

All reporting of 1099 information must be in accordance with Internal Revenue code. Accurate reporting of 1099 information is dependent upon decisions made by your agency throughout the year. For example, every time a vendor is set up or an invoice is created, 1099 information is required. Paying special attention to these and other activities throughout the year will reduce the amount of year-end work necessary to complete 1099 processing.

The system does not handle 1042 transactions (The Annual Withholding Tax Return for U.S. Source Income of Foreign Persons). This process will continue to be manual.

Agencies rely on three entities to help them process 1099s:

- North Carolina Accounting System (NCAS)
- Office of State Controller (OSC)
- Information Technology Services (ITS)

This section explains how to establish 1099 vendors and how to enter 1099 codes on invoices in the NCAS.



For a more extensive study of 1099 vendors and 1099 processes, you should register for the 1099 Processing class. Check the NCAS System Information Guide for class content, prerequisites, and class availability.

Establishing 1099 Vendors

Establishing vendor 1099 information is the first step in the 1099 process. A 1099 vendor can be a trade or a non-trade vendor. Based on information supplied by a trade vendor, OSC establishes the appropriate 1099 code for that vendor. Agencies are responsible for setting the appropriate 1099 code for non-trade vendors.

The following are categories of 1099 vendors that may need to receive a 1099:

- Individuals
- Sole proprietorships
- Partnerships
- Medical/health corporations

1099 Trade Vendors

From the Adding and Changing Vendors section, remember that **trade vendors** are people and companies outside of your agency who provide goods and services to your agency. Trade vendors are primarily engaged in providing the goods and/or services typically purchased by your agency.

Before entering a document in the NCAS, a trade vendor must exist in the Statewide Trade Vendor File. This file is established and maintained by the Office of the State Controller (OSC). In order to establish a trade vendor, the vendor's tax identification number (TIN) must be known.

After the OSC has added a trade vendor to the Statewide Trade Vendor File, OSC sends a questionnaire to the vendor. The vendor indicates whether he or she is a 1099 vendor and returns the questionnaire to the OSC. If the vendor is a *possible* 1099 vendor, the OSC sets the 1099 code on the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen to "NO." The "NO" code indicates to the agency that the vendor may be a 1099 vendor and prompts the agency to enter an appropriate 1099 code for each 1099 reportable invoice line. For all invoices for this vendor, the 1099 "NO" code will default to the 99 field on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen. Also, the message **076-VENDOR MAY BE 1099 ELIGIBLE** will appear at the top of the screen.

- If an invoice line *is* a 1099 transaction, you must override the default code "NO" with the appropriate 1099 code. The codes identifying these transactions are listed on the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen or in **QRG 3: 1099 Codes List**.
- If the invoice line is *not* a 1099 transaction, do not override or delete the "NO."

1099 Non-Trade Vendors

NOTES

A **non-trade vendor** is a vendor to whom payments are made for other than purchased goods or services. For example, awards are typically made to non-trade vendors. As with a trade vendor, a non-trade vendor must exist in the NCAS before a transaction can be entered. Since non-trade vendors are not shared with other agencies, each agency is responsible for correctly setting up its non-trade vendors. 1099 information for non-trade vendors is set up using the *VPN* screen.

For a non-trade vendor, a 1099 code can be entered on the *VPN* screen. If entered, the 1099 code will default to every transaction for that vendor. You can also enter a "NO" on the *VPN* screen to flag the vendor as a *possible* 1099 vendor.

- If the invoice line *is* a 1099 transaction, you must override the default code "NO" on the invoice screen with the appropriate 1099 code.
- If the invoice line is not a 1099 transaction, do not override or delete the "NO."

There are some cases where an individual or partnership is doing business under another name. For example, John Smith may call his sole proprietorship Smith Company. Both names would be entered in the NCAS. The company name is entered in the VENDOR NAME field on the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen which means this name would print on the check. The individual's name is entered in the 1099 PAYEE NAME field on the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen. This will ensure correct 1099 reporting and prevent possible fines from the IRS.

The following walkthrough demonstrates how to designate a non-trade vendor as a 1099 vendor.

WALKTHROUGH: Adding a Non-Trade 1099 Vendor

SCENARIO

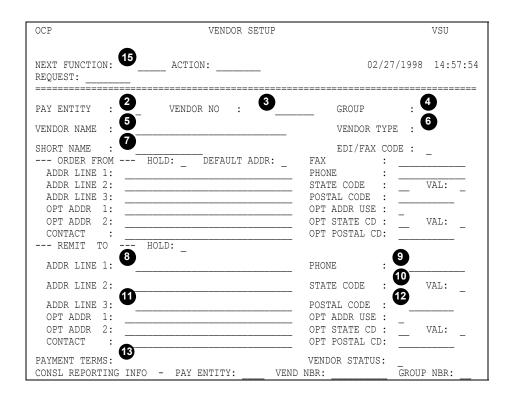
Add the following vendor to your non-trade paying entity.

Dr. Barbara Laker 831 West Morgan St. Raleigh, NC 27611-2863

This vendor is a 1099 vendor. You need to indicate that she will receive medical payments. She would like the name of her clinic, Wake Pediatric Clinic, to print on the checks.

Her social security number is 234-01-2367.

1. Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.



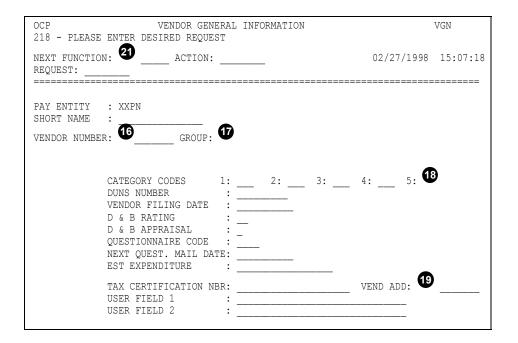
- Type your non-trade paying entity (XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **234012367** in the VENDOR NO field.
- 4. Type **A** in the GROUP field. The letter indicates the vendor's location.
- 5. Type wake pediatric clinic in the VENDOR NAME field.
 - Wake Pediatric Clinic is the name Dr. Laker wants to appear on the check. For 1099 purposes, your agency needs to report the information under the name Barbara Laker, since it is her social security number. Her name will be entered on another screen.
- 6. Type **D** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that Ms. Laker is a *direct* vendor.
- 7. Type **wakepediatriccl** in the SHORT NAME field.
- 8. Type **831 w morgan st** in the ADDR LINE 1 field of the REMIT TO section.
 - Because this is not a matching vendor, you need to enter the address information in the REMIT TO section of the screen.
- 9. Type **919-715-3253** in the PHONE field.
- 10. Type **nc** in the STATE CODE field.

11. Type **raleigh** in the ADDR LINE 3 field.

NOTES

- 12. Type **27611-2863** in the POSTAL CODE field.
- 13. Type **n30** (or a calculated payment due date) in the PAYMENT TERMS field.
- 14. Press Inter to add this vendor to your non-trade paying entity and to clear the screen.
- 15. Type **VGN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the *Vendor General Information (VGN)* screen.

The system may pull in an incorrect short name for this record. The correct short name is being stored for this record. Delete the incorrect short name and proceed with processing the vendor.



- 16. Type **234012367** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 17. Type **a** in the GROUP field.
- 18. Type **092** in the CATEGORY CODES 5 field to identify Wake County.
- 19. Type **today's date** in the VEND ADD field to track the date of the addition of the vendor to the system.
 - The year must be typed as a four-digit year, ie., 02262002.
- 20. Press Enter to add the county code and to clear the screen.
- 21. Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.

OCP VENDOR PAYABLE INFO. 218 - PLEASE ENTER DESIRED REOUEST	RMATION VPN
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:	02/27/1998 15:10:09
PAY ENTITY : XXPN	
SHORT NAME : 22	
VENDOR NUMBER: 23 GROUP: 23	
DISCOUNT DELAY DAYS : DOC ALERT MAX AMOUNT: DIRECT INVC ALLOWED : FACTOR NUMBER : PAYMENT ROUTE CODE : SIGN APPROVAL CODES : TAY ID NUMBER . 24	PAYMENT DELAY DAYS : COMBINED OR SINGLE PYMT: _ PAYMENT PRINT SEQUENCE : FACTOR GROUP NUMBER : VAT INCLUSIVE : _ USE TAX :
1AX 1D NOMBER	_ TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE :
1099 CODE	1099 WITHHOLDING RATE :
1099 PAYEE NAME : 26	1099 USE NAME: 27
CORPORATE CREDIT CARD 1:	TYPE :
CORPORATE CREDIT CARD 2:	TYPE :

- 22. Type wakepediatriccl in the SHORT NAME field.
- 23. Delete any data that has defaulted into the VENDOR NUMBER field and the GROUP field.
- 24. Type **234012367** in the TAX ID NUMBER field to identify Dr. Laker's social security number.
- 25. Type **NO** in the 1099 CODE field.
 - By typing **NO** in the 1099 CODE field on the *VPN* screen, you have flagged the vendor as a *possible* 1099 vendor. This means that whenever a transaction for this vendor is entered in the NCAS, the system will display the following warning message: **076 VENDOR MAY BE 1099 ELIGIBLE**.
- 26. Type **Barbara Laker** in the 1099 PAYEE NAME field.
- 27. Type **Y** in the 1099 USE NAME field.
 - This field is required when the 1099 PAYEE NAME field is filled in. You will receive an error message if you do not complete this field.
- 28. Press Enter to process the information and clear the screen.

With 1099 reporting, it is very important to match the vendor's name with his or her federal identification number or social security number. The IRS may fine your agency for each 1099 that is issued incorrectly.

1099 Employee Vendors

NOTES

An employee that has been established under an employee paying entity should not be a 1099 vendor. However, an employee established as a trade or non-trade vendor may be a 1099 vendor. (Expense reimbursements that are not related to an employee's job should be reported in a trade or non-trade paying entity.)



For example, an employee in your agency provides catering services to other agencies. If this employee has been established as a non-trade vendor in order to receive expense reimbursements, he or she may be 1099 reportable for payment of catering services.

Some agencies include their board members in their employee paying entity. Board members may need to be issued 1099's and should be marked accordingly.

Entering 1099 Codes on Invoices

The value that is entered in the 1099 CODE field on the *VPN* screen defaults to the 99 field on the *IWS-1T* screen.

- If a 1099 code was entered on the *VPN* screen, that code will default to the 99 field on the *IWS-1T* screen.
- If "NO" was entered on the *VPN* screen, that code will default to the *IWS-1T* screen.

For each transaction that is a 1099 transaction, you must either accept the default value in the 99 field or override it with the appropriate 1099 code for that invoice line.

For all transactions, a 1099 code may be entered on the *IWS-1T* screen. This code will apply to the individual invoice line to which it is attached and will override any code entered on the *VPN* screen. It is important to verify that any default 1099 value on the *IWS-1T* screen is the appropriate code for that invoice line.

WALKTHROUGH: Entering a 1099 Code on a Direct Invoice

SCENARIO

You have received three invoices attached to the following Control Group Header sheet. Process the control group.

The first invoice is for medical services. The vendor will receive a 1099 for this invoice line. Process this invoice.

The accounting distribution is XX01 532199 10001000.

Invoice: Mark Aarons, M.D. Two Memorial Drive Pinehurst, NC 28734		Invoice Number: Invoice Date: 03 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Physicals	15	50.00	750.00
		Freight: Tax: Total:	750.00

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header			
PAYING ENTITY	X	<u>XXPT</u>	
			Other
ENTRY METHOD	X	DIRECT INVOICES	
		MATCHING INVOICES	
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES	
CONTROL GROUP DATE: TODAY'S DATE CONTROL GROUP NUMBER: 126			
OPERATOR ID:	DBS#	Your Ini	TIALS tials

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		3	3,150.00
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		3	3,150.00

- 1. Remember to first enter the control group header information on the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen. (Refer to Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group.)
 - To indicate that this control group covers *direct* invoices, type
 D in the ENTRY METHOD field.
 - The trade paying entity is XXPT.
- 2. Press Inter to process the control group header information and to access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

OCP INVOICE WOR 235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS	RKSHEET 1 IWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION: 44 ACTION:	02/27/1998 15:22:17
INVOICE NUMBER : 3 DATE:	4 MODEL:
VENDOR SHORT NM: 5 VENDOR NUMBER : PO REFERENCE : TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DATE: REMIT MSG:	COUNTY CODE: MULTI PYMT: DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACCOUNT	SIGNATURE APPR CD: CENTER PROJ-CO NUMBER
	CENTER PROJ-CO NUMBER CRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE 99 I'RC
0001 8 9 10	•
0002	
0003	
0004	
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT :
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT:

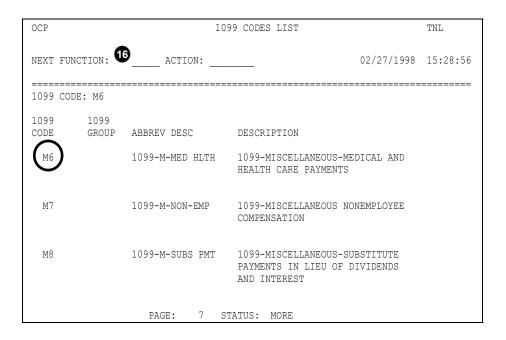
- 3. Type **5246179824** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 4. Type **031102** in the DATE field.
- 5. Type **Aarons@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter to obtain the vendor number.
- 6. The following message will appear: **476-THIS VENDOR IS NOR-MALLY A MATCHING VENDOR**. This message is informational only. Press inter to override the message and continue entering the invoice as a direct invoice.
- 7. Press Inter to override the following message: **076 VENDOR MAY BE 1099 ELIGIBLE**. This message indicates that the vendor is possibly a 1099 vendor.
 - You must enter a 1099 code for this transaction. You will enter this code when you enter the details of this transaction.
- 8. At the 0001 line, type **750.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 9. Type your **company number (XX01)** in the co field.
- 10. Type **532199** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 11. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 12. Type **Physicals** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 13. Press Enter to process the entered information.



"NO" has defaulted to the 99 field. Because Dr. Aarons will receive a 1099, you must override the "NO" with a 1099 code on line 0001.

NOTES

- 14. Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the 1099 Codes List (TNL) screen.
- 15. Press Enter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down by pressing Enter to M6, which represents miscellaneous medical and health care payments.



16. Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

OCP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: 02/27/1998	15:30:26
REQUEST: 19	-	
VENDOR SHORT NM: VENDOR NUMBER : PO REFERENCE :	5246179824 DATE: 03/11/2002 MODEL: AARONSMARKMD MARK AARONS, M.D. CURR 228823898 A PINEHURST CM/DN COUNTY CODE: 63 MULT PYMT DUE DATE: DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	1 : I
KEMII MOG:	SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERG	CENT EXP CO ACCOUNT CENTER PROJ-CO NUMB	BER
VAT QUANTITY UN	NIT ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE 90.00 001 XX01 532199 10001000	99 I'RC
0002		7 _{NO}
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT :		
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT: 18	.00

- 17. Type **M6** over "NO" in the 99 field of line 0001 to indicate that this is a 1099 transaction.
- 18. Type **750.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 19. Type **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

You have completed keying in the first document in control group 126.

WALKTHROUGH: Processing a Signature Basis Invoice

SCENARIO

You have received an invoice from Frank A. Saas, DDS for semiannual checkups for prisoners. This invoice is for services and, therefore, the signature payment basis applies to this invoice.

Because this invoice is for services, use XXBS for the buying entity. The vendor number is 561241574 A. This vendor is 1099 eligible. The 1099 code for this vendor is M6.

Process the invoice header and line information and then pass the invoice to your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)*. After you receive the requester's signature, finish processing the invoice.

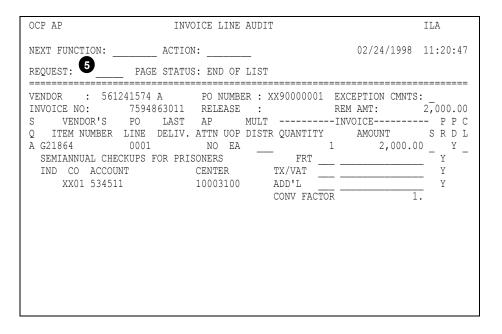
Invoice: Frank A. Saas, D.D.S. PO Box 416A Kenansville, NC 28349		Invoice Number: 7594863011 Invoice Date: 02/02/2002 Terms: Net 30	
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:
Semiannual Checkups for Prisoners	1	2000.00	2000.00
PO# XX9000001		Freight: Tax: Total:	2000.00

- 1. Type **4** in the request field and press Enter to select a blank *IMP* screen in control group 126.
- 2. Enter the invoice header information on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices.)
 - Remember that the buying entity for this transaction is **XXBS**.
- 3. Press Enter to process the information.

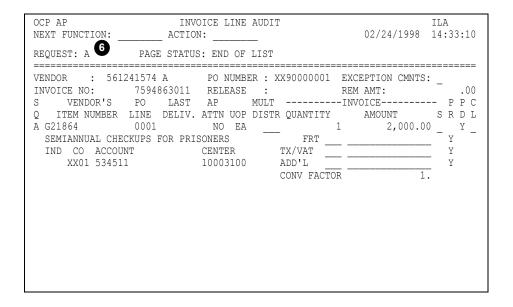
OCP AP 076 - VENDOR MAY BE	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
NEXT FUNCTION:	_ `	4/1998 14:30:49
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NAME: VENDOR NUMBER :		EPTION CMNTS: _ CM/DM: I
P O BUY ENTITY :	NC 28349 XXBS P O NUMBER: XX90000001 RELEASE: _	ALL: _
GROSS AMOUNT :	2000.00 FREIGHT :	
SALES TAX/VAT :	ADDITIONAL COST :	
SALES TAX 2 : REMIT MSG :	SALES TAX 3 :	
COUNTY CODE :		
	SUGGESTED VALUES ========	==========
TERMS CODE :	N30 DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	
PAYMENT DUE DATE :	REASON CODE :	
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:	FACTOR NUMBER :	
PROVISIONAL DATE :	IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD :	BAP CODE : 06D CURRENCY CODE :	
EXPENSE :	001 PAYABLES: DISCOUNT: 001	_
ACCOUNTING RULE :	01 HANDLING : INTERCO PAYABLES :	

The system displays the message: VENDOR MAY BE 1099 ELIGIBLE.

4. Press Enter to continue processing the invoice and to access the *ILA* screen.



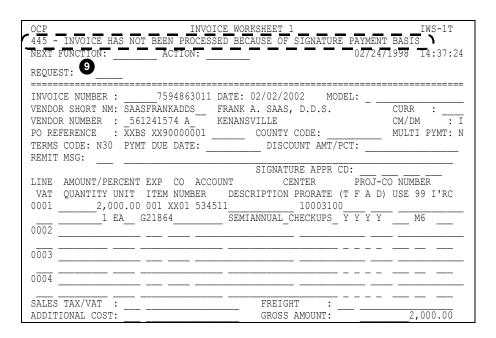
5. Tag the appropriate PO line for the amount of the invoice and press Enter. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**.)



6. Type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen to enter the vendor's 1099 code.

OCP INVOICE	WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION: OCPACTION:	02/24/1998	3 14:35:53
REQUEST: 8		
VENDOR NUMBER : 561241574 A KE PO REFERENCE : XXBS XX90000001 TERMS CODE: N30 PYMT DUE DATE:	ANK A. SAAS, D.D.S. CUI NANSVILLE CM, COUNTY CODE: MUI	RR :
REMIT MSG:	SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACCOUN VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER 00012,000.00 XX01 534511	DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE	99 I'RC
00021 EA G21864	SEMIANNUAL_CHECKUPS_ Y Y Y Y	. 0
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT : ADDITIONAL COST:	FREIGHT : GROSS AMOUNT:	2,000.00

- 7. Type **M6** in the 99 field in the 0001 line.
- 8. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.



The system displays the message: 445 - INVOICE HAS NOT BEEN PRO-CESSED BECAUSE OF SIGNATURE PAYMENT BASIS.

9. Type **4** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the *IMP* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE MATCHING	IMP
	ACTION:	02/24/1998 14:30:49
REQUEST: 10		
INVOICE NUMBER :	7594863011 DATE: 02/02/2002	_
	SAASFRANKADDS FRANK A. SAAS, D.D. 561241574 A KENANSVILLE	S. CM/DM: I
	NC 28349	
P O BUY ENTITY :	XXBS P O NUMBER: XX90000001 RELEA	ASE: ALL: _
	2000.00 FREIGHT	:
SALES TAX/VAT :	ADDITIONAL COST	:
SALES TAX 2 :	SALES TAX 3	·
REMIT MSG :		
COUNTY CODE :	 ===============================	
TERMS CODE :	N30 DISCOUNT AMT/PCT	
PAYMENT DUE DATE :	REASON CODE	:
GL EFFECTIVE DATE:	FACTOR NUMBER	:
PROVISIONAL DATE :	IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD :	BAP CODE : 06D CURRENCY CODE	:
EXPENSE :	001 PAYABLES : DISCOUNT	: 001
ACCOUNTING RULE :	01 HANDLING : INTERCO PAYABLES	:

- 10. Type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to pass the invoice to your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)*.
- 11. Wait until you receive the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* or a signed invoice indicating that you have the required signature approval to pay the invoice for this transaction.

If your agency requires a signed invoice as proof of authorization, send a copy of the invoice to the requester for his or her signature.

If your agency uses the *Matching Invoice Verification Report*, your agency will have a policy for distributing the report to the requesters.

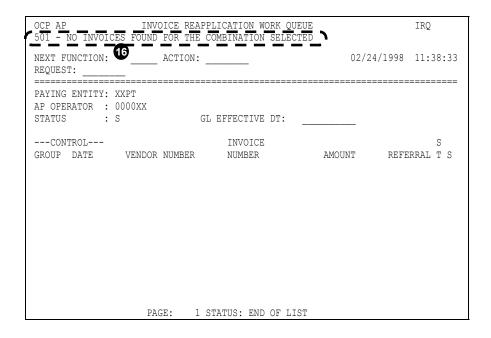
SUBJECT:	: AP-0006 TRAINING REQUISITIONER MATCHING INVOICE VERIF 03/01/02	ICATION	PAY ENTITY : OPERATOR :	XXPT 0000XX		CONTROL GROUP: CONTROL DATE: INVOICE NUMBER :		: 1
	PLEASE CONFIRM THE CHA	RGE IN THE SPACE PF	ROVIDED AND RETUR	D TO YOUR REQUISITION COST OF TO THE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	E DEPARTM			
DUE DATE: BILLING VENDOR:	02/16/02		PO REFERENCE :	XX90000001 0001	GR	OSS INV AMOUNT : TAX/VAT: FREIGHT : ADDITIONAL COST :		2000.00 .00 .00
		I NVO	ICE DETAIL INFORMA	ATION				
LINE	со	ACCOUNT	CENTER	VENDOR ITEM DESCRIPTION	INVO	ICE QUANTITY	UOM	AMOUNT
1	XX01	534511	10003100	SEMIANNUAL CHECKUPS FOR PRISONERS		1	E	A 2000.00
			AP PROV	AL DISPOSITION				
НОІ	.D PENDING ACTION :	WHEN ?	TYPE ?					
PAY	AS INVOICED: X	DATE SERVICE/G	OODS RECEIVED : <u>0</u>	1/10 - 01/15/02				
		NOTES:						
DED	PUCT (AMOUNT) :	EXPLAIN :						
					SIGNATU	JRE AUTHORIZES CH.	ARGES AS SH	OWN ABOVE
					SIGNED	R. C. Smith		
					TITLE	Training Requ	isitioner	
					DATE	03/17/02		

You have received signature approval from the requester, authorizing payment for this invoice. The requester does not require you to make any changes to the invoice. In other words, you should pay the invoice as is.

- 12. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.
- 13. Type **XX** in the AP OPERATOR field.
- 14. Type **S** in the STATUS field and press Enter to access a list of invoices pending signature verification.

OCP AP INVOICE REAP	PLICATION WORK QUEUE		IRQ
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: REQUEST:		02/24	/1998 14:44:39
PAYING ENTITY: XXPT AP OPERATOR : 0000XX STATUS : S GI	L EFFECTIVE DT:		
CONTROL GROUP DATE VENDOR NUMBER	INVOICE NUMBER	AMOUNT	S REFERRAL T S
0124 04/29/2002 561241574 A	7594863011	2,000.0	0 BUY B01 \$15
PAGE: 1:	STATUS: END OF LIST		

15. Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field to *pay the invoice as is* and press Enter.



The invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen and the message **501- NO INVOICES CAN BE FOUND FOR THE COMBINATION SELECTED** is displayed at the top of the screen. The system has accepted the invoice for payment.

NOTES

Remember that, on the *IRQ* screen, you can process an invoice with an **S** (pending signature verification) status in the same way that you process an invoice with an **A** (available for accounts payable processing) status.

In other words, a requester will not always provide signature approval with a **P** (pay as is) instruction. The requester may require you to make changes to an invoice before paying it. You may be asked to make a partial payment (issue a debit memo or wait for the vendor's credit memo) or you may be asked to make changes such as deleting taxes from an invoice. From the IRQ screen, process these instructions just as you would process the scenarios in the *Processing Exceptions* section of this course. After you have made these changes, process the invoice for signature basis as described in the *Obtaining Signature Verification* section.

SUMMARY

This section described how to process a signature payment basis invoice. The signature payment basis for an invoice requires signature approval of the requester before an invoice can be paid.

The NCAS will interrupt the processing of an invoice and display a warning message if an invoice is signature basis. Your agency may require either a signed invoice or a *Matching Invoice Verification Report* as proof of signature approval. Attach a copy of the signature to the control group. Release the invoice once the required signature has been obtained.

Backup Withholding

Processing 1099 Transactions Backup Withholding Factoring Vendor Payments Processing Other AP Transactions

Backup Withholding

Under certain circumstances, your agency is required to withhold taxes from vendor checks.

State Withholding

The state requires 4% withholding of any amount paid for personal services provided by a nonresident contractor in connection with a performance, entertainment, an athletic event, a speech or the creation of a film, radio, or television program.

Compensation of more than \$1500 during a calendar year paid to a non-resident contractor performing the above services shall be subject to the law. Withholding is not required if a nonresident entity obtains a certificate of authority from the Secretary of State.

Federal Withholding

The Internal Revenue Service requires 31% withholding from vendor payments under certain circumstances. The most common one that an AP clerk would encounter is the refusal to supply a Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). If a vendor is unwilling to provide you with a valid federal identification number or social security number, you are required to withhold 31% on every payment to that vendor.

Withholding on payment controls are established at the vendor level. The OSC will set the controls for trade vendors. It is the responsibility of each agency to notify NCAS Support Services if an out-of-state vendor requires flagging for withholding due to the type of services they offer.

Agencies are responsible for setting the controls for non-trade vendors. To initiate withholding for a non-trade vendor:

- Type **yesterday's date** in the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field on the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
 - This date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format.

- Type the withholding percentage in the 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE field on the VPN screen. The rates are:
 - 31% for federal withholding only
 - 4% for state withholding only
 - 35% for both state and federal withholding
- Type the appropriate mini-chart indicator in the 1099 WITHHOLD field on the Vendor Default Distribution (VDD) screen. The mini-chart indicator determines how the accounting entries will post. The indicators are:
 - 950 for federal withholding only
 - 951 for state withholding only
 - 952 for both state and federal withholding

OCP	VENDOR DEFAULT DISTRIBUTION	VDD
NEXT FUNCTION:	_ ACTION:	03/16/1998 10:20:06
PAY ENTITY : SHORT NAME : VENDOR NUMBER:	GROUP:	
DISTRIBUTION INDICATOR	RS EXPENSE : _ DISCOUNT : _ TAX/VAT : _ ADD COST : _ BNK ACCT PYMT : _ CURR GAIN/LOSS: _	PAYABLES : FREIGHT : VARIANCE : 1099 WITHHOLD: EMP ADVANCE : ACCOUNT RULE :
GL EXPENSE DISTRIBUTION	ON COMPANY : _ ACCOUNT : _ CENTER : _ VALIDATE OPT : _	
PROJECT ACCOUNTING INE	FORMATION REQUIRED : _ COMPANY : _ NUMBER : _	

Withholding will only be applied to those invoice lines that are flagged with a 1099 code. Any of the usual 1099 codes will cause withholding to occur, if the vendor record has been appropriately flagged. Because state withholding applies to some corporations, there are times when state withholding must occur on transactions that are not reported on a 1099. For these transactions, the ST code must be used. Invoice lines marked with ST will incur withholding and state reporting, but will not be included in federal 1099 processing.

It is very important that you flag the line with a 1099 code when you enter the invoice. The line will not be picked up for withholding and reporting without it.

To correct a transaction that has been withheld in error, please refer to the following procedures:

- Procedure 30A: Correcting Withholding for Non-1099 Transactions
- Procedure 30B: Correcting Withholding for 1099 Transactions

WALKTHROUGH: Setting up a Vendor for Backup Withholding

SCENARIO

You have been notified that Barbara Laker's clinic, Wake Pediatric Clinic, is subject to federal withholding.

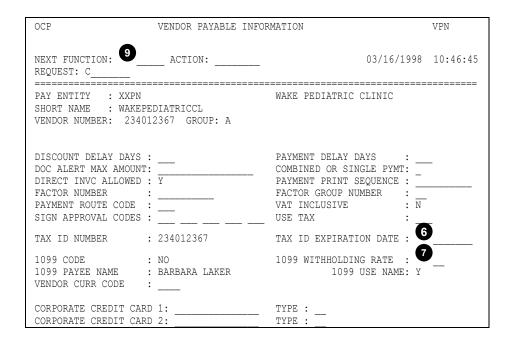
You have received an invoice from her which you will need to do withholding. This invoice is attached to the following Control Group Header sheet. You will need to set her up for backup withholding, process the control group and then enter the invoice. This invoice will need to be flagged for 1099 reporting which will activate the backup withholding.

The accounting distribution is XX01 532199 10001000. The 1099 code is M6.

1. Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.

OCP	VENDOR PAYABLE INF	ORMATION	VPN
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	03/16/1998	10:38:18
REQUEST: 5	_	=======================================	=======
PAY ENTITY : 2			
SHORT NAME : 3			
VENDOR NUMBER: 4	GROUP:		
DISCOUNT DELAY DAYS DOC ALERT MAX AMOUNT DIRECT INVC ALLOWED FACTOR NUMBER PAYMENT ROUTE CODE SIGN APPROVAL CODES TAX ID NUMBER 1099 CODE 1099 PAYEE NAME VENDOR CURR CODE	7:	PAYMENT DELAY DAYS : _ COMBINED OR SINGLE PYMT: _ PAYMENT PRINT SEQUENCE : _ FACTOR GROUP NUMBER : _ VAT INCLUSIVE : _ USE TAX : _ TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE : _ 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE : _ 1099 USE NAME: _	-
CORPORATE CREDIT CAN		TYPE :	

- 2. Type **XXPN** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **Wakepediatric@** in the SHORT NAME field.
- 4. Delete any data that has defaulted into the VENDOR NUMBER and/or GROUP fields.
- 5. Type **C** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to obtain the vendor information in the *change* mode.



6. Type **02282002** in the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field.

This date *must* be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format.
 Normally you will put yesterday's date in the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field. For purposes of the training environment, we will use the set date of 02282002.

NOTES

- 7. Type **31.00** in the 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE field to set the withholding percentage at 31%.
 - To withhold state taxes only, type **4.00**. To withhold both state and federal, type **35.00**.
- 8. Press Enter to complete entry and process the changes.
- 9. Type **VDD** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Default Distribution (VDD)* screen.

OCP	VENDOR DEFAUI	LT DISTRIBUTION	VDD
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION:		03/16/1998 11:18:02
SHORT NAME :	 XXPN 10 11 1241574 GROUP: 12		
DISTRIBUTION I	NDICATORS	EXPENSE :	PAYABLES : FREIGHT : VARIANCE : 1099 WITHHOLD: 13 EMP ADVANCE : ACCOUNT RULE :
GL EXPENSE DIS	TRIBUTION	COMPANY :	
PROJECT ACCOUN	TING INFORMATION	REQUIRED : _ COMPANY : NUMBER :	_

- 10. Delete any **vendor short name** in the SHORT NAME field that may have defaulted into that field.
- 11. Type **234012367** in the VENDOR NUMBER field over any data that may have defaulted into that field.
- 12. Type **a** in the GROUP field.
- 13. Type **950** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field and press Inter to indicate that you are withholding federal taxes from this vendor.
 - If you are withholding state taxes, type **951** in the 1099 WITH-HOLD field. If you are withholding both state and federal taxes, type **952** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field. This indicator controls the account to which the withheld amount is posted.

You are now ready to process the control group from the following Control Group Header sheet.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header				
PAYING ENTITY	X	XXPN		
			Other	
ENTRY METHOD	X	DIRECT INVOICES		
		MATCHING INVOICES		
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES		
CONTROL GROUP DATE: TODAY'S DATE CONTROL GROUP NUMBER: 127				
OPERATOR ID:	DBS#	Your In	<u>NITIALS</u> nitials	

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE		1	850.00
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED		1	850.00

- 14. Remember to first enter the control group header information on the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen. (Refer to Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group.)
 - To indicate that this control group covers *direct* invoices, type
 D in the ENTRY METHOD field.
 - The non-trade paying entity is XXPN.
- 15. Press <u>Enter</u> to process the control group header information and to access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

	OICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: REQUEST:	02/2	7/1998 15:22:17
INVOICE NUMBER:	DATE: TO MODEL:	
VENDOR SHORT NM: 18VENDOR NUMBER :		CURR :
PO REFERENCE :	COUNTY CODE:	_ MULTI PYMT: _
TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DATE: REMIT MSG:	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	
	SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACC VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER 0001	COUNT CENTER PROJU	
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT : GROSS AMOUNT:	

Invoice:	Wake Pediatric 0 831 West Morga Raleigh, NC 276	n St	Invoice Number: 862496658 Invoice Date: 03/01/2002 Terms: Net 30		
Description	Description: Quantity:		Unit Price: Total Price		
Physicals	3	10	85.00	850.00	
			Freight: Tax: Total:	850.00	

- 16. Type **862496658** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 17. Type **030102** in the DATE field.
- 18. Type **Wakepediatric@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press [mter to obtain the vendor number.

- 19. The following message will be displayed: **U50-VENDOR SUBJECT TO FEDERAL WITHHOLDING PRESS ENTER TO CONTINUE.**Press Enter to override the message and continue processing the invoice.
- 20. The following message will be displayed: **VENDOR MAY BE 1099 ELIGIBLE**. Press [Inter] to continue.
 - You must enter a 1099 code for this transaction. You will enter this code when you enter the details of this transaction.
- 21. Type **N30** over the data presently displayed in the TERMS CODE field.

OCP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:	ACTION: 03/16/1998	13:59:42
PO REFERENCE : TERMS CODE: N30	_234012367 A_	·
REMIT MSG: LINE AMOUNT/PERG VAT QUANTITY UN 0001	NIT ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE	
0002	26	
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT : ADDITIONAL COST:	FREIGHT : GROSS AMOUNT:	.00

- 22. At the 0001 line, type **850.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 23. Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 24. Type **532199** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 25. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 26. Type **Physicals** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 27. Press Enter to process the information.
 - "NO" has defaulted to the 1099 field. Wake Pediatric will receive a 1099 for this service and is subject to backup withholding, so you must override the "NO" with a 1099 code on line 0001. The valid 1099 code will trigger backup withholding for this line.

OCP	INVOICE WORKSHE	ET 1	IWS-1T
	ACTION:	03/16/199	8 14:25:32
REQUEST: 30			
VENDOR SHORT NM: VENDOR NUMBER : PO REFERENCE :		TRIC CLINIC CU CM NTY CODE: MU	RR : //DM : I LTI PYMT: N
	*-**	NATURE APPR CD:	
VAT QUANTITY UN	CENT EXP CO ACCOUNT NIT ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPT).00 001 XX01 532199	ION PRORATE (T F A D) US	E 99 I'RC
0002	PHYSICAL	SYYYY	
0003			
0004			
SALES TAX/VAT :	FR.	EIGHT :	
ADDITIONAL COST:	GR	OSS AMOUNT: 29	.00

- 28. Type **M6** over "NO" in the 99 field of line 0001 to indicate that this is a 1099 transaction and is also subject to backup withholding.
- 29. Type **850.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 30. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document and access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

Factoring Vendor Payments

Processing 1099 Transactions

Backup Withholding



Processing Other AP Transactions

Factors

Certain vendors may be set up as factors. A **factor** is a vendor who receives payment in lieu of the original vendor.

For example, your agency needs to make a payment to Wake County for the Steps Out program. However, the payment needs to go to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer is the factor for Wake County.

A vendor's file can be set up to factor every payment to another vendor. The OSC will set up the trade vendor files for whom payments need to be factored. To set up non-trade or employee vendor files for factor payments, contact the NCAS Support Services at 875-HELP. When an invoice is entered for the original vendor (after a vendor's file has been established to factor every payment) the check will automatically be issued to the factor vendor.

You do not need to set up the vendor file to factor every payment if only one payment needs to be factored. To factor only one payment, do the following:

- 1. Verify that the vendor receiving the payment is established as a factor in the vendor file. The status of a factor vendor is **F** on the *VRS* screen.
- Complete the Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) or Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T) screen just as you normally would with one exception.
- 3. Enter the vendor number for the factor in the FACTOR NUMBER field on the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* or *Employee Expense Worksheet 2 (EWS-2T)* screen.

Once this is completed, a check will automatically be issued to the factor in lieu of the original vendor.

Note that for a payment to be factored, both vendors *must* exist in the system.

DBS AP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 2	IWS-2T
NEXT FUNCTION:REQUEST:	ACTION:	02/28/1998 08:38:05
HANDLING CODE :	REASON COD	E :
IND - PAYABLES :		
LINE IND SALES TAX/VAT FREIGHT	IND OPTIONAL AMNT 1099 US ADDITIONAL COST DESC	E I'REC AR PROJ-CO NUMBER RIPTION PRORATE(T F A D)
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX 2 :	SALES TAX 3 GROSS AMOUNT	:

WALKTHROUGH: Factoring Vendor Payments

SCENARIO

The third invoice in control group 126 is for the Steps Out program for Wake County. The payment has to be factored to the Office of the State Treasurer. (Only this payment needs to be factored. All Wake County payments do not need to be factored.)

Wake County and the Office of the State Treasurer both exist in the system. The vendor number for Wake County is 566000347 D and the vendor number for the Office of the State Treasurer is 561545517 B.

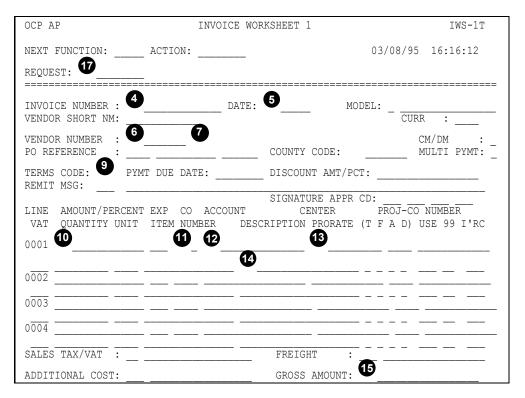
You are currently working under Control Group Header 127, however, you need to be under Control Group Header 126.

1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.

OCP AP			CONTROL GF	ROUP STATUS			CGS
NEXT FU		A	CTION:			01/31/2001	09:50:10
REQUEST	: 3	-			======		======
PAY ENT	ITY: XXPT						
PAY ENTITY		TROL NUMBER		CONTROL AMOUNT	NBR OF DOCS	DATE ENTERED	S
XXPT	01/31/200	01 0125		538.30	0	01/31/2001	_
XXPT	01/31/200	01 0126		3,150.00	0	01/31/2001	2
	1	PAGE:	2 STATU	JS: END OF LIST			

- 2. Type **S** in the s field next to Control Group 126 and press Inter to select Control Group 126 and access the *Control Entry Status* (*CES*) screen.
- 3. Type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

Invoice: Wake Count Dept. of Soc Raleigh, NC	ial Services	Invoice Number: 984657351 Invoice Date: 03/11/2002 Terms: Net		
Description:	Quantity:	Unit Price:	Total Price:	
Steps Out Program			500.00	
		Freight: Tax: Total:	500.00	



- 4. Type **984657351** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- 5. Type **031102** in the DATE field.
- 6. Type **566000347** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 7. Type **D** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field and press Enter to retrieve the vendor information. The system displays the following message: **VENDOR IS NORMALLY A MATCHING VENDOR**.
- 8. Press Enter to override the message.
- 9. Verify that your payment terms are **net** in the TERMS CODE field.
- 10. At the 0001 line, type **500.00** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- 11. Type your **company number (XX01)** in the co field.
- 12. Type **533150** in the ACCOUNT field.
- 13. Type **10001000** in the CENTER field.
- 14. Type **Steps Out Program** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- 15. Type **500.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- 16. Press Enter to process the information.
- 17. Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE WORKSHEET 2	IWS-2T
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION: 03/16/199	8 14:49:10
REQUEST: 20		
HANDLING CODE :	REASON CODE :	
PAYMENT ROUTE CD :	FACTOR NUMBER : 18 IND: SIGNATURE APPR CD: BANK PYMT: 06D ACCT RULE : 01 VAT INCL DISCOUNT : 001 INTER PAY : 1099 TAX CO: XX01 ACCT: 99999999899 CENTER: 99	CODE:
LINE IND SALES TAX/VAT FREIGHT	IND OPTIONAL AMNT 1099 USE I'REC AR PROJ- ADDITIONAL COST DESCRIPTION PRORATE(
0002	STEPS_OUT_PROGRAMS	<u>Y Y Y</u> Y
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX 2 :	SALES TAX 3 : GROSS AMOUNT :	500.00

- 18. Type **561545517** (the factor's vendor number) in the FACTOR NUMBER field.
- 19. Type **B** in the second blank of the FACTOR NUMBER field and press [Inter] to process the information.
 - Note that if the vendor's factor file does not have a factor status, the following error message will appear: 162 VENDOR ENTERED IS NOT A FACTOR.
- 20. Type **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

The Steps Out payment has been factored to the Office of the State Treasurer. The NCAS will make the check payable to the factor vendor.

You have completed keying in the third document in control group 126.

Processing Other AP Transactions

Processing 1099 Transactions

Backup Withholding Factoring Vendor Payments



Overview

In addition to processing 1099 transactions and factoring vendor payments, the NCAS also performs four other special AP functions:

- Processing fixed assets documents
- Processing year-end accruals
- Processing sales tax
- Refund of Expenditures

Processing Fixed Asset Documents

Invoices that are coded to fixed asset accounts are entered in the NCAS exactly like all other invoices.

Fixed asset accounts begin with "534."

Examples of fixed asset account numbers are:

- 534521 Office equipment
- 534522 Computer equipment

Report series **MM132-1 AP TO FA INTERFACE** contains a report listing invoice activity for fixed asset accounting.

A fixed asset interface has been implemented to automate the passing of fixed asset information from the Accounts Payable module to the Fixed Assets module. For more information on the Fixed Assets module and the AP interface, refer to the *Fixed Asset* training course.

Processing Year-End Accruals

The State of North Carolina's fiscal accounting year ends on June 30th of each year. Because the state's accounting records are maintained from July through June on the cash basis, a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) conversion is required in June. Included in the GAAP conversion are accruals for accounts payable.

Your agency will receive invoices after June 30th for goods and services received in previous months. These invoices must be reflected in the 13th accounting period as accruals for that year's conversion to the GAAP basis.

The NCAS has 13 accounting periods: one for each month of the year and a 13th period in which to make adjusting and accrual entries.

Beginning July 1st, all invoices should be reviewed carefully for the previous months' expenses. If an invoice expense is for a month prior to July 1st, the invoice is an accrual and needs to be identified as such in the system.

Accrual invoices can be entered in control groups separately from regular July invoices or they can be entered as accrual invoices individually within a control group. With the exception of adding an accrual indicator, the process for entering accrual invoices is exactly like that for entering regular invoices.

For detailed information and instructions regarding end-of-year processing, refer to the *System Information Guide (SIG)*.

To identify a control group of accrual invoices: Refer to Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group. Then perform the following steps:

OCP AP 200 - ENTER CONTROL GE	CONTROL DOCUMENT	ENTRY			CDE
NEXT FUNCTION:REQUEST:		_	03/02/1	.998	08:35:39
PAY ENTITY : CNTL DATE : GL EFF DATE: HANDLING CD:	ENTRY METHOD :		DIFFERENCE : NBR DOC'S :		
DOCUMENT MODEL NBR: FREIGHT AMOUNT: DISCOUNT AMOUNT: SALES TAX/VAT AMT: SALES TAX 2 AMT: SALES TAX 3 AMT: OPTIONAL AMOUNT: ADDITIONAL COST AMT:			FREIGHT INDICATOR DISCOUNT INDICATOR SALES TAX/VAT IND SALES TAX 2 IND SALES TAX 3 IND VARIANCE INDICATOR ADDITIONAL COST IND		- - - - -
EXPENSE INDICATOR : INTERCOMPANY PAY IND: BANK ACCT PYMT IND : SIGNATURE APPROVAL : REASON CODE/DESC :	U 		PAYABLES INDICATOR INTERCOMPANY REC INI PAYMENT ROUTING CODE PROVISIONAL ACCT INI VAT INCLUSIVE);	- - -

1. Type **ACC** in the EXPENSE INDICATOR field on the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen to identify the expense as an *accrual*. This three-digit code indicates that each invoice in the control group is an accrual invoice.

NOTES

 Proceed with the steps for entering invoices. Refer to Procedure 8: Entering Direct Invoices and/or Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices and/or Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices.

If an invoice in the accrual control group is not an accrual, override ACC and type **001** in the EXP field on the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-1T*) screen.

To identify an accrual invoice within a regular control group:

Refer to Procedure 8: Entering Direct Invoices and/or Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information and/or Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information and perform the following steps:

	ICE WORKSHEET 1	IWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: REQUEST:	02/27/1998	15:22:17
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NM: VENDOR NUMBER :	DATE: MODEL: CURE CM/I	
PO REFERENCE :	COUNTY CODE: MULT	TI PYMT:
REMIT MSG:		
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACCO VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUMBER	SIGNATURE APPR CD: OUNT CENTER PROJ-CO NUN DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F A D) USE	
0001 1		
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT : ADDITIONAL COST:	FREIGHT : GROSS AMOUNT:	
WANTITOWWR COST.	GLODD MINONII.	

- 1. Type **ACC** in the EXP field on the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-1T)* screen to identify the invoice as an *accrual*. This three-digit code indicates that the invoice is an accrual.
- Proceed with the steps for entering invoices.

In addition to "ACC," the accounting distribution must be entered for each invoice.

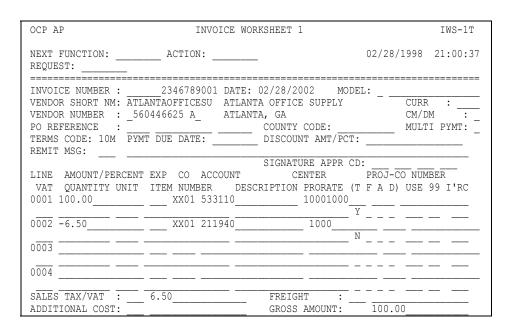
The ACC code references an accrual clearing account. Agencies that wish to indicate specific liability accounts for accrual charges can indicate these accounts by using a different code in the EXP field. A list of these indicators is shown in **QRG 10: Expense Accrual Indicators** and is also on the SIG.

Processing Sales Tax

Invoices are usually received with sales tax applied for *goods*. However, sometimes vendors do not include sales tax. This sales tax needs to be remitted to the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

In order to remit the sales tax for direct and matching invoices, you need to enter information on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* and perform the following steps. (Refer to **Procedure 8: Entering Direct Invoices** and/or **Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices** and/or **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices** for more information.)

- 1. If the invoice is a matching invoice and you are on the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* or *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen, type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *IWS-1T* screen.
 - If this is a matching invoice, make sure you tag the invoice line(s) before accessing the *IWS-1T* screen.
- 2. If the invoice is a direct invoice, access the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-1T*) screen.



3. Enter all detail lines for the invoice.

Add sales tax line: NOTES

- 4. Calculate the tax amount for the taxable good by multiplying by 6.5%.
- 5. At the next line, type **the negative tax amount** in the AMOUNT/PER-CENT field.
- 6. Type **your company number** in the co field.
- 7. Type **211940** in the ACCOUNT field to indicate the Taxes Payable to Revenue liability account.
- 8. Type **your fund number** in the CENTER field.
- 9. Type **N** in the T (TAX) field so that tax will not be prorated to this line of the invoice.
- 10. Type the positive tax amount (tax total) in the SALES TAX/VAT field.
- 11. Type **the invoice total** (without the tax) in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- 12. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to process the invoice.

Processing Taxes Payable to the Division of Motor Vehicles

Taxes that are payable to the Division of Motor Vehicles (DMV) for the purchase of vehicles are handled in the same manner as taxes payable to the Department of Revenue. The 3% tax should be entered as a negative amount on the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen and charged to account **211941** (DMV Sales Taxes Payable). Later, when the taxes are due to DMV, enter an invoice payable to DMV and debit (positive entry) the same account (211941) for the amount of the taxes due.

If the vendor's terms include a discount and the above sales tax procedure is utilized, you must manually calculate the amount of the discount and enter it in the DISCOUNT AMT/PCT field. You must also leave the TERMS CODE field blank and enter the date that the payment is due in the PYMT DUE DATE field.

Refund of Expenditures

There are two methods that can be used to record refunds of expenditures in the NCAS. Agencies that do not need to report net vendor payments may process refunds through the Budgetary Control (BC) module. Agencies that must report payments to vendors net of refunds received may use

the Accounts Payable module to record the refunds and automate the deposit entries.

A refund of expenditure should be recorded in the AP module by using zero dollar invoices. The invoice should contain one line to back out the refund amount and another line to post the refund to the Vendor Refund Clearing Account (535680). During nightly processing, entries would be generated that reverse the entry in the Vendor Refund Clearing Account and post to the appropriate cash account.

System generated accounting rules will determine the appropriate cash entries based on the fund type contained in the first position of center. The BD800 Cash Report will correctly reflect the cash transaction because of the system generated document ID.

To avoid timing issues involving cash, make sure that the cash deposit entry in the Cash Management System is recorded in the same month as the AP entry.

There are four situations that could occur with refunds:

- Refund of a current year expenditure
- Refund of a prior year expenditure
- · Accrued refund of a prior year expenditure
- Combination refund of a current year expenditure and an accrued refund of a prior year expenditure
 - In each of these situations, the agency needs to determine if the transaction was marked with a 1099 indicator. If the transaction had a 1099 indicator and an effective date in the first six months of the calendar year, then the credit to reverse the expenditure would also need the 1099 indicator.

Refund of Current Year Expenditure

When the refund occurred in the current year, an adjustment is made to the account originally charged. On the first line of the zero-dollar invoice, back out the refunded amount. The second line posts the refund to the Vendor Refund Clearing Account (535680).

Refund of Prior Year Expenditure

A refund of a prior year requires the refund distribution to be recorded against a refund account. Before an agency can add an invoice in AP, it must ensure that a reimbursement account has been established within the NCAS to handle prior year reimbursements. The account should be in the 5383AA account range, and the account title should designate this account for prior year reimbursements only.

AA stands for an agency-defined number. This account number will be unique to your agency.

NOTES

On the first line of the zero-dollar invoice, credit the prior year reimbursement account (5383AA) for the amount of the refund. The second line posts the refund to the Vendor Refund Clearing Account (535680).

Accrued Refund of Prior Year Expenditure

Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Any refund of expenditure which was identified and earned prior to June 30 and received prior to July 31 must be accrued. The first line of the invoice will be a credit to the prior year reimbursement account and will include the ARC accrual indicator in the EXP field. This accrual indicator is tied to account 113200 for accrual purposes and must be distributed through a Budgetary Control journal entry to the appropriate receivable account at a later time. The second line posts the refund to the Vendor Refund Clearing Account (535680).

Combination – Refund of Current Year Expenditure and Accrued Refund of Prior Year Expenditure

In some circumstances, an agency may receive a refund that needs to be split between the current year and the previous year. Some of the refund may be a prior year refund and eligible for accrual, but the remainder of the reimbursement needs to be treated as a current year refund of expenditure. There will need to be two credit entries — one to the expenditure account for the current year amount and one to the prior year reimbursement account. The debit will still be posted to the Vendor Refund Clearing Account (535680).

Refer to the following procedures:

- Procedure 32A: Entering a Refund of a Current Year Expenditure
- Procedure 32B: Entering a Refund of a Prior Year Expenditure
- Procedure 32C: Entering an Accrued Refund of a Prior Year Expenditure
- Procedure 32D: Entering a Combination Refund of Expenditure

Maintaining AP Documents

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents

Reviewing AP Information

Overview

The NCAS allows you to make changes to control groups and to individual documents that have been entered in the system. This section explains how to make these changes. *Maintaining AP Documents* is divided into the following subsections:

Navigating Through Control Groups

The NCAS allows you to do the following to maintain control groups:

- Retrieve a control group
- Add a document to a control group
- · Delete a control group
- Balance a control group

Updating Documents

The NCAS also allows you to update documents, such as invoices, employee reimbursements and travel advances, by doing the following:

- Changing a document
- Deleting and canceling a document

Navigating Through Control Groups



Updating Documents

Overview

When you have completed entering all the documents in a control group, you must type **BAL** or **B** in the REQUEST field to initiate control group balancing. This action will result in either a balanced or unbalanced control group. If the control group balances, a blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen is displayed to accept another control group. If the control group does not balance, the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen is displayed. The *CES* screen lists all documents within the unbalanced control group.

Retrieving an Existing Control Group

There may be circumstances that cause you to leave a control group without balancing. For example, you may be interrupted during document processing or you may need to leave a control group to perform an online inquiry.

You can only retrieve control groups that have not been balanced. In order to retrieve an unbalanced control group, one of two screens can be used:

- The Control Group Review (CGR) screen allows supervisors and managers to view all out-of-balance control groups entered by all operators.
- The Control Group Status (CGS) screen allows an operator to view only his or her out-of-balance control groups by control date and control number.

Use the following steps to access an existing control group.

1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen. (If you are a manager or supervisor and have security to the CGR screen, you can type **CGR** in this field.)

OCP AP	CONTROL	GROUP STATUS		C	GS
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		02	/12/1998 1	0:31:52
PAY ENTITY:					
PAY CONTROI ENTITY DATE NU	L UMBER	CONTROL AMOUNT	NBR OF DOCS	DATE ENTERED	S 2
PAGE	E: 1 ST	CATUS: END OF LIST	1		

2. Type **S** in the s field next to the control group you wish to retrieve and press Inter to access the *Control Entry Status* (*CES*) screen.

OCP AP	CONTROL ENTRY	STATUS	CES
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		02/12/1998 10:33:32
PAY ENTITY : XXPT CNTL DATE : 02/12 GL EFF DATE : NBR OF DOC'S:	CNTL NBR : 0345 /2002 CURRENCY : APPL AREA: SM		8,098.08 .00 8,098.08
VENDOR/EMPLOYEE DO	======================================	OSS AMOUNT DOC	DATE STATUS SEL
PA	GE: 1 STATUS: END	OF LIST	

The *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen displays all documents within a specific control group. This screen also displays the status of each document as follows:

NOTES

- BALANCED indicates that the document is complete, balanced, and ready for payment.
- BAL-B indicates that the document is balanced but has a budgetary control exception.
- CANCELED indicates that the document has been canceled.
- FULL PAID indicates that the document has been paid.
- HOLD indicates that the document has been put on hold.
- HLD-B indicates that the document has been put on hold with a budgetary control exception.
- INCOMPLETE indicates that the document is incomplete.
- 1099 HLD indicates that the document is on hold because of incomplete information for 1099 reporting.
- MATCH EXCEP indicates that an auditing exception occurred during matching and the document was passed to the buyer.
- PAID-B indicates that a paid document has a budgetary control exception.
- PARTIAL PAID indicates that one or more of the scheduled multiple or partial payments have been made.
- P-PD-B indicates that one or more scheduled multiple or partial payments have been made and the document has a budgetary control exception.
- SUSPENDED indicates that the document has a handling code of S and must be released on the Held Document Release (HDR) screen.
- SUS-B indicates that the document has a handling code of S and a budgetary control exception.
- UNBAL indicates that the document is out of balance.
- 3. Type **S** in the SEL field next to the document (invoice, employee reimbursement) you wish to retrieve and press [inter] to access the document.
 - Balanced documents will pay even if the entire control group is *not* balanced. Budgetary exceptions and matching exceptions will not hold up payment for documents in the control group.

Adding a Document to a Control Group

On the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen, you must type one of following numbers in the REQUEST field:

- will access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen in order to add a direct invoice.
- **4** will access the *Invoice Matching Process (IMP)* screen in order to add a matching invoice.
- will access the *Employee Expense Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T)* screen in order to add an employee reimbursement.

You may also access a specific document entry screen (i.e., *IWS-1T, IMP*, or *EWS-1T*) directly from the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen. To do so, you must type **S** in the SEL field next to the control group that you wish to retrieve. Then type the appropriate number (i.e., **3**, **4** or **5**) in the REQUEST field.

Deleting a Control Group

You may also need to delete a control group that has been created in error. To do so, you must first make sure that the control group does not contain any documents that need to be paid. Then, you must delete all documents in the control group. (Deleting documents is discussed in the *Maintaining Specific Documents* section.)

To delete the control group itself, use the following steps:

- 1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
- 2. Type an **S** in the s field next to the control group that you wish to delete and press Enter.
- 3. Type **1** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.
- 4. Type **DELETE** in the REQUEST field and press Enter.
 - Note that the system will not allow you to delete a control group if it contains documents. A control group with cancelled documents cannot be deleted.

Balancing a Control Group

A control group must be balanced once *all* the documents within that control group have been balanced ("nexted").

Balancing a Current Control Group

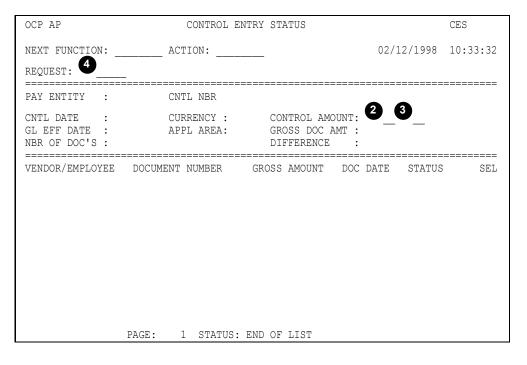
NOTES

If all the documents in your current control group have been "nexted" successfully, type **BAL** in the REQUEST field to balance the control group. (Refer to **Procedure 34: Balancing the Current Control Group.)**

If the control group balances, the following message will appear on the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen: 200-ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMATION. The message indicates that the control group has balanced. If desired, you can now enter another control group.

If the control group is out of balance, the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen will appear. The following message will be displayed: **322-CONTROL AMOUNT IS OUT OF BALANCE.** The out-of-balance amount will appear in the DIFFERENCE field.

Use the following steps to balance a current control group. Note that a control group will not balance unless the values in the GROSS DOC AMT field and the CONTROL AMOUNT field are equal. The GROSS DOC AMT field reflects the total of the documents you entered in the NCAS. The CONTROL AMOUNT field reflects the total value you entered on the *CDE* screen when you created the control group.



- Check the total of all invoices against the total displayed in the CONTROL AMOUNT field on the Control Entry Status (CES) screen.
 - Note that discounts are not subtracted from the gross document amount value calculated by the NCAS. Therefore, do not subtract discounts from the control amount value because the control group will not balance.

- 2. Enter the correct amount in the CONTROL AMOUNT field.
- 3. Write **the "new" system total** on the Control Group Header sheet.
- 4. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press Enter. Once the control group is balanced, the following message will appear on a blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen: **0200 ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMATION**. You can then enter a new control group.

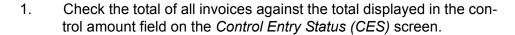
Balancing an Outstanding Control Group

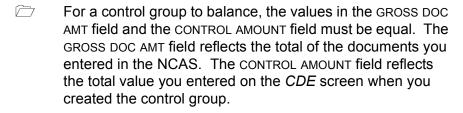
In some cases, you may leave a control group before you have balanced it. This situation can occur when you have documents that need to be resolved or you had to leave a document incomplete. Once all the problem documents have been resolved, you must go back and balance the outstanding control group. (Refer to **Procedure 35: Balancing Outstanding Control Groups.**)

To balance an outstanding control group, you must retrieve the control group using the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen. On the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen for that control group, verify that the values in the GROSS DOC AMT and the CONTROL AMOUNT are equal (in other words, that the value in the DIFFERENCE field is **0**).

If the control group is in balance, type **BAL** in the REQUEST field to balance the control group.

If the control group is not in balance, do the following:





- 2. Enter the correct amount in the CONTROL AMOUNT field.
- 3. Write **the "new" system total** on the Control Group Header sheet.
- 4. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter]. Once the control group is balanced, the following message will appear on a blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen: **0200 ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMATION**. You can then enter a new control group.

In this course, you have processed documents in five control groups (control group numbers 122, 123, 124, 125, 126). You have balanced the following control groups:

- 122: Balanced the current control group (Day 1)
- 123: Could not be balanced because all the documents in that control group could not be "nexted" (Day 2)
- 124: Balanced the outstanding control group after adjusting the CONTROL AMOUNT value (Day 2)

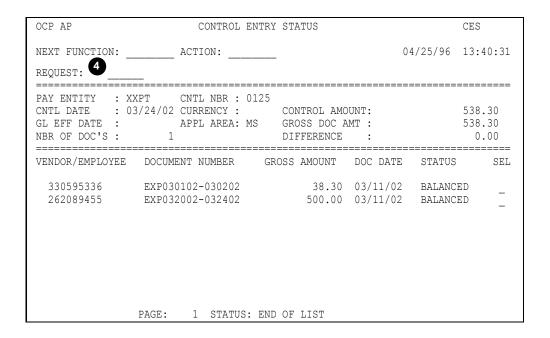
In the following walkthrough you will balance control groups 125 and 126.

WALKTHROUGH: Balancing an Outstanding Control Group

SCENARIO

You have keyed in the documents in control group 125 and 126. Balance these control groups. (Refer to **Procedure 35: Balancing Outstanding Control Groups.**)

- 1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access the Control Group Status (CGS) screen.
- 2. Type **XXPE** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Enter to access a list of open control groups for the employee paying entity.
- 3. Type **S** in the s (SELECT) field to *select* control group 125 and press Enter to process the information. The *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen for control group 125 appears.



Note that the value in the DIFFERENCE field is **0** indicating that the control group is in balance.

4. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to balance control group 125.

A blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen appears with the following message: **0200 - ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMA-TION**. You can now enter a new control group.

To balance control group 126, do the following:

- 5. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Control Group Status (CGS)* screen.
- 6. Type **XXPT** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Inter to access a list of open control groups for the trade paying entity.
- 7. Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to *select* control group 126 and press Enter to process the information. The *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen for control group 126 appears.

OCP AP		CONTROL	ENTRY	STATUS			CES
NEXT FUNCTION:		ACTION:				04/25/96	13:40:31
REQUEST: 12							
PAY ENTITY : X	XPT	CNTL NBR :	0126				
CNTL DATE : (GL EFF DATE : NBR OF DOC'S :			MS				3150.00 3250.00 100.00
VENDOR/EMPLOYEE	DOCUME	ENT NUMBER	GR	OSS AMOUNT	DOC DATE	STATUS	SEL
228823898 A 561241574 A 566000347 D		5246179824 7594863011 984657351			02/02/02	BALANC BALANC BALANC	ED _
	PAGE:	1 STATUS	S: END	OF LIST			

8. Verify that the value in the GROSS DOCUMENT AMOUNT and the CONTROL AMOUNT fields is the same.

The value in the GROSS DOC AMOUNT field is 3250.00. The value in the CONTROL AMOUNT field is 3150.00. The discrepancy between the GROSS DOCUMENT AMOUNT and CONTROL AMOUNT field (\$100.00) appears in the DIFFERENCE field.

9. Check the invoice amounts on the calculator tape against the invoice amounts displayed on the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.

The calculator tape totals 3250.00. A miscalculation occurred previously.

- 10. Type **3,250.00** in the CONTROL AMOUNT field. Erase any characters remaining in the field.
- In a real production environment, you will also need to write
 3,250.00 on the Control Group Header Sheet to revise the old total.
 (In this training exercise, do not carry out this step.)
- 12. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to *balance* control group 126.

A blank *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen appears with the following message: **0200 - ENTER CONTROL GROUP INFORMA-TION**. You can now enter a new control group.

Updating Documents

Navigating Through Control Groups

Updating Documents

Overview

The NCAS allows you to make changes to invoices, employee reimbursements, or travel advances that have been entered in the system. However, there are certain limitations to changing documents. For example, you cannot change the gross amount on a balanced or paid invoice. The only change that can be made to a travel advance is to its status (permanent/temporary).

Depending on the type of document, you must access a specific screen to make changes.

- For both matching and direct invoices, you must access the *Invoice Maintenance Worksheet 1 (IMW-1T)* screen.
- For employee reimbursements, you must access the *Employee Maintenance Worksheet 1 (EMW-1T)* screen.

You **can** make the following changes to direct invoices, matching invoices, and employee reimbursements:

- Expense distribution
- Remit code/message
- Handling code
- Use tax/1099 indicators
- Payment due date (only if invoice is unpaid)
- There are limits to changes that can be made to the expense distribution. A new company cannot be added on a document. For example, if all of the invoice lines refer to company XX01, a line cannot be changed to refer to company XX02. However, if one or more of the lines was originally charged to company XX02, other lines can be maintained and charged against XX02.

You **cannot** make the following changes to direct invoices, matching invoices, and employee reimbursements:

- Vendor name or number
- Document ID
- Date
- Gross amount
- Credit and debit memo indicators

Regardless of the screen, you must enter the following information to access the document that needs to be changed:

- Paying entity
- Invoice or employee voucher number
- Vendor or employee number

The following walkthrough demonstrates how to change a document.

WALKTHROUGH: Changing a Document

SCENARIO

An incorrect center number was entered on document 3451299091 for Lowe's. You need to change the center number to 10002000. The vendor number is 560578072 H.

1. Type **IMW** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to access the *Invoice Maintenance Worksheet 1 (IMW-1T)* screen and press Enter.

OCP AP INVOI	CE MAINTENANCE 1	IMW-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELD	S	
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION		03/02/1998 09:15:06
NEXT FUNCTION ACTION	•	03/02/1996 09.13.00
REQUEST:		
•		
PAY ENTITY :	VEND SHORT NM:	
THINGTOF MAD .	A	
INVOICE NBR :	VENDOR NUMBER:	MULTI PYMT:
INVOICE DATE :	DISCNT AMOUNT:	TERMS:
COUNTY CODE :	PO REFERENCE :	CM/DM:
PYMT NBR: 001 PRTL PYMT NBR: 0	OO PYMT DUE DTE:	GL EFF DT:
REMIT MESSAGE:		<u> </u>
LINE AMOUNT EXP CO	ACCOUNT CENTER	PROJ-CO NUMBER
VAT QUANTITY UNIT ITEM NUM		USE 1099 I'REC
	6	
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT :	
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT:	
11001111011111 0001.	01(000 11100N1.	

- 2. Type your **trade paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **3451299091** in the INVOICE NBR field.
- 4. Type **560578072 H** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 5. Press Enter to access the document information.
- 6. Type **10002000** over **10001005** in the CENTER field.
- 7. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to process the change and to access a blank *IMW-1T* screen.

If a change is made to an accounting distribution, the NCAS automatically makes the reversing journal entries for you and keeps a full audit trail. (It will debit the correct distribution and credit the previous distribution.) If you are changing an accounting distribution on a document from a prior period, the system will credit the previous distribution and debit the new distribution during the current month. The system will not make adjustments to a closed period.

Reversing transactions are also reflected in the Budgetary Control module.

Deleting and Canceling Documents

Documents can also be deleted or canceled in the NCAS as follows:

- If you decide that a document is unnecessary on the day you entered it, you can either *delete* or *cancel* the document. If a document is deleted, there is no record of the document. If a document is canceled, the system creates an audit trail.
- If you decide that a document is unnecessary on a day other than the
 day you entered it, you must cancel the document. If a document is
 canceled, the system creates an audit trail. The audit trail records the
 history of the canceled document.

You can cancel a document before or after it has been paid.

- If you cancel a document before it has been paid, you must access the *Invoice Cancel/Delete (ICD)* screen or the *Employee Cancel/Delete (ECD)* screen.
- If a document needs to be canceled after it has been paid, an AP manager must first cancel the check on the Payment Cancellation (PCN) screen. Then an AP clerk must access the ICD screen or ECD screen to cancel the document.
 - You cannot delete a document if it has been paid. You can only cancel a paid document.

In the case of advance and expense documents, an expense document is not eligible for cancellation if any part of the expense was applied to an advance.

If you cancel a payment and do not cancel the document, the payment will be generated in the next payment cycle.

WALKTHROUGH: Deleting a Document

SCENARIO

On the same day that you entered document 9000231786 from Nationwide Supply Company, you realize that you entered the wrong vendor. You must remove the document from the system.

1. Type **ICD** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Cancel/Delete (ICD)* screen.

OCP AP	INVOICE	CANCEL/DELETE		ICD
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:		03/02/1998	09:18:43
PAY ENTITY :	2	VENDOR NUMBER	R :	
VENDOR SHORT NAME: INVOICE DATE :	3	INVOICE NUMBE	ER :	
VENDOR NUMBER	INVOICE NUMBER	INVOICE GROSS I DATE AMOU	INVOICE GL EF UNT DATE	F C/D
	PAGE:	STATUS:		

- 2. Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **nation@** in the VENDOR SHORT NAME field.
- 4. Press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- 5. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field next to the vendor's name.
- 6. Press Enter to return to the *ICD* screen.

All documents that are eligible for cancellation or deletion for Nationwide Supply Company will be displayed.

- 7. Type **D** in the C/D field next to the document that needs to be *deleted*.
- 8. Press Inter to delete the document. The following message will be displayed: **393-NO INVOICES FOUND FOR CRITERIA ENTERED**.

You can also type **DELETE** in the REQUEST field on a maintenance screen (*IMW-1T* or *EMW-1T*) to *delete* a document. However, to *cancel* a document, you must always access the *Invoice Cancel/Delete* (*ICD*) screen or the *Employee Cancel/Delete* (*ECD*) screen.

ACTIVITY: Canceling a Document

SCENARIO

You need to cancel document 1098208764 for Park N Shop/ Farmers Market Inc.

- 1. Delete any data that has defaulted in the VENDOR NUMBER field. Don't forget to delete the group number also.
- 2. Type **parknshop@** over any data that defaulted in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter. (Be sure to blank out any remaining characters in the field.)
- 3. Type **C** in the C/D field next to document 1098208764 to indicate that this document is to be *canceled*.

Remember that if you want to remove a document on a day other than the day that you entered it, you must *cancel* it.

4. Press Inter to cancel the document. The following message will be displayed: **393-NO INVOICES FOUND FOR CRITERIA ENTERED**.

Reviewing Accounts Payable Information

Adding and Changing Vendors Creating Control Groups Processing Direct Invoices Processing Matching Invoices Processing Employee Transactions Handling Special AP Processes Maintaining AP Documents



Overview

The NCAS provides easy access to information. Using the NCAS information-access tools, you can either view data online using inquiry screens or generate a printed report.

Document Inquiry

Using document inquiry screens, you can obtain information about a document that has been entered or processed in the AP module.

Payment Inquiry

Using payment inquiry screens, you can obtain payment information about documents.

Online Help

The online help feature allows you to obtain additional information about accounts payable screens and fields.

Reports

In addition to using document and payment inquiry screens, there are a number of reports available to access further information.

Document Inquiry

Document Inquiry

Payment Inquiry

Online Help

Reports

Overview

In order to obtain information about a document that has been entered or processed in AP, you can access several document inquiry screens on the system. These screens provide information such as:

- · Amount paid
- Payment date
- Check number
- Tax
- Freight
- Default indicators
- Internal comments relating to a document
- Budgetary control status

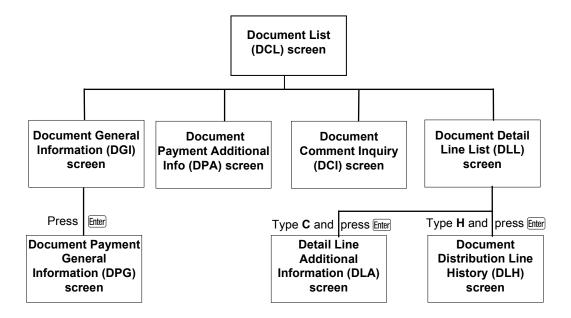
Many of these screens also allow you to access historical information regarding documents. By typing any character in the HISTORY field, you can access a list of all documents that are no longer in the master file.

The *Document List (DCL)* screen allows you to access the following inquiry screens:

- The Document General Information (DGI) screen allows you to view header information. It also allows you to access:
 - The Document Payment General Information (DPG) screen, which provides detailed payment information for invoices and employee expenses.
- The Document Payment Additional Info (DPA) screen provides discount and general ledger information.
- The Document Comment Inquiry (DCI) screen displays the comments recorded.

- The *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen provides details for every line assigned to a particular document. It allows you to access:
 - The Detail Line Additional Information (DLA) screen, which provides extensive information about the document line amount.
 - The Document Distribution Line History (DLH) screen, which displays changes made to the accounting distribution for the line

You can access the previously mentioned inquiry screens (*DGI*, *DPG*, *DPA*, *DCI*, *DLL*, *DLA*, and *DLH*) from any AP screen. Simply type the three-digit code in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter.



WALKTHROUGH: Document Inquiry

NOTES

SCENARIO

Your manager wants complete information regarding document number 4568151566781 from Dr. Carlos F. Haas-Weston.

1. Enter **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

OCP AP	DOCUMENT LIST	DCL
111 - PAY ENTITY MUST BE ENTE NEXT FUNCTION: ACTIC REQUEST:		03/02/1998 09:36:34
PAY ENTITY : 2 SHORT NAME :	CONTROL DATE : VEND/EMP NBR : DOCUMENT STAT:	CONTROL NBR:
DOCUMENT NBR: LIST MRQ INV: VEN/EMP NBR DOCUMENT NUMBER	DOCUMENT AMT: DOCUMENT AMT2: DOCUMENT GROSS AMOUNT DATE	CURR: - SELECT - CURR STATUS DGI DCI CODE DPA DLL 4 4 4 4
PAGE:	STATUS:	

- 2. Type your **trade paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **4568151566781** in the DOCUMENT NBR field and press Enter.
 - If you do not know the invoice number, you can use the vendor short name or vendor number to find the document.

If there are additional documents that cannot fit on one screen, the word "MORE" will appear at the bottom of the screen. Press Enter to view the next screen. Type **UP** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to scroll up. If you wish to scroll up or down more than one page at a time, type **UP** or **DOWN** (or **DN**) in the REQUEST field followed by the number of pages and press Enter. For example, DN4 will scroll down 4 pages. You may scroll up to 10 pages at one time. Type **TOP** or **T** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to go to the top of the list.

- 4. Type an **S** next to document number 4568151566781 under each of the inquiry screen labels (*DGI*, *DPA*, *DCI*, *DLL*) listed in the SELECT column. The system will display the selected inquiry screens in sequence for the specified document and then return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
- 5. Press Enter to access the *Document General Information (DGI)* screen. The *DGI* screen provides the typical header information associated with a document, including:
 - Control number
 - Application area (who keyed the document)
 - Document status
 - Amount paid
 - Date of last changes to document
 - Buying entity and purchase order number (for matching invoices)

Note that all key information for the document defaults from the *DCL* screen. If the *Document General Information (DGI)* screen is accessed directly, one of the following sets of search criteria must be entered in the appropriate fields:

- PAY ENTITY
- VENDOR/EMPLOYEE NUMBER
- GROUP LETTER/NUMBER (IF IT EXISTS)

or

- SHORT NAME
- DOCUMENT NUMBER
- DOCUMENT DATE

OCP AP	DOCUMENT GENER	RAL INFORMATION	DGI
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/26/1998 14:58:01
PAY ENTITY VEND/EMP SHORT NAME DOCUMENT DATE	: HAASWESTONCARLO	VENDOR/EMP NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER :	
DOCUMENT TYPE DOCUMENT STATUS CURRENCY CODE		APPLICATION AREA: DATE ENTERED: DATE LAST UPDATED:	BK 02/19/2000 02/20/2000
AMOUNT PAID COUNTY CDE/TRIP NBR PO REFERENCE	:		
SIGN APPROVAL CODE DATES APPROVED	: :		
REMIT MESSAGE:			

- 6. Press Inter to access the *Document Payment General Information* (*DPG*) screen. The *DPG* screen provides detailed payment information for invoices and employee expenses, including:
 - Tax
 - Freight
 - Additional cost
 - Due date
 - General ledger effective date
 - Extract date
 - Payment reference number

OCP AP	DOCUMENT PAYMENT GE	ENERAL INFORMATION DPG	
NEXT FUNCTION: _ BROWSE: _	ACTION:	HISTORY: _ 02/26/1998 14:59	9:26
VEND/EMP SHORT N	AME: HAASWESTONCARLO	VEND/EMP NBR: 561708740 A DOCUMENT NBR: 4568151566781 PAYMENT NBR: 001 PRTL PYMT NBR:	000
SALES TAX/VAT SALES TAX 2 SALES TAX 3 FREIGHT ADDITIONAL COST	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	VAT INCLUSIVE : N EXPENSE IND : GL EFFECTIVE DATE: 02/19/2000 EXTRACT DATE : ACCRUAL CANC DATE:	
GROSS INVOICE PAYMENT AMOUNT AMOUNT PAID	: 750.00	PAYMENT STATUS : PAID	.00
PAYMENT TERMS PAYMENT DATE PAYMENT ROUTE CD FACTOR NUMBER REASON CODE/DESC	: 02/19/2000 :	PAYMENT REF NBR : 0000019174 PAYMENT TYPE : SYSTEM HANDLING CODE : ONE INVC PER PYMT: BANK ACCT PYMT CD: 06D	

Type any character in the BROWSE field and the payment records from all detail lines are sequentially displayed each time the Enter key is pressed.

- 7. Press Inter to access the *Document Payment Additional Info (DPA)* screen. The *DPA* screen summarizes discount information; provides general ledger distribution; and, when applicable, includes the following:
 - General ledger extract date
 - · Payment cancellation date

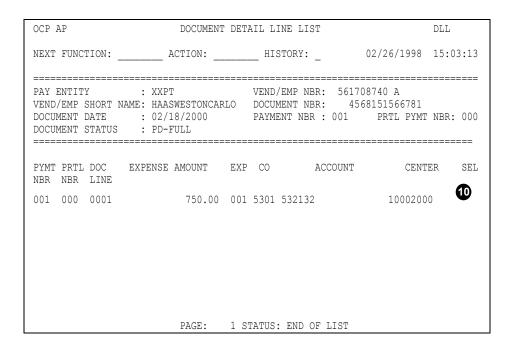
OCP AP	DOCUMENT PAYMEN	T ADDITIONAL INFO	DPA
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _ 02/26/199	98 15:02:13
VEND/EMP SHORT NAM	ME: HAASWESTONCARLO	VEND/EMP NBR: 561708740 A DOCUMENT NBR: 456815156678 PAYMENT NBR: 001 PRTL PY	-
		INDICATORS	
PAYMENT AMOUNT	: 750.0	O EXPENSE :	
AMOUNT PAID	: 720.0	O PAYABLES :	
PAYMENT DUE DATE	: 02/18/2000	DISCOUNT :	
DISCOUNT TAKEN	: .0	0 CASH : 001	
DISCOUNT DATE 1	:	INTERCO PAYABLES :	
DISCOUNT AMOUNT 1	:	INTERCO REC :	
DISCOUNT DATE 2	:	PROVISIONAL ACCT :	
DISCOUNT AMOUNT 2	:	EMPLOYEE ADVANCE :	
1099 WITHHELD AMT	: 30.0	O FACTOR NUMBER :	
GL EXTRACT DATE	:	CURRENCY :	
ACCRUAL CANC DATE	:	PAYMENT EQUIV :	.00
GL REVERSE DATE	:	DISCOUNT EQUIV :	.00

8. Press Inter to access the *Document Comment Inquiry (DCI)* screen. The *DCI* screen displays the comments recorded for this document (e.g., vendor information, information between clerks).

OCP AP DOCUMENT COMMENT INQUIRY DCI 267 - NO COMMENTS FOUND FOR THIS INVOICE BEGINNING WITH THIS SEQUENCE NUMBER NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION: HISTORY: 02/26/1998 15:02:30
PAY ENTITY : XXPT DOCUMENT NUMBER : 4568151566781 VENDOR/EMP SHORT NAME: HAASWESTONCARLO DOCUMENT DATE : 02/18/2000 VENDOR/EMP NUMBER : 561708740 A BEGINNING SEQ NBR:
SEQ COMMENTS
PAGE: 1 STATUS: END OF LIST

Comments that are entered on the *Document Level Comments (DLC)* screen default to the *Document Comment Inquiry (DCI)* screen.

- 9. Press Enter to access the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen. The *DLL* screen:
 - Details every line assigned to a document, multiple payment or partial payment
 - · Shows the expense amount and distribution of the line
 - Allows for the selection of a line for further information on the following screens:
 - Document Line Additional Information (DLA)
 - Document Distribution Line History (DLH)



10. Type **C** in the SEL field to access the *Detail Line Additional Information (DLA)* screen and press Enter. The *DLA* screen shows additional detail information for the line.

OCP AP	DETAIL LINE ADD	DITIONAL INFORMATION	DLA
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/26/1998 15:03:37
DOCUMENT DATE: CURRENCY CODE LINE EXP AMOUNT	HAASWESTONCARLO D 02/18/2000 F : 750.00	DESCRIPTION :	51566781 L NBR: 000 LINE: 0001 PHYSICALS FOR PRISON
PACKING SLIP NB PROJ/TRIP CODE QUANTITY SALES/TAX VAT	R: : 5	ITEM NUMBER : PO LINE NBR : LOT NO : PROJECT NBR : UOM :	0001 000 EA
ADDITIONAL COST OPTIONAL AMOUNT USE TAX CODE INTERCO REC ACCOUNT RULE	•	FREIGHT: STD COST AMT: DISCOUNT AMT: 1099 CODE:	
GL DESC 1: GL DESC 3: BC STATUS: PTS :	BC OPER: 00	GL DESC 2 : USER FIELD : O0000 ACTIVITY DT : FA:	

11. Press Enter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.

OCP AP	DOCUMENT DETAIL LINE LIST DL				
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/26/1998 15:04:01		
PAY ENTITY : VEND/EMP SHORT NAME: DOCUMENT DATE : DOCUMENT STATUS :	HAASWESTONCARLO 02/18/2000	DOCUMENT NBR: 45			
PYMT PRTL DOC EXPENDE NBR NBR LINE	ENSE AMOUNT EXP	CO ACCOUNT	CENTER SEL		
001 000 0001	750.00 001	XX01 532132	10002000 12		
	PAGE: 1 S	TATUS: END OF LIST			

12. Type **H** in the SEL field to display the *Document Distribution Line History(DLH)* screen and press Enter. The *DLH* screen indicates whether the General Ledger lines have been changed since the document was first entered and, if so, how they were changed.

OCP AP	DOCUMENT DIST	RIBUTION LINE HI	STORY	DLH
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE:	ACTION:	HISTORY:	_ 02/26/1998	15:04:28
PAY ENTITY : XX SHORT NAME : HA DOCUMENT DATE: 02	ASWESTONCARLO	VEND/EMP NBR: DOCUMENT NBR: PAYMENT NBR: 0	4568151566781	LINE 0001
CURRENCY CODE :		GL EFF CHG DATE	: 02/19/2000	
EXPENSE IND : EXPENSE COMPANY : EXPENSE ACCOUNT : EXPENSE CENTER : SALES TAX/VAT : ADDITIONAL COST : FREIGHT : OPTIONAL COST : VARIANCE AMOUNT : DISCOUNT AMOUNT : INTERCO REC : BC STATUS :	XX01 532132 10001000	TO 001 XX01 532132 10002000	AMOUNT 75	0.00

13. Press Enter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.

OCP AP	DOCUMENT DET	AIL LINE LIST	DLL
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/26/1998 15:04:47
PAY ENTITY : VEND/EMP SHORT NAME: DOCUMENT DATE : DOCUMENT STATUS :	HAASWESTONCARLO 02/18/2000	DOCUMENT NBR: 45	
NBR NBR LINE		CO ACCOUNT XX01 532132	CENTER SEL 10002000 _
	PAGE: 1 S	TATUS: END OF LIST	

14. Press Enter to return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

OCP AP		DOCUMENT LIST	DCL
NEXT FUNCTION:	ACTION:	HISTORY: _	02/26/1998 15:08:15
PAY ENTITY : XXPT SHORT NAME : DOCUMENT DTE:		CONTROL DATE : VEND/EMP NBR : DOCUMENT STAT:	
DOCUMENT NBR: 45	INT NUMBER DO	DOCUMENT AMT: DOCUMENT AMT2: CUMENT GROSS AMOUNT	CURR: SELECT -
561708740 A 45		DATE 2/18/00 750.	
	PAGE: 1 S	TATUS: END OF LIST	

You have viewed all information for document number 4568151566781 through the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Document Inquiry - Employee Reimbursement

SCENARIO

The accounting manager needs complete information about a travel reimbursement for Jason Stern. His employee number is 621366122 and the reimbursement number is EXP021998.

- 1. Enter **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
- 2. Type your employee paying entity (XXPE) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **621366122** in the VEND/EMP NBR fields and press Enter.
- 4. Type an **S** under all document inquiry screen (*DGI*, *DCI*, *DPA*, *DLL*) labels listed in the SELECT column next to document number EXP021998.
- 5. Press Inter to access the *Document General Information (DGI)* screen.

- 6. Press Enter to access the *Document Payment General Information* (*DPG*) screen.
 - The gross amount of the invoice is \$750.00, but the payment amount shown is only \$500.00. Also, the payment status is paid, but no payment number is shown. This indicates that the \$500.00 was applied to a travel advance.

OCP AP	DOCUMENT PAYMENT GENE	CRAL INFORMATION	DPG
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE: _	ACTION: F	HISTORY: _	02/27/1998 09:30:05
PAY ENTITY VEND/EMP SHORT NAME	: XXPE VE E: STERNJASON DO	END/EMP NBR: 6213 OCUMENT NBR:	··· —
	: 02/20/2000 PAY	MENT NBR: 001	PRTL PYMT NBR: 001
SALES TAX/VAT :		VAT INCLUSIVE	: N
SALES TAX 2 :		EXPENSE IND	:
SALES TAX 3 :		GL EFFECTIVE DAT	re: 02/20/2000
FREIGHT :		EXTRACT DATE	:
ADDITIONAL COST :		ACCRUAL CANC DA	TE:
GROSS INVOICE :	750.00	CURRENCY CODE	:
PAYMENT AMOUNT :	500.00	DISCOUNT TYPE	: NOT TAKEN
AMOUNT PAID :	500.00	DISCOUNT TAKEN	: .00
		PAYMENT STATUS	: PAID
PAYMENT TERMS :	NET PAY IMMEDIATELY	PAYMENT REF NBR	:
PAYMENT DATE :	02/20/2000	PAYMENT TYPE	:
PAYMENT ROUTE CD :		HANDLING CODE	:
FACTOR NUMBER :		ONE INVC PER PY	MT:
REASON CODE/DESC :		BANK ACCT PYMT (CD: 06D

7. To see the remainder of the reimbursement, type **002** in the PRTL PYMT NBR field and press Enter to access the *DPG* screen for this payment information.

OCP AP		DOCUMENT PAYME	NT GENI	ERAL INFORMA	TION		DPG
NEXT FUNCTION: BROWSE: _		ACTION:	I	HISTORY: _		02/27/1998	09:45:23
PAY ENTITY VEND/EMP SHORT NA	AME:		DO			EXP022000	
DOCUMENT DATE		02/20/2000	P.	AYMENT NBR:	001	PRTL PYMT	NBR: 002
		ND AMOUNT					
SALES TAX/VAT	:			VAT INCLUS	IVE	: N	
SALES TAX 2	:			EXPENSE IN	D	:	
SALES TAX 3	:			GL EFFECTI	VE DAT	E: 02/20/20	00
FREIGHT	:			EXTRACT DA	TE	:	
ADDITIONAL COST	:			ACCRUAL CA	NC DAT	E:	
GROSS INVOICE	:	7.	50.00	CURRENCY C	ODE	:	
PAYMENT AMOUNT	:	2.5	50.00	DISCOUNT T	YPE	: NOT TAKE	N
AMOUNT PAID	•		50.00				.00
11100111 11112	•			PAYMENT ST		•	• • • •
PAYMENT TERMS	• M	ET PAY TMMEDIATI	ET.Y				80
PAYMENT DATE			1111	PAYMENT TY			
PAYMENT DATE PAYMENT ROUTE CD		2/20/2000		HANDLING CO			
	:					•	
FACTOR NUMBER	:			ONE INVC P			
REASON CODE/DESC	:			BANK ACCT	PYMT C	D: 06D	

The second payment screen for this reimbursement shows the amount of the check, the check number, and the payment type.

NOTES

- 8. Press Inter to access the Document Payment Additional Info (DPA) screen.
- 9. Press Enter to access the *Document Comment Inquiry (DCI)* screen.
- 10. Press Enter to access the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.
- 11. Press Enter to return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

All information has been found for document number EXP021900 through the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

Payment Inquiry

Document Inquiry

Payment Inquiry Online Help

Reports

Overview

The inquiry screens described in this section are used to review payment information about documents. At times, you will need to find information such as:

- Status of a payment
- When the payment was made
- What documents are referenced to that payment

You can inquire on a payment using two inquiry screens:

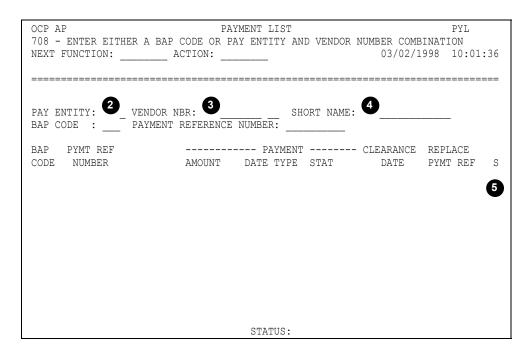
- The *Payment List (PYL)* screen displays the status of a series of payments (e.g., open, canceled, voided).
- The Invoices By Payment Reference Number (IRL) screen lists all documents that have been paid by the check number selected on the PYL screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Payment Inquiry

SCENARIO

A representative from Newsweek has called you. Newsweek received check number 0000222334 but does not know what invoices were paid on this check.

1. Type PYL in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the Payment List (PYL) screen.



- 2. Type your trade paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field. (This field may already be entered.)
- 3. Press the space bar to blank out the VENDOR NBR field.
- 4. Type Newswe@ over any data that defaulted in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter.

If you know the BAP code and check number, you can enter that information in the BAP CODE and PAYMENT REFERENCE NUMBER fields, respectively. If you do so, you do not need to enter information in the PAY ENTITY, VENDOR NBR, or SHORT NAME fields.

5. Type **S** in the s field next to the line with the payment reference number 0000222334 and press Enter to access the *Invoices By Payment Reference Number (IRL)* screen. Remember that the *IRL* screen lists all the documents that have been paid by the check number you entered or chose on the *Payment List (PYL)* screen.

OCP AP	INVC	ICES BY PAYM	ENT RE	FERENCE N	IUMBER	IRL
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:		HI	STORY: _	03/02/1998	10:03:28	
BANK ACCT PAYMENT DA VENDOR NUM	BER : 1314	/2000 55345 В	PAYME NEWSW	INT AMOUNT	R: 0000222334 : 50.	00
			LIVIN	IGSTON	NJ	
PAY ENTITY XXPT XXPT XXPT	NEWS-1002	INVOICE DATE 01/01/2000 02/01/2000 03/01/2000	PYMT NBR 001 001	PRTL NBR 000 000 000	PAYMENT AMOUNT 15.00 15.00 20.00	ACT
			STATUS	: END OF	LIST	

The documents that were covered by check number 0000222334 have been found using the *Payment List (PYL)* screen and the *Invoices By Payment Reference Number (IRL)* screen.

ACTIVITY: Payment Inquiry

SCENARIO

A representative from Sam's Club has received a check for \$650.00. However, she has misplaced the check stub and would like to know which documents were paid with the check.

- 1. Type **PYL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Payment List (PYL)* screen.
- 2. Type your **trade paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- 3. Type **Sams@** in the SHORT NAME field.
- 4. Press the space bar to blank out the BAP CODE field.
- 5. Press the space bar to blank out the PAYMENT REFERENCE NUMBER field.
- 6. Press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- 7. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field next to the vendor's name.
- 8. Press Enter to return to the *PYL* screen.

- 9. Since the representative does not know the check number, look in the AMOUNT field for \$650.00.
- 10. Type **S** in the s field next to the line with the amount of \$650.00 and press interest to access the *Invoices By Payment Reference Number (IRL)* screen. This will allow you to view the documents that are referenced to this check.

Once you have accessed the *IRL* screen, you will be able to tell the representative every document that was paid with the \$650.00 check.

Payment Inquiry Online Help Reports

Overview

The NCAS has helpful information available on the accounts payable screens. By typing **HELP** or **?** in the ACTION field and pressing Enter, you can access documentation for the current screen. This includes field descriptions, considerations, and error messages.

Document

Inquiry

Field descriptions are found on the data entry screens. A brief description of the field is given, as well as valid options and whether or not the field is required. Considerations include notes and reminders, a list of key fields, and valid commands and processing options. Error messages provide additional clarification of the error messages that appear at the top of the screen, and may also indicate a cause or possible corrective action.

Type **END** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press Enter to return to the accounts payable screen.

WALKTHROUGH: Accessing the HELP Screen

SCENARIO

You want to search for a document on the *Document Control List* (*DCL*) screen, but you are not sure what search criteria you are required to enter.

You decide to use the *HELP* screen to aid you in setting up your search.

1. Type **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Document Control List (DCL)* screen.

NOTES

OCP AP	DOCUMENT LIST	DCL
111 - PAY ENTITY MUST BE ENTER NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION REQUEST:		02/12/1998 13:44:19
PAY ENTITY : SHORT NAME : DOCUMENT DTE:	CONTROL DATE : VEND/EMP NBR : DOCUMENT STAT:	CONTROL NBR:
DOCUMENT NBR: LIST MRQ INV:	DOCUMENT AMT: DOCUMENT AMT2:	CURR: - SELECT -
VEN/EMP NBR DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE GROSS AMOUNT	CURR STATUS DGI DCI CODE DPA DLL
PAGE:	STATUS:	

2. Type **HELP** in the ACTION field and press Enter to access the *HELP* screen.

```
SYSTEM 06 SCREEN 302 PAGE 001
AP302 - DOCUMENT LIST (DCL)
THIS SCREEN DISPLAYS A LIST OF ACTIVE OR PURGED INVOICES OR EMPLOYEE EXPENSES
ACCORDING TO CRITERIA YOU DETERMINE. IT SHOWS SUMMARY INFORMATION ABOUT EACH
DOCUMENT, INCLUDING STATUS. SELECT THE DOCUMENT AND THE INQUIRY SCREEN FOR
FURTHER INFORMATION.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, REFER TO THE FOLLOWING PAGES:
                   FIELD DESCRIPTIONS
                                                       100
                   CONSIDERATIONS
                                                        200
                   ERROR MESSAGES
                                                        300
                   CUSTOMIZED HELP
                                                        900
         *** PLEASE CONSULT YOUR DOCUMENTATION FOR MORE INFORMATION ***
        ENTER NEXT PAGE NO. BLANK (NEXT PAGE).
                                                   'END' TO TERMINATE HELP
```

- 3. Type **200** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press Enter to access the considerations screens.
- 4. Type **201** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press Enter to access the search criteria information.
- 5. The search criteria topic will appear on your screen. Press Enter to see the next page.

6. When you have finished reading the help information, type **END** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press Enter to return to the *DCL* screen.

NOTES

Reports

Document Inquiry

Payment Inquiry Online Help

Reports

Overview

In addition to using inquiry screens to access information on vendors, documents, and payments, there are a number of reports available. The following pages contain samples of the reports presented in this course. The reports shown here are:

- AP Action Report
- Matching Invoice Verification Report
- Outstanding Employee Advances
- Employee Expense Reconciliation Summary Report

If you need additional information, a comprehensive list of reports is listed in the *AP Management* class.

(Refer to **Procedure 39: Viewing and Printing Systemware Reports** if you would like to view and/or print a Systemware report.)

Report Name: AP Action Report

Reporting Tool: Systemware

Report Group: MM122-6

Report ID: AP-A0006

Description: This report is issued everyday and lists the invoice

exceptions that the buyers resolved the previous day.

REPORT ID TIME :

AP OPERATOR

PAY ENTITY

: AP-A0005 14: 59:32

0000XX

XXPT

PAGE: DATE:

02/18/02

	ЛRED	ACTION REQU				BUYER NAME	R BUYER ID	VENDOR NUMBER	INVOICE DATE	INVOICE NUMBER	ONTROL DATE	CC GROUP
*	*		*	AS IS	*	TRAINING BUYER	B01	561301618 A	02/06/02	7939513006	02/16/02	0124
						. DELETE FREIGHT AM DUCED AMOUNT. DO N						
*	*		*	AS IS	*	TRAINING BUYER	B01	560746125 A	02/09/02	9638523008	02/16/02	0124
			G.	VAS WRONG	DER W	RICE ON PURCHASE OR	OICED. UNIT PR	PAY AS INVO				
*	*	WITH D/M	*		*	TRAINING BUYER	B01	560746125 A	02/17/02	7418523010	02/16/02	0124
			;	R VENDOR'S	AFTER	. PAY INVOICE ONLY RECEIVED.	RCHASE ORDER MO FOR \$12.50 IS					
*	*	WITH D/M	*		*	TRAINING BUYER	B01	561493308 A	02/11/02	2587533011	02/16/02	0124

AP ACTION REPORT

PAY \$400 ONLY. BALANCE SHIPMENT HAS NOT BEEN RECEIVED. ISSUE A DEBIT MEMO FOR \$600.

Report Name: Matching Invoice Verification NOTES

Reporting Tool: Systemware

Report Group: MM122-9

Report ID: AP-A0006

Description: This report is directed to the requester for signature

approval of an invoice.

SUBJECT :	: AP-0006 TRAINING REQUISITIONER MATCHING INVOICE VERIFI 03/16/02	CATION	PAY ENTITY : OPERATOR :	XXPT 0000XX		CONTROL GROUP: CONTROL DATE: INVOICE NUMBER :	, ,	1
	THE FOLLOWING INVOICE OF PLEASE CONFIRM THE CHAR	RGE IN THE SPACE PR	ROVIDED AND RETUR	RN TO THE ACCOUN	ITS PAYABLE DE	EPARTMENT.		
				AL INFORMATION 				
DUE DATE: BILLING VENDOR:	02/28/02 02/28/02 FRANK A. SAAS, DDS KENANSVILLE, NC TRAINING BUYER		PO REFERENCE :	XX????????	0001	GROSS INV AMOUNT : TAX/VAT: FREIGHT : ADDITIONAL COST :		2000.00 .00 .00
		INVO	ICE DETAIL INFORM	ATION				
LINE	СО	ACCOUNT	CENTER	VENDOR ITEM DESCRIPTION		INVOICE QUANTITY	UOM	AMOUNT
1	XX01	534511	10003100	SEMIANNUAL CHI FOR PRISONERS	ECKUPS	20	EA	2000.00
HOI	D PENDING ACTION :	WHEN ?						
PAY	AS INVOICED: : X	DATE SERVICE/GO	OODS RECEIVED :	01/10 - 01/15/	02			
		NOTES:						
DED	OUCT (AMOUNT):	EXPLAIN :						
					S	IGNATURE AUTHORIZES CH	ARGES AS SHO	OWN ABOVE
					S	igned <i>R. C.</i> S	S <i>mith</i>	
					Т	TILE Training	g Requisiti	oner .
					Γ	DATE 03/16/0	-	

Report Name: Outstanding Employee Advances

NOTES

Reporting Tool: Systemware

Report Group: MM122-6

Report ID: AP-10005

Description: This report lists outstanding advances by employee.

AP-I0005

OUTSTANDING EMPLOYEE ADVANCES

PAGE

AS OF :

04/04/03

97

TIME : 22:52:03

FROM 07/01/02 TO

06/30/03

XXPE YOUR AGENCY

EMPLOYEE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

EMPLOYEE			PAY	PRTL	VOUCHER	R ADVANCE		TYPE OF		ADV	ANCE
NUMBER	SHORT NAME	ADVANCE NUMBER	NBR	PYMT	DATE	STATUS		ADVANCE	AMOUNT	ISSU:	E DT.
330595336	HANESSCOTT	ADV031503	1		03/10/03	PAID		PERMANENT	100.00	03/10/03	
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR		3	330595336	*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED	FOR VEN	DOR	3	330595336	*	*	100.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							100.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR			3	330595336	*	*	100.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							100.00
564236602	TODDJENNIFERP	ADV040103	1		03/25/03	PAID		TEMPORARY	150.00	03/27/03	
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR		Ę	564236602	*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED	FOR VEN	DOR	5	564236602	*	*	150.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							150.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR				564236602	*	*	150.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							150.00
			PERMAN	IENT ***							.00
125695432	LYNCHANNEC	ADV110102	1		10/15/02	PAID		PERMANENT	1000.00	10/15/02	
		* TOTAL UNPAID FOR VE	NDOR		125695432		*	*	.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
				IENT ***							.00
		* TOTAL PAID/UNUSED	FOR VEN	DOR	1	125695432	*	*	1000.00	*	
		,		RARY **							.00
				IENT ***							1000.00
		* TOTAL FOR VENDOR			1	125695432	*	*	1000.00	*	
			TEMPO	RARY **							.00
				IENT ***							1000.00

Report Name: Employee Expense Reconciliation Summary Report NOTES

Reporting Tool: Systemware

Report Group: MM122-6

Report ID: AP-R0003

Description: This report lists all outstanding expenses and advances

by employee and provides a reconciliation of the

employee's account.

REPORT ID : TIME :	AP-R0003 23:15:16		EMPLOYEE EX	KPENSE RECONCILI.	ATION SUM	MARY REPO	RT	PAGE : 425 AS OF : 04/04/03		
THVIE .	23.13.10		FROM	07/01/02	TO	07/01/03			EMPLOYEE-EXPENSE- REPORT	
PAYING ENTITY: EMPLOYEE NUMBER: EMPLOYEE NAME: EMPLOYEE ADDRESS:	XXPE 125695432 ANNE C. LYNCH 3218 GLENWOOD RALEIGH, NC	AVENUE								
EMP ADVANCE NBR/ EMP EXPENSE NBR	PAY NBR	PRTL PYMT	ADVANCE/ EXPENSE DATE	PAYMENT/ FINAL PYMT DATE	ADVANCI AMOUNT EXPENSE	/	NET AMOUNT PAID/ NET OUTSTANDING	TYPE OF ADVANCE/ EXPENSE	PAYMENT/ TRAVEL REQST NUMBER	
*****	*******	*******	***************UN	APPLIED ADVANCE	ES*******	*****	*******	******	*****	
ADV021503	1		02/25/03	02/25/03		1000.00		TEMP PAID	00001183921	
			TOTAL TEMPO ADVANCES			1000.00				
				PLIED ADVANCES		200.00				
*****	********	*******	******PA	ID/APPLIED EXPEN	ISES*******	*******	*********	********	****	
**************************************	1 1		**************************************	02/25/03 02/25/03 03/01/03 03/01/03		800.00 800.00 300.00 300.00		EXP GENRD EXP PAID EXP GENRD EXP PAID	00001183921 00001162735	
			TOTAL PAID I TOTAL EXPEN			300.00 1,100.00				
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200.00 -

TOTAL EMPLOYEE BALANCE

Procedure 1: Requesting the Addition of a Trade Vendor

Before entering any invoices, you must first check the Statewide Trade Vendor File to see if the vendor exists. If it does not, then you must request the Office of State Controller to add the vendor to the file.

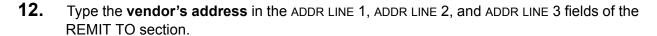
After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **part of the vendor name@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter to view the *VSL* screen.
 - The symbol "@" allows you to type part of a vendor name to access all vendors beginning with the specified letters.
- **4.** Type **VSU** in the next function field if a vendor is not listed on the *VSL* screen.
- **5.** Press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen and to request the addition of a vendor.
- **6.** Type **VADD** in the PAY ENTITY field.
 - VADD stores vendor names temporarily until they are added to the Statewide Trade Vendor File.
- 7. Type the **vendor number** (federal ID or social security number) in the VENDOR NO field. (Do not type the hyphens.)
- **8.** Type the **vendor name** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- **9.** Type **a valid vendor type code** in the VENDOR TYPE field. The following are the valid codes:

D = direct vendor (no purchase order issued)

M = matching vendor (references a purchase order issued)

- **10.** Type **your four-digit phone extension** plus **your first name** (e.g., 3314laura) in the SHORT NAME field.
- **11.** Type the **vendor's fax number** in the FAX field, if available.
 - This field is *not* required.



Use the ORDER FROM section if the vendor is a matching vendor. Make sure that the city is typed into ADDRESS LINE 3 for 1099 reporting purposes.

- **13.** Type the **vendor's phone number** in the PHONE field if applicable.
 - If the vendor has a toll-free number put that number in the PHONE field and the vendor's regular phone number in the OPT ADDR 1 field.
- **14.** Type the **vendor's state** in the STATE CODE field.
- **15.** Type the **vendor's zip code** in the POSTAL CODE field.
- **16.** Type **additional vendor information** in the OPT ADDR 1 and OPT ADDR 2 fields. Additional information might include:
 - Second phone number
 - Company status
- **17.** Type **your name**, **phone number**, **and agency** in the OPT ADDR 2 field to provide additional information identifying the person submitting the vendor request.

Example: Req: Jane – 828-358-3546 @ DOJ/JA

- **18.** Type the **contact person's name** in the CONTACT field.
- **19.** Press Enter to add the vendor.
- **20.** If the vendor has been entered correctly, the system will validate the entry. The following message is displayed: **VENDOR HAS BEEN ADDED TO THE SYSTEM. HIT ENTER!**
- **21.** Press Inter to send your request to the OSC.

Procedure 2: Requesting the Change of a Trade Vendor Before It Has Been Added

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- **2.** Type **VADD** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- Type the Julian date of your request, your four-digit phone extension, your first name, and "@" (e.g., 2543314laura@) in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter to display the vendors you have requested to be added.
- **4.** Type **VSU** in the ACTIVITY field of the requested vendor and press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.
- **5.** Type **C** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to indicate that you are *changing* information about the vendor.
- **6.** Type the **changed information** over the existing information for all fields that need to be corrected.
- **7.** Type **your name**, **phone number**, **and agency** in the OPT ADDR 2 field to provide additional information identifying the person submitting the change request.

Example: Req: Jane - 828-358-3546 @ DOJ/JA

8. Press Enter to complete the change request.

Procedure 3: Requesting the Change of a Trade Vendor After It Has Been Added

If the vendor cannot be found under the paying entity VADD or vendor information needs to be changed, this procedure should be used.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- **2.** Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **part of the vendor name@** in the SHORT NAME field and press **Enter** to display the vendors you have requested starting with those letters.
- **4.** Type **VSU** in the ACTIVITY field of the requested vendor and press to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.
- **5.** Type **CHGE** over your paying entity in the PAY ENTITY field to indicate a *change* to the file.
- **6.** Type the **name of the vendor** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- **7.** Type **your four-digit phone extension** and **your first name** (e.g., 3314laura) in the SHORT NAME field.
- **8.** Type **any new or changed information** over the existing information for all fields that need to be corrected or changed. Type the changed information in the correct fields.
- **9.** Type **your name**, **phone number**, **and agency** in the OPT ADDR 2 field to provide additional information identifying the person submitting the change request.

Example: Req: Jane - 828-358-3546 @ DOJ/JA

- **10.** Press Enter to process the change request.
 - The system displays the following message: **VENDOR HAS BEEN ADDED TO THE SYSTEM. HIT ENTER!**
- **11.** Press Enter again to complete the change request.
 - If you are changing the address, company name or federal tax ID number of the vendor. You will need to fax supporting documentation to NCAS Support Services at (919) 981-5561 before the change will be processed.

Procedure 4: Adding an Employee Vendor

Before entering a travel advance or employee reimbursement, check the Employee Vendor File to see if the vendor exists.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- 2. Type your employee paying entity (XXPE) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **part of an employee name@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter to view the *VSL* screen. (Enter the last name first, e.g., Millermike@.)
 - The symbol "@" allows you to type part of an employee name to access all employees beginning with the specified letters.
- **4.** Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field if a vendor is not listed on the *VSL* screen.
- **5.** Press <u>Enter</u> to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen and to request the addition of an employee as a vendor.
- **6.** Type **your employee paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **7.** Type the **employee's social security number** in the VENDOR NO field. (Do not type the hyphens.)
- **8.** Type the **employee's name** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- **9.** Type **E** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that this is an *employee* vendor.
- **10.** Type the **employee's last name** and **first name** in the SHORT NAME field. (Do not type any spaces between the names.)
- **11.** Type the **employee's address** in the ADDR LINE 1, ADDR LINE 2, and ADDR LINE 3 fields of the REMIT TO section. If only two lines are needed, use the ADDR LINE 1 and ADDR LINE 3 fields. ADDR LINE 3 is always the city (e.g., Raleigh).
- **12.** Type the **phone number** in the PHONE field.
- **13.** Type the **employee's state** in the STATE CODE field.
- **14.** Type the **employee's zip code** in the POSTAL CODE field.
- **15.** Press Enter to complete the entry and clear the screen.
 - If the employee vendor has been entered correctly, the system will validate the entry.

- **16.** Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- **17.** Type the vendor number in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- **18.** Type the **employee's federal tax ID number** in the TAX ID NUMBER field and press [Inter to complete the entry.

Procedure 5: Changing an Employee Vendor

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your employee paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **part of an employee name@** in the SHORT NAME field and press **Enter** to view the *VSL* screen. (Enter the last name first, e.g., Millermike@.)
 - The symbol "@" allows you to type part of an employee name to access all employees beginning with the specified letters.
- **4.** Type **VSU** in the ACTIVITY field of the requested vendor and press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.
- **5.** Type **C** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to indicate that you are *changing* information about the employee vendor.
- **6.** OPTIONAL: Type the **employee's short name** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enter.
- **7.** Type the **changed information** over the existing information for all fields needed to be corrected.
- **8.** Press Enter to complete the change request.

Procedure 6: Adding a Non-Trade Vendor

Non-trade vendors are not shared with any other agencies.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- **1.** Type **VSU** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Setup (VSU)* screen.
- 2. Type the non-trade paying entity (XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
 - Your agency and OSC will determine the non-trade paying entity code.
- **3.** Type the **vendor's federal ID number** or the **social security number** in the VENDOR NO field. (Do not type the hyphens.)
- **4.** Type the **vendor's group letter** in the GROUP field, if applicable.
- **5.** Type the **vendor's name** in the VENDOR NAME field.
- **6.** Type **D** in the VENDOR TYPE field to indicate that this is a *direct* vendor.
- **7.** Type the **vendor name** in the SHORT NAME field. (Do not type any spaces between the names.)
- **8.** Type the **vendor's street address** in the ADDR LINE 1 field of the REMIT TO section.
 - Use the ADDR LINE 2 field to complete the address if additional space is required.
- **9.** Type the **vendor's phone number** in the PHONE field.
- **10.** Type the **vendor's city** in the ADDR LINE 3 field of the REMIT TO section.
- **11.** Type the **vendor's state** in the STATE CODE field.
- **12.** Type the **vendor's zip code** in the POSTAL CODE field.
- **13.** Type a **contact name** at the vendor's company in the CONTACT field.
- **14.** Press Enter to add this vendor to your non-trade paying entity and to clear the screen.
 - Agencies may be required to report expenditures with vendors by county. If you know the city, you can identify the county code using QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562). If you know the county, you can find the corresponding code on the Description Table (DTL) screen. Once you have located the appropriate code, access the Vendor General Information (VGN) screen to add the code.

- **15.** Type **VGN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor General Information (VGN)* screen.
- **16.** Type the vendor's short name@ in the SHORT NAME field.
- **17.** Type the **county code** in the CATEGORY CODES 5 field and press [inter] to identify the correct county.
- **18.** Type **today's date** in the VEND ADD field to track the date of the addition of the vendor to the system.
- **19.** Press Enter to process the *VGN* screen.
- **20.** Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- 21. Type your non-trade paying entity (XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **22.** Type the vendor's number in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- **23.** Type the vendor's group letter in the GROUP field.
- **24.** Type **the vendor's tax identification number (TIN)** in the TAX ID NUMBER field to add the tax ID number.
 - If there is no TIN in this field and this vendor has a 1099 transaction, there will automatically be 31% withholding taken from that transaction.
- **25.** Press Enter to add the vendor as a non-trade vendor.

Procedure 7: Entering a Control Group

Make sure you have received a completed Control Group Header sheet.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- 1. Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **the control group number** in the CONTROL NUMBER field. This number corresponds to the control group number on the Control Group Header sheet.
- **4.** Type **the control group total amount** in the CNTL AMT field. This field reflects the total of all invoices in the control group.
- **5.** Type **your first** and **last initials** in the APPL AREA field.
- **6.** Type **a valid entry method** for matching entry in the ENTRY METHOD field. The following are valid entry types:

D = *direct* entry

M = matching entry

E = *employee* reimbursement entry

7. Press to process the control header information and to access the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. The following screens apply:

D accesses the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

M accesses the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.

E accesses the *Employee Worksheet 1 (EWS-1T)* screen.

Procedure 8: Entering Direct Invoices

Make sure you have received a completed Control Group Header sheet.

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen:

- **1.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field. This date is used to determine the payment due date based on the payment terms code.
- **3.** Type the **vendor short name@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press [Enter].
 - If you access the *Vendor Setup (VSL)* screen, choose the appropriate vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press Inter to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- **4.** If any messages appear, read the messages and press Enter to override the messages and continue entering the invoice.
- 5. Type the county code in the COUNTY CODE field. Refer to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562) to determine the correct county code.
- **6.** Verify that the appropriate payment terms have defaulted into the TERMS CODE field. Update this field if necessary.
 - You can access the *Payment Terms Code List (PTL)* screen to obtain a list of payment terms and their corresponding codes. Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [Inter] to return to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- 7. To add a remit message to the check, access the *Remit Message List (RML)* screen by typing **RML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and pressing [Inter] (Or enter the message directly on the *IWS-1T* screen and press [Inter]. Then skip to Step 11.).
- **8.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Enter to review the remit message.
- **9.** Once you have found the appropriate message on the *RML* screen, type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *IWS-IT* screen.
- **10.** Type the **three-character code** that corresponds to the message in the first REMIT MSG field.
- **11.** At the 0001 line, type the **first line total amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- **12.** Type your company number in the co field.

- **13.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **14.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **15.** If no tax is prorated against this line, type **N** in the T field (part of the TFAD field) to indicate that a portion of the total tax is not to be expensed.
 - If there is only one line of expense, proceed to the next step. If there is more than one line of expense, repeat Steps 11 through 15 and then proceed with Step 16.
- **16.** If there is a **NO** in the 99 field, you must override the NO with the applicable 1099 code.
- **17.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **18.** Press Inter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down to find the correct 1099 code to process the invoice line.
- **19.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-IT*) screen.
- **20.** Type **the 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field of the invoice line.
- **21.** Type the **sales tax value** in the second blank space of the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- **22.** Type the **total invoice amount** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **23.** Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document.

Procedure 9A: Applying a Debit or Credit Memo for Direct Invoices

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen:

- **1.** Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.
- **2.** Type your paying entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type the **control group number** in the CONTROL NUMBER field. This number corresponds to the control group number on the Control Group Header sheet.
- **4.** Type the **control group total amount** in the CNTL AMT field. This field reflects the total of all invoices in the control group.
- **5.** Type **your first and last initials** in the APPL AREA field.
- **6.** Type **D** in the ENTRY METHOD field to indicate a *direct* entry.
- 7. Press Enter to process the control header information and to access the *Invoice Worksheet* 1 (IWS-1T) screen.
- **8.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **9.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field. This date is used to determine the payment due date based on the payment terms code.
- **10.** Type the **vendor short name@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter.
 - If you access the *Vendor Setup (VSL)* screen, choose the appropriate vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press [Inter] to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- **11.** Type **D** for *debit* memo or **C** for *credit* memo in the CM/DM field.
- **12.** If any messages appear, read the messages and press Enter to override the messages and continue entering the invoice.
- 13. Type the county code in the COUNTY CODE field. Refer to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562) to determine the correct county code.
- **14.** At the 0001 line, type the **first line total amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- **15.** Type your company number in the co field.
- **16.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.

- **17.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **18.** If no tax is prorated against this line, type **N** in the T field (part of the TFAD field) to indicate that a portion of the total tax is not to be expensed.
 - If there is only one line of expense, proceed to the next step. If there is more than one line of expense, repeat Steps 14 through 17 and then proceed with Step 11.
- **19.** If there is a **NO** in the 99 field, you must override the NO with the applicable 1099 code.
- **20.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **21.** Press Inter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down to find the correct 1099 code to process the invoice line.
- **22.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-IT)* screen.
- **23.** Type the **1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field of the invoice line.
- **24.** Type the **sales tax value** in the second blank space of the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- **25.** Type the **total invoice amount** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **26.** Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document.

Procedure 9B: Applying a Debit or Credit Memo for Matching Invoices

After accessing a blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen in the appropriate control group:

- **1.** Type the **debit/credit memo number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **debit/credit memo date** in the DATE field.
- **3.** Type the **vendor number (or vendor shortname)** in the VENDOR NUMBER (or VENDOR SHORTNAME) field.
- **4.** Type **D** for *debit* memo or **C** for *credit* memo in the CM/DM field and press Enter.
- **5.** Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- **6.** Type the **purchase order number** in the PO NUMBER field and press Enter to process the entered information.
- **7.** If a PO is not referenced, type **F** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access the PO Finder (POF) screen. The POF screen lists open purchase orders by vendor within a buying entity.
- **8.** View the listed purchase orders and choose the corresponding purchase order.
- **9.** Type **S** in the SEL field next to the chosen invoice and press Enter to access the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. The purchase order information will default from the *POF* screen.
- **10.** Verify the vendor's information. Type **VRS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Remit To Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen.
- **11.** If the information is correct, type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press interest to *return* to the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.
- **12.** Type the **total amount of the debit/credit memo** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **13.** Type the **sales tax amount** in the SALES TAX/VAT AMOUNT field.
- **14.** Type the **county code** in the COUNTY CODE field.
- **15.** Press Enter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.

After accessing the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen:

16. Verify that the correct accounting distribution is being used.

- 17. If the debit/credit memo reflects a quantity and dollar adjustment:
 - Type the quantity of returned goods in the QUANTITY field.
 - Type the value of dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.

If the debit/credit memo reflects a dollar adjustment only:

- Type 0 (zero) in the QUANTITY field.
- Type the value of dollar adjustment in the AMOUNT field.
- **18.** Type **A** in the REQUEST field to tag a line.
 - Each sequence letter (A, B, C) corresponds to a specific line on the purchase order. To indicate each line that is to be paid, you must tag the line. To tag a line, type the sequence letter in the REQUEST field and press [Inter]. If all lines are to be paid, type **S** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter].
- **19.** Press Enter to process the information.
- **20.** If the invoice is a 1099 transaction, type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-IT)* screen. (If the invoice is not a 1099 transaction, go to Step 25).
- **21.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- 22. Press Enter to scroll down the possible 1099 codes until the correct code is found.
- **23.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-IT)* screen.
- **24.** Type **the correct 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field to categorize the payment on the 1099 form.
- **25.** Type **N** in the REQUEST field and press to complete the debit/credit memo entry. A blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen will appear.
 - If a debit/credit memo was not accounted for in a control group total, the control group will not balance. Because a debit/credit memo is a negative value, the gross document amount of a control group is reduced by the value of the debit/credit memo. To balance the control group, the control amount must be correspondingly reduced. Adjust the control group total as follows:
- **26.** Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Status* (*CGS*) screen.
- **27.** Type **S** in the s (SELECT) field for your control group.
- **28.** Press Enter to process the information and to access the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.

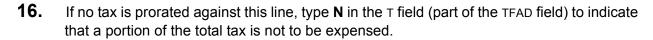
- **29.** Reduce the CONTROL AMOUNT value by the amount of the debit/credit memo.
- **30.** Press Enter to process the change.

Procedure 10: Entering Recurring Payments

Make sure you have received a completed Control Group Header sheet.

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen:

- **1.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field.
- **3.** Type the **vendor short name@** in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enterl.
 - If you access the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen, choose the appropriate vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press Inter to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- **4.** If any messages appear, read the messages and press Enter to override the messages and continue entering the invoice.
- 5. Type the county code in the COUNTY CODE field. Refer to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562) to determine the correct county code.
- **6.** Type **Y** in the MULTI PYMT field to indicate that recurring payments will be set up for this invoice.
- **7.** Remove the **terms code** from the TERMS CODE field and press Enter.
- **8.** To add a remit message to the check, access the *Remit Message List (RML)* screen by typing **RML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and pressing inter (Or enter the message directly on the *IWS-1T* screen and press inter). Then skip to Step 12.).
- **9.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press **Enter** to review the remit message.
- **10.** Once you have found the appropriate message on the *RML* screen, type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to *return* to the *IWS-IT* screen.
- **11.** Type the **three-character code** that corresponds to the message in the first REMIT MSG field.
- **12.** At the 0001 line, type the **first line total amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- **13.** Type your company number in the co field.
- **14.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **15.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.



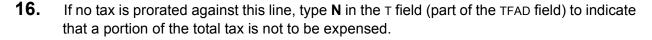
- If there is only one line of expense, proceed to the next step. If there is more than one line of expense, repeat Steps 12 through 16 and then proceed with Step 17.
- **17.** Press Enter to verify defaults.
- **18.** If there is a **NO** in the 99 field, you must override the NO with the applicable 1099 code.
- **19.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **20.** Press Enter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down to find the correct 1099 code to process the invoice line.
- **21.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-IT*) screen.
- **22.** Type **the 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field of the invoice line.
- **23.** Type the **sales tax value** in the second blank space of the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- **24.** Type the **total invoice amount** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **25.** Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document and access the *Multiple Payments (MPY)* screen.
- **26.** On the *MPY* screen, type the **number of payments** in the NBR OF RECURRING PYMTS field.
- **27.** Type the **payment amount** in the RECURRING PYMT AMOUNT field.
- **28.** Type the **due date for the first payment** in the 1st payment due date field.
 - This date should correspond to the General Ledger effective date for the invoice.
- **29.** Type one of the following codes in the FREQUENCY field to determine how often payments should be made.
 - **W** Weekly
 - **M** Monthly
 - **Q** Quarterly
 - **S** Semiannually
 - **A** Annually
- **30.** If the last payment should be held, type **H** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field. Otherwise, type **N** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field so that the last payment will not be held.
- **31.** Press Enter to complete the document.

Procedure 11: Entering Variable Payments

Make sure you have received a completed Control Group Header sheet.

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen:

- **1.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type the vendor short name@ in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter.
 - If you access the *Vendor Setup (VSL)* screen, choose the appropriate vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press Enter to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- **4.** If any messages appear, read the messages and press Enter to override the messages and continue entering the invoice.
- 5. Type the county code in the COUNTY CODE field. Refer to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562) to determine the correct county code.
- **6.** Type **Y** in the MULTI PYMT field to indicate that variable payments will be set up for this invoice.
- 7. Remove the **terms code** from the TERMS CODE field and press Enter.
- **8.** To add a remit message to the check, access the *Remit Message List (RML)* screen by typing **RML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and pressing [Inter]. (Or enter the message directly on the *IWS-1T* screen and press [Inter]. Then skip to Step 12.).
- **9.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press **Enter** to review the remit message.
- **10.** Once you have found the appropriate message on the *RML* screen, type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *IWS-IT* screen.
- **11.** Type the **three-character code** that corresponds to the message in the first REMIT MSG field.
- **12.** At the 0001 line, type the **first line total amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- **13.** Type your company number in the co field.
- **14.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **15.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.



- If there is only one line of expense, proceed to the next step. If there is more than one line of expense, repeat Steps 12 through 16 and then proceed with Step 17.
- 17. If there is a **NO** in the 99 field, you must override the NO with the applicable 1099 code.
- **18.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **19.** Press Enter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down to find the correct 1099 code to process the invoice line.
- **20.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-IT*) screen.
- **21.** Type **the 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field of the invoice line.
- **22.** Type the **sales tax value** in the second black space of the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- **23.** Type the **total invoice amount** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **24.** Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press [mer] to balance the document and access the *Multiple Payments (MPY)* screen.
- **25.** On the *MPY* screen, type the **due date for the first payment** in the VARIABLE DUE DATE 1 field.
- **26.** Type the **amount of the first payment** in the VARIABLE AMOUNT 1 field.
- **27.** Type the **due date for the second payment** in the VARIABLE DUE DATE 2 field.
 - This due date should be after the due date for the first payment.
- **28.** Type the **amount of the second payment** in the VARIABLE AMOUNT 2 field.
- **29.** If there are more payments, type the **date** and **amount information** in the fields for the third and fourth payments in the remaining fields.
- **30.** If the last payment should be held, type **H** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field. Otherwise, type **N** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field so that the last payment will not be held.
- **31.** Press Enter to complete the document.

Procedure 12: Entering Multiple Payments

Multiple payments are a combination of recurring and variable payments.

Make sure you have received a completed Control Group Header sheet.

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen:

- **1.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field.
- 3. Type the vendor short name@ in the VENDOR SHORT NM field and press Enter.
 - If you access the *Vendor Setup (VSL)* screen, choose the appropriate vendor. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field and press Enter to *return* to the *IWS-1T* screen.
- **4.** If any messages appear, read the messages and press [inter] to override the messages and continue entering the invoice.
- 5. Type the county code in the COUNTY CODE field. Refer to QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562) to determine the correct county code.
- **6.** Type **Y** in the MULIT PYMT field to indicate that recurring payments will be set up for this invoice.
- 7. Remove the **terms code** from the TERMS CODE field and press Enter.
- **8.** To add a remit message to the check, access the *Remit Message List (RML)* screen by typing **RML** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and pressing Enter. (Or enter the message directly on the *IWS-1T* screen and press Enter). Then skip to Step 12.).
- **9.** Type **your paying entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field and press Enter to review the remit message.
- **10.** Once you have found the appropriate message on the *RML* screen, type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *IWS-IT* screen.
- **11.** Type the **three-character code** that corresponds to the message in the first REMIT MSG field.
- **12.** At the 0001 line, type the **first line total amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field to indicate the amount of the first line of the invoice.
- **13.** Type your company number in the co field.

- **14.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **15.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **16.** If no tax is prorated against this line, type **N** in the T field (part of the TFAD field) to indicate that a portion of the total tax is not to be expensed.
 - If there is only one line of expense, proceed to the next step. If there is more than one line of expense, repeat Steps 12 through 16 and then proceed with Step 17.
- **17.** If there is a **NO** in the 99 field, you must override the NO with the applicable 1099 code.
- **18.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **19.** Press Inter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down to find the correct 1099 code to process the invoice line.
- **20.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet 1* (*IWS-IT*) screen.
- **21.** Type **the 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field of the invoice line.
- **22.** Type the **sales tax value** in the second black space of the SALES TAX/VAT field to identify the tax amount to be posted to the General Ledger for the entire invoice.
- **23.** Type the **total invoice amount** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **24.** Type **NEXT** or **N** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document and access the *Multiple Payments (MPY)* screen.
- **25.** On the *MPY* screen, type the **number of payments** in the NBR OF RECURRING PYMTS field.
- **26.** Type the **payment amount** in the RECURRING PYMT AMOUNT field.
- **27.** Type the **due date for the first payment** in the 1st payment due date field.
 - This date should correspond to the General Ledger effective date for the invoice.
- **28.** Type one of the following codes in the FREQUENCY field to determine how often payments should be made.
 - **W** Weekly
 - **M** Monthly
 - **Q** Quarterly
 - **S** Semiannually
 - **A** Annually

- **29.** Type the due date for the first variable payment in the VARIABLE DUE DATE 1 field.
 - The variable payments must occur after the recurring payments.
- **30.** Type the **amount of the first payment** in the VARIABLE AMOUNT 1 field.
- **31.** Type the due date for the second payment in the VARIABLE DUE DATE 2 field.
- **32.** This due date should be after the due date for the first payment.
- **33.** Type the **amount of the second payment** in the VARIABLE AMOUNT 2 field.
- **34.** If there are more payments, type the **date** and **amount information** in the fields for the third and fourth payments in the remaining fields.
- **35.** If the last payment should be held, type **H** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field. Otherwise, type **N** in the LAST PAYMENT HOLD field so that the last payment will not be held.
- **36.** Press <u>Enter</u> to complete the document.

Procedure 13: Establishing a Vendor Model

- **1.** Type **MWS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **V** for *vendor* in the first blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **4.** Type the **model number** in the second blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field. (Model numbers are determined by your agency.)
- **5.** Type the **vendor's shortname@** (e.g., Sams@) in the SHORT NAME field or type the **vendor's number** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- **6.** Press Enter to verify the information.
 - Depending on the purpose of the model, you may wish to enter more or less information.
- **7.** Type **terms code** in the TERMS CODE field, if applicable.
- **8.** Type **your company number** in the co field.
- **9.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **10.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **11.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to establish this model in the NCAS for your paying entity.

Procedure 14: Establishing a Paying Entity Model

- **1.** Type **MWS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **P** for *paying entity* in the first blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **4.** Type the **model number** in the second blank of in the MODEL INV NUMBER field. (Model numbers are determined by your agency.)
- **5.** Press Enter to verify the information.
 - Depending on the purpose of the model, you may wish to enter more or less information.
- **6.** Type the **terms code** in the TERMS CODE field, if applicable.
- **7.** Type **your company number** in the co field.
- **8.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **9.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **10.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press to establish this model in the NCAS for this vendor and your paying entity.

Procedure 15: Retrieving a Model

Accounts payable clerks enter invoices or employee reimbursements through the *IWS-1T* or *EWS-1T* screens. The model is referenced with the invoice or employee reimbursement header information. Before the AP module retrieves the model, all key fields in the header on the document worksheet must be completed.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module and the IWS-1T or EWS-1T screens:

- 1. From the invoice or employee reimbursement sheet, type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field or the **employee reimbursement number** in the EMP VOUCHER NBR. field.
- **2.** Type the **document date** in the DATE field.
- **3.** Type **V** for *vendor* or **P** for *paying entity* in the first blank of the MODEL field.
- **4.** Type the **model number** in the second blank of the MODEL field. (Model numbers are determined by your agency).
 - If you are entering an invoice on the *IWS-1T* screen, type the **vendor's short**name in the VENDOR SHORT NM field or the **vendor's number** in the VENDOR NUMBER field.
 - On vendor models, the vendor number defaults to the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- 5. If you are entering an employee expense on the *EWS-1T* screen, type the **employee's short name** in the EMP SHORT NAME field or the **employee's social security number** in the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.
- **6.** Press Enter to retrieve the model information.
- 7. Continue to follow your standard procedures for document entry.

2.

Procedure 16: Copying a Document

Accounts payable clerks copy invoices or employee reimbursements through the *IWS-1T* or *EWS-1T* screens. The invoice to be copied is referenced with the invoice or employee reimbursement header information. Before the AP module retrieves the original document, all key fields in the header on the document worksheet must be completed.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module and the IWS-1T or EWS-1T screens:

1. Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field. It cannot be the same as the original document number.

On the *EWS-1T* screen, this field is called the EMP VOUCHER NBR field.

- Type the **document date** in the DATE field. This should be the same as the original.
- **3.** Type **C** for *copy document* in the first blank of the MODEL field.
- **4.** Type the **invoice number from the original document** in the second blank of the MODEL field.
- **5.** Type the **vendor number** in the VENDOR NUMBER field and press [inter]. The lines from the first invoice should be copied into the new document.
 - On the *EWS-1T* screen, this field is called the EMPLOYEE NUMBER field.

Procedure 17: Changing a Model

- **1.** Type **MWS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **V** for *vendor* or **P** for *paying entity* in the first blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **4.** Type the **model's name that needs to be changed** in the second blank of in the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **5.** Press Enter to retrieve the model information.
- **6.** Type **any additional information** in the appropriate fields or type over the incorrect data and press Enter.
- 7. Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to save the changes made to the model.

Procedure 18: Deleting a Model

- **1.** Type **MWS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Model Invoice Worksheet 1 (MWS-1T)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying entity** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **V** for *vendor* or **P** for *paying entity* in the first blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **4.** Type the **model's name that needs to be deleted** in the second blank of the MODEL INV NUMBER field.
- **5.** Press Enter to retrieve the model information.
- **6.** Type **REJECT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to delete the model from the system.

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4.

Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices

After completing the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen and accessing the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen:

Matching (IMP) screen:

Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.

- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field.
- Type part of a vendor name@ in the VENDOR SHORT NAME field. (If you know the vendor number, type the vendor and group number in the VENDOR NUMBER field and press to return the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen. Then, skip to step 8).
- If the short name is unique to a vendor the vendor name and address will be returned to the *IMP* screen. In this case, skip to Step 8.

Press Enter to return the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen.

- If the short name is not unique to a vendor name and address, the *Vendor Short Name List (VSL)* screen appears with a list of all the vendors that match the specified short name.
- **5.** Type **B** in the ADDRESS TYPE field to display *both* the order-from and the remit-to address.
- **6.** Press <u>Enter</u> to scroll through the list until you find the required vendor.
- 7. Type **R** in the ACTIVITY field for the required vendor and press Enter to *return* the vendor number and address to the *IMP* screen.
- 8. To verify that the correct vendor name and address have been returned to the *IMP* screen, type **VRS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Remit to Vendor Setup (VRS)* screen. The *VRS* screen displays detailed information about the vendor.
- **9.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen.
- **10.** Type the **buying entity (XXBG)** in the PO BUY ENTITY field.
- **11.** Type the **purchase order number** in the PO NUMBER field and press **Enter** to process the entered information.
- **12.** If a PO is not referenced, type **F** in the REQUEST field and press to access the *PO Finder (POF)* screen. The *POF* screen lists open purchase orders by vendor within a buying entity.
- **13.** View the listed purchase orders and choose the corresponding purchase order.

- **14.** Type **S** in the SEL field next to the required PO and press to access the *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen. The purchase order information will default from the *POF* screen.
- **15.** Verify that the payment terms that defaulted into the TERMS CODE field are correct. Change the terms code to match the terms indicated on the invoice, if necessary.
- **16.** Type the **total amount of the invoice** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **17.** Type the sales tax amount in the SALES TAX/VAT AMOUNT field.
- **18.** Type the **county code** in the COUNTY CODE field.
- **19.** Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.

Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices

Aiter	access	ing the invoice Line Audit (ILA) screen:
1.	Verify	that the correct accounting distribution is being used.
2.	Comp	are the value in the UOP field to the unit of measure used on the invoice (UOI).
		If the UOP and the UOI are the same, skip to Step 4.
		If the UOP and the UOI are not the same, convert the UOP to the UOI, using either Step 3a or Step 3b.
3.	Type t	the Unit of Invoice (UOI) in the UOP field if:
	• the	e UOI is defined on the Units of Measure List (UML) screen and
		e system-calculated conversion factor equals the true numerical relationship tween the UOP and the UOI.
		OR
	• •	he manually calculated conversion factor in the CONV FACTOR field if <i>either</i> of o conditions in Step 3a are not satisfied.
4.	Comp	are the PO line quantity in the QUANTITY field to the invoice quantity.
	• If t	hey are the same, skip to Step 5.
	• If t	he values are not the same, type the invoice quantity in the QUANTITY field.
	mi	the invoice quantity is a fraction, convert the UOI to a unit of measure that perts the quantity to be a whole number. Use any option in Step 3 that applies to ange the UOI.
5.	-	are the PO line amount in the AMOUNT field to the invoice amount. If the values e same, skip to Step 6.
		If the values are not the same, type the invoice amount in the AMOUNT field.
6.	Туре	A in the REQUEST field to tag a line.
		Each sequence letter (A, B, C) corresponds to a specific line on the purchase order. To indicate each line that is to be paid, you must tag the line. To tag a line, type the sequence letter in the REQUEST field and press Enter. If all lines are to be paid, type S in the REQUEST field and press Enter.

Press Enter to process the information.

7.

- **8.** If the invoice is a 1099 transaction, type **3** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to access the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-IT)* screen. (If the invoice is not a 1099 transaction, go to Step 13.)
- **9.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- **10.** Press [Inter] to scroll down the possible 1099 codes until the correct code is found.
- **11.** Type **R** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to *return* to the *Invoice Worksheet (IWS-IT)* screen.
- **12.** Type the **correct 1099 code** over the NO in the 99 field to categorize the payment on the 1099 form.
- **13.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to complete the invoice entry. A blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen will appear.

Procedure 21: Purchasing Inquiries

Each inquiry screen is displayed in succession when [mer] is pressed. The series of inquiry screens can be selected for one purchase order line at a time.

From the Invoice Line Audit (ILA) screen:

- 1. Type **P** in the s (SELECT) field and press Inter to access the *Purchase Order Line Inquiry* (*PLI*) screen. This screen displays a list of purchase order lines based on the search criteria entered.
- **2.** Type a **buying entity** in the BUYING ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type a **purchase order number** in the PO NO. field and press Enter to retrieve the information.
- **4.** Type **X**'s in the INQUIRY SELECTIONS fields (*PLG*, *PLO*, *PLC*, *PLR*, *PLF*, *PCI*, and *PMI*) next to the purchase order line to be reviewed.
- **5.** Press Inter to view the *PO Line General Information (PLG)* screen. This screen displays general information for a purchase order line.
- **6.** Press <u>Enter</u> to access the *PO Line Ordered Item Information (PLO)* screen. This screen provides detailed information about the item ordered on the purchase order.
- **7.** Press Inter to access the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Control (PLC) screen. This screen shows the invoice control established for the purchase order.
- **8.** Press <u>Enter</u> to access the *PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR)* screen. This screen offers a comparison of quantity ordered and the quantity on the invoice.
- **9.** Press Inter to access the *PO Line Financial Information (PLF)* screen. This screen shows the basic financial data about the purchase order lines.
- **10.** Press Inter to access the *PO Comment Inquiry (PCI)* screen. This screen displays the comments written for the purchase order header, blanket release and PO lines.
- **11.** Press Inter to access the *PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)* screen. This screen displays the permit-to-pay amounts calculated for AP versus the amount actually invoiced.
- **12.** Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press interest to return to the *Invoice Line Audit* (*ILA*) screen.

Procedure 22: Responding to an Invoice Header Exception

After accessing the Invoice Matching (IMP) screen:

- 1. Type the invoice header information on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices).
- **2.** Press Enter to process the invoice header information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit* (*ILA*) screen.
- **3.** The system will display one of the following exception messages:
 - 220: EXCEPTION VENDOR ENTERED DOES NOT MATCH VENDOR ON THE PO
 - 222: TAX/VAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
 - 224: FREIGHT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
 - 226: ADDITIONAL COST IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
- **4.** Review the information you have entered. Change any mistakes.
- **5.** If you have entered all the information correctly, type **CONT** in the REQUEST field to *continue* processing the invoice.
- **6.** Press Enter again to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.
- 7. Identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount on the invoice. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**).
- **8.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field to balance the invoice and access a blank *IMP* screen.
- **9.** The system will display the error message from Step 3 again.
- **10.** Type **C** in the EXCEPTION CMNTS field and press Enter to pass the exception to the buyer and access the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen.
 - If you do not wish to add comments to the invoice, type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to *pass* the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception. Skip to step 15.
- 11. On the *IEC* screen, type a number between 01 and 50 in the CMT # field.
- **12.** Type **your comments** in the COMMENTS field.
- **13.** Repeat steps 11 and 12 until you have finished entering all your comments.

14. Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press [Enter] to return to a blank IMP screen.

The system places the invoice you passed into the buyer's *Invoice Work Queue (IWQ)*. The *IWQ* screen lists all the invoices that have been passed to a particular buyer for review. From this screen, a buyer can review invoice details, resolve any errors and release the invoice for the AP clerk to finish processing it.

The system also places a copy of the invoice in your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue* (*IRQ*) with a **B** (*pending buyer review*) status. You can type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *IRQ* screen and see all the invoices you have passed.

15. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

Procedure 23: Responding to an Invoice Line Exception

After accessing the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen:

- 1. Identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount of the invoice. (Refer to Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices).
- 2. Type N or NEXT in the REQUEST field to balance the invoice and to access the blank *IMP* screen.
- **3.** The system displays one of the following error messages:
 - 222 TAX/VAT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
 - 224 FREIGHT IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
 - 226 ADDITIONAL COST IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR THIS PO
 - 391 PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED
 - 392 INVOICE UNIT PRICE GREATER THAN PO UNIT-PRICE + TOLERANCE
 - 660 INVOICE UNIT PRICE IS LESS THAN PO UNIT PRICE TOLERANCE
 - 685 PTP AMOUNT + EXTENDED VALUE TOLERANCE FOR THIS PO LINE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED
- **4.** If you don't need further information about the PO line, go to Step 12. If you need to inquire on this PO line, deselect the tagged PO line.
- **5.** Type **P** in the s field to select the *PO Line Information (PLI)* screen.
- **6.** Press Inter to process the information and to access the *PLI* screen.

After accessing the *PO Line Information (PLI)* screen:

- 7. Press Enter to process the information that has defaulted to the *PLI* screen and to see a list of PO lines for this PO.
- **8.** Type \mathbf{S} in the:
 - PLG field to select the PO Line General Information (PLG) screen.
 - PLO field to select the PO Line Ordered Item Information (PLO) screen.
 - PLC field to select the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC) screen.

- PLR field to select the PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR) screen.
- PLF field to select the PO Line Financial Information (PLF) screen.
- PCI field to select the PO Comment Inquiry (PCI) screen
- PMI field to select the PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI) screen.

(Refer to QRG 11: Accounts Payable Matching Screens and QRG 12: Related Purchasing Inquiry Screens for more information about these screens.)

- **9.** Press <u>Enter</u> to process the information. Keep pressing <u>Enter</u> to scroll through the selected screen(s).
- **10.** Type **BACK** in the NEXT FUNCTION field to return to the *ILA* screen.
- **11.** Retag the appropriate PO line on the *ILA* screen.
- **12.** Type **C** in the EXCEPTION CMNTS field and press Enter to pass the exception to the buyer and access the *Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)* screen.
 - If you do not wish to add comments to the invoice, type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to pass the invoice to the buyer for resolution of the exception. Skip to step 17.
- 13. On the *IEC* screen, type a number between 01 and 50 in the CMT # field.
- **14.** Type **your comments** in the COMMENTS field.
- **15.** Repeat steps 13 and 14 until you have finished entering your comments.
- **16.** Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to a blank *IMP* screen.

The system places the invoice you passed in the buyer's *Invoice Work Queue (IWQ)*. The system also places a copy of the invoice in your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* with a **B** (pending buyer review) status. You can type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *IRQ* screen and see all the invoices you have passed.

17. Wait for the buyer's instructions regarding further processing of the invoice.

Procedure 24A: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to Invoice Header and Line Exceptions: Pay As Is or Pay with Debit/Credit Memo

1. Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access your *Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)* screen.

The invoice will be listed on your *IRQ* screen with status **A** which means that the invoice is available for accounts payable processing.

- **2.** Type **V** in the S (SELECT) field and press Enter to access the *View Exception Comments* (*VEC*) screen.
 - The VEC screen shows any comments entered by Accounts Payable as well as the buyer's instructions for processing the invoice. The buyer's instructions are also printed on the AP Action Report the day after the buyer enters them in the NCAS.
- **3.** Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the IRQ screen.
- **4.** Type **P** in the S (SELECT) field and press Enter to pay the invoice as is.
 - If you receive the following message: "90B PTP + EXTENDED PO LINE EXCEEDED, 'F' PAY AS IS OR 'S' REAPPLY", type F in the s (SELECT) field and press Enter to force pay the invoice.
- 5. Issue a debit or apply a credit memo, if necessary. (Refer to **Procedure 9A or 9B:**Applying a Debit/Credit Memo).
- Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *IRQ* screen. Note that the invoice is no longer listed on your *IRQ* screen.

Procedure 24B: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to Invoice Header and Line Exceptions: Additional Processing

1. Type IRQ in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Inter to access your Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ) screen.

The invoice will be listed on your *IRQ* screen with status A which means that the invoice is available for accounts payable processing.

- **2.** Type **V** in the S (SELECT) field and press Enter to access the *View Exception Comments* (*VEC*) screen.
 - The VEC screen shows any comments entered by Accounts Payable as well as the buyer's instructions for processing the invoice. The buyer's instructions are also printed on the AP Action Report the day after the buyer enters them in the NCAS.
- **3.** Type **BACK** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to return to the IRQ screen.
- **4.** Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field to make changes to the invoice information you had already entered.
- **5.** Press Enter to process the information and to access the *ILA* screen with the invoice information.

After accessing the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen:

- **6.** To make changes to the invoice header information, type **CONT** in the REQUEST field to return to the *IMP* screen for this invoice. Otherwise skip to Step 11.
- **7.** Press Enter to process the information and to access the *IMP* screen with the invoice information.
- **8.** Make the buyer's changes to the invoice header information.
- **9.** Press Inter to process the information and to access the *ILA* screen. Note that an invoice header exception does not occur.
- **10.** Make the buyer's requested changes to invoice line information.
- 11. Tag the appropriate PO line for the invoice, if it is not already tagged. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**).

- **12.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice and to access a blank *IMP* screen.
 - Note that an exception message does not occur. The error has been resolved and the system has accepted the invoice for payment.
- **13.** Type **IRQ** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *IRQ* screen. Note that the invoice is no longer listed on your *IRQ* screen.

1.

Procedure 24C: Applying the Buyer's Instructions to Invoice Header and Line Exceptions: Passing the Invoice Back for Further Instructions

1.	Type IRQ in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the <i>Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)</i> screen.					
		The invoice will be listed on your <i>IRQ</i> screen with status A which means that the invoice is <i>available for accounts payable processing</i> .				
2.	• •	In the S (SELECT) field and press Enter to access the View Exception Comments screen.				
		The VEC screen shows any comments entered by Accounts Payable as well as the buyer's instructions for processing the invoice. The buyer's instructions are also printed on the AP Action Report the day after the buyer enters them into the NCAS.				
3.	Type I	BACK in the REQUEST field and press Inter to return to the IRQ screen.				
4.		In the s (SELECT) field and press Enter to access the <i>Invoice Exception Comments</i> screen for this invoice.				
		The <i>IEC</i> screen will show the following message: "E13 - INVOICE HAS BEEN PASSED. ENTER EXCEPTION COMMENTS."				
5.	On the	e IEC screen, type a number between 01 and 50 in the CMT # field.				
6.	Type y	your comments in the COMMENTS field.				
7.	Repea	at steps 5 and 6 until you have finished entering your comments.				
		You may want to include a date on these comments to indicate to the buyer that these are new comments.				
8.	Press	Enter to process the information.				
		The system places the invoice you passed in the buyer's <i>Invoice Work Queue</i> (<i>IWQ</i>). The system also places a copy of the invoice in your <i>Invoice Reapplication Work Queue</i> (<i>IRQ</i>) with a B (<i>pending buyer review</i>) status. You can type IRQ in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the <i>IRQ</i> screen and see all the invoices you have passed.				

Procedure 25: Processing a Signature Basis Invoice

After accessing a blank a *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen in your control group:

- 1. Enter the invoice header information on the *IMP* screen. (Refer to Procedure 19: Entering Invoice Header Information for Matching Invoices)
- 2. Press Enter to process the information and to access the *Invoice Line Audit (ILA)* screen.
- 3. Identify and tag the appropriate PO line for the amount of the invoice. (Refer to **Procedure 20: Entering Invoice Line Information for Matching Invoices**).
- **4.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.

The system displays the message: **445 - INVOICE HAS NOT BEEN PROCESSED BECAUSE OF SIGNATURE PAYMENT BASIS**.

- **5.** Type **PASS** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to pass the invoice to your *Invoice Reapplication Queue (IRQ).*
- **6.** Wait until you receive the *Matching Invoice Verification Report* or a signed invoice indicating that you have the required signature approval to pay this invoice.
 - Along with signature approval, the requester may provide instructions on how to pay the invoice.
- 7. Type IRQ in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access your Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ) screen.
- 8. Process this invoice as per the requester's instructions. Follow either **Procedure 24A**, **24B**, **or 24C** to finish processing this invoice.

The invoice disappears from the *IRQ* screen. The system has accepted the invoice for payment.

Procedure 26: Entering an Employee Travel Advance

Make sure you have a completed Employee Advance Request sheet.

- **1.** Type **EAR** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press interest to access the *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your employee paying entity (XXPE)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type the **employee's short name@** (e.g., martinj@) in the EMPLOYEE SHORT NAME field.
- **4.** Type **ADV** and the date of the advance beginning (e.g., ADV090102) in the ADVANCE VOUCHER NBR field.
- **5.** Type the date the employee submitted the request in the VOUCHER DATE field.
- **6.** Type **P** (permanent) in the ADVANCE TYPE field.
- **7.** Type the **date the advance should be issued** to the employee in the ADVANCE ISSUE DATE field.
 - If the employee does not need the advance immediately, enter a date that corresponds to your agency's policies before the business expense occurs.
- **8.** Type the **total amount of the advance** to be issued in the ADVANCE AMOUNT field. For a temporary advance, this is the amount used to offset expenses from the employee.
- **9.** Type a **valid accounting distribution** (company, account, center) in the CO/ACCT/CTR field.
- **10.** Press Enter to validate the entries and access a blank *Employee Advance Request (EAR)* screen.

Procedure 27: Designating a Non-Trade 1099 Vendor

- **1.** Type **TNL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *1099 Codes List (TNL)* screen.
- 2. Press Inter to view the 1099 codes. Scroll down the list until you find the correct 1099 code for the vendor. (For example, M7 identifies the vendor as a miscellaneous non-employee compensation vendor.)
- **3.** Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- **4.** Type the **non-trade paying entity** (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **5.** Type the **vendor's short name@** in the SHORT NAME field.
- **6.** Type the **vendor's social security number** or **federal ID number** in the TAX ID NUMBER field.
- 7. Type the valid 1099 code in the 1099 CODE field. You could also type NO in this field.
 - Typing **NO** in the 1099 CODE field will alert the AP clerk of possible 1099 transactions. It will then be the clerk's responsibility to determine the appropriate 1099 code for each transactions.
- **8.** Press Enter to process the information.

6.

Procedure 28: Setting Up a Non-trade Vendor for Withholding

This procedure outlines the steps for setting up the vendor for backup withholding. However, a 1099 code is still required on all invoice lines subject to backup withholding.

- **1.** Type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- **2.** Type **XXPN** in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type the **vendor's federal ID number** or the **social security number** in the VENDOR NO. field.
- **4.** Type **C** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to indicate that you are changing information about the vendor.
- **5.** Type **yesterday's date** in the in the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field.
- To withhold federal taxes only, type **31.00**. To withhold state taxes only, type

Type the appropriate percentage in the 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE field.

- To withhold federal taxes only, type **31.00**. To withhold state taxes only, type **4.00**. To withhold both state and federal, type **35.00**.
- **7.** Press Enter to complete entry and process the changes.
- **8.** Type **VDD** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *Vendor Default Distribution (VDD)* screen.
- **9.** Type **A** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to indicate that you are adding information.
- **10.** Type the **appropriate withholding indicator** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field and press Enter to complete the entry.
 - If you are withholding federal taxes only, type **950** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field. If you are withholding state taxes only, type **951** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field. If you are withholding both state and federal taxes, type **952** in the 1099 WITHHOLD field. This indicator controls the accounts to which the withheld amount is posted.

Procedure 29A: Correcting Withholding for Non-1099 Transactions

Use this procedure when the invoice should not have been 1099 reportable and the payment was erroneously withheld.

- 1. If the vendor is a non-trade vendor, type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- **2.** Verify that the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field has an expired date.
- **3.** Verify that the 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE field contains the appropriate withholding percentage.
- **4.** Type **VDD** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Vendor Default Distribution (VDD)* screen.
- **5.** Verify that the 1099 WITHHOLD field contains the appropriate indicator.
 - Refer to **Procedure 29: Setting Up a Non-trade Vendor for Withholding** to set up the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE and 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE fields, if necessary. If the vendor is a trade vendor, contact the NCAS Support Services at 875-HELP to verify the information.
- **6.** Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.
- 7. Type your paying entity (XXPT or XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **8.** Type the **control group number** in the CONTROL NUMBER field.
- **9.** Type **.00** in the CNTL AMT field. Since the invoice is a zero-dollar invoice, the control group total will be zero.
- **10.** Type **your first and last initials** in the APPL AREA field.
- **11.** Type **D** in the ENTRY METHOD field to indicate this is a direct invoice.
- **12.** Type **your bank account payment code** in the BANK ACCT PYMT IND field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.
 - $\hfill \Box$ Do not type ZRO in the bank acct pymt ind field.
- **13.** Type the invoice information on the *IWS-1T* screen. Use the same vendor as the original invoice.
- **14.** Type **NET** in the TERMS CODE field.

- **15.** On line 0001, type the **positive dollar amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- **16.** Type the **company number** in the co field.
- **17.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **18.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
 - Use the same accounting distribution as the original invoice. Do *not* type a 1099 code for this line.
- **19.** On line 0002, type the **negative dollar amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- **20.** Type the **company number** in the co field.
- **21.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **22.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
 - Use the same accounting distribution as the first line.
- **23.** Type the **1099 code** in the 99 field. Use the same 1099 code that appeared on the original invoice.
- **24.** Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen. Verify that the BANK PYMT field contains your BAP code (not ZRO).
- **25.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.
- **26.** Fax the ZERO DOLLAR PAYMENT AUTHORIZATION FORM to NCAS Support Services. They will then temporarily change policy to allow zero dollar checks to print.
 - For a copy of this form, refer to **QRG 13: Zero Dollar Payment Authorization** Form.

Procedure 29B: Correcting Withholding for 1099 Transactions

Use this procedure when the invoice should still be 1099 reportable and the payment was erroneously withheld.

- **1.** If the vendor is a non-trade vendor, type **VPN** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Vendor Payable Information (VPN)* screen.
- **2.** Verify that the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE field has an expired date.
- **3.** Verify that the 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE field contains the appropriate withholding percentage.
- **4.** Type **VDD** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [inter] to access the *Vendor Default Distribution (VDD)* screen.
- **5.** Verify that the 1099 WITHHOLD field contains the appropriate indicator.
 - Refer to **Procedure 29: Setting Up a Non-trade Vendor for Withholding** to set up the TAX ID EXPIRATION DATE and 1099 WITHHOLDING RATE fields, if necessary. If the vendor is a trade vendor, contact the NCAS Support Services at 875-HELP to verify the information.
- **6.** Type **CDE** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Document Entry (CDE)* screen.
- 7. Type your paying entity (XXPT or XXPN) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **8.** Type the **control group number** in the CONTROL NUMBER field.
- **9.** Type **.00** in the CNTL AMT field. Since the invoice is a zero-dollar invoice, the control group total will be zero.
- **10.** Type **your first and last initials** in the APPL AREA field.
- **11.** Type **D** in the ENTRY METHOD field to indicate this is a direct invoice.
- **12.** Type **your bank account payment code** in the BANK ACCT PYMT IND field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.
 - $\hfill \Box$ Do not type ZRO in the bank acct pymt ind field.
- **13.** Type the invoice information on the *IWS-1T* screen. Use the same vendor as the original invoice.
- **14.** Type **NET** in the TERMS CODE field.

- **15.** On line 0001, type the **positive dollar amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- **16.** Type the **company number** in the co field.
- **17.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **18.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
 - Use the same accounting distribution as the original invoice. Do *not* type a 1099 code for this line.
- **19.** On line 0002, type the **negative dollar amount** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- **20.** Type the **company number** in the co field.
- **21.** Type the **account number** in the ACCOUNT field.
- **22.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
 - Use the same accounting distribution as the first line.
- **23.** Type **ST** in the 99 field.
- **24.** Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen. Verify that the BANK PYMT field contains your BAP code (not ZRO).
- **25.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the invoice.
- **26.** Fax the ZERO DOLLAR PAYMENT AUTHORIZATION FORM to NCAS Support Services. They will then temporarily change policy to allow zero dollar checks to print.
 - For a copy of this form, refer to **QRG 13: Zero Dollar Payment Authorization** Form.
- **27.** After the check has been produced, access the *Invoice Maintenance 1 (IMW-1T)* screen and delete the **ST** in the 1099 field from the zero dollar invoice.

Procedure 30: Factoring Vendor Payments

Note: The vendor file for the factor vendor must have an **F** (factor) status in order to be able to successfully factor vendor payments. Contact the OSC Help Desk if you need help with setting up a vendor as a factor.

After accessing the Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T):

- **1.** Type the **invoice number** in the INVOICE NUMBER field.
- **2.** Type the **invoice date** in the DATE field.
- **3.** Type the **vendor's number** in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
- **4.** Type the **vendor's group number** in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field and press Enter to retrieve the vendor information.
- **5.** At the proper line, type the **amount or percent owed** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
- **6.** Type your company number (XX01) in the co field.
- 7. Type the account number in the ACCOUNT field.
- **8.** Type the **center number** in the CENTER field.
- **9.** Type the **description of the invoice** in the DESCRIPTION field.
- **10.** Type the **gross amount of the invoice** in the GROSS AMOUNT field. Delete the zeros at the end of the field.
- **11.** Press Enter to process the information.
- **12.** Type **R** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to access the *Invoice Worksheet 2 (IWS-2T)* screen.
- **13.** Type the **factor's vendor number** in the FACTOR NUMBER field and press Enter to process the information.
 - If the vendor's factor file does not have a factor status, the following error message appears: **162 VENDOR ENTERED IS NOT A FACTOR**.
- **14.** Type **N** in the REQUEST field to balance the document and press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T)* screen.

1.

Procedure 31A: Entering a Refund of a Current Year Expenditure

Use this procedure when the refund occurred during the current year and requires an adjustment to the original distribution account.

1.		blete the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen following standard NCAS procefor a zero dollar invoice.
		Use ZRO in the bank ACCT PYMT IND field.
2.		e Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) screen, type the invoice number in the INVOICE ER field.
3.	Туре	the invoice date in the DATE field.
4 .	Туре	the vendor number in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
		Use the same vendor as the original invoice.
5.	Туре	the group code in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
6.	On lin	ne 0001, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a negative number. This will post a credit to the original account.
7.	Туре	the company used on the original invoice in the co field.
8.	Туре	the account used on the original invoice in the ACCOUNT field.
9.	Туре	the center used on the original invoice in the CENTER field.
10.	On lin	ne 0002, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a positive number. This will debit the Vendor Refund Clearing Account.
11.	Туре	the company in the co field.
12.	Type Accou	535680 in the ACCOUNT field. Account 535680 is the Vendor Refund Clearing unt.
13.	Туре	the center in the CENTER field.

Type .00 in the GROSS AMOUNT field.

14.

15.

Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document.

Procedure 31B: Entering a Refund of a Prior Year Expenditure

Before recording a refund of a prior year expenditure, you must ensure that a reimbursement account (5383AA) has been established within the NCAS to handle prior year reimbursement.

1.	•	olete the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen following standard NCAS procefor a zero dollar invoice.
		Use ZRO in the BANK ACCT PYMT IND field.
2.		e Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) screen, type the invoice number in the INVOICE ER field.
3.	Туре	the invoice date in the DATE field.
4.	Туре	the vendor number in the first blank on the VENDOR NUMBER field.
		Use the same vendor as the original invoice.
5.	Туре	the group code in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
6.	On lir	ne 0001, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a negative number. This will post a credit to the prior year reimbursement account.
7.	Туре	the company in the co field.
8.	Туре	the prior year reimbursement account (5383AA) in the ACCOUNT field.
9.	Туре	the center in the CENTER field.
10.	On lir	ne 0002, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a positive. This will debit the Vendor Refund Clearing Account.
11.	Туре	the company in the co field.
12.	Туре Ассоі	535680 in the ACCOUNT field. Account 535680 is the Vendor Refund Clearing unt.
13.	Туре	the center in the CENTER field.
14	Type	OO in the CROSS AMOUNT field

15.

Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press Enter to balance the document.

Procedure 31C: Entering an Accrued Refund of a Prior Year Expenditure

Before recording a refund of a prior year expenditure, you must ensure that a reimbursement account (5383AA) has been established within the NCAS to handle prior year reimbursements.

1.	-	ete the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen following standard NCAS procefor a zero dollar invoice.				
		Use ZRO in the BANK ACCT PYMT IND field.				
2.	On the	Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) screen, type the invoice number in the INVOICE R field.				
3.	Type th	ne invoice date in the DATE field.				
4.	Type th	ne vendor number in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.				
		Use the same vendor as the original invoice.				
5.	Type th	ne group code in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.				
6.	On line	e 0001, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.				
		Be sure to type the amount as a negative number. This will post a credit to the prior year reimbursement account.				
7 .	Type A	RC in the EXP field to indicate that this is an accrual.				
8.	Type th	ne company in the co field.				
9.	Type th	ne prior year reimbursement account (5383AA) in the ACCOUNT field.				
10.	Type th	ne center in the CENTER field.				
11.	On line 0002, type the amount of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.					
		Be sure to type the amount as a positive number. This will debit the Vendor Refund Clearing Account.				
12.	Type th	ne company in the co field.				
13.	Type 5 Accour	35680 in the ACCOUNT field. Account 535680 is the Vendor Refund Clearing nt.				

Type the **center** in the CENTER field.

14.

- **15.** Type **.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **16.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter] to balance the document.

Procedure 31D: Entering a Combination Refund of Expenditure

In some circumstances, an agency may receive a refund that needs to be split between the current year and the previous year. Before recording a combination refund, you must ensure that a reimbursement account (5383AA) has been established with the NCAS to the prior year portion of the refund.

1.		plete the Control Document Entry (CDE) screen following standard NCAS proce- for a zero dollar invoice.
		Use ZRO in the BANK ACCT PYMT IND field.
2.		te Invoice Worksheet 1 (IWS-1T) screen, type the invoice number in the INVOICE ER field.
3.	Туре	the invoice date in the DATE field.
4.	Туре	the vendor number in the first blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
		Use the same vendor as the original invoice.
5.	Туре	the group code in the second blank of the VENDOR NUMBER field.
6.	On lir	ne 0001, type the prior year portion of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a negative number. This will post a credit to the prior year reimbursement account.
7.	Туре	ARC in the EXP field to indicate that this is an accrual.
8.	Туре	the company in the co field.
9.	Туре	the prior year reimbursement account (5383AA) in the ACCOUNT field.
10.	Туре	the center in the CENTER field.
11.	On lir	ne 0002, type the current year portion of the refund in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
		Be sure to type the amount as a negative number. This will post a credit to your original account.
12.	Туре	the company from the original invoice in the co field.
13.	Туре	the account used on the original invoice in the ACCOUNT field.

14.

Type the **center used on the original invoice** in the CENTER field.

- **15.** On line 0003, type the **total amount of the refund** in the AMOUNT/PERCENT field.
 - Be sure to type the amount as a positive number. This will debit the Vendor Refund Clearing Account.
- **16.** Type the **company** in the co field.
- **17.** Type **535680** in the ACCOUNT field. Account 535680 is the Vendor Refund Clearing Account.
- **18.** Type the **center** in the CENTER field.
- **19.** Type **.00** in the GROSS AMOUNT field.
- **20.** Type **N** or **NEXT** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter] to balance the document.

Procedure 32: Navigating Through a Control Group

- **1.** Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Control Group Status* (*CGS*) screen.
- **2.** Type your paying entity in the PAYING ENTITY field.
- **3.** Press to process the information and to access a list of open control groups for that paying entity.
- **4.** Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field for the control group you want to access.
- **5.** Press Inter to process the information and to access the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen for that control group.

From the Control Entry Status (CES) screen, you can do the following:

To balance an outstanding control group, change the value in the CONTROL AMOUNT field to adjust the control group total. Press Enter to process the change.

OR

To select an incomplete invoice, type **S** in the SEL field for that invoice. Press Enter to access the selected invoice.

OR

To select a blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen in that control group, type **4** in the REQUEST field. Press Enter to access a blank *Invoice Matching (IMP)* screen in that control group.

appear.

Procedure 33: Balancing the Current Control Group

- Type BAL in the REQUEST field and press [mer] to balance the control group.If the control group balances, a blank Control Document Entry (CDE) screen will
 - If the control group does not balance, the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen will appear. Follow Steps 2-5 to balance this control group.
- **2.** Check the invoice amounts on the calculator tape against the invoice amounts displayed on the *Control Entry (CES)* screen.
- **3.** After you have found the error, enter the correct amount in the CONTROL AMOUNT field.
- **4.** Write down the new system total on the Control Group Header sheet.
- **5.** Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter]. A message will appear validating the balanced invoices.

Procedure 34: Balancing Outstanding Control Groups

- 1. Type **CGS** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [mer] to access the *Control Group Status* (*CGS*) screen.
- **2.** Type **S** in the S (SELECT) field corresponding to the outstanding control group.
- **3.** Press Enter to process the information and to access the *Control Entry Status (CES)* screen.
- **4.** If the values in the GROSS DOCUMENT AMOUNT and the CONTROL AMOUNT fields match, go to Step 6.

If the values don't match, check the invoice amounts against the actual invoices.

- **5.** After you have found the error, enter the correct amount in the CONTROL AMOUNT field.
- **6.** Write down the new system total on the Control Group Header sheet.
- 7. Type **BAL** in the REQUEST field and press [Inter]. A message will appear validating the balanced invoices.

3.

Procedure 35A: Document Inquiry

Use this procedure if you know the vendor name or number but are not sure of the exact document number.

After accessing the Accounts Payable module:

- 1. Type **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
- **2.** Type **your paying trade entity (XXPT)** in the PAY ENTITY field.
 - If the short name is not unique to one vendor, the system displays the *Vendor Short Name Lookup (VSL)* screen with all vendors that match the specified short name.
- **4.** Locate the specific document you need to inquire on in the DOCUMENT NUMBER field.

Type the **vendor short name@** in the SHORT NAME field and press Enterl.

- If there are additional documents that cannot fit on one screen, the word **MORE** will appear at the bottom of the screen. Press Inter to view the next screen. Type **UP** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to scroll up the list. If you wish to scroll up or down the list more than one page at a time, type **UP** or **DOWN** (or **DN**) in the REQUEST field followed by the number of pages and press Inter. For example, DN4 will scroll down 4 pages. You may scroll up to 10 pages at a time. Type **TOP** or **T** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to return to the top of the list.
- Type **S** next to the document display with the document number you specified under all the inquiry screen labels (*DGI*, *DPA*, *DCI*, *DLL*) listed in the SELECT column. The system will display the selected inquiry screens in sequence for the specified document and then will return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
 - You can also access the *DGI*, *DPA*, *DCI*, and the *DLL* screens from any AP screen. Simply type the three-digit indicator in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [Inter].
- **6.** Press Inter to access the *Document General Information (DGI)* screen. This screen provides the typical header information associated with a document.
- **7.** Press Inter to access the *Document Payment General Information (DPG)* screen. The screen provides detailed payment information for invoices and employee expenses.
- **8.** Press Inter to access the *Document Payment Additional Info (DPA)* screen. The screen summarizes discount information and provides general ledger distribution information if applicable.

- **9.** Press Inter to access the *Document Comment Inquiry (DCI)* screen. The screen displays the comments recorded for the document (e.g., vendor information, information between clerks).
- **10.** Press Inter to access the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen. The screen provides the detail for every line, shows the expense amount, allows for the selection of a document line and shows the changes made to the General Ledger.
- **11.** Type **C** in the SEL field and press Enter to access the *Detail Line Additional Information* (*DLA*) screen. The screen shows additional detail information for the line.
- **12.** Press Inter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.
- **13.** Type **H** in the SEL field and press to display the *Document Distribution Line History* (*DLH*) screen. The screen indicates whether the General Ledger lines have been changed since the document was first entered and how it was changed.
- **14.** Press Enter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.
- **15.** Press Enter to return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

Procedure 35B: Document Inquiry

Use this procedure if you know the exact document number.

- **1.** Type **DCL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
- 2. Type your paying trade entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type the **invoice number** in the DOCUMENT NBR field and press Enter.
- **4.** Locate the specific document you need to inquire on in the DOCUMENT NUMBER field. There may be more than one document listed if there are documents with the same name on the system for multiple vendors.
 - If there are additional documents that cannot fit on one screen, the word **MORE** will appear at the bottom of the screen. Press Inter to view the next screen. Type **UP** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to scroll up through the list. If you wish to scroll up or down more than one page at a time, type **UP** or **DOWN** (or **DN**) in the REQUEST field followed by the number of pages and press Inter. For example, DN4 will scroll down 4 pages. You may scroll up to 10 pages at a time. Type **TOP** or **T** in the REQUEST field and press Inter to return to the top of the list.
- Type **S** next to the document display with the document number you specified under all the inquiry screen labels (*DGI*, *DPA*, *DCI*, *DLL*) listed in the SELECT column. The system will display the selected inquiry screens in sequence for the specified document and then will return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.
 - You can also access the *DGI*, *DPA*, *DCI*, and the *DLL* screens from any AP screen. Simply type the three-digit indicator in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press [Inter].
- **6.** Press Inter to access the *Document General Information (DGI)* screen. This screen provides the typical header information associated with a document.
- **7.** Press Inter to access the *Document Payment General Information (DPG)* screen. The screen provides detailed payment information for invoices and employee expenses.
- **8.** Press Inter to access the *Document Payment Additional Info (DPA)* screen. The screen summarizes discount information and provides general ledger distribution information if applicable
- **9.** Press <u>Enter</u> to access the *Document Comment Inquiry (DCI)* screen. The screen displays the comments recorded for the document (e.g., vendor information, information between clerks).

- **10.** Press Inter to access the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen. The screen provides the detail for every line, shows the expense amount, allows for the selection of a document line and shows the changes made to the General Ledger.
- **11.** Type **C** in the SEL field and press Enter to access the *Detail Line Additional Information* (*DLA*) screen. The screen shows additional detail information for the line.
- 12. Press Enter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.
- **13.** Type **H** in the SEL field and press to display the *Document Distribution Line History* (*DLH*) screen. The screen indicates whether the General Ledger lines have been changed since the document was first entered and how it was changed.
- **14.** Press Inter to return to the *Document Detail Line List (DLL)* screen.
- **15.** Press Enter to return to the *Document List (DCL)* screen.

Procedure 36: Payment Inquiry

- **1.** Type **PYL** in the NEXT FUNCTION field and press Enter to access the *Payment List (PYL)* screen.
- **2.** Type your paying trade entity (XXPT) in the PAY ENTITY field.
- **3.** Type **three or four characters of the vendor name@** (e.g., rale@) in the SHORT NAME field.
 - OPTIONAL: If you know the Bank Account Payment (BAP) code or the payment reference number (PAYMENT REFERENCE NUMBER), you can add that information in the appropriate fields on the screen.
- **4.** Press Enter to retrieve the status of a series of payments attached to your paying entity and vendor.
- **5.** Type **S** in the s field next to the payment reference number you selected and press to access the *Invoice By Payment Reference Number (IRL)* screen.

Procedure 37: How to Get HELP

Follow these steps to access HELP for the current screen:

- **1.** Type **HELP** or **?** in the ACTION field.
- 2. Press Enter to access the Help screen
 - The system displays the first pages of Help text available for the screen and positions the cursor at this message: "ENTER NEXT PAGE NO. BLANK (NEXT PAGE) 'END' TO TERMINATE HELP".
- **3.** To view the next page of help text, press Enter.
- **4.** To view a specific page, type the **page number** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press [Enter].
- **5.** To exit Help, type **END** in the BLANK (NEXT PAGE) field and press Enter to return to the screen.

Procedure 38: Viewing and Printing Systemware Reports

After signing on the CICS region:

To sign on to Systemware:

- 1. Type your RACF ID in the USERID field.
- **2.** Type **your bill code** in the BILL-CDE field.
- **3.** Type **your password** in the PASSWORD field then press Enter].
- **4.** Type **Systemware** at the blank screen to access the *Systemware* reporting module.
- **5.** Type **your RACF ID** in the USERID field.
- **6.** Type **your password** in the PASSWORD field then press Enter].

To view an Systemware report:

- 7. Type I in the SELECT OPTION field to list the report group names.
- **8.** Type **OSCOPC*** (for the P region) or **OSCOPF*** (for the NC23 region) in the REPORT NAME field and press to view the alphabetic list of report groups.
- **9.** Press [F8] to scroll down until you locate the report group for which you are searching.
- **10.** Type **V** in the CMD column next to the report group for which you are searching and press [Inter] in order to list *versions* of the report group.
- **11.** Type **D** in the last CMD field and press [Enter] to *display* the proper version of the report.
 - You may receive the message **REPORT IS BEING RECALLED. TRY AGAIN LATER**. This indicates that the report cannot currently be accessed. Wait a moment and try again.
 - The following commands are helpful in viewing reports in Systemware:
 - F1 to access help
 - F3 to return to the previous screen
 - F7 to scroll up
 - F8 to scroll down
 - F10 to scroll to the left
 - [F11] to scroll to the right
 - [F12] to go to the beginning of the next page

12. Type **F** and **the report name** in the COMMAND field and press Inter to *find* your report. Because only 200 pages are searched at a time, you may need to repeat this step until the entire report has been searched.

To print a report:

- **13.** Type **PR** in the COMMAND field on the page you wish to *print* and press Enter.
- **14.** After the page has been selected to print, press F3 to access the *Print: Systemware* screen.
- **15.** Type **N** in the SELECT OPTION field to print to your addressable printer.
- **16.** Type your printer ID in the NETWORK PRINTER ID field.
- **17.** Check the pages listed in the SPECIFY PAGE RANGES fields.
- **18.** Press Enter to send the pages to the printer.

To log off Systemware:

- **19.** Press F3 to go to the previous screen until the *Main Menu: Systemware* screen is displayed.
- **20.** Type **X** in the SELECT OPTION field and press Enter to exit Systemware.
- **21.** Clear the screen and type **LOGOFF** to log off the production environment.

Procedure 39: Accessing the Practice Region



The practice region resides in the "O" CICS region (SCCOCICS, CICSSCCO). To obtain practice region operator IDs or any other information regarding this region, contact your agency's NCAS Project Coordinator.

After the CICS region banner is displayed:

- **1.** Type **your RACF ID** in the USERID field.
- **2.** Ignore the BILL-CDE field. (Nothing needs to be entered in this field.)
- **3.** TAB twice and type **your password** in the PASSWORD field.
- 4. Press Enter.
- **5.** On the blank screen, type **MSAS** and press Enter.

Once the NCAS screen appears:

- **6.** Type **your assigned user ID** in the OPERATOR ID field. (You may obtain a user ID from your Agency Project Coordinator.)
- **7.** Type **password** in the PASSWORD field (do not change the password).
- **8.** Press Enter.

QRG 1: NCAS Standard Vendor Short Name Abbreviations

Common Abbreviations

Full Name	Abbreviation
America/American	AMER
Association/Associated	ASSOC
International	INTL
National	NATL
Northeast/Northeastern	NE
Northwest/Northwestern	NW
Southeast/Southeastern	SE
Southwest/Southwestern	SW
United States	US
University	UNIV

Two-Letter State Abbreviations

Abbrev	State	Abbrev	State	Abbrev	State
AL	Alabama	KY	Kentucky	ND	North Dakota
AK	Alaska	LA	Louisiana	ОН	Ohio
AZ	Arizona	ME	Maine	OK	Oklahoma
AR	Arkansas	MD	Maryland	OR	Oregon
CA	California	MA	Massachusetts	PA	Pennsylvania
CO	Colorado	MI	Michigan	RI	Rhode Island
CT	Connecticut	MN	Minnesota	SC	South Carolina
DE	Delaware	MS	Mississippi	SD	South Dakota
DC	District of Columbia	MO	Missouri	TN	Tennessee
FL	Florida	MT	Montana	TX	Texas
GA	Georgia	NE	Nebraska	UT	Utah
HI	Hawaii	NV	Nevada	VT	Vermont
ID	Idaho	NH	New Hampshire	VA	Virginia
IL	Illinois	NJ	New Jersey	WA	Washington
IN	Indiana	NM	New Mexico	WV	West Virginia
IA	Iowa	NY	New York	WI	Wisconsin
KS	Kansas	NC	North Carolina	WY	Wyoming

QRG 2: Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns (GEN 562)

See the following County Code sheet.



North Carolina Department of Revenue Post Office Box 25000 Raleigh, NC 27640-0001

Post Offices and Incorporated Cities or Towns

City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate
Abbottsburg			Bessemer City	Gaston	36 2%	Catawba Heights	Gaston	36 2%
Aberdeen			Bethania	Forsyth	34 2%	Ca-Vel	Person	73 2%
Advance Ahoskie			Bethel	Pitt	74 2%	Cedar Falls	Randolph	76 2%
Alamance			Bethlehem Beulaville	Catawba	18 2%	Cedar Grove		
Albemarle	Stanly	84 2%	Biltmore Forest	Dupiii Runcombe	31 2%	Cedar Island Cedar Mountain	Carteret	16 2%
Albertson			Biscoe	Montgomery	62 2%	Cedar Point	Fransylvania	1 00 2%
Alexander	Buncombe .	11 2%	Black Creek	Wilson	98 2%	Cedar Rock		
Alexander Mills	Rutherford .	81 2%	Black Mountain	Buncombe .	11 2%	Centerville		
Alexis	<u>G</u> aston	36 2%	Bladenboro	Bladen	9 2%	Central Falls	Randolph	76 2%
Alliance	Pamlico	69 2%	Blanch			Cerro Gordo	Columbus	24 2%
Almond	. Swain	87 2%	Blounts Creek	Beaufort	7 2%	Chadbourn		
Altamahaw			Blowing Rock			Chapel Hill		68 2%
Andrews	Dare Cherokee	20 2%	Plus Pidas		14 2%	Ob a datta	Durham	
Angier			Blue Ridge Boardman			Charlotte Cherokee		
Ansonville			Boger City			Cherry Point		
Apex	. Wake	92 2%	Bogue			Cherryville		
Apple Grove	Ashe	5 2%	Boiling Springs			Chimney Rock Village	Rutherford .	81 2%
Aquone			Boiling Spring Lake	Brunswick .	10 2%	China Grove	Rowan	802%
Arapahoe			Bolivia			Chinquapin	Duplin	31 2%
Ararat	Surry	86 2%	Bolton	Columbus	24 2%	Chocowinity		
Archdale	Guilford	41 2%	Bonlee	Chatham	19 2%	Claremont		
Arcola			Bonnie Doone Boomer			Clarendon		
Arden			Boone	Watauga	97 276	Clarkton Clayton		
Arlington			Boonville	Yadkin	99 2%	Clemmons		
Ash	. Brunswick .	10 2%	Bostic			Cleveland	Rowan	80 2%
Asheboro	Randolph	76 2%	Bowdens			Cliffside		81 2%
Asheville	Buncombe .	11 2%	Brasstown	Clay	22 2%	Climax		
Ashford			Brevard			Clinton	Sampson	82 2%
Askewville			Bridgeton			Clyde		
Assembly			Broadway	Lee	53 2%	Coats		
Atkinson Atlantic			Brookford Brookside	Catawba	18 2%	Cofield		
Atlantic Beach			Browns Summit			Coinjock		
Aulander			Brunswick			Colerain Coleridge		
Aurora			Bryson City	Swain	87 2%	Colfax		
Autryville			Buies Creek			Collettsville		
Avon	Dare	28 2%	Bullock			Colon		
Ayden			Bunn			Columbia	Tyrell	89 2%
Aydlett			Bunnlevel			Columbus		
Badin Bahama			Burgaw			Comfort		
Bailey			Burlington Burnsville			Como		
Bakersville			Butner			Concord		
Bald Creek			Butters			Conover		
Balfour			Buxton			Connelly Springs		
Balsam	Jackson	50 2%	Bynum			Conway		
Balsam Grove			Cajah Mountain			Cooleemee	Davie	30 2%
Banner Elk			Calabash	Brunswick .	10 2%	Corapeake		
Barber			Calypso	Duplin	31 2%	Cordova		
Barco Barlum Springs			Camden			Cornelius Corolla		
Barnardsville			Camp Lejeune			Cottonade		
Barnesville			Candler			Council		
Bat Cave			Candor	. Montgomery	62 2%	Cove City		
Bath	. Beaufort	7 2%	Cane River	Yancey	100 2%	Cramerton		
Bayboro			Canton	. Haywood	44 2%	Cranberry		
Bear Creek			Cape Carteret			Creedmoor		
Beargrass			Cape Fear			Creston		
Bear Poplar Beaufort			Caroleen			Creswell	. washington	94 2%
Beech Mountain			Carolina Beach Carolina Hills			Crisp Crossnore		
Dood! Modificant		95 2%	Carolina Shores	Brunswick	10 2%	Crouse		
Belcross	. Camden	15 2%	Carrboro			Crumpler		
Belews Creek	Forsyth	34 2%	Carthage			Culberson		
Belhaven	Beaufort	7 2%	Cary	. Wake	92 2%	Cullowhee		
Bellarthur			Casar			Cumberland	Cumberland	26 2%
Belmont			.Cashiers			Cumnock		
Belvidere			Castalia			Currie		
Belville Belwood			Castle Hayne Casville	. New Hanov	# 00 2%	Currituck		
Bennett			Caswell	. Rockingnam	19 270 54 294	Dallas Dana		
Benson			Caswell Beach	. Brunswick	10 2%	Danbury		
Bermuda Run			Catawba	Catawba	18 2%	Davidson		
								= / - /0

City. Town, or Post Office		County ode Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate
Davis			Fremont			Highlands	Jackson &.	
Deep Gap Deep Run		95 2% 54 2%	Frisco	Wake	92 2%	High Point	*Macon . Davidson	
Delco	. Columbus 2	. 2%	Gamewell	Caldwell	. 14 2%	•	*Guilford &	41 . 2%
Denton		.9 2% 55 2%	Garland		82 2% 92 2%	High Rock	Randolph . Davidson	. 76 . 2% 29. 2%
Derita	. Mecklenburg . 6	0.21/2%	Garysburg	Northampton	66 2%	High Shoals	. *Gaston &	. 36 2%
Dillsboro Dobson			Gaston Gastonia			Hildebran	Lincoln	
Dortches	. Nash 6	64 2%	Gates	Gates	37 2%	Hillsborough		
Dover Drexel			Gatesville			Hobbsville		
Dublin	Bladen	9 . 2%	Germanton		85 2%	Hobucken		69 . 2%
Dudley			Gerton			Hoffman	. Richmond	77 2%
Dunn	. Harnett	'2 2%	Gibson			Holden Beach Hollister		
Durham	. Durham 3	2 2%		Alamance	. 1 2%	Holster	. Halıfax	42 2%
Eagle Rock Eagle Springs	. Wake 9 Moore 6)2 2% 33 2%	Gilkey		812% 32%	Holly Ridge		67 . 2% 92 2%
Earl	. Cleveland 2	23 . 2%	Glen Alpine	.Burke	12 2%	Hookerton	Greene	40 2%
East Arcadia			Glendale Springs			Hope Mills		26 2%
East Bend East Fayetteville			Glendon			Horse Shoe		
East Flat Rock	. Henderson . 4	15 2%	Glenville	Jackson	. 50 2%	Hubert	Onslow .	67 . 2%
East Lake			Glenwood			Hudson		
East Rockingham	.Richmond 7	7 2%	Godwin	Cumberland	. 26 . 2%	Hurdle Mills	Person .	73 . 2%
East Spencer Eden			Gold Hill	Rowan	80 2%	Husk		
Edenton	. Chowan 2	21 2%	Goldston	Chatham	. 19 2%	Idlewild		
Edgemont	. Caldwell 1	4 . 2%	Graham	Alamance	1 2%	Indian Beach		16 . 2%
Edneyville Edward			Grandfather Village Grandy			Indian Trail		
Efland	. Orange 6	8 2%	Granite Falls	. Caldwell	14 2%	Ingold	Sampson	82 2%
Elizabeth City Elizabethtown	. Pasquotank . 7	'0 2% 9 2%	Granite Quarry		80 2%	Iron Station Ivanhoe	Lincoln	55 2% . 82 2%
Elk Park	. Avery	62%	Grantham			Jackson		. 66 2%
Elkin	. *Surry & 8	36 2%	Grassy Creek	Ashe	5 2%	Jackson Hill	. Davidson	
Ellenboro)7 2% 31 — 2%	Grayson	Ashe		Jackson Park , Jackson Springs		
Ellerbe	Richmond 7	72%	Greenlevel	Alamance	1 2%	Jacksonville	Onslow	67 2%
Elm City Elon College	. Wilson 9	98 2% 1 2%	Green Mountain Greensboro			James City Jamestown		25 2% 41 2%
Emerald Isle			Greenville	. Pitt	74 2%	Jamesville		
Emerson			Gregory	Currituck .	27 2%	Jarvisburg	. Currituck .	27 2%
Encas Enfield	. vviison	98 2% 922%	Gritton		54 2%	Jefferson Jonas Ridge		12 2%
Engelhard	Hyde 4	l8 2%	Grimesland	. Pitt	74 . 2%	Jonesville	. Yadkın	99 2%
Enka Ennice		11 . 2% 3 2%	Grover	Gulford	23 2% 41 2%	Julian	Guilford	41 2%
Enochville	. Rowan 8	30 2%	Guilford College	Guilford	41 2%	Kannapolis	*Cabarrus &	13 2%
Emul Erwin			Gulf Gumberry			Kelford	Rowan	. 802% 8 2%
Ether			Half Moon		67 2%	Kelly	Bladen	
Etowah					42 . 2%	Kenansville	Duplin	
Eure Eureka		37 2% 96 2%	Hallsboro Hamilton	. Martin	24 2% 58 2%	Kenly	*Johnston & Wilson .	98 . 2%
Everetts	. Martin 5	58 2%	Hamlet	Richmond .	77 2%	Kernersville		34 2%
Evergreen			Hampstead Hamptonville	Pender Yadkın	71 2% 99 2%	Kill Devil Hills		28 2% 85 2%
Fairfield	. Hyde 4	l8 2%	Harbinger	Currituck .	. 27 . 2%	Kings Mountain	*Cleveland &	23 2%
Fairmont Fairview		′8 2% I1 2%		. Carteret.. . Iredell	16 . 2% 49 2%	Kingstown	Gaston Cleveland	
Faison	. Duplin 3	31 2%	Harrells			Kinston	. Lenoir	. 54 2%
Faith	. Rowan 8	30 2%	Herrolloville		. 31 . 2% 46 2%	Kipling		
Falcon			Harrellsville		. 81 2%	Kitty Hawk		
Fallston	. Cleveland 2	23 2%	Harrisburg		. 132%	Knightdale	. Wake	92 . 2%
Farmer			Hassell Hatteras		58 2% 282%	Knotts Island Kure Beach	. Curntuck . New Hanove	27 2% er . 65 2%
Fayetteville	. Cumberland . 2	26 2%	Havelock	Craven	. 25 2%	La Grange	. Lenoir	54 2%
Ferguson			Haw River Hayesville		1 2% 22 . 2%	Lafayette Lake Junaluska	. Cumberland Haywood	26 2%
Fleetwood	. Ashe	5 2%	Hays	Wilkes	97 2%	Lake Lure	Rutherford	81 2%
Fletcher Fontana Dam			Hazelwood Hemby Bridge	. Haywood	44 2%	Lake Park		
Forest City			Henderson		91 2%	Lake Toxaway		
Forest Hills	. Jackson 5	0 2%	Hendersonville	. Henderson	45 2%	Lake View	Moore	63 2%
Fort Bragg Fountain			Henrico			Lake Waccamaw Landis		
Four Oaks	. Johnston 5	51 2%	Henry River	. Burke	12 2%	Lansing	. Ashe	5 2%
Foxfire Village	Moore 6	3 2%	Hertford	Perquimans.	722%	Lasker		
Frank		62% 66. 2%	Hickory	, "Catawba ∝ . Burke	12 2%	Laurel Hill		. 83 . 2%
Franklinton	. Franklin 3	35 . 2%	Hickory Grove	. Mecklenburg	. 60 . 21/2%	Laurel Park	. Henderson	
Franklinville Freeland			Hiddenite Highfalls			Laurel Springs Laurinburg		
		— /V			 / v			

City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate
Lawndale			Mill Spring			Patterson Springs .		
Lawsonville Leasburg			Milton			Paw Creek		
Leggett			Mineral Springs	Union	90 2%	Peachland Peletier		
Leicester	Buncombe	11 2%	Minneapolis			Pelham		
Leland	Brunswick .	10 2%	Minnesott Beach		69 2%	Pembroke		
	Lee		Minpro	Mitchell	61 2%	Pendleton		
Lenoir Lewiston-Woodville			Mint Hill Misenheimer			Penland Penrose		
Lewisville	. Forsyth	34 2%	Mocksville			Pensacola		100 2%
Lexington	Davidson		Momeyer			Pfafftown		
Lıberty			Moncure	Chatham	19 2%	Pike Road	Beaufort	7 2%
Lilesville	Anson	4 2%	Monroe			Pikeville		
Lillington	Harnett	43 2%	Montezuma			Pilot Mountain		
LincolntonLinden			Montreat Mooreboro			Pinebluff Pine Hall		
Linville			Mooresville			Pinehurst		63 2%
Linville Falls			Moravian Falls			Pine Knoll Shores	Carteret	16 2%
	Davidson		Morehead City			Pine Level		
Little Switzerland	. McDowell	59 2%	Morgans Corner			Pineola		
Littleton Locust	. Hallfax	42 2%	Morganton Morrisville			Pinetops		
Long Beach			Morven			Pineville		
Longhurst	Person	73 2%	Mount Airy			Piney Creek		
Longisland	Catawba	18 2%	Mount Gilead	Montgomery	62 2%	Pine Hill	Lenoir	54 2%
Long View	. *Catawba &	. 18 2%	Mount Holly	Gaston	36 2%	Pinkney	Gaston	36 2%
1 amaa - 4	Burke		Mount Mourne	iredeli	49 2%	Pinnacle		
Louisburg			Mount Olive		96 2% 31 2%	Pisgah Forest	Hansylvania	a 88 2% 19 . 2%
Love Valley	. i⁻rankiin . Iredell	35 2% 49 2%	Mount Pleasant			Pleasant Garden		
Lowell	Gaston	36 2%	Mount Ulla			Pleasant Hill		
Lowgap			Mount Vernon Springs	Chatham	19 2%	Plumtree	Avery	6 . 2%
Lowland			Mountain Home	Henderson .	45 2%	Plymouth		
Lucama	. Wilson		Moyock		27 . 2%	Point Harbor		
Lumber Bridge Lumberton	. Robeson	78 2%	Murfreesboro Murphy	Hertiora	40 . 2%	Polkton	Anson	4 2%
Lynn	. Robeson	75 2%	Nags Head			Pollocksville		
Macclesfield	. Edgecombe	33 2%	Nakina			Pope Air Force Bas	e Cumberland	
Mackeys	. Washington	94 2%	Naples	Henderson .	45 2%	Poplar Branch	Currituck	27 2%
Macon	. Warren	93 2%	Nashville			Potecasi	Northamptor	1 . 66 2%
Madison	. Rockingham	79 2%	Navassa	Brunswick .	10 2%	Powells Point		
Maggie Valley	. Haywood		Nebo Neuse			Princeton		8 2% 51 2%
Magnolia	. Dupiin Catawha		Neuse Forest			Princeville		
Mamers			New Bern			Proctorville	Robeson	78 2%
Mamie			Newell			Prospect Hill	Caswell	17 2%
Manns Harbor	Dare	28 2%	New Hill		92 2%	Providence	Caswell	17 2%
Manson			New Holland			Purlear		
Manteo	. Dare	28 2%	New Hope Newland			Raeford Raleigh	HOKE Wake	
Maple Hill	Pender	71 2%	New London			Ramseur	Randolph	76 2%
Marble	. Cherokee	20 2%	Newport			Randleman		
Margarettsville	. Northamptor	า 66 2%	Newton			Ranlo	Gaston	36 2%
Marietta	. Robeson	78 2%	Newton Grove			Ranlo Smyre		
Marion			Niagra			Ransomville		
Marshall			Norlina Norman			Raynham Red Oak	Nobeson Nash	70 2 /6 64 2 %
Marshallberg Mars Hill	Carteret Madison	57 2%	North Asheboro	Randolph	76 2%	Red Springs	Robeson	78 2%
Marshville	Union	90 2%	North Belmont			Reidsville	Rockingham	ı, 79 2%
Marston	Richmond .	77 2%	Northside			Relief	Mitchell	61 2%
Marvin	Union	90 2%	North Topsail Beach			Rennert	Robeson	78 2%
Matthews	. Mecklenbur	9.60.21/2%	Northwest North Wilkesboro	Brunswick	10 . 2%	Research Triangle Park (RTP)	*Durham &	32 2%
Maury Maxton	Greene *Pobecon &	40 2%	Norwood			raik (RTF)	Wake	92 2%
Waxion	Scotland	83 2%	Oakboro	Stanly	84 2%	Rex	Robeson	78 2%
Mayodan			Oak City	Martin	58 2%	Rhodhiss	*Caldwell &	14 2%
Maysville	Jones	52 2%	Oak Island	Brunswick	10 2 %		Burke	12 2%
McAdenville			Oak Ridge	Guilford	41 2%	Richfield	Stanly	84 2%
McCain			Ocean Isle Beach	Brunswick	10 2%	Richlands Rich Square	Unsiow	07 2% n 66 2%
McDonald McFarlan	Kopeson	18 2% 2%	Ocracoke Old Fort	пуие МсDowell	40 2%	Rich Square Ridgecrest	Buncombe	11 2%
McGrady	Wilkes	97 2%	Old Trap	Camden	15 2%	Ridgeway	Warren	93 2%
McLeansville	. Guilford	41 2%	Olin	Iredell	49 2%	Riegelwood	Columbus .	24 2%
Mebane	*Alamance	& 1 2%	Olivia	Harnett	43 2%	River Bend	Craven	25 2%
	Orange	. 68 2%	Oriental			Rivermont	Lenoir	54 2%
Merritt			Orrum Oteen	Robeson .	/8 2%	Roanoke Rapids Roaring Gap	XBIIIBT vnednaliA	42 2%
Merry Hill	Dertie Pamlico	6 2% 69 2%	Otte			Roaring Gap	Wilkes	97 2%
Micaville	Yancev	100 2%	Overhills			Robbins	Moore	63 2%
Micro	Johnston	51 2%	Oxford	Granville	39 2%	Robbinsville	Graham	38 2%
Middleburg	Vance	91 2%	Pactolus	Pitt	74 2%	Robersonville		
Middlesex	Nash	64 2%	Palmyra	Halifax	42 2%	Rockford	Surry	85 2%
Middletown	Hyde	48 2%	Pantego			Rockingham	richmond	/ /2% 20∕
Midland Midway	Cabarrus	13 2%	Parkton Parkwood			Rockwell	NOWall *Nach &	64 2%
WILLIAMS	capanus					TOOKY WOUTH		
Midway Park		. 67 2%	Parmele	Martin	58 7%		Edgecombe	····· 33 ·· ·· ∠ /n

City, Town, or Post Office		County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate	City, Town, or Post Office	County	County Code Rate
Rodanthe	Dare	. 28 2%	Spring Hope	Nash	64 2%	Vilas	Watauga	95 2%
Roduco	. Gates	37 2%	Spring Lake	Cumberland	26 2%	Waco	Cleveland	23 2%
Rolesville			Spruce Pine		. 612%	Wade		
Ronda			St. James			Wadesboro		
Roper			Stacy				Scotland	
Roseboro			Staley		76 2%	Wake Forest		
Rose Hill			Stallings			Wakula		
Rosman			Stanfield	Stanly	84 2%	Waikertown		
Rougemont			Stanley			Wallace		31 2%
Rowan Mill	Rowan	80 2%	Stantonsburg			14/ellh		71 2% 29 2%
Rowland			Star			Wallburg		
Roxboro	. Person	/3 2%	State Road Statesville			Walnut		
Ruffin			Stedman			Wainut Creek		
Rural Hail	. Rockingnam .	34 2%	Stella			Waistonburg		
Ruth	Rutherford	81 2%	Stem			Wanchese		
Rutherford College	Burke	12 2%	Stokes	Pitt	74 2%	Warne	Clav	22 2%
Rutherfordton	Rutherford	. 81 2%	Stokesdale		41 2%	Warrensville		
Saint Helena			Stoneville			Warrenton		
Saint Pauls			Stonewall	Pamlico	69 2%	Warsaw		
Salemburg	. Sampson	82 2%	Stony Point		2 2%	Washington		
Salisbury	. Rowan	80 2%	Stováli	Granville	39 2%	Washington Park	Beaufort	7 2%
Salter Path	Carteret	16 2%	Stumpy Point	Dare	. 28 2%	Watha		
Saiuda	. Polk	. 75 2%	Sugar Grove	Watauga	95 2%	Waves		
Salvo	. Dare	. 28 2%		Cherokee		Waxhaw		
Sandy Creek			Summerfield			Waynesville		
Sandyfield	Columbus	24 2%	Sunbury			Weaverville		
Sandy Ridge			Sunset Beach		10 2%	Webster		
Sanford			Supply			Weddington	Union	90 2%
Sapphire			Surf City			Weeksville		
Saratoga				Buncombe		Welcome		
Sawmills			Swan Quarter			Weldon		
Saxapahaw			Swansboro			Wendell Wentworth	vvake	
Scaly Mountain	Macon	56 2%	Swepsonville			Wesley Chapel		
Scotland Neck			Sylva Tabor City	Jackson	30 276	West Concord		13 2%
Scotts Scottville			Tapoco			West End		
Scranton	ASHE	0 2%	Tar Heel	Granani	. 30 2 /0 0 20/	Westfield		
Seaboard			Tarboro			West Jefferson		
Seagrove			Taylorsville	Lugecombe	2 2%	Whispering Pines		
Sealevel	Carteret	16 2%	Taylortown	Moore	63 2%	Whitakers		
Sedalia			Teachey			***************************************	& Nash	
Selma			Terrell			Whitehead		
Semora			Thomasville			White Lake		
Seven Devils	Avery &	6 2%	Thurmond	Wilkes	97 2%	White Oak		
	*Watauga	95 2%	Tillery	Halifax	42 2%	White Plains		
Seven Springs	Wayne	. 96 2%	Timberlake	. Person	73 2%	Whiteville	Columbus	24 2%
Severn	. Northampton .	. 66 2%	Toast	. Surry		Whitnel	Caldwell	14 2%
Seymour Johnson			Tobaccoville		. 34 . 2%	Whitsett	Guilford .	41 2%
Air Force Base	<u> W</u> ayne	96 2%	Todd		5 2%	Whittier		
Shady Forest				Watauga	95 2%	14816	Swain	87. 2%
Shallotte			Tomahawk			Wilbar	. Wilkes	9/ 2%
Shannon			Topsail Beach			Wildwood		
Sharpsburg			Topton			Wilkesboro		
	Edgecombe &		Townsville			Willard Williamston		
Shawsboro			Trenton			Williston	Carteret	
Sheiby			Trent Woods			Willow Springs		
Sherrills Ford			Trinity		76 2%	Wilmington	New Hanove	er 65 2%
Shiloh			Triplett			Wilson		
Siler City	Chatham	19 2%	Troutman	Iredell	49 2%	Wilson's Mills	Johnston	51 2%
Siloam			Troy			Windsor		
Simpson	Pitt	74 2%	Tryon	Polk	75 2%	Winfall		
Sims	. Wilson	98 2%	Tuckasegee			Wingate		
Skyland	Buncombe	11 2%	Turkey			Winnabow		
Sloop Point	Pender	. 71 2%	Turnersburg			Winston-Salem		
Smithfield			Tuxedo			Winterville		
Smyrna			Tyner			Winton		
Sneads Ferry	Unslow	6/ 2%	Unaka	Unerokee	20 2%	Wise	vvarren	33 2% 66 2%
Snow Camp	Alamance	7 2%	Union Union Grove	nertiora	40 2%	Woodfin		
Snow Hill	Bandalah	40 2%	Union Grove Union Mills			Woodleaf		
Sophia			Union Milis Unionville		81 2%	Woodsdale		
South Mills			Valdese			Woodville		
Southern Pines Southern Shores	vioole Dare	03 270	Vale			Worthville		
Southern Shores	Davidson	29 2%	Valle Crucis			Wrightsville Beach	New Hanove	er . 65 2%
Southport	Brunswick	10 2%	Vanceboro	Craven	25 2%	Yadkinville		
Sparta	. Alleghany	3 2%	Vandemere	Pamlico	69 2%	Yanceyville		
Speed			Varnamtown			Yaupon Beach		
Spencer			Vass			Youngsville	Franklın	35 2%
Spencer Mountain	Gaston	36 2%	Vaughan			Zebulon	Wake	92 2%
Spindale	. Rutherford .	81 2%	Verona			Zionville		
Spot			Viewmont	. Catawba .	18 2%	Zirconia	Henderson .	452%

QRG 3: 1099 Codes List

1099 CODE	ABBREVIATED DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION
B1	1099-M-ATT	1099-GROSS PAYMENTS TO ATTORNEYS
G1	1099-G-UNEMPLOY	1099-GOVERNMENT-UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION
G2	1099-G-T REFUND	1099-GOVERNMENT-STATE OR LOCAL TAX REFUNDS
G4	1099-G-TAX WHLD	1099-GOVERNMENT-FEDERAL INCOME WITHHELD
G5	1099-G-INDEBTED	1099-GOVERNMENT-DISCHARGE OF INDEBTEDNESS
G6	1099-G-GRANTS	1099-GOVERNMENT-TAXABLE GRANTS
G7	1099-G-AGR PMTS	1099-GOVERNMENT-AGRICULTURE PAYMENTS
I1	1099-I-INT EARN	1099-INTEREST INCOME-EARNINGS FROM SAVINGS & LOAN ASSN.,CR. UNION, BANK DEPOSITS, BEARER CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, ETC.
12	1099-I EARLY WD	1099-INTEREST INCOME-EARLY WITHDRAWAL PENALTY
13	1099-I-US BONDS	1099-INTEREST INCOME-US SAVING BONDS, ETC
14	1099-I-TAX WHLD	1099-INTEREST INCOME-FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHELD
15	1099-I-FOREIGN	1099-I-FOREIGN TAX PAID
16	1099-I-US POSSN	1099-INTEREST INCOME-FOREIGN COUNTRY OR U.S. POSSESSION
MO	1099-M-CROP INS	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-CROP INSURANCE PROCEEDS
M1	1099-M-RENTS	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-RENTS
M2	1099-M-ROYALTY	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-ROYALTIES
M3	1099-M-PRIZE/AW	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-PRIZES AND AWARDS
M4	1099-M TAX WHLD	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-FEDERAL TAX WITHHELD
M5	1099-M-BOAT PRO	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-FISHING BOAT PROCEEDS
M6	1099-M-MED HLTH	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-MEDICAL AND HEALTH CARE PAYMENTS
M7	1099-M-NON-EMP	1099-MISCELLANEOUS NONEMPLOYEE COMPENSATION
M8	1099-M-SUBS PMT	1099-MISCELLANEOUS-SUBSTITUTE PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST
NO	NOT 1099	NOT APPLICABLE TO 1099
ST	STATE WITHHOLD	CODE USED TO IDENTIFY PAYMENTS SUBJECT TO STATE REPORTING & WITHHOLDING, BUT NOT SUBJECT TO FEDERAL REPORTS
99	0 DOLLAR CODE	0 DOLLAR CODE FOR OFFSET ENTRY

QRG 4: Frequently Used Acronyms

AFF Available Funds File

AIM Agency Implementation Methodology

AIT Agency Implementation Team

BC Budgetary Control

BPM Budget Preparation Module
BPS Budget Preparation System
BRS Budget Revision System

CAFR Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CBT Computer-Based Training

CFDA Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

CFF Core Financial Functions

COA Chart of Accounts

CPMS Construction and Property Management System

DASD Data Access Storage Device
DSS Decision Support System

FA Fixed Assets

FC Financial Controller

FCP FOUNDATION for Cooperative Processing

FMS Facilities Management System FRC Federal Reimbursement Code FSMP Financial Systems Master Plan

GEAC GEAC Software
GL General Ledger

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

IE Information Expert

IRM Information Resources Management

IRMC Information Resources Management Commission

JE Journal Entries
JV Journal Voucher

MARS\G GEAC Government Package

NCAPS North Carolina Automated Purchasing System

NCAS North Carolina Accounting System

OSBM Office of the State Budget and Management

OSC Office of State Controller

P&C Purchase and Contract Division

PMIS Personnel Management Information System

RCC Responsibility Cost Center
RFP Request for Proposal
RFQ Request for Quotation
SBM Suspended Batch Master

ITS Information Technology Services

SRS Salary Reserve System

QRG 5: Accounts Payable Control Group Header

See the following Control Group Header sheet.

Agency Name

Accounts Payable Control Group Header							
PAYING ENTITY							
		Other					
ENTRY METHOD		DIRECT INVOICES					
		MATCHING INVOICES					
		EMPLOYEE INVOICES					
CONTROL GROUP DATE: CONTROL GROUP NUMBER:							
OPERATOR ID:	OPERATOR ID: Initials						

	INVOICE NUMBER	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	AMOUNT
PER TAPE			
ADJUSTMENTS			
AMOUNT ENTERED			

QRG 6: Reimbursement of Travel and Other Expenses Incurred in the Discharge of Official Duty

See the following Employee Reimbursement sheet.

REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL AND OTHER EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE DISCHARGE OF OFFICIAL DUTY

INSTRUCTIONS TO CLAIMANT: Submit one original to Accounting. Attach all necessary receipts and other supporting documents to this form. Retain one (1) copy for your records. Please complete AMOUNT, COMPANY, ACCOUNT, and CENTER fields. Must be filed at lease monthly and not later than 30 days after month ends. Must be prepared ink or typed.

		t, Middle Initial, Last)			,								vision/Se											. Sec. #			,,		
Payee's Ad	ddress (S	treet)										Tit	ile	Headquarter					ers (City	y)									
(City, State	e, Zip)											Pe	eriod Cov	ered by	this F	Request (fro	om/to)												
Under pen- incurred in	alties of p	perjury, I certify this is a ce of the State.	true and acci	urate state	ement of the	city of I	odging,	expens	ses and allo	wances		Ιh	ave exar	nined th	his rei	mbursemer	nt reques	t and c	ertify t	hat it is j	ust an	nd reas	sonab	ole.					
		(Claimant)					(Da	,	GINAL SIGN	ATURE	AND D	 ATES /	ARE REC	UIRED) FOR	(Superv	,								(Date)				
													Use On																
Pay Entity	: [Control	#:					Expen	se Vol	ıcher N	0.:																
Payment I	Due Date	:								<	; (OR	>>		Term	is Code:													
REMIT ME	SSAGE:	(Write check disposi	tion instructi	ions on th	nis line.)				_																				
Line No.		AMOU	NT		COMPAN	Υ				A	ccou	INT									CEN	ITER						ACCRUA CODE	
0001																													
0002																													
0003																													
0004								1 -1	a blada shaa																				
Total Expens				-	reimbursa			cnarge	eable to above	accounti	ng coae	verified	as contorn	ling to at	utnoriz	:ea													
Tot. Due (Ov					Telliburae	abie expe						-						A/P A	Account	ant							_		
	Trave	l (show each city visite	d)				Tra	nsport	ation				1				Subsis	stence						1		Miso	c. Exper	nses	_
Day		from	to	1		In-			ut-of-		Out-o	of	2		In-S	tate		-of-Sta	ite	0	ut-of (Countr	γ		Expla			Amount	_
				G									В																
Depart				Α									L																
Arrive				0									D														\longrightarrow		
Daily Priva				Р									Н																
Daily Priva	te Car Mi	leage @ /mi		P	_					1			tot																
				G									В											-					
Depart	-			A	+					-			L	-						-				1-			\longrightarrow		
Arrive	40 000 14	laana 🖨 /m:		0 P	+		-			-			D	1			-			!				1-			\longrightarrow		
Daily Priva	to Car Mi	leage @ /mi leage @ /mi		P	+					+			H											\vdash			\longrightarrow		
Daily Priva	ie Cai Mi		RAND TOTALS							+			tot											_			\longrightarrow		
		GH	KAND TOTAL	3																							L		

(1) Mode of Travel: P - Private Car A - Air

G - Ground, rail, bus, taxi, parking fees O - Other

(2) Type of Subsistence: B - Breakfast D - Dinner L - Lunch

H - Housing (Room)

NOTE: Daily total of subsistence not to exceed authorized amount for in-state or out-of-state travel.

QRG 7: Employee Advance Request

See the following Employee Advance sheet.

Enter your Agency Name Here EMPLOYEE ADVANCE REQUEST

INSTRUCTIONS TO REQUESTER:

Enter data in green areas. Submit original to be received in Accounts Payable ten working days prior to date travel begins in order for the check to be available five working days prior to travel beginning date.

Payee's Name (First, Middle Initial, Last)	Division	
	=11 = 121	
Payee's Home Address	EMPLOYE	E SOC. SEC. #
Purpose :		
Has budget authorization been approved for this trip?	() YES	() NO
Destination		
Advance Request #1 () Subsistence	Date Advance Needed	Date Travel Begins
DAY FAITITY	0.0 10.0 10.0	0.0 /0.0 /0.0
PAY ENTITY	00/00/00	00/00/00
COMPANY ACCOUNT	CENTER	AMOUNT
		-
Advance Request #2 () Airfare	Date Advance Needed	
. ,		
PAY ENTITY	00/00/00	
COMPANY ACCOUNT	CENTER	AMOUNT
		-
Advance Request #3 () Registration Fee	Date Advance Needed	
,,		
PAY ENTITY	00/00/00	
COMPANY ACCOUNT	CENTER	AMOUNT
	100000	
I certify that funds requested hereon are to be used for the purpose stated. I for repaid immediately on request from Agency authorities and that any funds ad		
should I terminate my employment for any reason.		,
REQUESTER DATE	AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE	DATE

QRG 8: Agency Name Cash Disbursements Code Sheet

See the following Accounting Code sheet.

AGENCY NAME CASH DISBURSEMENTS CODE SHEET

Invoice Number	!!!		!!!!!!!	Buy Entity	(Matching Inv Only)		
Invoice Date				PO Number			
Vendor Number	iii	i i i i	Grp Nbr	Terms Code	<pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	i	i i
Vendor Name				Voucher Nbr	\Box		
Remit Code/Message							
Amount	DR/ CR	(4 char) Company	(Max 11 char) Account	(Max 12 char) Center	(Direct Invoices Only) NCAS Item Number	1099 Code	Accrual Code
	<u>i </u>						
	!						
	:						
	! 						
	!						
	<u>i </u>						
	Sale	es Tax Amt	Comments:		Prepared by	/:	
	1	ght Amt			Approved by		
	Gro	ss Amt			Entered by:		
Accounting Control Us	se Only:	Pay Ent	ity:	Control Grp Nbr:	Control Grp Date:		<u> </u>

QRG 9: Accounts Payable Control Batch Log

See the following Control Batch Log sheet.

Accounts Payable Control Batch Log Form

Agency Name:

Paying Entity	Control Group Date	Control Group Number	Operator ID:		Number of Documents	Amou	ınt
			DBS#	Initials			

QRG 10: Expense Accrual Indicators

Mini-Chart			
of Accounts	Accrual	Account	Old DAS
Indicator	Account	Description	Control
ACC	211999	Accounts Payable Accrual Clearing	6904
A10	211100	Accounts Payable	30XX 31XX
A11	211110	Due to Employees	3192
A12	211210	Accrued Salaries and Wages	3151
A13	211220	Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable	3152
A14	211230	Payroll Garnishment Payable	N/A
A15	211240	Central Payroll Clearing	N/A
A16	211310	Local Government Payable	3120
A17	211320	Federal Agency Payable	313X
A18	211910	Obligation for Workers Compensation	323X
A19	211920	Accrued Vacation	341X
A20	211930	Health Benefits Clearing	N/A
A21	211940	Accrued Sales Tax Payable	3191
A22	211950	1099 Withholding	N/A
A23	211960	Escheats Payable	N/A
A24	211970	Federal Funds Payable Clearing	N/A
A25	212310	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to General Fund	3560
A26	212311	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Special Revenue Fund	3561
A27	212312	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Debt Service Fund	3562
A28	212313	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Capital Improvement Fund	3563
A29	212314	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Enterprise Fund	3564
A30	212315	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Internal Service Fund	3565
A31	212316	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Expendable Trust Fund	3566
A32	212317	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Nonexpendable Trust Fund	3567
A33	212318	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Pension Trust Fund	3568
A34	212319	Intra-Gov't Payable - Due to Agency Fund	3569
A35	212410	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to General Fund	3570
A36	212411	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Special Revenue Fund	3571
A37	212412	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Debt Service Fund	3572
A38	212413	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Capital Improvement Fund	3573
A39	212414	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Enterprise Fund	3574
A40	212415	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Internal Service Fund	3575
A41	212416	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Expendable Trust Fund	3576

Mini-Chart			
of Accounts	Accrual	Account	Old DAS
Indicator	Account	Description	Control
		•	
A42	212417	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Nonexpendable Trust Fund	3577
A43	212418	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Pension Trust Fund	3578
A44	212419	Inter-Gov't Payable - Due to Agency Fund	3579
A45	212500	Due to Primary Government Agencies	3581
A46	212600	Due to Component Units	3582 3140
A47	216220	Accrued Interest Payable	N/A
A48	217110	Deposits Payable - Contract Retainage	3320 332X
A49	217120	Deposits Payable - Federal Government	335X
A50	217130	Deposits Payable - NC Funds and Government Units	336X
A51	217140	Deposits Payable - Patient Deposits	3311
A52	217150	Deposits Payable - Student Deposits	3312
A53	217160	Deposits Payable - Tenants Deposits	3313
A54	217170	Deposits Payable - Due to Deferred Compensation Plan Participants	3371
A55	217190	Deposits Payable - Funds Held for Others	338X, 33XX,
			331X,
			3319, 339X

QRG 11: Accounts Payable Matching Screens

Screen	Description
Invoice Matching (IMP)	Collects identifying information about the invoice and the PO you want to match. Creates the invoice header and the related records.
Purchase Order Finder (POF)	Use <i>Purchase Order Finder (POF)</i> screen to identify a matching PO. Lists open purchase orders issued to the vendor referenced on <i>the Invoice Matching Screen (IMP)</i> . When you select a PO from the list, the system redisplays <i>IMP</i> with the information about the order.
Invoice Line Audit (ILA)	Lists PO lines open to invoicing and collects invoice information.
Invoice Worksheet (IWS)	When matching, you can use this screen to record additional information or change certain information entered on the PO. It is also used when you are entering an invoice directly into the system.
Document Level Comments (DLC)	Provides space for you to write comments about the invoice you are matching.
Invoice Reapplication Work Queue (IRQ)	Lists invoices passed to the purchasing department for review or awaiting signature verification. When you receive processing instructions, select the document from the list and either pay the document as is or process it and reaudit.
Invoice Exception Comments (IEC)	Provides space for you to write comments to the buyer when passing an invoice header or line exception
View Exception Comments (VEC)	Lists all invoices associated with an invoice header or line exception. AP and Purchasing comments appear on the same screen.
Invoice Delivery Audit (IDA)	List receipts open to invoicing and collects invoice information.

QRG 12: Related Purchasing Inquiry Screens

Screen	Description
PO Comment Inquiry (PCI)	Displays the purchasing staff's comments about a PO.
PO Line Inquiry Selection (PLI)	Lists briefs identifying information about PO lines. You select a line and a specific PO inquiry screen for reviewing additional information about the line. You can access the following information through this screen:
	- General information: PO Line General Information (PLG)
	- Item information: PO Line Ordered Item Information (PLO)
	- Invoice controls: PO Line Receipt/Invoice Controls (PLC)
	- Financial data: PO Line Financial Information (PLF)
	- Permit-to-pay calculations: PO Invoice Matching Information (PMI)
	- Summary of order, receipt, inspection and invoice information: PO Line Receipt/Invoice Information (PLR)

QRG 13: Zero Dollar Payment Authorization Form

See the following Zero Dollar Payment Authorization Form

Financial Sy Office of the	port Services (Helpdesk) ystems Division e State Controller 919) 875-HELP (4357)	From: _ - -	Name Title Agency Phone Number	
authorizes the NCAS Support Services to Agency Name temporarily change the Zero Dollar Payment Option on screen BAC for BAP code We understand that this policy will allow all zero dollar checks within this BAP code to be paid for one day. Signature Date				
This change authorization form was received by:				
Helpdesk Staff Member: Date:				
Time agency was called:				

QRG 14: Information Technology Project Accounting

Overview

To meet the requirements of G.S. 143B-472.64 (Senate Bill 222, 1999 Session), OSC implemented the General Ledger (GL) project accounting option within the North Carolina Accounting System (NCAS) to identify encumbrances and expenditures for specific information technology (IT) projects. This new process became available July 1, 2000 and facilitates IT reporting at a statewide level.

Project accounting entails entering a project company and project code in addition to the accounting distribution on an invoice line, employee reimbursement screen, PO line, requisition line, journal voucher line, or procurement card module transaction. When the detail transaction is extracted and posted to GL, the system posts an additional entry to the project company and project code. Project accounting creates a sub-ledger within GL under the project company. All GL inquiry and reporting functions are available for the project company. Project accounting is not available for inventory module transactions.

Additionally, journal voucher entries may be keyed directly to the project company. This procedure allows an agency to record a summary entry for each IT project at month-end instead of marking each IT related transaction during the month.

Each agency has its own project company and project codes. Data from the project companies will be incorporated into the *Information Technology Expenditures Report* on a quarterly basis.

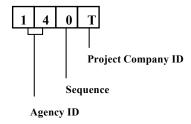
Identifying an IT project

As defined by G. S. 143B-472.40A, information technology projects are those related to electronic data processing or telecommunications. Project codes are assigned to "significant" IT projects only. Significant IT projects are those projects/existing applications that meet one of the following criteria:

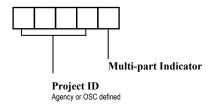
- An application development project estimated to cost at least \$2 million. This includes all
 projects currently on the IRMC Statewide Projects List as well as any new projects coming
 before the IRMC for certification.
- An application development project costing at least \$2 million that was completed during fiscal year 2000.
- An existing application determined to be "mission critical" by the State Auditor and selected for the Y2K audit review process.

Assigning the Project Company and Code

Each agency has its own **project company**. The project company is comprised of four digits. The project company for OSC is displayed below:



Each significant IT project is assigned its own **project code** by OSC during implementation or as part of the Information Resource Management (IRM) project certification process. The project code is comprised of five digits:



Positions 1-4 of the project code are alphanumeric. To make the code more meaningful, an agency can request specific values for portions of the code. OSC's policy is to honor all agency requests; however, project codes must be unique statewide. If an agency does not request a specific value or if the requested value is already in use, OSC assigns an available numeric value as the project code.

Position 5 of the project code indicates a multi-part project or a project phase. All project codes end in zero unless they are a part of a larger multi-phase project.

Validating the COA within a Project Company

The project company uses the Dynamic Generate Option which automatically adds centers to accounts to create valid account-center combinations for posting. This option decreases the work involved in setting up and maintaining the project company chart of accounts. The Dynamic Generate function replaces the center validation process that occurs online through GL screen 287.

During GL posting, the Dynamic Generate function creates a company/account/center combination when the following two criteria are met:

The account is valid within the project company.

This process occurs on GL screen 286. If the account is not valid within the project company, the system displays the message FC1154 PROJECT ACCOUNT NOT FOUND ON GL OPEN YEARS FILE.

The center is designated as available for Dynamic Generate within the project company.

Centers added on GL screen 288 with a Type code of 'C' are available for Dynamic Generate.

OSC adds the project code on GL screen 288 as part of the project code approval process. The Dynamic Generate function adds centers to existing project company/account combinations. As a result, agency users will not have security to GL screens 287 and 288 for the project company.

When a new project company is established, the OSC adds all non-budgetary accounts (all accounts except class 6 and 7) that are valid within an agency's other companies to the project company. Agencies, however, are responsible for adding any new non-budgetary accounts to the project company. Missing account family members (except class 6 and 7 accounts) will generate suspense entries within the project company.

Suspense entries will only be created if the account in the accounting distribution (company/account/center) is not valid for the project company.

Deciding Between Marking Transactions or Posting Summary Entries

Each agency must decide the best method to post activity against the project company and codes. The method to select depends upon the type of activity and the structure of the agency GL center field. The two methods are:

Marking individual document lines with a project company and code

Under this method an agency user decides on each transaction line if this activity is for a specified IT project. The transaction may be an invoice line, a PO line, a requisition line, or a journal voucher line. The advantage of this method is that it allows NCAS to generate the additional entries to the project company. The disadvantage of this method is that there is more chance for error in forgetting to identify project costs.

Keying summary entries directly to the project company through the JV screen

This method is easier when IT project costs are identified through a GL center or GL center element. The BD701 Org Mask report can be used to identify the IT project activity. Under this method, the agency keys a manual JV entry using the project company as the GL company and the project code as the GL center. The advantage of this method is that it is easy to determine that all IT project costs are posted to the project company and code. The disadvantage is that additional JV entries must be keyed into NCAS. However, only one entry per IT project is needed each month summarizing that month's activity.

Financial interfaces into NCAS may also post entries directly to the project company or include a project company and code on each interface transaction line. An agency may decide that each method is best for specific types of activity. If both methods are used, the agency must be careful to avoid double-posting activity to the project company.

Entering a Project Company and Code on a Document Line

To identify an individual transaction as an IT project expenditure means entering the project company and code on a document line. The project company and project code fields are available on all the primary NCAS input screens within the AP, PS, and BC modules. These fields are in addition to the GL accounting distribution fields. Only valid codes are permitted in the project company and code fields. Invalid codes produce one of the following system error messages:

- FC1151 Edit Rules Record for Project Company not Found on GL Custom Ctrl File
 This error message means that the user is keying an invalid project company into the project company field.
- FC1156 Project Center Description Record not Found for Dynamic Generate Option
 This error message means that the user is keying an invalid project code into the project code field.

The project company and project code field values are automatically carried forward from a requisition line to a PO line and from the PO line to the invoice line during processing. In addition, the project company and project code can be entered on direct PO lines, direct invoices, journal voucher lines, procurement card module reconciliation transactions, and employee reimbursements.

On the Employee Worksheet screens, the project company and project code are titled **Trip Company** and **Trip Code**. All other screens have these fields titled **Project Company** and **Project Code**.

Refer to the end of this reference guide for samples of all applicable NCAS input screens and the location of the project company and project code fields.

Understanding How NCAS Generates the Project Accounting Transactions

Entering a project company and project code in the project fields on a document line makes no system entries until the transaction is extracted and posted into General Ledger during overnight production processing. All processing for the project company occurs inside the GL module. Until the transaction is received by GL, the project company and project code are treated like special description fields.

Once GL recognizes values in the Project Company and Project Code fields, it extracts the project information and creates additional accounting entries. These additional entries are posted to the project company. In order to post entries to the project company, GL creates an accounting distribution by overlaying the originating transaction's company and center with the project company and project code. For example an invoice line is keyed with the following values:

Company/Account/Center 1401 / 533110 / 10001000 (DR)
 With Project Company/Code 140T / OPC00

Within Financial Controller (FC) the system applies the appropriate accounting rule and passes the following two entries to GL:

Company/Account/Center 1401 / 033110 / 10001000 (DR)

With Project Company/Code 140T / OPC00

Company/Account/Center 1401 / 030000 / 1000 (CR)

With Project Company/Code 140T / OPC00

From these two transactions, GL posts the following four entries:

Debit to 1401 / 033110 / 10001000

Credit to 1401 / 030000 / 1000

Debit to 140T / 033110 / OPC00

Credit to 140T / 030000 / OPC00

Similar processing occurs for all transaction types which include a project company and project code. The system generates offsets to the project company entries in the same manner as other GL company entries.

The project company is a valid GL company. Keying a project company into the GL company field on any transaction screen invokes normal GL processing. Do not enter a project company accounting distribution into the GL accounting distribution fields within the AP or PS screens.

A project company accounting distribution may be entered into the GL accounting distribution fields on BC screens for the following two reasons only:

- 1) To correct a suspense balance within the project company
- 2) To manually post activity against the project company account balances

Posting IT Project Costs through a JV Entry

The process to key a JV entry directly against a project company is identical to keying an entry to a GL company. In the project company accounting key, the project company replaces the GL company and the 5-digit project code replaces GL center.

For example, an agency has one significant IT project which is identified in its COA by fund number 1200 Data Warehouse Project. During July, the agency accumulated the following expenditures within the GL company 5601:

Center 1200100 Data Warehouse Project Administration

Account 531211 SPA Salaries \$75,000

Account 531511 Social Security Contributions \$ 5,250

Center 1200200 Data Warehouse Project Supplies and Services

Account 532140 Systems Integration \$100,000

Account 532821 Computer/DP Services \$ 19,000

Center 1200300 Data Warehouse Project Equipment

Account 532522 Rent/Lease DP Equip \$ 15,000

Account 534522 Equip-Computers \$ 55,000

If the Project Company is 560T and the Project Code assigned to the Data Warehouse Project is 12340, the JV to enter the costs directly to the project company is:

Document ID: 563100001

Data Type 2

Company	Account	Center	Amount	DR/CR	Description	Rule
560T	531211	12340	75,000	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	531511	12340	5,250	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	532140	12340	100,000	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	532522	12340	15,000	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	532821	12340	19,000	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	534522	12340	55,000	DR	Post EOM activity	31
560T	111250	12340	269,250	CR	Post EOM activity	31

The offset to the project company entries is account 111250 Disbursing Cash. The balance in the project company disbursing cash account does not have to be reconciled or reclassified to another cash account at month-end. Project company entries are excluded from all cash reports (BD701, BD702, BD800, etc.)

When keying a manual JV entry directly to the project company, enter the project company/account/center in the normal GL distribution fields. Do not enter values in the Project Comp/Code fields. That would generate double entries to the project company.

Identifying Costs to an IT Project

When identifying costs to an IT project, that IT project should receive only its share of the cost. An agency may have costs for IT projects or support that is not related to a significant IT project. In order to properly assign costs, an agency may need to change internal procedures, such as requiring contract vendors to bill time by project, obtaining a new ITS bill code, or adding a project code on employee reimbursement requests.

Some expenditures are difficult to assign to specific projects without a formal costing process. Examples of these expenditures include payroll and benefits, telephone expense, and data processing supplies. These types of costs do not have to be coded to a specific project when the benefit outweighs the cost of determining the amount or when the amount is immaterial.

PMIS and Central Payroll will not be modified to accept project companies and codes at this time. Therefore, payroll and benefit costs, posted through the Central Payroll to NCAS interface, will not be allocated to IT projects. Agencies that identify IT projects through the GL center or a GL center element, may be able to record payroll costs through a manual JV entry to the project company.

Employee travel advances processed through the EAR screen in the AP module should not be coded to an IT project. Only when a travel reimbursement request is matched to a travel advance should a project code be assigned to an IT project.

Project codes should **not** be entered on an invoice line that is charged to any liability or clearing account (e.g., sales tax payable account - 211940)

Another transaction that should not have project codes assigned to it is any BC cash requisition entry. It would be very difficult to determine what portion of a daily cash requisition should be identified as specific to an IT project.

As part of Accounts Payable processing, the system generates entries to the Disbursing Cash account (111250) within the project company. Since the project company is excluded from the BD800 Cash Reconciliation reporting, no cash requisition entries are required within the project company. As a result, all project companies will carry a monthly balance in the cash disbursement account, 111250.

Any NCAS expenditure account could be used to record costs for an IT project, but among the non-personnel type accounts, the following are used most often:

NCAS Account	Account Title
532140	Systems Implementation/Integration Services
532199	Miscellaneous Contracted Services
532332	Repairs-Computer Equipment
532440	Maintenance Agreement-DP Equipment
532522	Rent/Lease-DP Equipment
532523	Rent/Lease-Communications Equipment
532441	Maintenance Agreement-Software
532811	Telephone Service
532812	Telecommunications Data Charge
532813	Teleconference Charges
532814	Cellular Phone Services
532815	E-Mail and Calendaring
532821	Computer/Data Processing Services
533120	Data Processing Supplies
534522	Equipment-Computers
534528	Equipment-Communications
534710	Computer Software
534720	Mainframe Software
534730	External Develop Software

All IT costs not related to one of the significant IT projects should not be assigned a project code. Agencies are asked to use their best judgement when deciding what to mark with a project company and project code.

Each agency should review any interfaces into NCAS to determine if a project company and project code needs to be included on interface transactions. Contact the OSC Helpdesk for assistance with the location of these fields within the batch transaction layouts and with testing any changes to agency subsystem interfaces.

Correcting a Suspense Entry within a Project Company

In the project company the suspense account is **99999999999** and the suspense center is **99999**. While the Dynamic Generate function greatly eliminates error entries posting to the suspense account/center, accounting rules may generate invalid distributions or company balancing transactions to the project company.

Transactions posted to the suspense account/center in a project company are cleared by making appropriate entries in the Budgetary Control module. When clearing suspense, enter the project company/account/center in the normal GL distribution fields. Do not enter values in the Project Comp/Code fields. Before processing a correcting entry, however, the following error conditions must be evaluated:

If the error occurred because the generated project company accounting distribution is correct but not valid or active on the General Ledger, the account (not the center) must be established on the agency's Chart of Accounts prior to journalizing a correcting entry.

 If the error occurred because the generated project company accounting distribution is not correct, an entry must be recorded to reflect the correct accounting distribution and the transaction must be cleared from the suspense account/center.

Budgetary Control entries to correct the suspense postings in a project company are the same as corrections for other GL companies. Project company specific versions of the suspense correction accounting rules generate the unique project company suspense distributions. The project company entries are data type 1 transactions and are processed in the following manner:

BC Document Type	Transaction type	Document ID Transaction Type	Accounting Rule
Journal Voucher	Cash	2X*	30
	All Others	31	30
Encumbrance	Purchasing 83XXXX	38	43
Adjustment	Accounts Payable 03XXXX		44

^{*}The document ID transaction type should reflect the type of transaction originally posted to the suspense account/center.

Users should be careful when processing a BC document to clear suspense entries. Because the project company entry is generated within GL, it is possible that the originating entry is invalid and posts to suspense, but the project company entry is valid and posts appropriately. To avoid more posting errors, do not enter a project company/code in the project company and project code fields of a BC document when clearing suspense for a normal GL company suspense balance.

Processing the Suspended Batch Master File (SBM) for a Project Company

Project company transactions are generated when an originating transaction batch is posted to the General Ledger. If the originating batch goes into the SBM file instead of posting to the General Ledger, the project company transactions are not created. The Batch Proof List will report the details associated with the project company batch but will contain the following error message in the Comments section of the report:

189ERR-TO REGEN

This error message indicates that the project company transactions could not be created but will be re-generated when the originating batch is released from the SBM and posts to the General Ledger. Only the originating batch will be listed on the online SBM viewing screens and only the originating batch will need to be corrected and released from the SBM file.

Reporting against the Project Company and Month-End Reconciliation

Project company transactions are excluded from all standard CAFR, BD7xx, BD8xx, and trial balance reports. However, agencies must verify all activity has posted to the project companies. Reports that list project company activity include:

Monthly Report on Information Technology Expenditures (BD7xx-IT)

This report lists the current month, year to date, and life to date expenditure balances and the encumbrance balances for each project code.

Project Company Trial Balance

This report lists the beginning balance, monthly debits and credits, and the ending balance for all accounts within a project company/project code.

Box Totals

This report lists the beginning and ending balances by account type for the project company. The reporting period is each calendar month of the fiscal year. This report is used to verify that the project company is in balance and to verify that encumbrances and suspense account type balances are zero

Detail Transaction Ledger (DAPG67 Project)

This report lists detail transaction data to support a project company account balance.

As part of the month-end reconciliation process, agencies must certify that all project company activity has posted to the general ledger. This means that:

- All unfinished documents created through the Budgetary Control module for the project company are completed and approved.
- The suspense account (Account 9999999899 / Center 99998) has a zero balance for the project company. Any suspense account entries that have effective dates for the certified period must be cleared.
- There are no project company error batches in the Suspended Batch Master (SBM) file with effective dates for the month being certified.
- The AP encumbrances and PS encumbrances listed on the Box Totals report are zero for the project company.
- The Project Company Trial Balance report is in balance (debits equal credits).

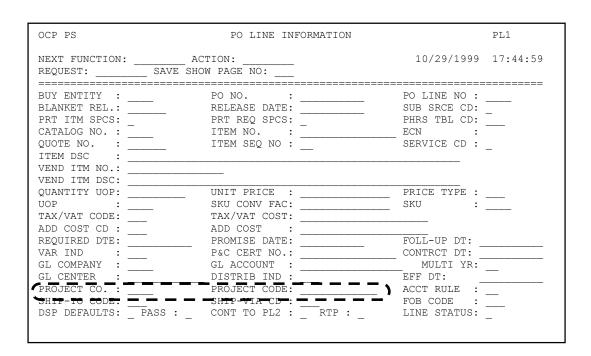
Processing Year End Entries for the Project Company

Project company transactions are reported to the IRMC on a cash basis. Project company balances are excluded from the CAFR and no year-end accrual or accrual reversal transactions are generated for project company costs.

RQ1 Requisition Line Screen

OCP PS	REQUISITION LINE	RQ1
NEXT FUNCTION: SAVE		10/29/1999 17:45:40
BUY ENTITY : REQ. LINE NO. : BUYER ID : CATALOG NO. : ITEM DESCRIPTION :	REQUISITION NO REQUESTER ID PRIORITY ITEM NO.).: : :
QUANTITY REQUIRED SKU: UNIT PRICE : REQUIRED DATE : GL EFFECTIVE DATE :	SKU PRICE TYPE SHIP TO CODE WAREHOUSE	: : :
PAY ENTITY :	PREFERRED VENDOR/QUOTE VENDOR NO : OR SHORT NAME :	GROUP NUMBER :
QUOTE NUMBER :	ITEM SEQ NO. :	QUOTE REQUIRED : _
GL COMPANY :GL CENTER :PROJECT CO. :	GL ACCOUNT : DISTRIB IND : PROJECT CODE :	MULTI YR:
DSP DEFAULTS : _ PASS	: _ CONT TO RQ2 : _	LINE STATUS : _

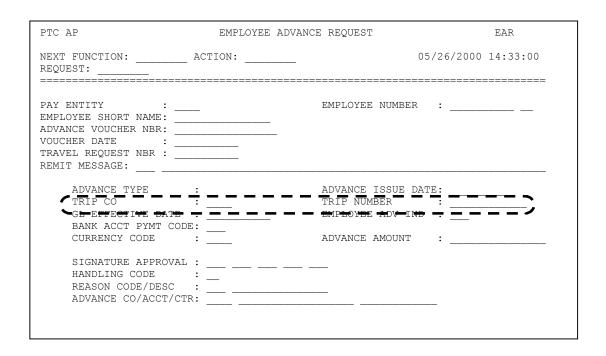
PL1 PO Line Information Screen



IWS Invoice Worksheet

OCP 235 - ENTER REQUIRI	INVOICE WOR	KSHEET 1	IWS-1T
NEXT FUNCTION: REQUEST:		10/29	9/1999 17:48:48
INVOICE NUMBER : VENDOR SHORT NM: VENDOR NUMBER :	DATE:	MODEL:	CURR : CM/DM :
PO REFERENCE :	YMT DUE DATE:	COUNTY CODE: DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
VAT QUANTITY UNI: 0001 0002	NT EXP CO ACCOUNT T ITEM NUMBER DESC	RIPTION PRORATE (T F A I	-CO NUMBER
0004			
SALES TAX/VAT : ADDITIONAL COST:		FREIGHT : GROSS AMOUNT:	

EAR Employee Advance Request Screen



EWS Employee Expense Worksheet

PTC EMPLOYE	E EXPENSE WORKSHEET 1	EWS-1T
235 - ENTER REQUIRED KEY FIELDS	E EMIENOE WORKOMEET I	200 11
NEXT FUNCTION: ACTION:	0.5	/26/2000 16:08:25
REQUEST:		
EMP VOUCHER NBR:	DATE: MODEL:	
EMP SHORT NAME :		CURR:
EMPLOYEE NUMBER:		CM/DM :
PO REFERENCE :	TRAV REQST :	MULTI PYMT:
TERMS CODE: PYMT DUE DATE:	DISCOUNT AMT/PCT:	
REMIT MSG:		
	SIGNATURE APPR CD:	
LINE AMOUNT/PERCENT EXP CO ACC		RIP-CO NUMBER
~	DESCRIPTION PRORATE (T F	A D) USE 99 I'RC
0001		
		<u> </u>
0002		
0003		
0004		
SALES TAX/VAT :	FREIGHT :	
ADDITIONAL COST:	GROSS AMOUNT:	

212 Journal Voucher Entry (Header)

BC	JOURNAL VOUCHER ENTRY	212
NEXT FUNCTION: ACT	TION:	
		====
APP: 99		
DOCUMENT ID: 9999999999		
EFFECTIVE DATE COMPANY ID LEVEL OF FUNDS CHK SOURCE GEN CODE PROJECT COMPANY	TOTAL DATA TYPE CODE UPDATE AFF CLOSED PRD ADJ TRANSFER COMPANY	
OPTIONS: (E)ND, (H)OLD, (K)	ILL, OR NEXT LINE	

213 Journal Voucher Entry (Line)

BC	JOURNAL VOUCHER ENTRY	213
NEXT FUNCTION: ACT BC 202: END OF DOCUMENT	ION:	
APP: 99		
DOCUMENT ID: 9999999999	TOTAL:	1.00
LINE TRANSACTION COD COMP/ACCT/CNTR AAAA DEBIT/CREDIT AMOUNT DEBIT/CREDIT CODE DESCRIPTION	E *	
PROJECT COMP/CODE	ACCOUNTING RULE	
EFFECTIVE BATE 01/01/2 LEVEL OF FUNDS CHK _ TRANSFER COMPANY	0 00 — — SOURCE CODE UPDATE AFF	
OPTIONS: (E)ND, (H)OLD, (K)	ILL, OR NEXT LINE	